



BASE PROSPECTUS DATED 23 APRIL 2013

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.

(incorporated as a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy)

Euro 20,000,000,000 Covered Bond (*Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite*) Programme

unsecured and unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payments of interest and principal by

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l.

(incorporated as a limited liability company under the laws of the Republic of Italy)

The Euro 20,000,000,000 Covered Bond (*Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite*) Programme (the “**Programme**”) described in this base prospectus (the “**Base Prospectus**”) has been established by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (in its capacity as issuer of the Covered Bonds, as herein defined below, “**Intesa Sanpaolo**” or the “**Issuer**”) for the issuance of *obbligazioni bancarie garantite* (“**Covered Bonds**”) which term includes, for avoidance of doubt the Registered Covered Bonds as defined below) guaranteed by ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. pursuant to Article 7-bis of Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999 (the “**Law 130**”) and regulated by the Decree of the Ministry of Economy and Finance no. 310 of 14 December 2006 (the “**MEF Decree**”) and the supervisory instructions of the Bank of Italy relating to covered bonds under Title V, Section 3, of the 8th update to circular no. 263 of 27 December 2006, containing the “*Nuove disposizioni di vigilanza prudenziali per le banche*” as further implemented and amended (the “**BoI OBG Regulations**”).

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. issued a first demand (*a prima richiesta*), autonomous, unconditional and irrevocable (*irrevocabile*) guarantee (*garanzia autonoma*) securing the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds (the “**Covered Bonds Guarantee**”), in accordance with the provisions of Law 130 and of the MEF Decree. The obligation of payment under the Covered Bonds Guarantee shall be with limited recourse to the Portfolio and the Available Funds (as defined herein).

Application has been made to the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the **CSSF**) in its capacity as competent authority under the Luxembourg Act dated 10 July 2005 on prospectuses for securities (the “**Prospectus Act 2005**”) to approve this document as a base prospectus. The CSSF assumes no responsibility for the economic and financial soundness of the transactions contemplated by this Base Prospectus or the quality or solvency of the Issuer in accordance with Article 7(7) of the Prospectus Act 2005.

This Base Prospectus constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EC (the “**2010 Amending Directive**”) to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the “**Prospectus Directive**”).

Capitalised terms used in this Base Prospectus shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the “*Glossary*” included herein, unless otherwise defined in the single section of this Base Prospectus in which they are used.

Where Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) issued under the Programme are admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, such Covered Bonds will not have a denomination of less than Euro 100,000 (or, where the Covered Bonds are issued in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such other currency).

Under the Programme, the Issuer may issue Covered Bonds denominated in any currencies, including Euro, US Dollar, Japanese Yen, Swiss Franc and UK Sterling. Interest on the Covered Bonds shall accrue monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, annually or on such other basis as specified in the relevant Final Terms (as defined in the “*Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds*” below), in arrear at fixed or floating rate, increased or decreased by a margin. The Issuer may also issue Covered Bonds at a discounted price with no interest accruing and repayable at nominal value (zero-coupon Covered Bonds).

The terms of each Series will be set forth in the Final Terms relating to such Series prepared in accordance with the provisions of this Base Prospectus and, if listed, to be delivered to the Luxembourg Stock Exchange on or before the date of issue of such Series.

Application has been made for Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) to be admitted during the period of 12 months from the date of this Base Prospectus to listing on the official list and trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, which is a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2004/39/EC. In addition, the Issuer and each Relevant Dealer (as defined in the “*Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds*”) named under “*Subscription and Sale*” may agree to make an application to list a Series on any other stock exchange as specified in the relevant Final Terms. The Programme also permits Covered Bonds to be issued on an unlisted basis.

Covered bonds may be issued in dematerialised form or in registered form also as German governed registered covered bonds (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*) (the “**Registered Covered Bonds**”). The terms and conditions of the Registered Covered Bonds (the “**Registered Covered Bond Conditions**”), which will differ from the terms and conditions set out in the section headed “**Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds**”, will specify the minimum denomination for Registered Covered Bonds, which might not be listed. This Base Prospectus does not relate to the Registered Covered Bonds, which may be issued by the Issuer under the Programme pursuant to either separate documentation or the documents described in this Base Prospectus. The approval of this Base Prospectus by the CSSF does not cover any Registered Covered Bonds which may be issued by the Issuer under the Programme.

The Covered Bonds issued in dematerialised form to be issued on or after the date hereof will be held in such form on behalf of their ultimate owners, until redemption or cancellation thereof, by Monte Titoli S.p.A. (“**Monte Titoli**”) for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli Account Holders. The expression “**Monte Titoli Account Holders**” means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of their customers with Monte Titoli and includes any depositary banks appointed by Euroclear Bank S.A. / N.V. as operator of the Euroclear System (“**Euroclear**”) and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, Luxembourg (“**Clearstream**”). Each Series of Covered Bonds issued in dematerialised form is and will be deposited with Monte Titoli on the relevant Issue Date (as defined in the “*Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds*” below). Monte Titoli shall act as depositary for Clearstream and Euroclear. The Covered Bonds will at all times be held in book entry form and title to the Covered Bonds will be evidenced by book entries in accordance with the provisions of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 (“**Financial Law**”) and implementing regulation and with the joint regulation of the *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa* (“**CONSOB**”) and the Bank of Italy dated 22 February 2008 and published in the Official Gazette no. 54 of 4 March 2008, as subsequently amended and supplemented. No physical document of title is and will be issued in respect of the Covered Bonds.

Before the Maturity Date the Covered Bonds will be subject to mandatory and optional redemption in whole or in part in certain circumstances, as set out in Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*).

Each Series may, upon the relevant issue, be assigned a rating as specified in the relevant Final Terms by Moody's Investors Service ("**Moody's**" or the "**Rating Agency**") and/or any other rating agency which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer in relation to any issuance of Covered Bonds or for the remaining duration of the Programme, to the extent that any of them at the relevant time provides ratings in respect of any series of Covered Bonds. Conditions precedent to the issuance of any Series include that the rating letter assigning the rating to such Series of Covered Bonds is issued by the Rating Agency. Whether or not each credit rating applied for in relation to relevant Series of Covered Bonds will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under Regulation (EC) no. 1060/2009, as amended by Regulation (EU) no. 513/2011 (the "**CRA Regulation**") will be disclosed in the Final Terms. The credit ratings included or referred to in this Base Prospectus have been issued by the Rating Agency, which is established in the European Union and is registered under the CRA Regulation. As such Moody's is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website <http://www.esma.europa.eu/page/List-registered-and-certified-CRAs>, in accordance with such Regulation. In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation.

A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Covered Bonds and may be subject to revision or withdrawal by the assigning Rating Agency and each rating shall be evaluated independently of any other.

For a discussion of certain risks and other factors that should be considered in connection with an investment in the Covered Bonds, see the section entitled "*Risk Factors*" of this Base Prospectus.

Arranger and Dealer

Banca IMI

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENTS

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Base Prospectus.

To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer, (which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) such information is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor accepts responsibility for the information included in this Base Prospectus in the sections headed "*Description of the Covered Bonds Guarantor*" and any other information contained in this Base Prospectus relating to itself. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, (which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) such information is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

NOTICE

This Base Prospectus is a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and for the purposes of giving information which, according to the particular nature of the Covered Bonds, is necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profit and losses and prospects of the Issuer and of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and of the rights attaching to the Covered Bonds.

This Base Prospectus should be read and understood in conjunction with any supplement thereto and with any document incorporated herein by reference (see section "*Documents incorporated by reference*"). Full information on the Issuer and any Series of Covered Bonds is only available on the basis of the combination of the Base Prospectus and the relevant Final Terms.

Capitalised terms used in this Base Prospectus shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the "*Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds*" below, unless otherwise defined in the single section of this Base Prospectus in which they are used. For the ease of reading this Base Prospectus, the "*Glossary*" below indicates the page of this Base Prospectus on which each capitalised term is first defined.

The Issuer has confirmed to the Dealer (as defined herein) that this Base Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds which is material in the context of the Programme and the issue and offering of Covered Bonds thereunder; that the information contained herein is accurate in all material respects and is not misleading; that any opinions and intentions expressed by it herein are honestly held and based on reasonable assumptions; that there are no other facts with respect to the Issuer, the omission of which would make this Base Prospectus as a whole or any statement therein or opinions or intentions expressed therein misleading in any material respect; and that all reasonable enquiries have been made to verify the foregoing.

No person has been authorised by the Issuer to give any information which is not contained in or not consistent with this Base Prospectus or any other document entered into in relation to the Programme or any information supplied by the Issuer or such other information as in the public domain and, if given or made, such information must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer, the Dealer or any party to the Transaction Documents (as defined in the Conditions).

This Base Prospectus is valid for twelve months following its date of publication and it and any supplement hereto as well as any Final Terms filed within these twelve months reflects the status as of their respective dates of issue. The offering, sale or delivery of any Covered Bonds may not be taken as an implication that the information contained in such documents is accurate and complete subsequent to their respective dates of issue or that there has been no adverse change in the financial condition of the Issuer since such date or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is accurate at any

time subsequent to the date on which it is supplied or, if different, the date indicated in the document containing the same.

The Issuer has undertaken with the Dealer to supplement this Base Prospectus or publish a new Base Prospectus if and when the information herein should become materially inaccurate or incomplete and has further agreed with the Dealer to furnish a supplement to the Base Prospectus in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to the information included in this Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of the Covered Bonds and which arises or is noted between the time when this Base Prospectus has been approved and the final closing of any Series or Tranche of Covered Bonds offered to the public or, as the case may be, when trading of any Series or Tranche of Covered Bonds on a regulated market begins, in respect of Covered Bonds issued on the basis of this Base Prospectus.

Neither the Arranger nor the Dealer nor any person mentioned in this Base Prospectus, with exception of the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, is responsible for the information contained in this Base Prospectus, any document incorporated herein by reference, or any supplement thereof, or any Final Terms or any document incorporated herein by reference, and accordingly, and to the extent permitted by the laws of any relevant jurisdiction, none of these persons accepts any responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in any of these documents.

The Arranger and the Dealer have not verified the information contained in this Base Prospectus. None of the Dealer or the Arranger makes any representation, express or implied, or accepts any responsibility, with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Base Prospectus. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other financial statements are intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by any of the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Arranger or the Dealer that any recipient of this Base Prospectus or any other financial statements should purchase the Covered Bonds. Each potential purchaser of Covered Bonds should determine for itself the relevance of the information contained in this Base Prospectus and its purchase of Covered Bonds should be based upon such investigation as it deems necessary. None of the Dealer or the Arranger undertakes to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Intesa Sanpaolo Group during the life of the arrangements contemplated by this Base Prospectus nor to advise any investor or potential investor in Covered Bonds of any information coming to the attention of any of the Dealer or the Arranger.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus, any document incorporated herein by reference and any Final Terms and the offering, sale and delivery of the Covered Bonds in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms come are required by the Issuer and the Dealer to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions.

For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Covered Bonds and on the distribution of the Base Prospectus or any Final Terms and other offering material relating to the Covered Bonds, see section “*Selling Restrictions*” of this Base Prospectus. In particular, the Covered Bonds have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Subject to certain exceptions, Covered Bonds may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States of America or to U.S. persons.

Neither this Base Prospectus, any amendment or supplement thereto, nor any Final Terms (or any part thereof) constitutes an offer, nor may they be used for the purpose of an offer to sell any of the Covered Bonds, or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Covered Bonds, by anyone in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or is unlawful. Each recipient of this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms shall be taken to have made its own investigation and appraisal of the condition (financial or otherwise) of the Issuer.

The language of the Base Prospectus is English. Where a claim relating to the information contained in this Base Prospectus is brought before a court in a Member State, the plaintiff may, under the national

legislation of the Member State where the claim is brought, be required to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated.

This Base Prospectus may only be used for the purpose for which it has been published.

This Base Prospectus and any Final Terms may not be used for the purpose of an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation.

In this Base Prospectus, references to “€” or “euro” or “Euro” are to the single currency introduced at the start of the Third Stage of European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended; references to “U.S.\$” or “U.S. Dollar” are to the currency of the United States of America; references to “£” or “UK Sterling” are to the currency of the United Kingdom; reference to “Japanese Yen” is to the currency of Japan; reference to “Swiss Franc” or “CHF” are to the currency of the Swiss Confederation; references to “Italy” are to the Republic of Italy; references to laws and regulations are, unless otherwise specified, to the laws and regulations of Italy; and references to “billions” are to thousands of millions.

Certain monetary amounts and currency conversions included in this Base Prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments; accordingly, figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures which preceded them.

Each initial and subsequent purchaser of a Covered Bond will be deemed, by its acceptance of the purchase of such Covered Bond, to have made certain acknowledgements, representations and agreements intended to restrict the resale or other transfer thereof as set forth therein and described in this Base Prospectus and, in connection therewith, may be required to provide confirmation of its compliance with such resale or other transfer restrictions in certain cases.

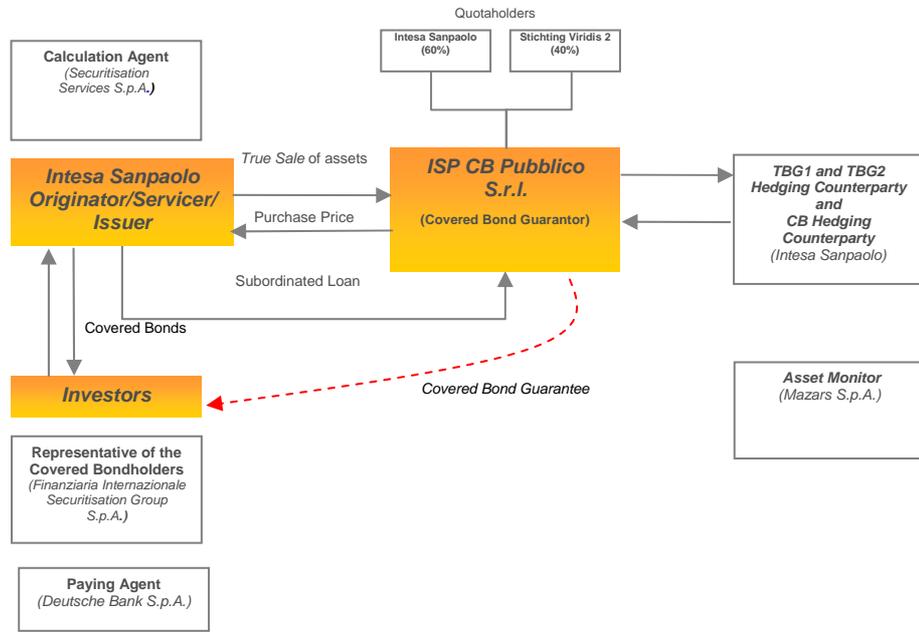
The Arranger is acting for the Issuer and no one else in connection with the Programme and will not be responsible to any person other than the Issuer for providing the protection afforded to clients of the Arranger or for providing advice in relation to the issue of the Covered Bonds.

In connection with the issue of any Series under the Programme, the Dealer or the Dealers (if any) which is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the stabilising manager (the “Stabilising Manager”) or any person acting for the Stabilising Manager may over-allot any such Series or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price such Series at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail for a limited period. However, there may be no obligation on the Stabilising Manager (or any agent of the Stabilising Manager) to do this and there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the final terms of the offer of the Covered Bonds is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Series and 60 days after the date of the allotment of any such Series. Such stabilising shall be in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and rules.

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STRUCTURE OVERVIEW



GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAMME

The following section contains a general description of the Programme and, as such, does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by the remainder of this Base Prospectus and, in relation to the terms and conditions of any Series or Tranche, the applicable Final Terms. Prospective purchasers of Covered Bonds should carefully read the information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus prior to making an investment decision in respect of the Covered Bonds. In this section, references to a numbered condition are to such condition in “Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds” below.

1. PRINCIPAL PARTIES

Issuer

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., a bank organised as a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Piazza San Carlo 156, Turin, Italy and secondary office at Via Monte di Pietà 8, Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number and registration number with the Turin Register of Enterprises 00799960158, VAT number 10810700152, and registered with the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 13 of the Banking Law under number 5361 and which is the parent company of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group, agreed into the Fondo Interbancario di Tutela dei Depositi and into the Fondo Nazionale di Garanzia (the “**Issuer**” or “**Intesa Sanpaolo**” or “**ISP**” or “**Parent Company**”).

Arranger

Banca IMI S.p.A., a bank organised as a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Largo Mattioli 3, 20121 Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number, VAT number and registration number with Milan Register of Enterprises no. 04377700150, and registered with the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 13 of the Banking Law under number 5570 ABI, part of the Gruppo Bancario Intesa Sanpaolo, agreed into the Fondo Interbancario di Tutela dei Depositi and into the Fondo Nazionale di Garanzia (“**Banca IMI**” or the “**Arranger**”).

Dealer

As of the date hereof Banca IMI (the “**Dealer**”), and any entity so appointed by the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the Dealer Agreement.

Covered Bonds Guarantor

ISP CB PUBBLICO S.r.l. a limited liability company incorporated under Article 7-*bis* of Law 130, whose registered office is at Via Monte di Pietà 8, 20121 Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number and registration number with the Milan Register of Enterprises no. 05936150969 and registered under no. 40387 in the general register held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law (the “**Covered Bonds Guarantor**”, as the case may be part of the group of which ISP is parent company (the “**Intesa Sanpaolo Group**” or the “**Group**”).

The issued capital of the Covered Bonds Guarantor is equal to Euro 120,000.00, 60 per cent. owned by the Issuer and 40 per cent. owned by Stichting Viridis 2.

Seller

Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as seller under the Master Transfer Agreement (the “**Seller**”).

Additional Sellers

Any bank (each an “**Additional Seller**”), other than the Seller, which is a member of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group, may sell Public Assets or Integration Assets (as defined below) to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, and that, for such purpose, shall, *inter alia*, enter into a master transfer agreement, substantially in the form of the Master Transfer Agreement, a servicing agreement, substantially in the form of the Servicing Agreement, and a subordinated loan agreement, substantially in the form of the Subordinated Loan Agreement, and shall accede the Intercreditor Agreement (which will be amended in order to take into account the granting of additional subordinated loans) and the other Transaction Documents executed by the Seller.

Servicer

Intesa Sanpaolo, in its capacity as servicer under the Servicing Agreement (the “**Servicer**”).

Successor Servicer

The party or parties (the “**Successor Servicer**”) which will be appointed in order to perform, *inter alia*, the servicing activities performed by the Servicer, and any successor or replacing entity thereto following the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event (for a more detailed description see “*Description of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement*”).

Administrative Services Provider

Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as administrative services provider under the Administrative Services Agreement (the “**Administrative Services Provider**”).

Portfolio Manager

The entity to be appointed under the Portfolio Administration Agreement in order to carry out certain activities in connection with the sale of Public Assets, following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default (the “**Portfolio Manager**”).

Asset Monitor

Mazars S.p.A., a joint stock company incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, having its registered office at Corso di Porta Vigentina, 35, 20122, Milan, Italy, fiscal code no. 01507630489 and enrolment with the companies register of Milan no. 1059307, and enrolled under no. 97909 with the special register of accounting firms held by the Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa pursuant to article 161 of the Financial Law (the “**Asset Monitor**”).

Cash Manager

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., through its branch whose registered office is at Via Verdi 8, Milan in its capacity as cash manager under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement (the “**Cash Manager**”).

Receivables Collection Account Bank

Intesa Sanpaolo, with which the Receivables Collection Accounts (as defined below) are opened and held in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, on which all the amounts collected or recovered by the Servicer

in respect of the Portfolio will be transferred in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement and the Cash Management and Agency Agreement (the “**Receivables Collection Account Bank**”).

The Receivables Collection Accounts will be maintained with the Receivables Collection Account Bank for as long as it maintains the Minimum Required Receivables Collection Account Bank Rating provided for under the Transaction Documents.

Account Bank

Intesa Sanpaolo, with which the Securities Collection Accounts, the Investment Account, the Securities Account, the Eligible Investments Account, the Quota Capital Account, the Expenses Account and the Corporate Account (the “**Other Accounts**” and together with the Receivables Collection Accounts the “**Accounts**”) are opened and held in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the terms of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement (the “**Account Bank**”).

The Accounts will be maintained with the Account Bank for as long as it maintains the Minimum Required Account Bank Rating provided for under the Transaction Documents.

Calculation Agent

Securitisation Services S.p.A. a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Vittorio Alfieri no. 1, Conegliano (TV), Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number, Vat number and registration number with the Treviso Register of Enterprises no. 03546510268, and registered in the general list of financial intermediaries held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy under no. 31816, pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law, and in the special register held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 107 of the Banking Law (the “**Calculation Agent**”). The Calculation Agent will perform certain calculations and conduct certain tests pursuant to the Transaction Documents.

CB Hedging Counterparty

Intesa Sanpaolo and any other party (each, a “**CB Hedging Counterparty**” and together, the “**CB Hedging Counterparties**”) that, from time to time, will enter into a CB Swap (as defined below) with the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the hedging of currency risk and/or interest rate risk on the Covered Bonds.

TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty

Intesa Sanpaolo and any other party (each, a “**TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty**” and together, the “**TBG 1 Hedging Counterparties**”) that, from time to time, will enter into a TBG 1 Swap (as defined below) with the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the hedging of currency and/or interest rate risk on the Portfolio.

TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty

Intesa Sanpaolo and any other party (each, a “**TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty**” and together, the “**TBG 2 Hedging Counterparties**” and jointly with the TBG 1 Hedging Counterparties, the “**TBG Hedging Counterparties**” and together with the CB Hedging Counterparties, the “**Hedging Counterparties**”) that, from time to time, will enter into a TBG 2 Swap (as defined below) with the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the hedging

of currency and/or interest rate risk on the Portfolio.

Paying Agent

Deutsche Bank S.p.A. a bank incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Piazza del Calendario no. 3, Milan, Italy, in its capacity as paying agent of the Covered Bonds under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement (the “**Paying Agent**”).

Any reference to the Paying Agent included in this Prospectus, shall include, for the avoidance of doubt, any reference to additional paying agent and/or the N Paying Agent appointed by the Issuer in relation to a specific Series of Covered Bonds or Registered Covered Bonds.

Registrar

Any institution which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer to act as registrar in respect of the Registered Covered Bonds issued under the Programme (the “**Registrar**”), provided that if the Issuer will keep the register and will not delegate such activity, any reference to the Registrar will be construed as a reference to the Issuer.

N Paying Agent

Any institution appointed from time to time by the Issuer to act as paying agent in respect of the Registered Covered Bonds issued under the Programme (the “**N Paying Agent**”).

Luxembourg Listing Agent

Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.A. a bank incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg, whose registered office is at 2 Boulevard Konrad Adenauer, Luxembourg L-1115, in its capacity as Luxembourg listing agent under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement (the “**Luxembourg Listing Agent**”).

Representative of the Covered Bondholders

Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group S.p.A. a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Via Vittorio Alfieri 1, Conegliano (TV), Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number and registration number with the Treviso Register of Enterprises no. 00508480340, VAT no. 02461120269, and registered in the general list of financial intermediaries held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy under no. 8945, pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law (the “**Representative of the Covered Bondholders**”).

Rating Agency

Moody’s Investors Service (“**Moody’s**” or the “**Rating Agency**”) and/or any other rating agency which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer in relation to any issuance of Covered Bonds or for the remaining duration of the Programme, to the extent that any of them at the relevant time provides ratings in respect of any series of Covered Bonds. Whether or not a rating in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation will be disclosed in the relevant Final Terms. The credit ratings included or referred to in this Base Prospectus have been issued by Moody’s which is established in the European Union and is registered under the CRA Regulation. As such Moody’s is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its

website in accordance with such CRA Regulation.

Ownership or control relationships between the principal parties

As of the date of this Base Prospectus, no direct or indirect ownership or control relationships exist between the principal parties described above in this Section, other than the relationships existing between the Issuer, Banca IMI and of the Covered Bonds Guarantor all of which pertain to the Intesa Sanpaolo Group.

2. THE COVERED BONDS AND THE PROGRAMME

Description

Euro 20,000,000,000 Covered Bond (*Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite*) Programme.

Programme Amount

Up to Euro 20,000,000,000 (and for this purpose, any Covered Bonds denominated in another currency shall be translated into Euro at the date of the agreement to issue such Covered Bonds, and the Euro exchange rate used shall be included in the Final Terms) in aggregate principal amount of Covered Bonds outstanding (the “**Programme Limit**”). The Programme Limit may be increased in accordance with the terms of the Dealer Agreement.

Distribution of the Covered Bonds

The Covered Bonds may be distributed on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis, in each case only in accordance with the relevant selling restrictions.

Selling Restrictions

The offer, sale and delivery of the Covered Bonds and the distribution of offering material in certain jurisdictions may be subject to certain selling restrictions. Persons who are in possession of this Base Prospectus are required by the Issuer, the Dealer and the Arranger to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restriction. The Covered Bonds have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act. Subject to certain exceptions, the Covered Bonds may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to US persons. There are further restrictions on the distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offer or sale of Covered Bonds in the European Economic Area, including the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland, Germany and the Republic of Italy, and Japan. For a description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of Covered Bonds and on distribution of this Base Prospectus, see “*Subscription and Sale*” below.

Currencies

Covered Bonds may be denominated in Euro, UK Sterling, Swiss Franc, Japanese Yen and US Dollar, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, or in any other currency, as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer(s) (each a “**Specified Currency**”), subject to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements, in which case the Covered Bonds Guarantor and/or the Issuer may enter into certain agreements in order to hedge *inter alia* its currency exchange

exposure in relation to such Covered Bonds. Payments in respect of Covered Bonds may, subject to such compliance, be made in or linked to, any currency other than the currency in which such Covered Bonds are denominated.

Denominations

In accordance with the Conditions, the Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) will be issued in such denominations as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms, subject to compliance with all applicable legal or regulatory or central bank requirements (See Condition 3 (*Form, Denomination and Title*)). Registered Covered Bonds will be issued in such denominations indicated in the applicable Registered Covered Bonds Conditions.

Minimum Denomination

The minimum denomination of each Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) will be Euro 100,000 or such other integral multiples of another smaller amount (or, where the Covered Bonds are issued in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such other currency). The minimum denomination for the Registered Covered Bonds will be specified in the relevant Registered Covered Bonds Conditions.

Issue Price

Covered Bonds of each Series may be issued at an issue price which is at par or at a discount to, or premium over, par, as specified in the relevant Final Terms (in each case, the “**Issue Price**” for such Series).

Issue Date

The date of issue of a Series pursuant to and in accordance with the Dealer Agreement (each, the “**Issue Date**” in relation to such Series).

Initial Issue Date

The date on which the Issuer will issue the first Series of Covered Bonds (the “**Initial Issue Date**”).

CB Payment Date

The dates specified as such in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms, subject in each case, to the extent provided in the relevant Final Terms, to adjustment in accordance with the applicable Business Day Convention (as defined in the Conditions) (such date, a “**CB Payment Date**”).

CB Interest Period

Each period beginning on (and including) a CB Payment Date (or, in the case of the first CB Interest Period, the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the next CB Payment Date (or, in the case of the last CB Interest Period, the Maturity Date) (each such period, a “**CB Interest Period**”).

Interest Commencement Date

In relation to any Series of Covered Bonds, the Issue Date of such Covered Bonds or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms (“**Interest Commencement Date**”).

Form of Covered Bonds

The Covered Bonds will be issued and will be held in dematerialised form or as German governed registered covered bonds (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*) (the “**Registered Covered Bonds**”), or in any other form as set out in the relevant Final Terms.

The Covered Bonds issued in dematerialised form will be held on behalf of the beneficial owners, until redemption or cancellation thereof, by Monte Titoli for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli account holders. Each Series will be deposited with Monte Titoli on the relevant Issue Date. Monte Titoli shall act as depositary for Clearstream and Euroclear. The Covered Bonds will, at all times, be held in book entry form and title to the Covered Bonds will be evidenced by book entries in accordance with the provisions of Article 83-*bis et seq.* of the Financial Law and the relevant implementing regulations and (ii) CONSOB Regulation 22 February 2008. No physical document of title will be issued in respect of the Covered Bonds issued in dematerialised form, as subsequently amended and supplemented. No physical document of title will be issued in respect of the Covered Bonds.

Registered Covered Bonds will be issued to each holder in the form of a Registered Covered Bond (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*), each issued with a minimum denomination indicated in the relevant Registered Covered Bond terms and conditions (the “**Registered Covered Bond Conditions**”).

The relevant Registered Covered Bonds (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*), together with the related Registered Covered Bond Conditions attached thereto and any other document expressed to govern such Series of Registered Covered Bonds, will constitute the full terms and conditions of the relevant Series of Registered Covered Bonds.

In the case of Registered Covered Bonds, each reference in this Base Prospectus to information being set out, specified, stated, shown, indicated or otherwise provided for in the applicable Final Terms, shall be read and construed as a reference to such information being set out, specified, stated, shown, indicated or otherwise provided in the Registered Covered Bond (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*), the Registered Covered Bond Conditions attached thereto or other related agreements and, as applicable, each other reference to Final Terms in this Base Prospectus shall be construed and read as a reference to such Registered Covered Bond (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*) or the Registered Covered Bond Conditions attached thereto.

Any reference to a Covered Bondholder shall be referred to the holder of a Covered Bond and/or the registered holder for the time being of a Registered Covered Bond (the “**Registered Covered Bondholder**”) as the context may require.

A transfer of Registered Covered Bonds is deemed to be not effective until the transferee has delivered to the Registrar a duly executed copy of the Registered Covered Bond certificate relating to such Registered Covered Bond along with a duly executed Registered Covered Bond assignment agreement. A transfer can only occur for the minimum denomination indicated in the applicable Registered Covered Bond Conditions or multiples thereof.

In connection with the Registered Covered Bonds, references in this Base

Prospectus to the Conditions or a particularly numbered Condition shall be construed, where relevant (and unless specified otherwise), as references to the equivalent Condition in the relevant Registered Covered Bond Conditions as supplemented by any applicable document.

Types of Covered Bonds

In accordance with the Conditions, the Covered Bonds may be Fixed Rate Covered Bonds, Floating Rate Covered Bonds, Zero Coupon Covered Bonds or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending upon the Interest Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms. The Covered Bonds may be repayable in one or more instalments or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending on the Redemption/Payment Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms. Each Series shall be comprised of Fixed Rate Covered Bonds only or Floating Rate Covered Bonds only or Zero Coupon Covered Bonds only or such other Covered Bonds accruing interest on such other basis and at such other rate as may be so specified in the relevant Final Terms only.

Fixed Rate Covered Bonds: fixed interest on the Covered Bonds will be payable in accordance with the relevant Final Terms, on such date as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealers (as defined below) and on redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction provided for in the Conditions and the relevant Final Terms.

Floating Rate Covered Bonds: Floating Rate Covered Bonds will bear interest at a rate determined in accordance with the Conditions and the relevant Final Terms.

The margin (if any) relating to such floating rate will be agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealers for each Series of Floating Rate Covered Bonds.

Other provisions in relation to Floating Rate Covered Bonds: Floating Rate Covered Bonds may also have a maximum interest rate, a minimum interest rate or both.

Interest on Floating Rate Covered Bonds in respect of each CB Interest Period, as agreed prior to issue by the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer, will be payable on such CB Payment Dates, and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction provided for in the Conditions and the relevant Final Terms.

Zero Coupon Covered Bonds: Zero Coupon Covered Bonds will be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount and will not bear interest.

Rating of the Covered Bonds

The issue of any Series of Covered Bonds (including, for the avoidance of doubt, Zero Coupon Covered Bonds) in each case as specified in the applicable Final Terms may be rated by the Rating Agency and/or any other rating agency which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer in relation to any issuance of Covered Bonds or for the remaining duration of the Programme, to the extent that any of them at the relevant time provides ratings in respect of any series of Covered Bonds.

Issuance in Series

Covered Bonds will be issued in Series, but on different terms from each other, subject to the terms set out in the relevant Final Terms in respect of such Series. Covered Bonds of different Series will not be fungible among themselves. Each Series may be issued in more than one Tranche (as defined

under the Conditions) (excluding any Series of Registered Covered Bonds, which may be issued in single Series only) which are identical in all respects, but having different issue dates, interest commencement dates, issue prices and dates for first interest payments. The Issuer will issue Covered Bonds without the prior consent of the holders of any outstanding Covered Bonds but subject to certain conditions (See “*Conditions Precedent to the Issuance of a new series of Covered Bonds*” below). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term “Series” shall mean in the case of Registered Covered Bonds, each Registered Covered Bonds made out in the name of a specific Registered Covered Bond Holder.

Final Terms

Specific final terms will be issued and published in accordance with the generally applicable terms and conditions of the Covered Bonds (the “**Conditions**”) prior to the issue of each Series detailing certain relevant terms thereof which, for the purposes of that Series only, completes the Conditions and the Base Prospectus and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus (such specific final terms, the “**Final Terms**”). The terms and conditions applicable to any particular Series are the Conditions as completed by the relevant Final Terms.

In the case of Registered Covered Bonds, each other reference to Final Terms in the Prospectus shall be construed and read as a reference to such Registered Covered Bond (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*), the Registered Covered Bond Conditions and any other related agreements.

Interest on the Covered Bonds

Except for the Zero Coupon Covered Bonds and unless otherwise specified in the Conditions and the relevant Final Terms, the Covered Bonds will be interest-bearing and interest will be calculated on the Outstanding Principal Balance of the relevant Covered Bonds. Interest will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction in accordance with the Conditions and in the relevant Final Terms. Interest may accrue on the Covered Bonds at a fixed rate or a floating rate or on such other basis and at such rate as may be so specified in the relevant Final Terms and the method of calculating interest may vary between the Issue Date and the Maturity Date of the relevant Series.

Margin Step-up

Final Terms may specify, with respect to a Series of Covered Bonds which are Floating Rate Covered Bonds, that, in the event such Covered Bonds are not redeemed in full on the Maturity Date (as defined under the relevant terms and conditions), the margin payable on such Covered Bonds increases in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Interest Rate Conversion

The relevant Final Terms may specify, with respect to a Series of Covered Bonds which are Fixed Rate Covered Bonds, that, in the event such Covered Bonds are not redeemed in full on the Maturity Date, the interest rate payable on such Covered Bonds converts to a floating rate index plus a conversion margin in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Redemption of the Covered Bonds

The applicable Final Terms will indicate either (a) that the Covered Bonds cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity (other than in specified

instalments, if applicable, or in other specified cases, e.g. taxation reasons, or Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default), or (b) that such Covered Bonds will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer upon giving notice to the Representative of Covered Bondholders on behalf of the holders of the Covered Bonds (the “**Covered Bondholders**”), or at the option of the Covered Bondholders upon deposit of a notice by the Representative of Covered Bondholders on behalf of the holders of the Covered Bonds with the Paying Agent, and in accordance with the provisions of Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*) and of the relevant Final Terms, on a date or dates specified prior to such maturity and at a price or prices and on such other terms as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealers.

Covered Bonds may be redeemable at par or at such other redemption amount (detailed in a formula, index or otherwise) as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms but in any case the redemption amount shall be at least equal to par value. Covered Bonds may also be redeemable in two or more instalments on such dates and in such manner as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Tax Gross Up and Redemption for taxation reasons

Payments in respect of the Covered Bonds to be made by the Issuer will be made without deduction for or on account of withholding taxes imposed by Italy, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Taxation*).

All payments in respect of the Covered Bonds will be made subject to any withholding or deduction required pursuant to FATCA.

In the event that any such withholding or deduction is to be made, the Issuer will be required to pay additional amounts to cover the amounts so deducted. In such circumstances and provided that such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it, the Covered Bonds will be redeemable (in whole, but not in part) at the option of the Issuer. See Condition 8(c) (*Redemption for tax reasons*).

The Covered Bonds Guarantor will not be liable to pay any additional amount due to taxation reasons following an Issuer Event of Default (as defined below).

Maturity Date

The Maturity Date for each Series will be specified in the relevant Final Terms, subject to such minimum or maximum maturities as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the Issuer or the currency of the Covered Bonds. Unless previously redeemed as provided in Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*), the Covered Bonds of each Series will be redeemed at their Outstanding Principal Balance on the relevant Maturity Date.

Extendable Maturity

The applicable Final Terms may also provide that the obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay all or (as applicable) part of the Final Redemption Amount payable on the Extended Maturity Date. Such deferral may occur, if so stated in the relevant Final Terms, automatically if:

- (a) an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default has occurred; and

- (b) the Covered Bonds Guarantor has, on the Extension Determination Date, insufficient Available Funds (in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments) to pay in full any amount representing the Guaranteed Amounts corresponding to the Final Redemption Amount on the Maturity Date (the “**Extendable Maturity**”).

In these circumstances, to the extent that the Covered Bonds Guarantor has sufficient Available Funds (as defined below) to pay in part the Final Redemption Amount in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall make partial payment of the relevant Final Redemption Amount, in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments (as defined below), without any preference among the Covered Bonds outstanding, except in respect of maturities of each Series.

Payment of all unpaid amounts shall be deferred automatically until the applicable Extended Maturity Date, provided that, any amount representing the Final Redemption Amount due and remaining unpaid on the Maturity Date may be paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on any CB Payment Date thereafter, up to (and including) the relevant Extended Maturity Date. Interest will continue to accrue and be payable on any unpaid amount up to the Extended Maturity Date in accordance with Condition 8(b) (*Extension of maturity*).

Notwithstanding the above, if the Covered Bonds are extended as a consequence of the occurrence of an Article 74 Event, upon termination of the suspension period and withdrawal of the Article 74 Notice to Pay, the Issuer shall resume responsibility for meeting the payment obligations under any Series of Covered Bonds in respect of which an Extendable Maturity has occurred, and any Final Redemption Amount shall be due for payment on the last Business Day of the month in which the Article 74 Notice to Pay has been withdrawn.

Long Dated Covered Bonds

If the Extended Maturity Date is set at the Long Date Due for Payment Date in the relevant Final Terms, the relevant Covered Bonds will be considered “**Long Dated Covered Bonds**”.

Hard Bullet Covered Bonds

If no Extended Maturity Date is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Final Redemption Amount in respect to a Series of Covered Bonds (the “**Hard Bullet Covered Bonds**”) will be due for payment on the Maturity Date and the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test shall apply.

Ranking of the Covered Bonds

The Covered Bonds will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer – guaranteed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor by means of the Covered Bonds Guarantee (as defined below) – and will rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves, except in respect of maturities of each Series, and (save for any applicable statutory provisions) at least equally with all other present and future unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer having the same maturity of each Series of the Covered Bonds, from time to time outstanding.

Recourse

In accordance with the legal framework established by Law 130 and the MEF Decree (as defined below) and with the terms and conditions of the

relevant Transaction Documents (as defined below), the Covered Bondholders will benefit from recourse on the Issuer and on the Covered Bonds Guarantor. (See Section *Credit Structure*). The obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee shall be limited recourse to the Portfolio.

Substitution of the Issuer

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may (and in the case of an Approved Reorganisation – as defined under the Conditions – shall) agree with the Issuer (or any previous substitute) and the Covered Bonds Guarantor at any time without the consent of the Covered Bondholders:

- (a) to the substitution in place of Intesa Sanpaolo (or of any previous substitute) as principal debtor under the Covered Bonds by a Substitute Obligor by way of an Issuer obligation transfer agreement without recourse to the Issuer (*accollo liberatorio*); or
- (b) to an Approved Reorganisation; or
- (c) that Intesa Sanpaolo (or any previous substitute) may, other than by means of an Approved Reorganisation, consolidate with, merge into or amalgamate with any successor company,

provided that, *inter alia*:

- (i) the obligations of the Substitute Obligor or the Resulting Entity under the Covered Bonds shall be irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed by Intesa Sanpaolo (on like terms as to subordination, if applicable, to those of the Covered Bonds Guarantee); and
- (ii) (other than in the case of an Approved Reorganisation) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is satisfied that the interests of the Covered Bondholders will not be materially prejudiced thereby.
- (iii) the Substitute Obligor or the Resulting Entity agrees, in form and manner satisfactory to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Covered Bonds and all the Transaction Documents in respect to any Series of Covered Bonds still outstanding, by means of executing agreements and documents substantially in the same form and substance of the Transaction Documents;
- (iv) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is satisfied that (a) the Resulting Entity or Substituted Obligor has obtained all governmental and regulatory approvals and consents necessary for its assumption of liability as principal debtor in respect of the Covered Bonds in place of the Issuer (or such previous substitute as aforesaid), and (b) such approvals and consents are, at the time of substitution, Approved Reorganisation or consolidation, merger, amalgamation other than by means of an Approved Reorganisation, as the case may be, in full force and effect.

Upon the assumption of the obligations of the Issuer by a Substitute Obligor or of the Issuer by a Resulting Entity (as defined under the Conditions) or of an Issuer by a successor company, Intesa Sanpaolo shall have no further liabilities under or in respect of the Covered Bonds.

Provisions of Transaction Documents

The Covered Bondholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all provisions of the Transaction Documents applicable to them. In particular, each Covered Bondholder, by reason of holding Covered Bonds, recognises the Representative of the Covered Bondholders as its representative and accepts to be bound by the terms of each of the Transaction Documents signed by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders as if such Covered Bondholder was a signatory thereto.

Conditions Precedent to the Issuance of a new Series of Covered Bonds

The Issuer will be entitled (but not obliged) at its option, on any date and without the consent of the holders of the Covered Bonds issued beforehand and of any other creditors of the Covered Bonds Guarantor or of the Issuer, to issue further Series of Covered Bonds other than the first issued Series, subject to:

- (i) issuance of a rating letter by the Rating Agency with respect to such further issue of Covered Bonds; and
- (ii) satisfaction of the Tests; and
- (iii) compliance with (a) the requirements of issuing/assigning banks (Requisiti delle banche emittenti e/o cedenti; see Section II, Para. 1 of the BoI OBG Regulations; the “**Conditions to the Issue**”) and (b) Limits to the Assignment, if applicable;
- (iv) no Article 74 Event (as defined below) having occurred;
- (v) no Issuer Event of Default or Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default (as defined below) having occurred;
- (vi) (1) the Reserve Funds Required Amount, the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount, the CB Swaps Accumulation Amount and the Interest Accumulation Amount (if and to the extent due) have been credited on the Investment Account, on the immediately preceding Guarantor Payment Date or (2) the amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts are sufficient, taking into account the amounts to be paid under points (i) to (iv) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments, to constitute the Reserve Funds Required Amount, the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount, the CB Swaps Accumulation Amount and the Interest Accumulation Amount (if and to the extent due), on the next Guarantor Payment Date.

It is a condition precedent to the issue of Long Dated Covered Bonds that no Series of Covered Bonds which are not Long Dated Covered Bonds are outstanding.

It is a condition precedent to the issue of a Series of Covered Bonds which are not Long Dated Covered Bonds that no Series of Long Dated Covered Bonds are outstanding.

The payment obligations under the Covered Bonds issued under all Series shall be cross-collateralised by all the assets included in the Portfolio, through the Covered Bonds Guarantee (as defined below) (See also Section Ranking of the Covered Bonds).

Listing and admission to trading

Application has been made to the Luxembourg Stock Exchange for Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) to be issued under the Programme to be admitted to the official list and to be admitted to trading on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange's regulated market or as otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms and references to listing shall be construed accordingly. As specified in the relevant Final Terms, a Series of Covered Bonds may be unlisted.

The applicable Final Terms will state whether or not the relevant Covered Bonds are to be listed and, if so, on which stock exchange(s). The Registered Covered Bonds may not be listed and/or admitted to trading on any regulated market. The approval of this Base Prospectus by the CSSF does not cover any Registered Covered Bonds which may be issued by the Issuer under the Programme.

Settlement

Monte Titoli / Euroclear / Clearstream or any other clearing system as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms. Registered Covered Bonds will not be settled through a clearing system.

Governing law

The Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds), the Programme and the other Transaction Documents will be governed by Italian law except for Swap Agreements and the Deed of Charge that will be governed by English law.

The Registered Covered Bonds will be governed by the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany or by whatever law chosen by the Issuer (to be supplemented with the specific provisions required under German law in order for the Registered Covered Bonds to be a German law registered note (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*)) and shall be regulated by separate agreements provided that, in any case, provisions applicable to the Issuer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Rules of the Organisation of Covered Bondholders and the Portfolio shall be confirmed to be governed by Italian law.

Ratings

Each Series issued under the Programme may be assigned a rating by the Rating Agency and/or any other rating agency which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer in relation to any issuance of Covered Bonds or for the remaining duration of the Programme, to the extent that any of them at the relevant time they provides ratings in respect of any series of Covered Bonds. Whether or not a rating in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation, will be disclosed in the relevant Final Terms. The credit ratings referred to in this Base Prospectus have been issued by Moody's which is established in the European Union and is registered under the CRA Regulation. As such Moody's Investors Service Ltd. is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website in accordance with such Regulation.

Purchase of the Covered Bonds by the Issuer

The Issuer may at any time purchase any Covered Bonds in the open market or otherwise and at any price. If purchase is made by tender, tenders must be

available to all holders of the Series which the Issuer intends to buy.

3. COVERED BONDS GUARANTEE

Security for the Covered Bonds

In accordance with Law 130, by virtue of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Covered Bondholders will benefit from a guarantee issued by the Covered Bonds Guarantor which will, in turn, hold a portfolio of receivables originated by the Seller and Additional Seller, if any, consisting of some or all of the following assets: (i) loans extended to, or guaranteed by (on the basis of “guarantees valid for the purpose of credit risk mitigation” – *garanzie valide ai fini della mitigazione del rischio di credito* – as defined by Article 1, paragraph 1, lett. h) of the MEF Decree), the public entities indicated in Article 2, paragraph 1, lett. c) of the MEF Decree (including (a) public administrations of Admitted States, including therein any Ministries, municipalities (*enti pubblici territoriali*), national or local entities and other public bodies, which attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the EC Directive 2006/48 regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; (b) public administrations of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weighting factor equal to 0 per cent. under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement, municipalities and national or local public bodies not carrying out economic activities (*organismi pubblici non economici*) of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weight factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the EC Directive 2006/48 regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement (provided that such receivables and securities may not exceed 10 per cent. of the nominal value of the assets held by the Covered Bonds Guarantor) (the “**Loans**”); (ii) securities issued or guaranteed by the entities mentioned under (i) above satisfying the requirements set forth under article 2, paragraph 1, letter c) of the MEF Decree (the “**Public Securities**”); and (iii) securities issued in the framework of securitisations having the characteristics set forth under article 2, paragraph 1, letter d) of the MEF Decree (the “**ABS Securities**” and jointly with the Public Securities and the securities mentioned under article, 2, para. 3, point 3, of the MEF Decree and any ancillary right thereto the “**Securities**”). Assets under (i), (ii) and (iii) are jointly defined as the “**Public Assets**” and, within certain limits, Integration Assets (as defined below). The monetary claims arising out of Public Assets and Integration Assets (as defined below) are jointly defined as the “**Receivables**”.

Under the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be obliged to pay any amounts due under the Covered Bonds on the relevant Due for Payment Date (as defined herein) and in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

In view of ensuring timely payment by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, a Notice to Pay (as defined below) will be served on the same as a consequence of an Issuer Event of Default.

The obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee shall constitute a first demand, unconditional and independent guarantee (*garanzia autonoma*) and certain provisions of Italian Civil Code relating to non-autonomous personal guarantees (*fidejussioni*), specified in the MEF Decree, shall not apply. Accordingly, such obligation shall be a direct, unconditional, unsubordinated obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, with limited recourse to the Available Funds (as defined below),

irrespective of any invalidity, irregularity or unenforceability of any of the guaranteed obligations of the Issuer.

Temporary Transfer of Payment Obligations to the Covered Bonds Guarantor

If a resolution pursuant to Article 74 of the Banking Law is issued in respect of the Issuer (“**Article 74 Event**”), the Covered Bonds Guarantor, in accordance with Article 4, Paragraph 4, of the MEF Decree, shall be responsible for the payments of the amounts due and payable under the Covered Bonds within the suspension period and each Series of Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Issuer.

Upon the termination of the suspension period, the Issuer shall resume responsibility for meeting the payment obligations under the Covered Bonds (and for the avoidance of doubt, the Covered Bonds then outstanding will not be deemed to have been accelerated against the Issuer).

Following to an Article 74 Event the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will serve a notice (the “**Article 74 Notice to Pay**”) on the Covered Bonds Guarantor that an Article 74 Event has occurred. Unless and until such Article 74 Notice to Pay has been withdrawn:

- (i) each series of Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Issuer and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves against the Issuer, provided that: (a) such events shall not trigger an acceleration against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, and (b) in accordance with Article 4, Paragraph 4, of the MEF Decree, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall be responsible for the payments of the amounts due and payable under the Covered Bonds within the suspension period;
- (ii) the Covered Bonds Guarantor will pay any amounts due under the Covered Bonds on the Due for Payment Date in accordance with (a) above (See Section *Covered Bonds Guarantee*);
- (iii) the Tests shall continue to be applied; and
- (iv) the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test shall be deemed to be failed with respect to any Hard Bullet Covered Bonds for which the Maturity Date falls within 12 months.

Upon the termination of the suspension period, the Article 74 Notice to Pay shall be withdrawn and the Issuer shall be responsible for meeting the payment obligations under the Covered Bonds (and for the avoidance of doubts, the Covered Bonds then outstanding will not be deemed to be accelerated against the Issuer) in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

Issuer Events of Default

Each of the following events with respect to the Issuer shall constitute an “**Issuer Event of Default**”:

- (i) default is made by the Issuer for a period of 7 days or more in the payment of any principal or redemption amount, or for a period of 14 days or more in the payment of any interest on the Covered Bonds of any Series when due; or
- (ii) the Issuer is in breach of material obligations under or in respect of the Covered Bonds (of any Series outstanding) or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party (other than any

- obligation for the payment of principal or interest on the Covered Bonds) and such failure remains unremedied for 30 days after the Representative of the Covered Bondholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer, certifying that such failure is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Covered Bondholders and specifying whether or not such failure is capable of remedy; or
- (iii) an Insolvency Event (as defined in the Conditions) occurs in respect of the Issuer;
 - (iv) in relation to Hard Bullet Covered Bonds, breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test which is not remedied by the earlier of:
 - (a) 20 Business Days from the date on which the Issuer is notified of the breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test; and
 - (b) the Maturity Date of that Series of Covered Bonds;
 - (v) breach of the Tests which is not remedied within 6 months from the notification of the occurrence of such breach.

If an Issuer Event of Default occurs:

- (a) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will serve a notice (the “**Notice to Pay**”) on the Issuer and Covered Bonds Guarantor that an Issuer Event of Default has occurred;
- (b) each Series of Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Issuer and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves against the Issuer, provided that (i) such events shall not trigger an acceleration against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, (ii) in accordance with Article 4, Paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree and pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Transaction Documents, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall be solely responsible for the exercise of the rights of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer;
- (c) the Covered Bonds Guarantor will pay any amounts due under the Covered Bonds on the Due for Payment Date in accordance with (b) above (See Section *Covered Bonds Guarantee*);
- (d) the Tests, shall continue to be applied.

Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default

Following an Issuer Event of Default, each of the following events shall constitute a “**Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default**”:

- (i) non-payment of principal and interest in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds in accordance with the Covered Bonds Guarantee, subject to a period of 7 days cure period in respect of principal or redemption amount and a 14 days cure period in respect of interest payment the Covered Bonds Guarantor or non-payment or non setting aside for payment of costs or amounts due to any Hedging Counterparty;
- (ii) breach of the Amortisation Test;
- (iii) breach of the other binding obligations under the Dealer Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement, the Covered Bonds Guarantee or any other Transaction Document to which the Covered Bonds Guarantor is a party, which is not remedied within 30 days from the date on which the Covered Bonds Guarantor is notified of such breach;

- (iv) an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

If a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall serve a notice on the Covered Bonds Guarantor (the “**Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice**”) and all Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, becoming immediately due and payable, and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves.

Cross Acceleration

If a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default is triggered with respect to a Series, each series of Covered Bonds will cross accelerate at the same time against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, provided that the Covered Bonds will not otherwise contain a cross default provision and will thus not cross accelerate against the Covered Bonds Guarantor in case of an Issuer Event of Default.

Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test

The Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test is intended to provide liquidity for Hard Bullet Covered Bonds when the Issuer’s long-term credit ratings fall below the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings.

On any Business Day (each the “**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date**”) falling during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the Calculation Agent will determine if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test (as defined below) has been breached, and if so, it shall immediately notify the Issuer, the Seller and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

For the purpose of this paragraph the “**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test**” is complied with on any Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date if, during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period, all of the Issuer’s credit ratings are equal to, or greater than, the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings. Following a breach of a Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test in respect of a Series of Covered Bonds:

- (i) the Issuer shall:
 - (A) make a cash deposit for an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates on the Pre-Maturity Test Account, opened in its name with a bank whose ratings are at least equal to the Minimum Required Account Bank Ratings provided for under the Transaction Documents and pledged in favour of the Covered Bondholders; and/or
 - (B) obtain a first demand, autonomous guarantee (meeting the criteria set forth by the Rating Agency) for an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates, by an eligible entity whose ratings are at least equal to the Minimum Required Pre-Maturity Liquidity Guarantor Ratings; and/or
 - (C) take action in the form of a combination of the foregoing which in aggregate adding up to an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet

Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates;

and/or

- (ii) the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets in accordance with the procedures set out in the Portfolio Administration Agreement, for an amount equal to the Adjusted Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates.

If the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds is breached and the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor has not taken the required actions (as described above) following the breach by the earlier to occur of:

- (a) 20 Business Days from the date on which the Issuer is notified of the breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test, and
- (b) the Maturity Date of that Series of Covered Bonds,

an Issuer Event of Default shall occur and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will serve a Notice to Pay to the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

“**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Master Definition Agreement.

Eligible Investments

The Cash Manager shall invest funds standing to the credit of the Investment Account in Eligible Investments.

Authorised Investments

Following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or Issuer Event of Default, and service respectively of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay, the Cash Manager shall invest funds standing to the credit of the Investment Account in Authorised Investments.

Pre-Issuer Default Interest

Priority of Payment

On each Guarantor Payment Date, prior to the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay (or following the withdrawal of an Article 74 Notice to Pay), the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use Interest Available Funds (as defined below) to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof any and all taxes due and payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor;
- (ii) *second, pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Expenses, to the extent that such costs and expenses are not met by utilising any amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account and/or the Corporate Account on the Guarantor Payment Date falling in March and September of each year and (b) to credit the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount into the Expenses Account and the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount into the Corporate Account;

- (iii) *third*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof any amount due and payable (including fees, costs and expenses) to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Calculation Agent, the Administrative Services Provider, the Asset Monitor, the Portfolio Manager and the Servicer;
- (iv) *fourth*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, (b) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Interest Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, under the CB Swaps after the relevant Guarantor Payment Date; and (c) to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the Interest Accumulation Amount, to be used for any interest payment due on the CB Payment Dates falling during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no CB Swaps have been entered into;
- (v) *fifth*, to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the Reserve Fund Required Amount;
- (vi) *sixth*, if an ATI Agent Trigger Event occurs and is continuing and no other ATI Agent Remedy Actions has been implemented, to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount;
- (vii) *seventh*, to credit to the Principal Receivables Collection Account an amount equal to the amounts paid under item (i) of the Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payment on any preceding Guarantor Payment Date and not yet repaid under this item (vii);
- (viii) *eighth*, if a Servicer Termination Event has occurred, to credit all remaining Interest Available Funds to the Investment Account until such Servicer Termination Event is either remedied by the Servicer or waived by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or a new servicer is appointed to service the Portfolio (or the relevant part thereof);
- (ix) *ninth*, if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test or the Tests are not satisfied on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Guarantor Payment Date or an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default has occurred on or prior such Guarantor Payment Date or the Issuer has not paid interest and principal due on the CB Payment Dates in the immediately previous Guarantor Interest Period, to credit all remaining Interest Available Funds to the Investment Account until the following Guarantor Payment Date;
- (x) *tenth*, to pay any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreements not provided for under item (iv) above;
- (xi) *eleventh*, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata*, any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer

under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement);

- (xii) *twelfth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof any amount due and payable as Minimum Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
- (xiii) *thirteenth*, to pay any Premium Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan.

(the “**Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment**”).

Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, prior to the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay (or following the withdrawal of an Article 74 Notice to Pay), the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use Principal Available Funds (as defined below) to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay any amount due and payable under items (i) to (vi) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment, to the extent that the Interest Available Funds are not sufficient, on such Guarantor Payment Date, to make such payments in full;
- (ii) *second, pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the TBG Swaps and (b) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Principal Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payment under the CB Swaps after the relevant Guarantor Payment Date;
- (iii) *third*, if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test is satisfied, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, (a) to pay the purchase price of the Public Assets and/or Integration Assets offered for sale by the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer in the context of Revolving Assignment in accordance with the provisions of the Master Transfer Agreement or any amount due to the Seller as purchase price in the context of Revolving Assignment pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement that was not paid on the previous Guarantor Payment Date, (b) to credit to the Investment Account the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount;
- (iv) *fourth*, to deposit on the Investment Account any residual Principal Available Funds in an amount sufficient to ensure that taking into account the other resources available to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Tests are met;
- (v) *fifth*, if a Servicer Termination Event has occurred, all residual Principal Available Funds to be credited to the Investment Account until such event of default of the Servicer is either remedied by the Servicer or waived by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or a new servicer is appointed to service the Portfolio (or the relevant part thereof);

- (vi) *sixth*, if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test or the Tests are not satisfied on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Guarantor Payment Date or an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default has occurred on or prior such Guarantor Payment Date or the Issuer has not paid interest and principal due on the CB Payment Dates in the immediately previous Guarantor Interest Period, to credit all remaining Principal Available Funds to the Investment Account until the following Guarantor Payment Date;
- (vii) *seventh*, to pay any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreements not provided for under item (ii) above;
- (viii) *eight*, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement) not already provided for under item (xi) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment;
- (ix) *ninth*, to pay the amount (if any) due to the Seller as principal redemption under the Subordinated Loan (including as a consequence of “*richiesta di rimborso anticipato*” as indicated therein) provided that the Tests and the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test are still satisfied after such payment;

(the “**Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payment**”).

Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, following the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay, but prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use the Available Funds, to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any Expenses and taxes, in order to preserve its corporate existence, to maintain it in good standing and to comply with applicable legislation;
- (ii) *second*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any amount due and payable to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Administrative Services Provider, the Calculation Agent, the Asset Monitor, the Portfolio Manager and the Servicer and (b) to credit the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount into the Expenses Account and the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount into the Corporate Account;
- (iii) *third*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, (b) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Interest Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payments,

other than in respect of principal, under the CB Swaps after the relevant Guarantor Payment Date and (c) to pay any interest due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the Interest Accumulation Amount, to be used for any interest payment due on the CB Payment Dates falling during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no CB Swaps have been entered into;

- (iv) *fourth, pari passu and pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof,
 - (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps;
 - (b) to pay any amount in respect of principal due and payable on each Series of Covered Bonds on each CB Payment Date falling on such Guarantor Payment Date or to credit to the Investment Account any amount in respect of principal to be paid on each CB Payment Dates falling during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date; and
 - (c) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Principal Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payments under the CB Swaps during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date;
- (v) *fifth*, to deposit on the Investment Account any residual amount until all Covered Bonds are fully repaid or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated;
- (vi) *sixth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreement not provided for under items (iii) and (iv) above;
- (vii) *seventh*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement);
- (viii) *eighth*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Minimum Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
- (ix) *ninth*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required

Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as principal under the Subordinated Loan;

- (x) *tenth*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Premium Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan.

(the “**Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments**”).

Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, following the service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use the Available Funds, to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any Expenses and taxes;
- (ii) *second*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amounts due and payable to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Calculation Agent, the Administrative Services Provider, the Asset Monitor, the Portfolio Manager and the Servicer and to credit an amount up to the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount into the Expenses Account and the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount into the Corporate Account;
- (iii) *third, pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, and (b) to pay any amount, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on each Series of Covered Bonds and (c) to pay any Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps;
- (iv) *fourth, pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, (b) to pay any amount in respect of principal due and payable under each Series of Covered Bonds on such Guarantor Payment Date and (c) to pay any Hedging Senior Payments in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps;
- (v) *fifth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreements not provided for under items (iii) and (iv) above;

- (vi) *sixth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement);
 - (vii) *seventh*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Minimum Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
 - (viii) *eighth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amounts due as principal under the Subordinated Loan;
 - (ix) *ninth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Premium Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
- (the “**Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payment**”).

4. CREATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PORTFOLIO

Transfer of the Portfolio

The Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered into a master transfer agreement pursuant to which the Seller (a) transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor an initial portfolio comprising Public Assets (the “**Initial Portfolio**”) and (b) may assign and transfer further portfolios comprising Public Assets and/or Integration Assets, satisfying the Criteria (each a “**New Portfolio**”) and jointly with the Initial Portfolio and any other Integration Assets and Eligible Investments purchased by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the “**Portfolio**”), to the Covered Bonds Guarantor from time to time (the “**Master Transfer Agreement**”), in the cases and subject to the limits on the transfer of further Public Assets referred to below.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor may acquire the aforementioned further Public Assets or Integration Assets, as the case may be, in order to:

- (a) collateralise and allow the issue of further series of Covered Bonds by the Issuer, subject to the Limits to the Assignment of further Public Assets (the “**Issuance Collateralisation Assignment**”);
- (b) invest the Principal Available Funds, subject to the Limits to the Assignment, provided that no Issuer Event of Default or Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default have occurred (the “**Revolving Assignment**”); or
- (c) comply with the Tests, and prevent the breach of the Tests, in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement (the “**Integration Assignment**”), subject to the limits referred to in the following provision “Integration Assets”.

Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, and subject to the conditions provided therein, the Seller shall also be allowed to repurchase Receivables and/or Securities which have been assigned to the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

The Public Assets and the Integration Assets will be assigned and transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor without recourse (*pro soluto*) in accordance with Law 130 and subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement.

Representations and Warranties of the Seller

Under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has made certain representations and warranties regarding itself and the Receivables or Securities including, *inter alia*:

- (i) its status, capacity and authority to enter into the Transaction Documents and assume the obligations expressed to be assumed by it therein;
- (ii) the legality, validity, binding nature and enforceability of the obligations assumed by it;
- (iii) the existence of the Receivables or Securities, the absence of any lien attaching the Receivables or Securities; subject to the applicable provisions of laws and of the relevant agreements, the full, unconditional, legal title of the Seller to the Initial Portfolio;
- (iv) the validity and enforceability, subject to the applicable provisions of laws and of the relevant agreements, against the relevant Debtors of the obligations from which the Initial Portfolio arises.

General Criteria

Each of the Receivables forming part of the Portfolio shall comply with all of the following criteria (the “**General Criteria**”):

- (i) Receivables whose debtors or guarantors (pursuant to a “guarantee valid for the purpose of credit risk mitigation” (garanzie valide ai fini della mitigazione del rischio di credito), as defined by Article 1, paragraph 1, lett. h) of the MEF Decree) are (a) public administrations of Admitted States, including therein any Ministries, municipalities (enti pubblici territoriali), national or local entities and other public bodies, which attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; (b) public administrations of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weighting factor equal to 0 per cent. under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; (c) municipalities and national or local public bodies not carrying out economic activities (organismi pubblici non economici) of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weight factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement;
- (ii) Receivables arising out of Loan Agreements which have been fully disbursed or, only in respect of the Multi-tranche Agreements, the Receivables arising out from each credit line or tranche which have been fully disbursed;
- (iii) Receivables in respect of which as of the Cut-off Date (a) there are no amounts due and payable to the Seller by the relevant debtors, both as repayment of any instalments and as interest, which have not been paid and (b) neither the termination of the Loan Agreement nor the acceleration (*decadenza dal beneficio del termine*) of the payment obligations have been requested or declared nor the withdrawal (*recesso*) has occurred;
- (iv) Receivables arising out of fixed rate loans or floating rate loans;

- (v) Receivables in respect of which the relevant amortisation plan for principal and interest provides that the payments have to occur at or within previously fixed payment dates.

The term “Loan Agreement” used in these General Criteria is referred to each of the following agreements:

- (a) loan and financing agreements, including loan agreements for a relevant purpose;
- (b) loan and financing agreements “multi-tranche” which provide for disbursement of singles credit lines or tranches which differ each other in the interest rate, the amortisation plan or the final reimbursement date (hereinafter, the “Multi-tranche Agreements”);
- (c) acknowledgement and consolidation acts or agreements, related to loans disbursed on the basis of a credit opened agreement (*contratto di apertura di credito*) pursuant to article 205-bis of the Legislative Decree no. 267 of 18 August 2000 (also denominated master credit opened agreement), by means of which are ruled, inter alia, interest rate, amortisation plan and the final reimbursement date;
- (d) disbursement and receipt acts or agreements (however denominated) – related to loans disbursed on the basis of a credit opened agreement (*contratto di apertura di credito*) (however denominated) – by means of which, inter alia, the interest rate, the amortisation plan, the disbursement date and the final reimbursement date are ruled;
- (e) loan and financing agreements (which provide for, inter alia, an indication of loan amount, interest rate, amortisation plan, guarantees, disbursement date and final reimbursement date) on the basis of a plafond made available by means of an adjudication of a competitive bid and/or the relevant agreement, or by means of a specific loan agreement (*convenzione speciale di finanziamento*) or a treasury agreement (*convenzione di tesoreria*) (which provide for the disbursement of singles loans up to a predetermined maximum amount (*id est* a plafond));
- (f) receivables purchase agreements with predetermined principal and interest reimbursement dates or receivables purchase agreements in which the receivables have been settled by means of fixing of principal and interest reimbursement dates.

The term “Receivables” used under points from (i) to (v) of these General Criteria is referred to any receivable arising from a Loan Agreement, also, if the case, renegotiated jointly or separately with other Loan Agreements or, exclusively with reference to Multi-tranche Agreements, the receivables arising from each credit line or tranche which differ each other in the interest rate, the amortisation plan, the disbursement date or the final reimbursement date.

The Receivables shall also comply with the Specific Criteria.

“**Specific Criteria**” means the criteria for the selection of the Receivables to be included in the Portfolios to which such criteria are applied, set forth in Annex 2 (I Criteri Specifici) to the Master Transfer Agreement for the Initial Portfolio and in the relevant offer for New Portfolios.

“**Criteria**” means jointly the General Criteria and the Specific Criteria.

Integration Assets

In accordance with Article 2 paragraph 3 of the MEF Decree and paragraph 3 of the BoI OBG Regulations, “**Integration Assets**” shall include:

- (i) deposits with banks residing in Eligible States;
- (ii) securities issued by banks residing in Eligible States with residual maturity not longer than one year;

The Integration Assets calculated for the purposes of the Tests shall meet the Integration Assets Rating Requirements.

Integration through the inclusion of Integration Assets shall be allowed up to but not exceeding the Integration Assets Limit. Integration (whether through Integration Assets or through originally eligible Public Assets) shall be allowed for the purpose of complying with the Tests.

Excluded Assets

On the basis of the information provided by the Servicer the Calculation Agent shall identify (a) the Excluded Assets and (b) the Excluded Swaps, if any, to be excluded from the calculation of the Tests with the objective of obtaining a combination of Integration Assets included in the Eligible Portfolio, net of exclusions, that would allow the matching of the Tests, if possible.

On the basis of the information provided by the Calculation Agent, the Servicer may sell the Excluded Assets and the Cash Manager shall invest the amounts deriving from such selling in Public Assets or Authorised Investments or Eligible Investments.

Tests

In accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement and the provisions of the MEF Decree, for so long as the Covered Bonds remain outstanding, the Issuer and the Seller shall procure on a continuing basis and on each Calculation Date, or any other date pursuant to the Transaction Documents, that:

- (i) prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the OC Adjusted Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds (the “**Asset Coverage Test**”) or, following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, and service of the Notice to Pay by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Amortisation Test Adjusted Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds (the “**Amortisation Test**”);
- (ii) the Net Present Value of the Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Net Present Value of all Series of the outstanding Covered Bonds (the “**NPV Test**”);
- (iii) the Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Interest Payments and the Annual Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Annual Interest Payments (the “**Interest Coverage Test**”);

(the tests above are jointly defined as the “**Tests**”).

Compliance with the Tests will be verified by the Calculation Agent, and internal risk management functions of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group (under the supervision of the management body of the Issuer) on each Calculation Date

and on any other date on which the verification of the Tests is required pursuant to the Transaction Documents, and subsequently checked by the Asset Monitor on a semi-annual basis. In addition to the above, following the occurrence of a breach of the Tests, based on the information provided by the Servicer with reference to the end of the previous month and with reference to the last day of each calendar month (starting from the date on which such breach has been notified, and until 6 (six) months after the date on which such breach has been cured the Calculation Agent shall verify compliance with the Tests not later than the fifth Business Day of the following calendar month. For a detailed description see section “*Credit Structure – Tests*”.

Breach of the Tests

In order to cure the breach of the Tests:

- (a) the Seller shall sell, as soon as possible, and in any case within 6 (six) months from the notification of such breach, sufficient Public Assets or Integration Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement and, to this extent, shall grant the funds necessary for payment of the purchase price of the assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the Subordinated Loan Agreement or, if necessary, increasing the Maximum Amount of the Subordinated Loan, or
- (b) following the occurrence of one of the events indicated in Clause 16.1 (*Cause di estinzione dell'obbligo di acquisto*), of the Master Transfer Agreement, paragraph (i) (*Inadempimento di obblighi da parte del Cedente*), (ii) (*Violazione delle dichiarazioni e garanzie da parte del Cedente*), (iii) (*Mutamento Sostanzialmente Pregiudizievole*) and (iv) (*Crisi*), the Issuer shall sell, as soon as possible, and in any case within 6 (six) months from the notification of such breach, sufficient Public Assets or Integration Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement and, to this extent, shall grant the funds necessary for payment of the purchase price of the assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the subordinated loan agreement to be entered into pursuant to the Portfolio Administration Agreement;

in an aggregate amount sufficient to ensure that the Tests are met as soon as practicable.

A breach of the Tests which is not remedied within 6 (six) months from the notification of the occurrence of such breach constitutes an Issuer Event of Default.

A breach of the Amortisation Test constitutes a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default.

Role of the Asset Monitor

The Asset Monitor will, subject to receipt of the relevant information from the Calculation Agent, test the calculations performed by the Calculation Agent in respect of the Tests on a semi-annual basis and more frequently under certain circumstances. The Asset Monitor will also perform the other activities provided under the Asset Monitor Agreement.

Sale of Public Assets following the occurrence of an Article 74

Event or an Issuer Event of Default

Following the delivery of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay and prior to the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default, if necessary in order to effect timely payments under the Covered Bonds, as determined by the Calculation Agent in consultation with the Portfolio Manager, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets in accordance with the provisions of the Portfolio Administration Agreement, subject to any pre-emption right of the Seller pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement or any other Transaction Documents. The proceeds of any such sale shall be credited to the Investment Account and invested in Authorised Investments.

5. THE TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS

Master Transfer Agreement

On 20 May 2009, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered into a Master Transfer Agreement, as amended and supplemented, pursuant to which the Seller assigned and transferred the Initial Portfolio to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, without recourse (*pro soluto*), in accordance with Law 130. Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, the Covered Bonds Guarantor has agreed to pay the Seller a purchase price of Euro 3,790,358,323.04. Furthermore, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor agreed that the Seller may, from time to time, assign and transfer Public Assets and/or Integration Assets satisfying the Criteria to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (See Sections “*The Portfolio*” and “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Transfer Agreement*”).

Warranty and Indemnity Agreement

On 20 May 2009, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered into a warranty and indemnity agreement (as amended and supplemented, the “**Warranty and Indemnity Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Seller made certain representations and warranties in favour of the Covered Bonds Guarantor (See Section “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement*”).

Subordinated Loan Agreement

On 20 May 2009, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered into a subordinated loan agreement (as amended and supplemented, the “**Subordinated Loan Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Seller granted a subordinated loan to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (the “**Subordinated Loan**”) with a maximum amount equal to the Maximum Amount, as amended from time to time. Under the provisions of such agreement, the Seller shall make advances to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in amounts equal to the relevant price of the Portfolios transferred from time to time to the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The Subordinated Loan shall be remunerated by way of the Subordinated Loan Interest Amount.

Covered Bonds Guarantee

On or about the Initial Issue Date the Covered Bonds Guarantor issued a guarantee securing the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds (as amended and supplemented, the “**Covered Bonds Guarantee**”), in accordance with the provisions of Law 130 and of the MEF Decree (See

Sections “*Transaction Summary – Covered Bonds Guarantee*” and “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Covered Bonds Guarantee*”).

Servicing Agreement and Collection Policies

Pursuant to the terms of a servicing agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 (as amended and supplemented, the “**Servicing Agreement**”), the Servicer has agreed to administer and service the Portfolio, on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the Collection Policies.

The Servicer has undertaken to prepare and submit quarterly reports to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Administrative Services Provider and the Calculation Agent, in the form set out in the Servicing Agreement, containing information as to all the **Collections**, as a result of the activity of the Servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement during the preceding Collection Period. The reports will provide the main information relating to the Servicer’s activity during the period, including without limitation: a description of the Portfolio (outstanding amount, principal and interest), information relating to delinquencies, defaults and collections during the Collection Period as well as a performance analysis (See Section “*Description of the Transaction Documents -Description of the Servicing Agreement*” and “*Collection and Recovery Procedures*”).

Administrative Services Agreement

Pursuant to an administrative services agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 (as amended and supplemented, the “**Administrative Services Agreement**”), the Administrative Services Provider has agreed to provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with a number of administrative services, including the keeping of the corporate books and of the accounting and tax registers (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Administrative Services Agreement*”).

Intercreditor Agreement

Under the terms of an intercreditor agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date (as amended and supplemented, the “**Intercreditor Agreement**”) among the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Secured Creditors, the parties agreed that all the Available Funds of the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be applied in or towards satisfaction of the Covered Bonds Guarantor’s payment obligations towards the Covered Bondholders as well as the Secured Creditors, in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments provided in the Intercreditor Agreement.

According to the Intercreditor Agreement, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will, subject to a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default having occurred, ensure that all the Available Funds are applied in or towards satisfaction of the Covered Bonds Guarantor’s payment obligations towards the Covered Bondholders as well as the Secured Creditors, in accordance with the Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments provided in the Intercreditor Agreement.

The obligations owed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to each of the Covered Bondholders and each of the Secured Creditors will be limited recourse obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors will have a claim against the Covered Bonds Guarantor only to the extent of the Available Funds, in each

case subject to and as provided for in the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Transaction Documents (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Intercreditor Agreement*”).

Cash Management and Agency Agreement

In accordance with a cash management and agency agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date, as amended and supplemented, among the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent, the Servicer, the Administrative Services Provider, the Calculation Agent and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (the “**Cash Management and Agency Agreement**”), the Account Bank, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent, the Servicer, the Administrative Services Provider and the Calculation Agent will provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with certain calculation, notification and reporting services together with account handling and cash management services in relation to moneys from time to time standing to the credit of the Accounts (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement*”).

Asset Monitor Agreement

In accordance with an asset monitor agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date, among the Asset Monitor, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Issuer and the Calculation Agent (as amended and supplemented, the “**Asset Monitor Agreement**”), the Asset Monitor will conduct independent tests in respect of the calculations performed by the Calculation Agent for the Tests, as applicable on a semi-annual basis with a view to verifying the compliance by the Covered Bonds Guarantor with such tests (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Asset Monitor Agreement*”).

Portfolio Administration Agreement

By a portfolio administration agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date, among, *inter alia*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Issuer, the Seller, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Calculation Agent, the Cash Manager and the Asset Monitor (as amended and supplemented, the “**Portfolio Administration Agreement**”), the Seller and the Issuer have undertaken certain obligations for the replenishment of the Portfolio in order to cure a breach of the Tests. (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Portfolio Administration Agreement*”).

Quotaholders Agreement

The quotaholders’ agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date, among the Covered Bonds Guarantor, Intesa Sanpaolo and Stichting Viridis 2 (as amended and supplemented, the “**Quotaholders’ Agreement**”), contains provisions and undertakings in relation to the management of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. In addition, pursuant to the Quotaholders’ Agreement, Stichting Viridis 2 will grant a call option in favour of Intesa Sanpaolo to purchase from Stichting Viridis 2 and Intesa Sanpaolo will grant a put option in favour of Stichting Viridis 2 to sell to Intesa Sanpaolo the

quota of the Issuer quota capital held by Stichting Viridis 2 (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Quotaholders Agreement*”).

Deed of Pledge

By a deed of pledge (as amended and supplemented, the “**Deed of Pledge**”) executed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on or about the Initial Issue Date, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will pledge in favour of the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors all monetary claims and rights and all amounts payable from time to time (including payment for claims, indemnities, damages, penalties, credits and guarantees) to which the Covered Bonds Guarantor is entitled pursuant or in relation with the Transaction Documents (other than the English law Transaction Documents and the Deed of Pledge), including any monetary claims and rights relating to the amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts and any other account established by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the provisions of the Transaction Documents, but excluding, for avoidance of doubt, the Public Assets and Integration Assets. (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Deed of Pledge*”).

Deed of Charge

By a deed of charge executed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on or about the Initial Issue Date (as amended and supplemented, the “**Deed of Charge**”), the Covered Bonds Guarantor will assign by way of security to and charge in favour of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (acting in its capacity as security trustee for itself and on trust for the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors; in such capacity the “**Security Trustee**”), all of its rights, title, interest and benefit from time to time in and to the Swap Agreements (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Deed of Charge*”).

Dealer Agreement

By a dealer agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date among the Issuer, the Representative of Covered Bondholders and the Dealer, as subsequently amended, (as amended and supplemented, the “**Dealer Agreement**”), the Dealer has been appointed as such. The Dealer Agreement contains, *inter alia*, provisions for the resignation or termination of appointment of existing Dealer and for the appointment of additional or other dealers either generally in respect of the Programme or in relation to a particular Series (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Dealer Agreement*”).

Subscription Agreement

By a subscription agreement entered or to be entered into on or about each Issue Date among the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer(s), the Relevant Dealers will agree to subscribe for the relevant Series of Covered Bonds and pay the Issue Price subject to the conditions set out therein (as amended and supplemented, the “**Subscription Agreement**”) (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Subscription Agreement*”).

Swaps

In order to hedge the currency and/or interest rate exposure in relation to its floating or fixed rate obligations under the CB, the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered and will enter into one or more swap transactions with the CB Hedging Counterparty on each Issue Date as confirmed by a

confirmation (a “**CB Swap Confirmation**”) evidencing the terms of any such transaction (each a “**CB Swap**”), subject to a 1992 International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreement (Multicurrency - Cross Border), including Schedule, 1995 ISDA Credit Support Annex (Bilateral Form – Transfer)(ISDA Agreements Subject to English law) (the “**Credit Support Annex**”) and CB Swap Confirmation (the “**CB Master Agreement**”).

In addition, in order to hedge the interest rate and/or currency risks related to the transfer of each Portfolio, the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered and will enter into one or more swap transactions with the TBG Hedging Counterparty, on the date of each transfer as confirmed by a confirmation (a “**TBG Swap Confirmation**”) evidencing the terms of each such transaction (each a “**TBG Swap**”), subject to a 1992 International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreement (Multicurrency - Cross Border), including Schedule, Credit Support Annex and TBG Swap Confirmation (the “**TBG Master Agreement**”) (See “*Description of the Transaction Documents - Description of the Swaps*”).

Provisions of Transaction Documents

The Covered Bondholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all provisions of the Transaction Documents applicable to them. In particular, each Covered Bondholder, by reason of holding Covered Bonds, recognises the Representative of the Covered Bondholders as its representative and accepts to be bound by the terms of each of the Transaction Documents signed by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders as if such Covered Bondholder was a signatory thereto.

RISK FACTORS

The following are the principal risk factors relating to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Covered Bonds to be issued under the Programme which prospective purchasers of Covered Bonds should consider prior to making an investment decision. The following overview is not intended to be exhaustive and prospective purchasers of Covered Bonds should also read the information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus.

1. GENERAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Set out below is a brief description of the principal market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

Obligations to make payments when due on the Covered Bonds

The Issuer is liable to make payments when due on the Covered Bonds. The obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds are direct, unsecured, unconditional and unsubordinated obligations, ranking *pari passu* without any preference amongst themselves and equally with its other direct, unsecured, unconditional and unsubordinated obligations. Consequently, any claim directly against the Issuer in respect of the Covered Bonds will not benefit from any security or other preferential arrangement granted by the Issuer. The Covered Bonds Guarantor has no obligation to pay the Guaranteed Amounts payable under the Covered Bonds Guarantee until the service on the Covered Bonds Guarantor of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay. Failure by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay amounts due under the Covered Bonds Guarantee in respect of any Series or Tranche would constitute a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default which would entitle the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to serve a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice and accelerate the obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee and entitle the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to enforce the Covered Bonds Guarantee. The occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default does not constitute a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default.

The Covered Bonds will not represent an obligation or be the responsibility of any of the Dealers, the Arranger, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or any other party to the Transaction Documents, their officers, members, directors, employees, security holders or incorporators, other than the Issuer and, upon service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay, the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be liable solely in their corporate capacity and, as to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, limited recourse to the Available Funds, for their obligations in respect of the Covered Bonds and such obligations will not be the obligations of their respective officers, members, directors, employees, security holders or incorporators.

The secondary market generally

Covered Bonds may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be very liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Covered Bonds easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Covered Bonds that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Covered Bonds generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Covered Bonds. In addition, Covered Bonds issued under the Programme might not be rated or listed on a stock exchange or regulated market and, in these circumstances, pricing information may be more difficult to obtain and the liquidity and market

prices of such Covered Bonds may be adversely affected. In an illiquid market, an investor might not be able to sell his Covered Bonds at any time at fair market prices. The possibility to sell the Covered Bonds might additionally be restricted by country specific reasons.

Exchange rate risks and exchange controls

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Covered Bonds in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "**Investor's Currency**") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (i) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Covered Bonds, (ii) the Investor's Currency equivalent value of the principal payable on the Covered Bonds and (iii) the Investor's Currency equivalent market value of the Covered Bonds. Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Interest rate risks

Investment in Fixed Rate Covered Bonds involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Covered Bonds.

Rating of the Covered Bonds

The rating assigned to the Covered Bonds address, *inter alia*:

- the likelihood of full and timely payment to Covered Bondholders of all payments of interest on each CB Payment Date;
- the likelihood of timely payment of principal in relation to the Hard Bullet Covered Bonds on the Maturity Date; and
- the likelihood of ultimate payment of principal in relation to Covered Bonds on (a) the Maturity Date thereof, or (b) if the Covered Bonds are subject to an Extended Maturity Date in accordance with the applicable Final Terms, the Extended Maturity Date thereof.

Whether or not a rating in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation will be disclosed in the relevant Final Terms. The credit ratings included or referred to in this Base Prospectus have been issued by Moody's Investors Service Ltd. which is established in the European Union and is registered under CRA Regulation. As such Moody's Investors Service Ltd. is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority ("**ESMA**") on its website <http://www.esma.europa.eu/page/List-registered-and-certified-CRAs>, in accordance with such Regulation. In general, European regulated investors are restricted under CRA Regulation from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under the CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances whilst the registration application is pending. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by non-EU credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EU-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-EU rating agency is certified in accordance with the CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended). The list of registered and certified rating agencies published by the ESMA

on its website in accordance with the CRA Regulation is not conclusive evidence of the status of the relevant rating agency included in such list, as there may be delays between certain supervisory measures being taken against a relevant rating agency and the publication of the updated ESMA list. Certain information with respect to the credit rating agencies and ratings will be disclosed in the Final Terms.

The rating agency may lower its ratings or withdraw its rating if, in its sole judgement, the credit quality of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds has declined or is in question, and the Issuer has not undertaken to maintain a rating. In addition, at any time the rating agency may revise its relevant rating methodology with the result that, amongst other things, any rating assigned to the Covered Bonds may be lowered. If any rating assigned to the Covered Bonds is lowered or withdrawn, the market value of the Covered Bonds may reduce.

A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension or withdrawal (or, as noted above, revision) at any time. A credit rating may not reflect the potential impact of all of the risks related to the structure, market, additional factors discussed above and other factors that may affect the value of the Covered Bonds.

The return on an investment in Covered Bonds will be affected by charges incurred by investors

An investor's total return on an investment in any Covered Bonds will be affected by the level of fees charged by the nominee service provider and/or clearing system used by the investor. Such a person or institution may charge fees for the opening and operation of one or more investment accounts, transfers of Covered Bonds, custody services and on payments of interest, principal and other amounts. Potential investors are therefore advised to investigate the basis on which any such fees will be charged on the relevant Covered Bonds. Certain information in that respect are available under the section headed "*General Information*".

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal and/or tax advisers to determine whether and to what extent (i) Covered Bonds are legal investments for it, (ii) Covered Bonds can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (iii) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Covered Bonds. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisors or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Covered Bonds under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

Law 130

Law 130 was enacted in Italy in April 1999 and amended to allow for the issuance of covered bonds in 2005. As at the date of this Base Prospectus, no interpretation of the application of Law 130 as it relates to covered bonds has been issued by any Italian court or governmental or regulatory authority, except for (i) the MEF Decree setting out the technical requirements of the guarantee which may be given in respect of covered bonds, (ii) the BoI OBG Regulations concerning guidelines on the valuation of assets, the procedure for purchasing integration assets and controls required to ensure compliance with the legislation and (iii) the clarifications, provided for by the Bank of Italy, to certain queries concerning the OBG Regulations submitted to the such authority by Italian banks and the Italian Banking Association (*Associazione Bancaria Italiana*). Consequently, it is possible that such or different authorities may issue further regulations relating to Law 130 or the interpretation thereof, the impact of which cannot be predicted by the Issuer as at the date of this Base Prospectus.

Change of law

The structure of the Programme and, *inter alia*, the issue of the Covered Bonds and the rating assigned to the Covered Bonds are based on the relevant law, tax and administrative practice in effect at the date of this Base Prospectus, and having due regard to the expected tax treatment of all relevant entities under such law and practice. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible change to the law (including any change in regulation which may occur without a change in primary

legislation), tax or administrative practice or its interpretation will not change after the Issue Date of any Series or that such change will not adversely impact the structure of the Programme and the treatment of the Covered Bonds. This Base Prospectus will not be updated to reflect any such changes or events.

2. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE ISSUER

The Issuer believes that the following factors may affect its ability to fulfil its obligations under the Covered Bonds. Most of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring. In addition, factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with the Covered Bonds are also described below.

The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in the Covered Bond, but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Covered Bonds may occur for other reasons which may not be considered significant risks by the Issuer based on information currently available to it or which it may not currently be able to anticipate.

References in this section to the Intesa Sanpaolo Group are to the Issuer and each of its consolidated subsidiaries.

Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

Risk management

The Issuer and its subsidiaries (the “**Intesa Sanpaolo Group**” or the “**Group**”) attaches great importance to risk management and control as conditions to ensure reliable and sustainable value creation in a context of controlled risk where capital adequacy, earnings stability, liquidity and strong reputation are key to protecting current and prospective profitability.

The strategy of the risk management is aimed at providing a complete and consistent overview of risks, considering both the macroeconomic scenario and the Group’s risk profile, by applying a culture of risk-awareness and enhancing the transparency of the risk level inherent to the portfolios of the Group.

The efforts of recent years to obtain the validation by the supervisory authority of internal models for the assessment of credit, operational, market and credit derivative risk should be interpreted in this way.

The definition of the “risk appetite framework” and the resulting operating limits related to market risk indicators, the use of risk measurement instruments in granting and monitoring loans and controlling operational risk and the use of capital at risk measures for management reporting and assessment of capital adequacy within the Group, represent fundamental milestones in the operational application of the strategic and management guidelines defined by Intesa San Paolo S.p.A.’s (the “**Parent Company**”) supervisory board and the management board along the Group’s entire decision-making chain, down to the single operating units and to the single desk.

The basic principles of risk management and control are: clear identification of responsibility for acceptance of risk, measurement and control systems in line with international best practices and organisational separation between the functions that carry out day-to-day operations and those that carry out controls.

The policies relating to the acceptance of risks are defined by the supervisory board and the management board of the Parent Company, with support from specific operating committees, the most important of which is the control committee, and from the Group risk governance committee and chief risk officer, reporting directly to the chief executive officer.

The Parent Company is in charge of overall direction, management and control of risks, whereas the Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies that generate credit and/or financial risks have their own control structures and operate within the assigned autonomy limits. In relation to the main Intesa Sanpaolo Group subsidiaries, these functions are performed, on the basis of an outsourcing contract, by the Parent Company's risk control functions, which periodically report to the board of directors and the audit committee of the relevant subsidiary.

The risk measurement and management tools together define a risk-monitoring framework at the Intesa Sanpaolo Group level, capable of assessing the risks assumed by the Intesa Sanpaolo Group from a regulatory and economic point of view. The level of absorption of economic capital, defined as the maximum "unexpected" loss the Intesa Sanpaolo Group might incur over a period of one year, is a key measure for determining the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's financial structure, risk appetite and for guiding operations, ensuring a balance between risks assumed and shareholder returns. It is estimated on the basis of the current situation and also as a forecast, based on the budget assumptions and projected economic scenario under ordinary and stress conditions. The assessment of capital is included in business reporting and is submitted quarterly to the group risk governance committee, the management board and the control committee, as part of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's Risks *Tableau de Bord*.

The Group sets out these general principles in policies, limits and criteria applied to the various risk categories (described below) and business areas with specific risk tolerance thresholds, in a comprehensive framework of governance, control limits and procedures.

Risk hedging, given the nature, frequency and potential impact of the risk, is based on a constant balance between mitigation/hedging action, control procedures/processes and capital protection measures.

Particular attention is dedicated to managing the short-term and structural liquidity position by following specific policies and procedures to ensure full compliance with the limits set at the Group level and operating sub-areas, in accordance with international regulations and the risk appetite approved at the Group level.

The Group also intends to maintain adequate levels of protection against reputation risk so as to minimise the risk of negative events that might jeopardise its image. To that end, it has initiated an *ex-ante* risk management process to identify the major reputation and compliance risks for the Group, to define prevention and mitigation tools and measures in advance and to implement specific, dedicated reporting flows.

The Parent Company is in charge of overall direction, management and control of risks. Group companies that generate credit and/or financial risks are assigned autonomy limits and each has its own control structure. For the main Group subsidiaries, these functions are performed, on the basis of an outsourcing contract, by the Parent Company's risk control functions, which periodically report to the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee of the subsidiary.

As part of Basel II Project, the goal of which is for the Intesa Sanpaolo Group to adopt advanced approaches, in relation to credit risk, the supervisory authority granted permission to use the advanced internal rating based approach (“**AIRB**”) for the “Corporate” segment (extended to the Specialised Lending segment) the internal rating based approach (“**IRB**”) for the “Retail Mortgages” segment and, effective 31 December 2012, for “SME Retail” segment for the main companies being part of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group.

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group is proceeding with development of the rating models for the other business segments and the extension of the scope of companies for their application in accordance with the gradual roll-out plan for the advanced approaches presented to the supervisory authority.

Regarding operational risk, as of 31 December 2009, Intesa Sanpaolo Group was authorised by the Bank of Italy to use the advanced measurement approaches to determine capital requirements for operational risk with respect to an initial number of banks and companies. With effect from 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011, the Intesa Sanpaolo Group was authorised to extend the use of advanced approaches to respectively a second and third set of companies. A fourth set of companies was presented to Bank of Italy, in order to obtain authorisation to use advanced approaches, in December 2012, while the remaining Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies that currently use the standardised approach are expected to gradually migrate to the advanced measurement approaches based on the roll-out plan submitted to management and presented to the supervisory authorities.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of losses due to the failure on the part of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's counterparties (customers) to meet their payment obligations to the Intesa Sanpaolo Group. Credit risk refers to all claims against customers, mainly loans, but also liabilities in the form of other extended credits, guarantees, interest-bearing securities, approved and undrawn credits, as well as counter-party risk arising through derivatives and foreign exchange contracts. Credit risk also consists of concentration risk, country risk and residual risks, both from securitisations and uncertainty regarding credit recovery rates. Credit risk represents the chief risk category for the Intesa Sanpaolo Group. Intesa Sanpaolo has developed a set of instruments which ensures analytical control over the quality of the loans to customers and financial institutions, and loans subject to country risk.

Risk measurement uses rating models that are differentiated according to the borrower's segment (corporate, small business, mortgage loans, personal loans, sovereigns, Italian public sector entities, financial institutions). These models make it possible to summarise the credit quality of the counterparty in a measurement (the rating), which reflects the probability of default over a period of one year, adjusted on the basis of the average level of the economic cycle. In case of default, internal rating of loss given default ("**LGD**") model measures losses on each facility, including any downturn effect related to the economic cycle.

Ratings and mitigating credit factors (guarantees, technical forms and covenants) play a fundamental role in the entire loan granting and monitoring process: they are used to set credit strategies and loan granting and monitoring rules as well as to determine decision-making powers.

The main characteristics of the probability of default ("**PD**") and LGD models for Corporate, SME Retail and Retail Mortgages, which are validated for Basel II advanced approaches, are the following:

- PD model
 - Corporate segment models are based on financial, behavioural and qualitative data of the customers. They are differentiated according to the market in question (domestic or international) and the size bracket of the company. Specific models are implemented for specialised lending (real estate development initiatives and project finance transactions).
 - The Intesa Sanpaolo Group model for the "Retail Mortgages" segment, adopted in late 2008, processes information relating to both the customer and the contract. It differentiates between initial disbursement, where the application model is used, and the subsequent assessment during the lifetime of the mortgage (behavioural model), which takes into account behavioural information.
- LGD model

The LGD is determined on the basis of the actual recoveries achieved during the management of disputes, taking into account the (direct and indirect) costs and the recovery period, as required by the regulation. Each model has been developed on the basis of a workout approach, analysing the losses suffered by the Intesa Sanpaolo Group on historical defaults.

The LGD models, for which advanced internal rating base method has been approved, are:

- Residential Mortgages;
- Corporate (these models are based on different types of financial assets: banking, effective 31 December 2010, authorised from the Bank of Italy in March 2011, leasing and factoring, effective 30 June 2012 authorised in July 2012);
- SME Retail, as of 31 December 2012, authorised by the Bank of Italy in February 2013.

Country risk

Assessment of creditworthiness of countries and their respective sovereigns is based on an internal country rating model which is used every six months to update the rating of over 260 countries. This model is based primarily on a quantitative analysis of the ratings issued by the main rating agencies (Moody's, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Fitch Ratings Limited), the perception of country risk by the international financial markets (the *Moody's Market Implied Rating*) and the main macroeconomic indicators for countries considered strategic for Intesa Sanpaolo. The analysis also involves the qualitative judgement of the rating committee of Intesa Sanpaolo, whose members bring into the discussion the more recent economic and political news using their experience to convey them into a more accurate final rating.

Market Risks

Market risk trading book

Market risk arises as a consequence of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's trading and its open positions in the foreign exchange, interest rate and capital markets. The risk is derived from the fluctuation in the value of listed financial instruments whose value is linked to market variables. Market risk in the trading portfolio arises through trading activities in the interest rate, bonds, credit derivatives, commodities, foreign exchange and equity markets. Market risk in the banking portfolio arises from differences in fixed-rate periods.

The quantification of trading risks is based on daily value at risk ("**VaR**") of the trading portfolios of Intesa Sanpaolo and the subsidiary Banca IMI S.p.A., which represent the main portion of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's market risks, to adverse market movements of the following risk factors:

- interest rates;
- equity and market indexes;
- investment funds;
- foreign exchange rates;
- implied volatilities;
- spreads in credit default swaps ("**CDS**");
- spreads in bond issues;
- correlation instruments;
- dividend derivatives;
- asset-backed securities ("**ABS**");
- commodities.

A number of the other Intesa Sanpaolo Group subsidiaries hold smaller trading portfolios with a marginal risk (around 2 per cent. of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's overall risk). In particular, the risk factors of the international subsidiaries' trading books were interest rates and foreign exchange rates, both relating to linear pay-offs.

For some of the risk factors indicated above, the supervisory authority has validated the internal models for the reporting of the capital absorptions of both Intesa Sanpaolo and Banca IMI S.p.A. In particular, the validated risk profiles for market risks are: (i) generic and specific risk on debt securities and on equities for Intesa Sanpaolo and Banca IMI S.p.A., (ii) position risk on quotas of funds underlying Constant Proportion Portfolio Insurance products for Banca IMI S.p.A., (iii) position risk on dividend derivatives and (iv) position risk on commodities for Banca IMI S.p.A., the only legal entity in the Intesa Sanpaolo Group authorised to hold open positions in commodities. According to the "Basel 2.5" framework, Stressed VaR and Incremental Risk Charge are in place as further regulatory requirements.

Since VaR is a synthetic indicator which does not fully identify all types of potential loss, risk management has been enriched with other measures, in particular simulation measures for the quantification of risks from illiquid parameters (dividends, correlation, ABS, hedge funds). VaR estimates are calculated daily based on simulations of historical time-series, a 99 per cent. confidence level and 1-day holding period.

Market risk banking book

Market risk originated by the banking book arises primarily in Intesa Sanpaolo and in the main subsidiaries that carry out retail and corporate banking. The banking book also includes exposure to market risks deriving from the equity investments in listed companies not fully consolidated, mostly held by the Parent Company and by the subsidiaries Equiter, IMI Investimenti and Private Equity International.

The methods used to measure market risks of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's banking book are (i) VaR, and (ii) sensitivity analysis. VaR is calculated as the maximum potential loss in the portfolio's market value that could be recorded over a ten day holding period with a statistical 99 per cent. confidence level (parametric VaR). Besides measuring the equity portfolio, VaR is also used to consolidate exposure to financial risks of the various Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies which perform banking book activities, thereby taking into account diversification benefits.

Shift sensitivity analysis quantifies the change in value of a financial portfolio resulting from adverse movements in the main risk factors (interest rate, foreign exchange, equity). For interest rate risk, an adverse movement is defined as a parallel and uniform shift of ± 100 basis points of the interest rate curve. The measurements include an estimate of the prepayment effect and of the risk originated by customer sight loans and deposits, whose features of stability and of partial and delayed reaction to interest rate fluctuations have been studied by analysing a large collection of historical data, obtaining a maturity representation model through equivalent deposits. Equity risk sensitivity is measured as the impact of a price shock of ± 10 per cent.

Furthermore, the sensitivity of the interest margin is measured by quantifying the impact on net interest income of a parallel and instantaneous shock in the interest rate curve of 100 basis points, over a period of 12 months. Hedging activity of interest rate risk is aimed (i) at protecting the banking book from variations in the fair value of loans and deposits due to movements in the interest rate curve or (ii) at reducing the volatility of future cash flows related to a particular asset/liability.

The main types of derivative contracts used are interest rate swaps ("IRS"), overnight index swaps ("OIS"), cross currency swaps ("CCS") and options on interest rates stipulated by Intesa Sanpaolo with third parties or with other Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies (e.g. Banca IMI S.p.A.), which, in turn, cover the risk in the market so that the hedging transactions meet the criteria to qualify as IAS compliant for consolidated financial statements. Hedging activities performed by the Intesa Sanpaolo Group are recorded using various hedge accounting methods. A first method refers to the fair value hedge of specifically identified assets and liabilities (microhedging), mainly consisting of bonds issued or acquired by the Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies and loans to customers. Moreover, macro-hedging is carried out on the stable portion of on demand deposits in order to hedge against fair value changes intrinsic to the instalments under accrual generated by floating rate operations. Intesa Sanpaolo is exposed to this risk in the period from the date on which the rate is set and the interest payment date. Another hedging method used is the cash flow hedge which has the purpose of

stabilising interest flow on both variable rate funding to the extent that the latter finances fixed-rate investments and on variable rate investments to cover fixed-rate funding (macro cash flow hedge). In other cases, micro cash flow hedges are applied to specific assets or liabilities (micro cash flow hedge).

The risk management department is in charge of measuring the effectiveness of interest rate risk hedges for the purpose of hedge accounting, in compliance with international accounting standards.

Foreign exchange risk

Currency risk positions are taken in both trading and non-trading books. As with market risk, the currency risk in the trading books is controlled using VaR limits (see the methodological approach described above), while the structural currency risk in the non-trading books is mitigated by the practice of raising funds in the same currency as the assets.

Issuer and counterparty risk

Issuer risk in the trading portfolio is analysed in terms of mark to market, by aggregating exposures in rating classes and is monitored using a system of operating limits based on both rating classes and concentration indices. A limit at legal entity level (for Intesa Sanpaolo and Banca IMI S.p.A.) is also defined and monitored in terms of Incremental Risk Charge (Credit VaR calculated over a one year time horizon at a confidence level of 99.9 per cent. on bonds, single name CDS and index CDS relating to the issuer trading book portfolio of each bank). Counterparty risk, measured in terms of potential future exposure, is monitored both in terms of individual and aggregate exposures by the credit department. In order for risk to be managed effectively within Intesa Sanpaolo, the risk measurement system is integrated into decision-making processes and the management of company operations. In accordance with the "use test" requirement of Basel II, a specific project has been set up aimed at obtaining the estimate, also for regulatory purposes, of the statistical measures that enable the analysis of the evolution of the risk of the derivatives over time.

Specifically, the following measures were defined and implemented:

- Potential future exposure ("**PFE**"): evolution over time of the credit exposure (i.e. positive mark-to-market) with a 95 per cent. confidence level; this is a prudent measure used for credit monitoring purposes. PFE calculated for each counterparty is calculated every day by a risk management calculation engine and sent to credit monitoring engine.
- Expected positive exposure: weighted average for the expected time of the credit exposure, where the weightings are the portions that each time step represents of the entire time period. This is a regulatory measure.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group may not be able to meet its payment obligations due to the inability to procure funds on the market (funding liquidity risk) or liquidate its assets (market liquidity risk).

Specific rules, metrics, processes, limits, roles and responsibilities are defined in the Liquidity Risk Management Guidelines in order to ensure a prudent control of liquidity risk and guarantee an adequate, balanced level of liquidity for the whole Group.

Intesa Sanpaolo directly manages its own liquidity, coordinates liquidity management at Group level, verifies the adoption of adequate control techniques and procedures, and provides complete and accurate information to the Operational Committees (Group Risk Governance Committee and Group Financial Risks Committee) and the relevant statutory bodies.

The internal short-term Liquidity Policy is aimed at ensuring an adequate, balanced level of cash inflows and outflows, in order to respond to periods of tension on the various funding sourcing markets, also by establishing adequate liquidity reserves in the form of assets eligible for refinancing with Central Banks or liquid securities on private markets. The internal structural Liquidity Policy incorporates the set of measures and limits designed to control and manage the risks deriving from the mismatch of medium to long-term maturities of the assets and liabilities, essential for the strategic planning of liquidity management.

The Group Guidelines also call for the periodic estimation of liquidity risk position in acute combined stress scenarios (both stress specific and market-related ones) and the introduction of a target threshold aimed at establishing an overall level of reserves suitable to meet greater cash outflows to restore the Group to balanced conditions.

Finally, our Group has a contingency liquidity plan in place, which has the objective of safeguarding our Group's asset value and enabling the continuity of operations under conditions of a liquidity constriction, or even in the absence of liquidity in the market. The plan ensures the identification of the early warning signals and their ongoing monitoring, the definition of procedures to be implemented in situations of liquidity stress, the immediate lines of action, and the intervention measures for the resolution of emergencies.

Operational risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of suffering losses due to inadequacy or failures of processes, human resources and internal systems, or as a result of external events. Operational risk includes legal risk, that is the risk of losses deriving from breach of laws or regulations, contractual or out-of-contract responsibilities or other disputes (excluding strategic and reputational risks).

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group has long defined the overall operational risk management framework by setting up a policy and organisational process for measuring, managing and controlling operational risk.

The control of operational risk was attributed to the management board, which identifies risk management policies, and to the supervisory board, which is in charge of their approval and verification, as well as of the guarantee of the functionality, efficiency and effectiveness of the risk management and control system.

The tasks with which the Intesa Sanpaolo Group compliance and operational risk committee is charged include periodically reviewing the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's overall operational risk profile, authorising any corrective measures, coordinating and monitoring the effectiveness of the main mitigation activities and approving operational risk transfer strategies.

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group has a centralised function within the risk management department for the management of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's operational risk. This function is responsible for the definition, implementation, and monitoring of the methodological and organisational framework, as well as for the measurement of the risk profile, the verification of mitigation effectiveness and reporting to top management.

In compliance with current requirements, the individual organisational units are responsible for identifying, assessing, managing and mitigating their own operational risks. Specific officers and departments have been identified within these business units to be responsible for operational risk management (structured collection of information relative to operational events, scenario analysis and business environment and internal control factors evaluation).

The integrated self-assessment process, which has been conducted on an annual basis, has allowed the Intesa Sanpaolo Group to:

- identify, measure, monitor and mitigate operational risk; and

- create significant synergies with the specialised functions of the organisation and security department that supervise the planning of operational processes and business continuity issues and with the internal control functions (in particular compliance and internal auditing) that supervise specific regulations and issues (such as Legislative Decree no. 231 of 2001, Law no. 262 of 2005) or conduct tests of the effectiveness of controls of company processes.

The internal model for calculating capital absorption is conceived in such a way as to combine all the main sources of quantitative and qualitative information (self-assessment).

The quantitative component is based on an analysis of historical data concerning internal events (recorded by organisational units, appropriately verified by the central function and managed by a dedicated IT system) and external events (the *Operational Riskdata eXchange Association*).

The qualitative component (scenario analysis) focuses on the forward-looking assessment of the risk exposure of each unit and is based on the structured, organised collection of subjective estimates expressed directly by management (subsidiaries, Parent Company's business areas, the corporate centre) with the objective of assessing the potential economic impact of particularly serious operational events. Capital-at-risk is therefore identified as the minimum amount at the Intesa Sanpaolo Group level required to bear the maximum potential loss (worst loss); capital-at-risk is estimated using a "Loss Distribution Approach" model (actuarial statistical model to calculate the VaR of operational losses), applied on quantitative data and the results of the scenario analysis assuming a one-year estimation period, with a confidence level of 99.90 per cent; the methodology also applies a corrective factor, which derives from the qualitative analyses of the risk of the evaluation of the business environment, to take account of the effectiveness of internal controls in the various organisational units.

Monitoring of operational risks is performed by an integrated reporting system, which provides management with the information necessary for the management and/or mitigation of the operational risk.

In order to support the operational risk management process on a continuous basis, a structured training programme has been fully implemented for employees actively involved in the process of managing and mitigating operational risk.

Strategic Risk

Strategic risk is defined as the risk associated with a potential decrease in profits or capital due to changes in the operating environment of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group, misguided Intesa Sanpaolo Group's decisions, inadequate implementation of decisions, or an inability to sufficiently react to competitive forces. The Intesa Sanpaolo Group is able to mitigate strategic risk by following the implemented policies and procedures that place strategic decision making responsibility with the supervisory board and management board, who are supported by the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's departments and committees.

Reputational Risk

Reputational risk is defined as the current and prospective risk of a decrease in profits or capital due to a negative perception of Intesa Sanpaolo's image by customers, counterparties, shareholders, investors and supervisory authorities. Reputational damage could affect all business areas, independent of where in the Intesa Sanpaolo Group the original incident occurred. The Intesa Sanpaolo Group's reputation could also be harmed by negative events in other institutions if the market considers the Intesa Sanpaolo Group to be in the same or similar category of institution. The Intesa Sanpaolo Group has adopted and published a code of ethics that sets out the values and principles that the Intesa Sanpaolo Group intends to follow in its dealings with all stakeholders (customers, employees, suppliers, shareholders, the environment and, more generally, the community) and its objectives hold the Intesa Sanpaolo Group to a higher standard than that required for compliance with applicable laws.

Risk on owned real-estate assets

The risk on owned real-estate assets may be defined as risk associated with the possibility of suffering financial losses due to an unfavourable change in the value of such assets.

Risks specific to Intesa Sanpaolo Group's insurance business

Life business

The typical risks of life insurance portfolios (managed by Intesa Sanpaolo Vita, Intesa Sanpaolo Life and FideuramVita) may be divided into three main categories: premium risks, actuarial and demographic risks and reserve risks.

Premium risks are protected initially during the establishment of the technical features of the product and its pricing, and over the life of the instrument by means of periodic checks on the sustainability and profitability (both at product level and at portfolio level, including all liabilities). When preparing a product for market, profit testing is used to measure profitability and identify any weaknesses beforehand.

Actuarial and demographic risks arise when an unfavourable trend is recorded in the actual loss ratio compared with the trend estimated when the rate was calculated, and these risks are reflected in the level of "reserves". This loss ratio refers not only to actuarial loss, but also to financial loss (guaranteed interest rate risk). Intesa Sanpaolo manages these risks by performing systematic statistical analysis of the evolution of liabilities in its own contract portfolio divided by risk type and through simulations of expected profitability of the assets hedging technical reserves.

Intesa Sanpaolo manages reserve risk through the calculation of mathematical reserves, with a series of checks as well as overall verifications performed by comparing results with the estimates produced on a monthly basis. Intesa Sanpaolo Group places an emphasis on using the correct assumption for contracts by checking the relative portfolio against the movements during the period and the consistency of the amounts settled compared with the reserves movements. The mathematical reserves are calculated in respect of the portfolio on a contract-by-contract basis taking all future commitments into account.

Non-life business

The typical risks of the non-life insurance portfolio (managed through Intesa Sanpaolo Assicura and Intesa Sanpaolo Vita) are essentially premium and reserve risk. Premium risks are protected initially while the product's technical features and pricing are established, and over the life of the instrument by means of periodic checks on the sustainability and profitability (both at product level and at portfolio level, including all liabilities). Reserve risk is managed through the exact calculation of technical reserves. In particular, technical reserves may be divided into a premium reserve, a damage fund, a reserve for profits and reversals, other technical reserves and a reserve for equalisation.

Financial risks

In line with the growing focus in the insurance sector on the issues of value, risk and capital in recent years, a series of initiatives have been launched to strengthen risk governance and manage and control risk-based capital. With regard to both investment portfolios for the coverage of obligations with the insured and free capital, an internal regulation was adopted in order to define the investment policy. The aim of the investment policy is the control and monitoring of market and credit risks. The policy defines the goals and operating limits to distinguish the investments in terms of eligible assets and asset allocation, breakdown by rating classes and credit risk, concentration risk by issuer and sector, and market risks (in turn measured in terms of sensitivity to variations in risk factors and VaR). Investment decisions, portfolio growth and compliance with operating limits are reviewed on a monthly basis by specific investment committees.

Investment portfolios

The investments of the insurance subsidiaries of Intesa Sanpaolo Group are aimed at covering free capital and obligations with customers, namely life policies with profit participation clauses, index linked and unit-linked policies, pension funds and casualty policies. Life policies with profit participation clauses offer the insured the ability to receive a share of the profit from the fund management (the segregated fund) and a minimum guaranteed level, and therefore generate proprietary market and credit risks for the insurance company. Index linked and unit-linked policies, which usually do not present direct risks, are monitored with regard to reputation risks.

Competition

In recent years the Italian banking sector has been characterised by ever increasing competition which, together with the level of interest rates, has caused a sharp reduction in the difference between lending and borrowing interest rates and subsequent difficulties in maintaining a positive growth trend in interest rate margin.

In particular, such competition has had two main effects:

- a progressive reduction in the differential between lending and borrowing interest rate, which may result in Intesa Sanpaolo facing difficulties in maintaining its actual rate of growth in interest rate margins; and
- a progressive reduction in commissions and fees, particularly from dealing on behalf of third parties and orders collection, due to competition on prices.

Both of the above factors may adversely affect Intesa Sanpaolo's financial condition and result of operations.

In addition, downturns in the Italian economy could add to the competitive pressure through, for example, increased price pressure and lower business volumes for which to compete.

Legal risks

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group is involved in various legal proceedings. Management believes that such proceedings have been properly analysed by the Intesa Sanpaolo Group and its subsidiaries in order to decide upon, if necessary or opportune, any increase in provisions for litigation to an adequate extent according to the circumstances and, with respect to some specific issues, to refer to it in the Covered Bonds to the financial statements in accordance with the applicable accounting standards. For more detailed information, see paragraph headed "*Legal Risks*" under the section headed "*Description of the Issuer*".

Changes in regulatory framework

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group is subject to extensive regulation and supervision by the Bank of Italy, the Italian Securities and Exchange Commission (**CONSOB**), the European Central Bank and the European System of Central Banks. The banking laws to which the Intesa Sanpaolo Group is subject govern the activities in which banks may engage and are designed to maintain the safety and soundness of banks, and limit their exposure to risk. In addition, the Intesa Sanpaolo Group must comply with financial services laws that govern its marketing and selling practices. The regulatory framework governing international financial markets is currently being amended in response to the credit crisis, and new legislation and regulations are being introduced in Italy and the European Union that will affect the Intesa Sanpaolo Group, including proposed regulatory initiatives that could significantly alter the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's capital requirements. In particular:

- the Bank of Italy issued in 2010 and 2011 a series of amendments to the Bank of Italy Circular No. 263 of 27 December 2006 (*Nuove Disposizioni di Vigilanza Prudenziale delle Banche*), as amended and supplemented the "**Bank of Italy Regulations**", for the purpose of implementing certain amendments to EU Directives 2006/48/EC and 2006/49/EC (together, the "**CRD**") and Directive 2007/64/EC, and has changed the criteria for assessing capital eligible to be included in Tier I Capital.
- EU Directive 2010/76/EU ("**CRD III**"), issued on 24 November 2010, has further amended the CRD as regards capital requirements for the trading book and for re-securitisations, and the supervisory review of remuneration policies. The CRD III has introduced a number of changes in response to the recent and current market conditions, such as:
 - increase of capital requirements for trading books to ensure that a bank's assessment of the risks connected with its trading book better reflects the potential losses from adverse market movements in stressed conditions;

- imposition of higher capital requirements for re-securitisations to make sure that banks take proper account of the risks of investing in such complex financial products; and
- restriction on the remuneration payable to individuals fulfilling roles with potential impact on a bank's risk profile.

The changes relating to remuneration have already come into force.

- Furthermore, in the fourth quarter of 2010, the Basel Committee issued its final guidance on the proposed changes to capital adequacy and liquidity requirements ("**Basel III**"), which envisages a substantial strengthening of existing capital rules, including through the following proposals:
 - raising the quality of the Core Tier 1 capital base in a harmonized manner (including through changes to the items which give rise to adjustments to that capital base and a reform of the capital structure);
 - introducing a requirement for non-Core Tier I and Tier II capital instruments to have a mechanism that requires them to be written off on the occurrence of a bailout of the institution;
 - strengthening the risk coverage of the capital framework;
 - promoting the build up of capital buffers; and
 - introducing a new leverage ratio as well as short-term and long-term standards for funding liquidity (referred to as the Liquidity Coverage Ratio and the Net Stable Funding Ratio).

In the European Union, the Basel III proposals are expected to be implemented by way of further changes to the CRD, which will be transposed into national law by EU Member States. On 20 July 2011, the European Commission has published a legislative package on proposed amendments to the CRD (the "**CRD IV**"), which reflects the consultation documents issued by the Basel Committee in December 2009 (the "**Basel III Proposal**"), later finalised in the form of Basel III; since few changes were made between the Basel III Proposal and Basel III, the CRD IV largely reflects Basel III. CRD IV will replace EU Directives 2006/48/EC and 2006/49/EC with a directive and a regulation. On 16 April 2013, the European Parliament, approved a legislative resolution on the CRD IV, once obtained all necessary approvals by all other European institutions, the new rules will apply from 1 January 2014, if the publication will take place in the Official Journal by 30 June 2013, or from 1 July 2014 if the publication will take place after such date. Once the new regulatory provisions are adopted, Italy will be required to enact implementing laws and regulations.

Significant uncertainty remains around the final requirements and implementation of these proposed initiatives. If certain of these measures were implemented as currently proposed, in particular the changes proposed by the Basel Committee and the CRD IV consultation document relating to instruments that are eligible to be included within the Core Tier 1 Capital base, they would be expected to have a significant impact on the capital and asset and liability management of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group.

Such changes in the regulatory framework and how they are implemented may have a material effect on all the European Banks and on the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's business and operations as well. As the new framework of banking laws and regulations affecting the Intesa Sanpaolo Group is currently being implemented, the manner in which those laws and related regulations will be applied to the operations of financial institutions is still evolving. No assurance can be given that laws and regulations will be adopted, enforced or interpreted in a manner that will not have an adverse effect on the business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group.

The Issuer is subject to the current disruptions and volatility in the global financial markets

The Issuer is subject to the current disruptions and volatility in the global financial markets. During the course of 2011, the debt crisis in the Euro-zone has intensified and three countries (Greece, Ireland

and Portugal) have requested the financial aid of the European Union and the International Monetary Fund. Credit quality has generally declined, as reflected by the repeated downgrades suffered by several countries in the Euro-zone periphery since the beginning of the sovereign debt crisis in May 2010. The large sovereign debts and fiscal deficits in European countries have raised concerns regarding the financial condition of Eurozone financial institutions and their exposure to such countries. These concerns may have an impact on Euro-zone banks' funding.

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group's business is focused primarily on the Italian domestic market and therefore adverse economic conditions in Italy or a delayed recovery in the Italian market may have particularly negative effects on the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's financial condition and results of operations

Although the Intesa Sanpaolo Group operates in many countries, Italy is its primary market. Its business is therefore particularly sensitive to adverse macroeconomic conditions in Italy.

The persistence of adverse economic conditions in Italy, or a slower recovery in Italy compared to other OECD nations, could have a material adverse effect on the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's business, results of operations or financial condition.

In addition, any downgrade of the Italian sovereign credit rating, or the perception that such a downgrade may occur, may destabilise the markets and have a material adverse effect on the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's operating results, financial condition and prospects as well as on the marketability of the Covered Bonds.

3. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE COVERED BONDS

The Covered Bonds may not be a suitable investment for all investors

Each potential investor in the Covered Bonds must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Covered Bonds, the merits and risks of investing in the Covered Bonds and the information contained or referred to in this Base Prospectus or any applicable supplement;
- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Covered Bonds and the impact the Covered Bonds will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Covered Bonds, including Covered Bonds with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor's currency;
- (iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the Covered Bonds and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Covered Bonds are complex financial instruments. Sophisticated institutional investors generally do not purchase complex financial instruments as stand-alone investments. They purchase complex financial instruments as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in Covered Bonds which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Covered Bonds will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Covered Bonds and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Covered Bonds

Covered Bonds issued under the Programme will either be fungible with an existing Series (in which case they will form part of such Series) or have different terms to an existing Series (in which case they will constitute a new Series). All Covered Bonds issued from time to time will rank *pari passu* with each other in all respects and will share equally in the security granted by the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee. If an Issuer Event of Default and/or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default occurs and results in acceleration, all Covered Bonds of all Series will accelerate at the same time.

A wide range of Covered Bonds may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Covered Bonds may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common of such features:

Covered Bonds subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature of Covered Bonds is likely to limit their market value. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Covered Bonds, the market value of those Covered Bonds generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Covered Bonds when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Covered Bonds. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Covered Bonds being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Zero Coupon Covered Bonds

The Issuer may issue Covered Bonds which do not pay current interest but are issued at a discount from their nominal value or premium from their principal amount. Such Covered Bonds are characterised by the circumstance that the relevant covered bondholders, instead of benefitting from periodical interest payments, shall be granted an interest income consisting in the difference between the redemption price and the issue price, which difference shall reflect the market interest rate. A holder of a zero coupon covered bond is exposed to the risk that the price of such covered bond falls as a result of changes in the market interest rate. Prices of zero coupon Covered Bonds are more volatile than prices of fixed rate Covered Bonds and are likely to respond to a greater degree to market interest rate changes than interest bearing Covered Bonds with a similar maturity. Generally, the longer the remaining terms of such Covered Bonds, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Fixed/Floating Rate Covered Bonds

Fixed/Floating Rate Covered Bonds may bear interest at a rate that the Issuer may elect to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. The Issuer's ability to convert the interest rate will affect the secondary market and the market value of the Covered Bonds since the Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Covered Bonds may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Covered Bonds tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Covered Bonds. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on its Covered Bonds.

Covered Bonds issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Risks related to Covered Bonds generally

Set out below is a brief description of certain risks relating to the Covered Bonds generally.

Certain decisions of Representative of the Covered Bondholders taken without the consent or sanction of any of the Covered Bondholders

Pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may, without the consent or sanction of any of the Covered Bondholders concur with the Issuer and/or the Covered Bonds Guarantor and any other relevant parties in making or sanctioning any modifications to the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, the Conditions and/or the other Transaction Documents:

- (i) provided that in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders such modification is not materially prejudicial to the interests of any of the Covered Bondholders of any Series; or
- (ii) which in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders are made to correct a manifest error or an error established as such to the satisfaction of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or of a formal, minor or technical nature or are made to comply with mandatory provisions of law.

In establishing whether an error is established as such, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may have regard to any evidence on which the Representative of the Covered Bondholders considers reasonable to rely on, and may, but shall not be obliged to, have regard to all or any of the following:

- (i) a certificate from a Relevant Dealer stating the intention of the parties to the relevant Transaction Document, confirming nothing has been said to, or by, the investors or any other parties which is in any way inconsistent with such stated intention and stating the modification to the relevant Transaction Document that is required to reflect such intention;
- (ii) confirmation from the rating agency that, after giving effect to such modification, the Covered Bonds shall continue to have the same credit ratings as those assigned to them immediately prior to the modification.

Covered Bondholders are bound by Extraordinary Resolutions and Programme Resolutions

A meeting of Covered Bondholders may be called to consider matters which affect the rights and interests of Covered Bondholders. These include (but are not limited to): (i) instructing the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to take enforcement action against the Issuer and/or the Covered Bonds Guarantor; (ii) reduction or cancellation of the amount payable or, where applicable, modification of the method of calculating the amount payable or modification of the date of payment or, where applicable, modification of the method of calculating the date of payment in respect of any principal or interest in respect of the Covered Bonds; (iii) alteration of the currency in which payments under the Covered Bonds are to be made; (iv) alteration of the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution; and (v) any amendments to the Covered Bonds Guarantee or the Deed of Pledge (except in a manner determined by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Covered Bondholders of any Series).

Certain decisions of Covered Bondholders shall be taken at a Programme level by means of Programme Resolution. A Programme Resolution will bind all Covered Bondholders, irrespective of whether they attended the meeting or voted in favour of the Programme Resolution. No Resolution, other than a Programme Resolution, passed by the holders of one Series of Covered Bonds will be effective in respect of another Series unless it is sanctioned by an Ordinary Resolution or an Extraordinary Resolution, as the case may require, of the holders of that other Series. Any Resolution passed at a meeting of the Covered Bondholders of a Series shall bind all other holders of that Series, irrespective of whether they attended the meeting and whether they voted in favour of the relevant Resolution.

It should also be noted that after the delivery of a Notice to Pay, the protection and exercise of the Covered Bondholders' rights against the Issuer will be exercised by the Covered Bonds Guarantor (or the Representative of the Bondholders on its behalf). The rights and powers of the Covered

Bondholders may only be exercised in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders. In addition, after the delivery of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, the protection and exercise of the Covered Bondholders' rights against the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the security under the Covered Bonds Guarantee is one of the duties of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders. The Conditions limit the ability of each individual Covered Bondholder to commence proceedings against the Covered Bonds Guarantor by conferring on the meeting of the Covered Bondholders the power to determine in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, whether any Covered Bondholder may commence any such individual actions.

Controls over the transaction

The BoI OBG Regulations require that certain controls be performed by the Issuer and/or the Seller (see paragraph headed "Controls over the transaction" under the section headed "*Selected aspects of Italian law*"), aimed, *inter alia*, at mitigating the risk that any obligation of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds is not complied with. Whilst the Issuer and the Seller believe they have implemented the appropriate policies and controls in compliance with the relevant requirements, investors should note that there is no assurance that such compliance ensures that the aforesaid controls are actually performed and that any failure to properly implement the relevant policies and controls could have an adverse effect on the Issuers' or the Covered Bonds Guarantor's ability to perform their obligations under the Covered Bonds.

Limits to the integration

Under the BoI OBG Regulations, any integration, whether through Public Assets or Integration Assets shall be carried out in accordance with the modalities, and subject to the limits, set out in the BoI OBG Regulations (see paragraph headed "*Tests set out in the MEF Decree*" under the section headed "*Selected aspects of Italian law*").

More specifically, under the BoI OBG Regulations, integration is allowed exclusively for the purpose of (i) complying with the tests provided for under the MEF Decree; (ii) complying with any contractual overcollateralisation requirements agreed by the parties to the relevant agreements or (iii) complying with the Integration Assets Limit.

Investors should note that the integration is not allowed in circumstances other than as set out in the BoI OBG Regulations and specified above.

EU Savings Directive

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income (the "**EU Savings Directive**"), each Member State is required, from 1 July 2005, to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income (within the meaning of the EU Savings Directive) paid by a paying agent within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a paying agent for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in that other Member State; however, for a transitional period, Austria and Luxembourg are permitted to apply an optional information reporting system, whereby if a beneficial owner (within the meaning of the EU Savings Directive) does not comply with one of two procedures for information reporting, the relevant Member State will levy a withholding tax on payments to such beneficial owner. The withholding tax system applies for a transitional period; the current rate of the withholding at stake is equal to 35 per cent. The transitional period is to terminate at the end of the first full fiscal year following agreement by certain non EU countries to the exchange of information relating to such payments.

Also a number of non EU countries, and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have agreed to adopt similar measures (either provision of information or transitional withholding) in relation to payments made by a paying agent within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such paying agent for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in a Member State. In addition, the Member States have entered into provision of information or transitional withholding arrangements with certain of those dependent or associated territories in relation to payments made by a paying agent in a Member State to, or collected by such a paying agent for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in one of those territories.

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the EU Savings Directive which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of the requirements described above. Investors who are in any doubt as to their position should consult their professional advisers.

Implementation in Italy of the EU Savings Directive

Italy has implemented the EU Savings Directive through Legislative Decree no. 84 of 2005. Under Legislative Decree no. 84 of 2005, subject to a number of important conditions being met, in the case of interest paid to individuals which qualify as beneficial owners of the interest payment and are resident for tax purposes in another Member State, Italian qualified paying agents shall not apply the withholding tax and shall report to the Italian Tax Authorities details of the relevant payments and personal information on the individual beneficial owner. Such information is transmitted by the Italian Tax Authorities to the competent foreign tax authorities of the State of residence of the beneficial owner.

Base Prospectus to be read together with applicable Final Terms

The terms and conditions of the Covered Bonds (other than the Registered Covered Bonds) included in this Base Prospectus apply to the different types of Covered Bonds which may be issued under the Programme. The terms and conditions applicable to each Series of Covered Bonds (other than the Registered Covered Bonds) can be reviewed by reading the Conditions as set out in this Base Prospectus, which constitute the basis of all Covered Bonds (other than the Registered Covered Bonds) to be offered under the Programme, together with the applicable Final Terms which completes the Conditions of the Programme in the manner required to reflect the particular terms and conditions applicable to the relevant Series of Covered Bonds. The full terms and conditions applicable to each Series of Registered Covered Bonds can be reviewed by reading the relevant Registered Covered Bonds certificate, the relevant Registered Covered Bond Conditions and any schedule or ancillary agreement attached or relating thereto.

Representative of the Covered Bondholders' powers may affect the interests of the Covered Bondholders

In the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities and discretions the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall only have regard to the interests of the Covered Bondholders and the other Secured Creditors but if, in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, there is a conflict between these interests, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall have regard solely to the interests of the Covered Bondholders.

If, in connection with the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities or discretions, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is of the opinion that the interests of the Covered Bondholders of any one or more Series would be materially prejudiced thereby, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not exercise such power, trust, authority or discretion without the approval of such Covered Bondholders by Extraordinary Resolution or by a direction in writing of such Covered Bondholders of at least 75 per cent. of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds of the relevant Series.

4. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE COVERED BONDS GUARANTOR AND THE COVERED BONDS GUARANTEE

Covered Bonds Guarantor only obliged to pay Guaranteed Amounts on the Due for Payment Date

The Covered Bonds Guarantor has no obligation to pay the Guaranteed Amounts payable under the Covered Bonds Guarantee until service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders:

- (i) on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default, respectively of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay; and
- (ii) following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, on the Covered Bonds Guarantor of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice.

An Article 74 Notice to Pay can only be served if an Article 74 Event occurs and results in service by

the Representative of the Covered Bondholders of an Article 74 Notice to Pay on the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor. A Notice to Pay can only be served if an Issuer Event of Default occurs and results in service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders of a Notice to Pay on the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor. A Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice can only be served if a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default occurs.

Following service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor (provided that (a) an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default has occurred and (b) no Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice has been served) under the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be obliged to pay the Guaranteed Amounts as on the Due for Payment Date. Such payments will be subject to and will be made in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments. In these circumstances, other than the Guaranteed Amounts, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will not be obliged to pay any amount, for example in respect of broken funding indemnities, penalties, premiums, default interest or interest on interest which may accrue on or in respect of the Covered Bonds.

Pursuant to the Covered Bonds Guarantee, following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default and service, respectively, of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay, but prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall substitute the Issuer in every and all obligations of the Issuer towards the Covered Bondholders, so that the rights of payment of the Covered Bondholders in such circumstance will only be the right to receive payments of the Scheduled Interest and the Scheduled Principal from the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the Scheduled Due for Payment Date. In consideration of the substitution of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in the performance of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor (directly or through the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the right of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer and any amount recovered from the Issuer will be part of the Available Funds.

Furthermore, please note that the above restrictions are provided for by either the MEF Decree or contractual agreements between the parties of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, and there is no case-law or other official interpretation on this issue. Therefore, we cannot exclude that a court might uphold a Covered Bondholder's right to act directly against the Issuer.

Extendable obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee

With respect to the Series of Covered Bonds in respect of which the Extendable Maturity is specified in the relevant Final Terms, if the Covered Bonds Guarantor is obliged under the Covered Bonds Guarantee to pay a guaranteed amount and has insufficient funds available under the relevant Priority of Payments to pay such amount on the Maturity Date, then the obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay such Guaranteed Amounts shall automatically be deferred to the relevant Extended Maturity Date. However, to the extent the Covered Bonds Guarantor has sufficient moneys available to pay in part the Guaranteed Amount in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall make such partial payment in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments, as described in Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*) on the relevant Maturity Date and any subsequent CB Payment Date falling prior to the relevant Extended Maturity Date. Payment of the unpaid amount shall be deferred automatically until the applicable Extended Maturity Date. Interest will continue to accrue and be payable on the unpaid guaranteed amount on the basis set out in the applicable Final Terms or, if not set out therein, in Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*), *mutatis mutandis*. In these circumstances, except where the Covered Bonds Guarantor has failed to apply money in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments in accordance with Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*), failure by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay the relevant guaranteed amount on the Maturity Date or any subsequent CB Payment Date falling prior to the Extended Maturity Date (or the relevant later date following any applicable grace period) shall not constitute a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default. However, failure by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay any Guaranteed Amount or the balance thereof, as the case may be, on the relevant Extended Maturity Date and/or pay any other amount due under the Covered Bonds Guarantee will (subject to

any applicable grace period) constitute a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default.

No Gross-up for Taxes by the Covered Bonds Guarantor

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Base Prospectus, if withholding of, or deduction of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or charges of whatever nature is imposed by or on behalf of Italy, any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will make the required withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments or charges for the account of the Covered Bondholders, as the case may be, and shall not be obliged to pay any additional amounts to the Covered Bondholders.

Limited resources available to the Covered Bonds Guarantor

The Covered Bonds Guarantor's ability to meet its obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee will depend on the realisable value of the Portfolio, the amount of principal and revenue proceeds generated by the Portfolio and/or the Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments and the timing thereof and amounts received from the Hedging Counterparties, the Receivables Collection Account Bank and the Account Bank. The Covered Bonds Guarantor will not have any other source of funds available to meet its obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

If a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default occurs, the proceeds of the Portfolio, the Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments and the amounts received from the Hedging Counterparties, the Receivables Collection Account Bank and the Account Bank, may not be sufficient to meet the claims of all the Secured Creditors, including the Covered Bondholders. If the Secured Creditors have not received the full amount due to them pursuant to the terms of the Transaction Documents, then they may still have an unsecured claim against the Issuer for the shortfall. There is no guarantee that the Issuer will have sufficient funds to pay that shortfall.

Covered Bondholders should note that the Asset Coverage Test and the Amortisation Test have been structured to ensure that the outstanding nominal amount of the assets included in the Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the nominal amount of the outstanding Covered Bonds. In addition the MEF Decree and the BoI OBG Regulations provide for certain further tests aimed at ensuring that (a) the net present value of the assets included in the Portfolio (net of certain costs) shall be equal to, or greater than, the net present value of the Covered Bonds; and (b) the amount of interest and other revenues generated by the assets included in the Portfolio (net of certain costs) shall be equal to, or greater than, the interest and costs due by the Issuer under the Covered Bonds (for a full description of the Tests see Section "*Credit Structure*").

However there is no assurance that there will not be a shortfall in the amounts available to the Covered Bonds Guarantor to meet its obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Reliance of the Covered Bonds Guarantor on third parties

The Covered Bonds Guarantor has entered into agreements with a number of third parties, which have agreed to perform services for the Covered Bonds Guarantor. In particular, but without limitation, the Servicer has been (and Successor Servicer may be) appointed to service, in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement, Public Assets and Integration Assets included in the Portfolio and the Asset Monitor has been appointed to monitor compliance with the Tests.

In the event that any of those parties fails to perform its obligations under the relevant agreement to which it is a party, the realisable value of the Portfolio or any part thereof may be affected, or, pending such realisation (if the Portfolio or any part thereof cannot be sold), the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to make payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee may be affected. For instance, if the Servicer has failed to adequately administer the Portfolio, this may lead to higher incidences of non-payment or default by Debtors. The Covered Bonds Guarantor is also reliant on the Hedging Counterparties to provide it with the funds matching its obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

If an event of default occurs in relation to the Servicer pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, then the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the prior notice to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will be entitled to terminate the appointment of the Servicer and with the prior

consent of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and prior notice to the Rating Agency will be entitled to appoint a Successor Servicer in its place. There can be no assurance that a successor with sufficient experience in carrying out the activities of the Servicer would be found and would be willing and able to carry out the relevant activities on the terms of the Servicing Agreement. The ability of a Successor Servicer to perform fully the required services would depend, among other things, on the information, software and records available at the time of the appointment. Any delay or inability to appoint a Successor Servicer may affect the realisable value of the Portfolio or any part thereof, and/or the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to make payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders is not obliged in any circumstances to act as a Servicer or to monitor the performance by the Servicer of its obligations.

Reliance on Hedging Counterparties

To provide a hedge against currency risk and/or interest rate risks in respect of each Series of the Covered Bonds issued under the Programme, the Covered Bonds Guarantor may enter into CB Swaps with the CB Hedging Counterparties. Finally, to provide a hedge against currency risk and/or interest rate risk on the Portfolio, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will enter into TBG Swaps in respect of each assigned portfolio (together the TBG Swaps and the CB Swaps, the “**Swap Agreements**”) with the TBG Hedging Counterparties (together the TBG Hedging Counterparties and the CB Hedging Counterparties, the “**Hedging Counterparties**”).

If the Covered Bonds Guarantor fails to make timely payments of amounts due under any Swap Agreement, then it will (unless otherwise stated in the relevant Swap Agreement) have defaulted under that Swap Agreement. A Hedging Counterparty is (unless otherwise stated in the relevant Master Agreement) only obliged to make payments to the Covered Bonds Guarantor as long as the Covered Bonds Guarantor complies with its payment obligations under the relevant Swap Agreement. In circumstances where non-payment by the Covered Bonds Guarantor under a Swap Agreement does not result in a default under that Swap Agreement, the Hedging Counterparty may be obliged to make payments to the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Master Agreements as if payment had been made by the Covered Bonds Guarantor. Any amounts not paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to a Hedging Counterparty may in such circumstances incur additional amounts of interest by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, which would rank senior to amounts due on the Covered Bonds. If the Hedging Counterparty is not obliged to make payments or if it defaults in its obligations to make payments of amounts in the relevant currency equal to the full amount to be paid to the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the payment date under the Master Agreements, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be exposed to changes in the relevant currency exchange rates to Euro and to any changes in the relevant rates of interest.

If a Swap Agreement terminates, then the Covered Bonds Guarantor may be obliged to make a termination payment to the relevant Hedging Counterparty. There can be no assurance that the Covered Bonds Guarantor will have sufficient funds available to make a termination payment under the relevant Swap Agreement, nor can there be any assurance that the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be able to enter into a replacement swap agreement, or if one is entered into, that the credit rating of the replacement hedging counterparty will be sufficiently high to prevent a downgrade of the then current ratings of the Covered Bonds by the Rating Agency. In addition, the Master Agreements may provide that notwithstanding any relevant Hedging Counterparty ceasing to be assigned the requisite ratings and it failing to take the remedial action set out in the relevant Master Agreement, the Covered Bonds Guarantor may not terminate the Master Agreement until a replacement hedging counterparty has been found. There can be no assurance that the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be able to enter into a replacement swap agreement with a replacement hedging counterparty with the requisite ratings and at the same terms and conditions.

If the Covered Bonds Guarantor is obliged to pay a termination payment under any Master Agreement, such termination payment may rank ahead of amounts due on the Covered Bonds and with amounts due under the Covered Bonds Guarantee. Accordingly, the obligation to pay a termination payment may adversely affect the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to meet its obligations under the

Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Limited description of the Portfolio

Covered Bondholders may not receive detailed statistics or information in relation to the Public Assets and Integration Assets included in the Portfolio, because it is expected that the constitution of the Portfolio will frequently change due to, for instance:

- (i) the Seller selling further Public Assets and Integration Assets,
- (ii) the Seller repurchasing certain Public Assets and Integration Assets in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement; and
- (iii) the Seller (as it is the Servicer in the context of the Programme) being granted by the Covered Bonds Guarantor with a wide power to renegotiate the terms and conditions of Public Assets and Integration Assets included in the Portfolio.

However, each Receivable and Security being, from time to time, part of the Portfolio, will be required to meet the Criteria and/or the characteristics (as applicable) set out in the Master Transfer Agreement and to conform to the representations and warranties granted by the Seller under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement (see paragraph headed “Warranty and Indemnity Agreement” under the section headed “*Description of the Transaction Documents*”). In addition, the Tests are intended to ensure, *inter alia*, that the ratio of the Covered Bonds Guarantor’s assets to the Covered Bonds is maintained at a certain minimum level and the Calculation Agent will provide on each Calculation Date a report that will set out, *inter alia*, certain information in relation to the Tests.

In accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement, any Additional Seller may sell to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, and the latter shall purchase, Public Assets and Integration Assets, subject to, *inter alia*: (i) the execution of a master transfer agreement substantially in the form of the Master Transfer Agreement, and (ii) the granting of a subordinated loan by such Additional Seller for the purpose of financing the purchase of Public Assets or Integration Assets from it, in accordance with the provision of a subordinated loan agreement to be executed substantially in the form of the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

Sale of Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default

If an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay is served on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, if necessary in order to effect timely payments under the Covered Bonds, as determined by the Calculation Agent in consultation with the Portfolio Manager, then the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets (selected on a random basis) and/ or Integration Assets, provided that no representations and warranties will be given by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in respect of the Selected Assets sold (see “*Description of the Transaction Documents — Portfolio Administration Agreement*”).

There is no guarantee that a buyer will be found to acquire Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets at the times required and there can be no guarantee or assurance as to the price which may be able to be obtained for such Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets, which may affect payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee. However, the Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets may not be sold by the Covered Bonds Guarantor (through the Servicer) for an amount lower than the Adjusted Required Redemption Amount for the relevant Series of Covered Bonds until 6 (six) months prior to the Maturity Date in respect of such Covered Bonds or (if the same is specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms) the Extended Maturity Date in respect of such Covered Bonds. If, *inter alia*, Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets have not been sold (in whole or in part) in an amount equal to the Adjusted Required Redemption Amount by the date which is 6 (six) months prior to the Maturity Date or Extended Maturity Date of a Series of Covered Bonds which are not Long Dated Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor (through the Servicer), is obliged to sell the Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets for the best price reasonably available notwithstanding that such price may be less than the Adjusted Required Redemption Amount (see paragraph headed “*Portfolio Administration Agreement*” under the section headed “*Description of the Transaction Documents*”).

Realisation of assets following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default

If a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default occurs and a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice is served on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, then the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall, in the name and on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, direct the Servicer to sell the Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets as quickly as reasonably practicable taking into account the market conditions at that time (see paragraph headed "*Portfolio Administration Agreement*" under the section headed "*Description of the Transaction Documents*").

There is no guarantee that the proceeds of realisation of the Portfolio will be in an amount sufficient to repay all amounts due to creditors (including the Covered Bondholders) under the Covered Bonds and the Transaction Documents. If a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice is served on the Covered Bonds Guarantor then the Covered Bonds may be repaid sooner or later than expected or not at all.

Factors that may affect the realisable value of the Portfolio or the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to make payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee

Following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the service of a Notice to Pay on the Issuer and on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the realisable value of the assets included in the Portfolio may be reduced (which may affect the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to make payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee) by, *inter alia*:

- (i) default by the Debtors on amounts due in respect of Public Assets and Integration Assets;
- (ii) set-off risks in relation to some types of Public Assets and Integration Assets included in the Portfolio;
- (iii) limited recourse to the Covered Bonds Guarantor;
- (iv) possible regulatory changes by the Bank of Italy, CONSOB and other regulatory authorities;
- (v) adverse movement of the interest rate;
- (vi) unwinding cost related to the hedging structure; and
- (vii) regulations in Italy that could lead to some terms of the Public Assets and Integration Assets being unenforceable.

Each of these factors is considered in more detail below. However, it should be noted that the Amortisation Test is intended to ensure that there will be an adequate amount of Public Assets and Integration Assets in the Portfolio and monies standing to the credit of the Accounts to enable the Covered Bonds Guarantor to repay the Covered Bonds following an Issuer Event of Default, service of a Notice to Pay on the Issuer and on the Covered Bonds Guarantor and accordingly it is expected (although there is no assurance) that Selected Assets and/or Integration Assets could be realised for sufficient values to enable the Covered Bonds Guarantor to meet its obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Default by Debtors in paying amounts due on Receivables or Securities

Debtors may default on their obligations due under the Receivables or the Securities for a variety of reasons. The Public Assets and Integration Assets are affected by credit, liquidity and interest rate risks. Various factors influence delinquency rates, prepayment rates, repossession frequency and the ultimate payment of interest and principal, such as changes in the national or international economic climate, regional economic conditions, changes in tax laws, interest rates, inflation, the availability of financing, yields on alternative investments, political developments and government policies. Certain factors may lead to an increase in default by the Debtors, and could ultimately have an adverse impact on the ability of the Debtors to repay the Receivables or the Securities.

Changes to the lending criteria of the Seller

Each of the Loans originated by the Seller will have been originated in accordance with its lending criteria at the time of origination. Each of the Loans sold to the Covered Bonds Guarantor by the

Seller, but originated by a person other than the Seller (an “**Originator**”), will have been originated in accordance with the lending criteria of such Originator at the time of origination. It is expected that the Seller’s or the relevant Originator’s, as the case may be, lending criteria will generally consider term of loan, indemnity guarantee policies, status of applicants and credit history. In the event of the sale or transfer of any Loans to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Seller will warrant that (a) such Loans as were originated by it were originated in accordance with the Seller’s lending criteria applicable at the time of origination and (b) such Loans as were originated by an Originator, were originated in accordance with the relevant Originator’s lending criteria applicable at the time of origination. The Seller retains the right to revise its lending criteria from time to time subject to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement. An Originator may additionally revise its lending criteria at any time. However, if such lending criteria change in a manner that affects the creditworthiness of the Loans, that may lead to increased defaults by Debtors and may affect the realisable value of the Portfolio and the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to make payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee. However, Defaulted Assets in the Portfolio will be given a zero weighting for the purposes of the calculation of the Tests.

Risks relating to the Loans

The ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to recover payments of interest and principal from the Loans is subject to a number of risks. These include the risks set out below.

Commingling risk

The Covered Bonds Guarantor is subject to the risk that, in the event of insolvency of the Servicer, the Collections held at the time the insolvency occurs might be treated by the Servicer's bankruptcy estate as an unsecured claim of the Issuer. The Servicing Agreement includes provisions in relation to the transfer of Collections intended to reduce the amount of the monies from time to time subject to the commingling risk. In particular, pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer has undertaken to pay all Collections into accounts of the Covered Bonds Guarantor by no later than the third Business Day following the reconciliation of such amounts and with value on account corresponding to the collection date by the Servicer. The Servicer shall carry out the reconciliation of the amounts received within 20 (twenty) days from the receipt of such amount by the Debtors.

Set-off risks

The assignment of receivables under Law 130 is governed by Article 58, paragraph 2, 3 and 4, of the Banking Law. According to the prevailing interpretation of such provision, such assignment becomes enforceable against the relevant debtors as of the later of: (i) the date of the publication of the notice of assignment in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy (*Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*), and (ii) the date of registration of the notice of assignment in the Companies’ Register of the place where the Covered Bonds Guarantor has its registered office. Consequently, the rights of the Covered Bonds Guarantor may be subject to the direct rights of the Debtors against the Seller including rights of set-off on claims existing prior to notification in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy (*Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*) and registration in the Companies’ Register of the place where the Covered Bonds Guarantor has its registered office. Some of the Loans in the Portfolio may have increased risks of set-off, because the Seller is required to make payments under them to the Debtors. In addition, the exercise of set-off rights by Debtors may adversely affect any sale proceeds of the Portfolio and, ultimately, the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to make payments under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

In addition some of the Loans in the Portfolio have been disbursed under certain framework agreements, Multi-tranche Agreements (as defined herein) or plafond agreements (the “**Master Loan Agreements**” and, each of them, a “**Master Loan Agreement**”). Pursuant to each Master Loan Agreement, notwithstanding the relevant Loan is fully disbursed in favor of the relevant Debtor and assigned to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Seller maintains a contractual relationship with the relevant Debtor and may be obliged to disburse further loans in favor of the same. In light of the above, should the Seller breach its obligations under any of the Master Loan Agreements, the relevant Debtors, might raise an exception pursuant to Article 1460 of the Italian Civil Code (*eccezione di inadempimento*), and this could possibly result in a temporary suspension of payments due under the

relevant Receivables assigned to the Covered Bonds Guarantor until the Seller fulfills its own, provided that the respective obligations of the Seller and the Debtor are deemed to be interdependent. The length of the suspension is uncertain, and might depend, inter alia, on the length of a judicial proceeding that would likely be initiated by the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Debtor.

Notwithstanding the above, the Debtors in raising such exception should always act in bona fide and any delay or refusal to pay should be only temporary and proportional to the breach of the Seller. Moreover, in principle, the relevant Debtor could not: (i) exercise set-off rights *vis-à-vis* the Covered Bonds Guarantor with reference to the payments to be received by the Seller for obligations that arose after the transfer is effective *vis-à-vis* the Debtors; (ii) require the Covered Bonds Guarantor to fulfill the Seller's obligations; (iii) require the Covered Bonds Guarantor to refund any damages incurred by the Debtor further to the failure by the Seller to fulfill its own obligations.

Usury Law

Pursuant to the Usury Law lenders are prevented from applying interest rates higher than those deemed to be usurious (the “**Usury Rates**”). Usury Rates are set on a quarterly basis by a Decree issued by the Italian Treasury. With a view to limiting the impact of the application of the Usury Law to Italian loans executed prior to the entering into force of the Usury Law, Italian Law no. 24 of 28 February 2001 (“**Law 24/2001**”) provides (by means of interpreting the provisions of the Usury Law) that an interest rate is usurious if it is higher than the relevant limit in force at the time at which such interest rate is promised or agreed, regardless of the time at which interest is repaid by the borrower. A few commentators and debatable lower court decisions have held that, irrespective of the principle set out in Law 24/2001, if interest originally agreed at a rate falling below the then applicable usury limit (and thus, not usurious) were, at a later date, to exceed the usury limit from time to time in force, such interest should nonetheless be reduced to the then applicable usury limit. In particular, in a decision dated 19 June 2001 rendered in connection with a consumer loan granted prior to the entering into force of the Usury Law, the Court of Bologna held that if interest (in the case, default interest) originally agreed at a rate falling below the then applicable usury limit, at a later date, exceeded the usury limit, irrespective of the fact that, in light of the principle set out in Law 24/2001, such interest would not become usurious and thus the provisions of Article 1815 of the Italian Civil Code (pursuant to which no interest would be due) would not apply, on the basis of the principles of legal integration of contracts set out in Article 1339 of the Italian Civil Code, such interest should nonetheless be reduced to the then applicable usury limit and the payment of the portion of interest exceeding such limit would be void. In addition, in a criticized decision dated 6 March 2002 and rendered in the context of a bank overdraft, the Court of Appeal of Milan took the view that Law 24/2001 relates to interest on mutui only, with the consequence that, by applying the principles set out in the Supreme Court decision no. 14899 of 17 November 2000, interest on loans other than mutui exceeding the then applicable usury limit should be reduced to such limit because the payment of the portion in excess thereof would be void pursuant to the provisions of Article 1419 of the Italian Civil Code.

Compounding of interest

Pursuant to Article 1283 of the Italian Civil Code, in respect of a monetary claim or receivable, accrued interest may be capitalised after a period of not less than six months or from the date when any legal proceedings are commenced in respect of that monetary claim or receivable. Article 1283 of the Italian Civil Code allows derogation from this provision in the event that there are recognised customary practices to the contrary. Banks and other financial institutions in the Republic of Italy have traditionally capitalised accrued interest on a three-monthly basis on the grounds *that* such practice could be characterised as a customary practice. However, a number of recent judgements from Italian courts (including judgements from the Italian Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*)) have held that such practices may not be defined as customary practices. Consequently if Debtors were to challenge this practice, it is possible that such interpretation of the Italian Civil Code would be upheld before other courts in the Republic of Italy and that the returns generated from the relevant Loans may be prejudiced.

Loans disbursed by lenders in pool (ATI and Convenzioni in Pool)

The Portfolio includes certain Loans disbursed by lenders in pool both by means of ATI (as defined in this Base Prospectus) or Convenzioni in Pool (as defined in this Base Prospectus).

Pursuant to Italian law, should a pool of banks participate in a public auction for the granting of a loan towards a public entity, such banks are requested to form an ATI, such a temporary association of enterprises, and give an irrevocable mandate (an *in rem propriam* mandate) to one of them acting as agent bank. The agent bank is entitled, *inter alia*, to enter into the loan agreement and perform all the recovery and collection activity towards the Debtor. In particular, the agent bank is, among the lenders, the only entity entitled to exercise the enforcement, recovery and collection activities towards the Debtor, provided that the agent bank shall, in accordance with an intercreditor agreement, distribute to each of the lender the relevant reimbursement amount. The lenders constituting the pool are therefore subject to the timing of payment by the agent bank and to the due fulfillment of its obligation under the intercreditor agreement.

Certain Loans included in the Portfolio are loans disbursed by lenders in the pool both by means of ATI or Convenzioni in Pool and, in respect to some of such loans, Intesa Sanpaolo (former Banca Infrastrutture Innovazione e Sviluppo S.p.A.) acts as agent bank otherwise Intesa Sanpaolo acts as principal.

Where Intesa Sanpaolo acts as agent bank in an ATI, Intesa Sanpaolo may, in accordance with the provisions regulating the ATI, assign its rights against the Debtor, but nevertheless will remain the only recognised counterparty for the public entity Debtor and, accordingly, the only entitled to perform, also in the interest of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the enforcement and recovery procedures *vis-à-vis* such Debtor.

In the event that Intesa Sanpaolo is not the agent bank, but acts solely in its capacity as a lender in the pool, Intesa Sanpaolo would, following the assignment of the Loan and the Portfolio, not be able to supervise the enforcement, recovery and collection activities, which are performed by the relevant agent bank.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall only be able to rely on the relevant agent bank fulfilling its obligations in a timely and orderly fashion.

The Transaction Documents contain certain provisions aimed at mitigating the risks mentioned above. In particular, in accordance with the Servicing Agreement and the Portfolio Administration Agreement, upon the occurrence of an ATI Agent Trigger Event, the Issuer and the Servicer are required to implement certain ATI Agent Remedy Actions. (For a complete description see “Credit Structure”).”

Other risks

Insolvency proceedings and subordination provisions

There is uncertainty as to the validity and/or enforceability of a provision which (based on contractual and/or trust principles) subordinates certain payment rights of a creditor to the payment rights of other creditors of its counterparty upon the occurrence of insolvency proceedings relating to that creditor.

Recent cases in English and US Courts have focused on provisions involving the subordination of a hedging counterparty's payment rights in respect of certain termination payments upon the occurrence of insolvency proceedings or other default on the part of such counterparty. Such provisions are similar in effect to the terms which will be included in the Transaction Documents relating to the subordination of certain payments to be made by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to the Hedging Counterparties.

The English Supreme Court has held that a flip clause as described above is valid under English law. Contrary to this, the US Bankruptcy Court has held that such a subordination provision is unenforceable under US bankruptcy law and that any action to enforce such provision would violate the automatic stay which applies under such law in the case of a US bankruptcy of the counterparty. The implications of this conflicting judgment are not yet known, particularly as the US Bankruptcy Court approved, in December 2010, the settlement of the case to which the judgment relates and subsequently the appeal was dismissed.

If a creditor of the Covered Bonds Guarantor or a related entity becomes subject to insolvency proceedings in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales, and it is owed a payment by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, a question arises as to whether the insolvent creditor or any insolvency official appointed in respect of that creditor could successfully challenge the validity and/or enforceability of subordination provisions included in the Transaction Documents. In particular, based on the decision of the US Bankruptcy Court referred to above, there is a risk that such subordination provisions would not be upheld under US bankruptcy law.

While it is envisaged that, as of the date hereof, Intesa Sanpaolo shall act as TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty, TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty and CB Hedging Counterparty, it cannot be excluded that different entities (having their registered office in the US) may enter into a CB Swap, TBG 1 Swap and/or an TBG 2 Swap during the life of the Programme.

If a subordination provision included in the Transaction Documents was successfully challenged under the insolvency laws of any relevant jurisdiction and any relevant foreign judgment or order was recognised by the Italian courts, there can be no assurance that such actions would not adversely affect the rights of the Covered Bondholders, the market value of the Covered Bonds and/or the ability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to satisfy its obligations under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Lastly, given the general relevance of the issues under discussion in the judgments referred to above and that the Transaction Documents will include terms providing for the subordination of certain payments to be made to the Hedging Counterparties, there is a risk that the final outcome of the dispute in such judgments may result in negative rating pressure in respect of the Covered Bonds. If any rating assigned to the Covered Bonds is lowered, the market value of the Covered Bonds may reduce.

U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Withholding

The Issuer and other non-U.S. financial institutions through which payments on the Covered Bonds are made may be required to withhold U.S. tax at a rate of 30 per cent. on all, or a portion of, payments made after 31st December, 2016 in respect of any Covered Bonds issued or materially modified after 31 December 2012, or that are treated as equity for U.S. federal income tax purposes whenever issued, pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, U.S. Treasury regulations or agreements thereunder, official interpretations thereof, or any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto ("**FATCA**").

This withholding tax may be triggered if (i) the Issuer is a foreign financial institution ("**FFI**") (as defined by FATCA), which enters into and complies with an agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("**IRS**") to provide certain information on its account holders (making the issuer a "**participating FFI**") (ii) the Issuer has a positive "passthrough percentage" (as defined by FATCA), and (iii)(a) an investor does not provide sufficient information for the participating FFI (or the Covered Bond Guarantor, if payment is required under the Covered Bond Guarantee) to determine whether the investor is a U.S. person or should otherwise be treated as holding a "United States account" of the Issuer, or (b) any FFI through which payment on such Covered Bonds is made is not a participating FFI.

The application of FATCA to interest, principal or other amounts paid with respect to the Covered Bonds is not clear. If an amount in respect of U.S. withholding tax were to be deducted or withheld from interest, principal or other payments on the Covered Bonds as a result of a holder's failure to comply with these rules or as a result of the presence in the payment chain of a non-participating FFI, none of the Issuer, the Covered Bond Guarantor, any paying agent or any other person would, pursuant to the Conditions of the Covered Bonds, be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding of such tax. As a result, investors may, if FATCA is implemented as currently proposed by the IRS, receive less interest or principal than expected. Covered Bondholders should consult their own tax advisors on how these rules may apply to payments they receive under the Covered Bonds.

The Issuer believes that the risks described above are the main risks inherent in the holding of Covered Bonds of any Series issued under the Programme but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest

or repay principal on the Covered Bonds of any Series may occur for other reasons and the Issuer does not represent that the above statements of the risks of holding Covered Bonds are exhaustive. While the various structural elements described in this Base Prospectus are intended to lessen some of the risks for holders of Covered Bonds of any Series, there can be no assurance that these measures will be sufficient or effective to ensure payment to the holders of Covered Bonds of any Series of interest or principal on such Covered Bonds on a timely basis or at all.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents which have previously been published or which are published simultaneously with this Base Prospectus and which have been filed with the CSSF shall be incorporated by reference in, and form part of this Base Prospectus:

- (1) the Issuer's audited consolidated annual financial statements in respect of the year ended on and as at 31 December 2012;
- (2) the Issuer's audited consolidated annual financial statements in respect of the year ended on and as at 31 December 2011;
- (3) Covered Bonds Guarantor audited annual financial statements in respect of the year ended on and as at 31 December 2011 and the respective Audit Reports;
- (4) Covered Bonds Guarantor audited annual financial statements in respect of the year ended on and as at 31 December 2012 and the respective Audit Reports;

The table below sets out the relevant page references for, *inter alia* (i) the notes, the balance sheet, the income statement, the auditor's report and the accounting policies relating to the consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the years ended on and as at 31 December 2011 and 2012; and (ii) the notes, the balance sheet, the income statement, the auditor's report and the accounting policies relating to the financial statements of the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the years ended on and as at 31 December 2011 and 2012.

The audited consolidated financial statements referred to above, together with the audit reports thereon, are available both in the original in Italian language and in English language. The English language versions represent a direct translation from the Italian language documents. The Issuer and the Covered Bond Guarantor are responsible for the English translations of the financial reports incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus as applicable and declare that such is an accurate and not misleading translation in all material respects of the Italian language version of the Issuer's and Cover Bond Guarantor's financial reports.

Audited Annual consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the year ended and as at 31 December 2012

Consolidated Balance Sheet	Pages 152-153
Consolidated Income Statement	Page 154
Statement of consolidated comprehensive income	Page 155
Changes in consolidated shareholders' equity	Page 156
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow	Page 157
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	Pages 161-410
Independent Auditors' Report	Pages 413-416

Audited Annual consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the year ended and as at 31 December 2011

Consolidated balance sheet	Pages 154-155
Consolidated income statement	Page 156
Statement of consolidated comprehensive income	Page 157

Changes in consolidated shareholders' equity	Pages 158-159
Consolidated statement of cash flows	Page 160
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	Pages 163 – 407
Independent Auditors' Report	Pages 411

Audited Annual financial statements of the Covered Bond Guarantor for the year ended and as at 31 December 2012

Statement of Financial Position	Pages 26 -27
Income Statement	Page 29
Statement of comprehensive income	Page 30
Statements of changes in equity	Page 31
Statement of Cash Flows	Page 32
Explanatory Notes	Pages 33-65
Independent Auditors' Report	Separate Document

Audited Annual financial statements of the Covered Bond Guarantor for the year ended and as at 31 December 2011

Balance Sheet	Pages 15-16
Income Statement	Page 17
Statement of comprehensive income	Page 18
Statement of changes in quotaholders' equity	Page 19
Statement of Cash Flows	Pages 20-21
Explanatory Notes	Pages 23-35
Independent Auditors' Report	Separate Document

The consolidated financial statements of the Issuer as at and for the year ended on and as at 31 December 2011 have been audited by Reconta Ernst and Young S.p.A., in their capacity as independent auditors of the Issuer, as indicated in their reports thereon.

The consolidated financial statements of the Issuer as at and for the year ended on and as at 31 December 2012 have been audited by KPMG S.p.A., in their capacity as independent auditors of the Issuer, as indicated in their reports thereon.

The financial statements of the Covered Bonds Guarantor as at and for the year ended on 31 December 2011 have been audited by Reconta Ernst and Young S.p.A., in their capacity as independent auditors of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as indicated in their reports thereon.

The financial statements of the Covered Bonds Guarantor as at and for the year ended on 31 December 2012 have been audited by KPMG S.p.A., in their capacity as independent auditors of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as indicated in their reports thereon.

The financial statements referred to above have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the relative interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee, as adopted by the European Union under Regulation (EC) 1606/2002.

Availability of Documents

Copies of all documents incorporated by reference herein may be obtained without charge at the head office of the Luxembourg Listing Agent in the city of Luxembourg and the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu). Written or oral requests for such documents should be directed to the specified office of the Luxembourg Listing Agent.

The information incorporated by reference that is not included in the cross-reference list, is considered as additional information and is not required by the relevant schedules of the Prospectus Regulation.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE BASE PROSPECTUS

The Issuer has undertaken, in connection with the listing of the Covered Bonds on the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, that if there shall occur any adverse change in the business or financial position of the Issuer or any change in the information set out under “Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds”, that is material in the context of issuance of Covered Bonds under the Programme, the Issuer will prepare or procure the preparation of a supplement to this Base Prospectus or, as the case may be, publish a new Base Prospectus, for use in connection with any subsequent issue by the Issuer of Covered Bonds to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER

History and organisation of the Group

Intesa Sanpaolo Origins

Intesa Sanpaolo is the result of the merger by incorporation of Sanpaolo IMI S.p.A. ("**Sanpaolo IMI**") with and into Banca Intesa S.p.A. ("**Banca Intesa**") (effective 1 January 2007).

Banca Intesa

Banca Intesa was originally established in 1925 under the name of La Centrale and invested in the business of the production and distribution of electricity. After the nationalisation of companies in this sector in the early 1960s the company changed its name to La Centrale Finanziaria Generale, acquiring equity investments in various companies in the banking, insurance and publishing sector. The company merged by incorporation with Nuovo Banco Ambrosiano in 1985 and assumed its name and constitutional objects. Following the acquisition of Cassa di Risparmio delle Provincie Lombarde S.p.A. in January 1998, the Intesa Sanpaolo Group's name was changed to Gruppo Banca Intesa. Then, in 2001, Banca Commerciale Italiana S.p.A. was merged into the Gruppo Banca Intesa and the group's name was changed to "Banca Intesa Banca Commerciale Italiana S.p.A." On 1 January 2003 the corporate name was changed to "Banca Intesa S.p.A."

Sanpaolo IMI

Sanpaolo IMI was formed in 1998 through the merger of Istituto Mobiliare Italiano S.p.A. ("**IMI**") with and into Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino S.p.A. ("**Sanpaolo**").

Sanpaolo originated from the "Compagnia di San Paolo" brotherhood, which was set up in 1563 to help the needy. The "Compagnia di San Paolo" began undertaking credit activities and progressively developed into a banking institution during the nineteenth century, becoming a public law credit institution (*Istituto di Credito di Diritto Pubblico*) in 1932. Between 1960 and 1990, Sanpaolo expanded its network nationwide through a number of acquisitions of local banks and medium-sized regional banks, ultimately reaching the level of a multifunctional group of national importance in 1991 after its acquisition of Crediop. On 31 December 1991, Sanpaolo became a stock corporation (*società per azioni*) with the name Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino Società per Azioni.

IMI was established as a public law entity in 1931 and during the 1980s it developed its specialist credit and investment banking services and, with Banca Fideuram, its professional asset management and financial consultancy services. IMI became a stock corporation (*società per azioni*) in 1991.

The merger between Banca Intesa and Sanpaolo IMI and the creation of Intesa Sanpaolo

The boards of directors of Banca Intesa and Sanpaolo IMI unanimously approved the merger of Sanpaolo IMI into Banca Intesa on 12 October 2006 and the merger became effective on 1 January 2007. The surviving entity changed its name to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., the parent company of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group.

Legal Status

Intesa Sanpaolo is a company limited by shares, incorporated in 1925 under the laws of Italy and registered with the Companies' Registry of Turin under registration number 00799960158. It is also registered on the National Register of Banks under no. 5361 and is the parent company of "Gruppo Intesa Sanpaolo". The duration of Intesa Sanpaolo shall be until 31 December 2100.

Registered Office

Intesa Sanpaolo's registered office is at Piazza San Carlo 156, 10121 Turin and its telephone number is +39 0115551. Intesa Sanpaolo's secondary office is at Via Monte di Pietà 8, 20121 Milan.

Objects

The objects of Intesa Sanpaolo are deposit-taking and the carrying-on of all forms of lending activities, including through its subsidiaries. Intesa Sanpaolo may also, in compliance with laws and regulations applicable from time to time and subject to obtaining the required authorisations, provide all banking and financial services, including the establishment and management of open-ended and closed-ended supplementary pension schemes, as well as the performance of any other transactions that are incidental to, or connected with, the achievement of its objects.

Share Capital

As at 31 December 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo's issued and paid-up share capital amounted to €8,545,681,412.32, divided into 16,434,002,716 shares with a nominal value of €0.52 each, in turn comprising 15,501,512,155 ordinary shares and 932,490,561 non-convertible savings shares.

Organisational Structure



<p>Banca IMI IMI Investimenti Intesa Sanpaolo Bank Ireland Leasint Mediofactoring Société Européenne de Banque</p>	<p>Intesa Sanpaolo Banca CR Firenze Banca dell'Adriatico Banca di Credito Sardo Banca di Trento e Bolzano Banca Monte Parma Banco di Napoli Cassa dei Risparmi di Forli e della Romagna Cassa di Risparmio del Friuli Venezia Giulia Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto Cassa di Risparmio di Venezia Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna</p> <hr/> <p>Banca Prossima Intesa Sanpaolo Assicura Intesa Sanpaolo Personal Finance Intesa Sanpaolo Previdenza Intesa Sanpaolo Private Banking Intesa Sanpaolo Vita Mediocredito Italiano Setefi Sirefid</p>	<p>Banca Intesa Banca Intesa Beograd Bank of Alexandria Banka Koper CIB Bank Intesa Sanpaolo Bank Albania Intesa Sanpaolo Bank Romania Intesa Sanpaolo Banka Bosna i Hercegovina Pravex-Bank Privredna Banka Zagreb VUB Banka</p>	<p>Banca Fideuram Eurizon Capital</p>
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(1) Domestic commercial banking

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group is an Italian and European banking and financial services leader, offering a wide range of banking, financial and related services throughout Italy and internationally, with a focus on Central-Eastern Europe and the Middle East and North Africa. Intesa Sanpaolo activities include deposit-taking, lending, asset management, securities trading, investment banking, trade finance, corporate finance, leasing, factoring and the distribution of life insurance and other insurance products.

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group operates through five business units:

- **Banca dei Territori** – this division includes Italian subsidiary banks. It is based on a model that supports and enhances regional brands, upgrades local commercial positioning and strengthens relations with individuals, small businesses, small and medium enterprises and non-profit entities. Private banking, bancassurance and industrial credit are also part of this Division.
- **Corporate & Investment Banking** – this division supports, taking a medium-long term view, the balanced and sustainable development of corporates and financial institutions both nationally and internationally. The division acts as a "global partner", with an in-depth knowledge of corporate strategies and a complete range of services. Its main activities include M&A, structured finance and capital markets carried out through Banca IMI as well as leasing, factoring and merchant banking. The division is present in 30 countries where it facilitates the cross-border activities of its customers through a specialist network made up of branches, representative offices and subsidiary banks focused on corporate banking. The division operates in the public finance sector as a global partner for public administration, public utilities and the execution of infrastructure.
- **International Subsidiary Banks** – this division includes the following retail and commercial subsidiaries: Intesa Sanpaolo Bank Albania, Intesa Sanpaolo Banka Bosna i Hercegovina in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Privredna Banka Zagreb in Croatia, the Prague branch of VUB Banka in the Czech Republic, Bank of Alexandria in Egypt, CIB Bank in Hungary, Intesa Sanpaolo Bank Romania, Banca Intesa in the Russian Federation, Banca Intesa Beograd in Serbia, VUB Banka in Slovakia, Banca Koper in Slovenia and Pravex-Bank in Ukraine.
- **Eurizon Capital** – this company is the leading asset manager in Italy with approximately 144 billion euro of assets under management.
- **Banca Fideuram** – this company is the leader in Italy in the sector of financial advisors with 5,082 private bankers and 97 domestic branches.

In addition, Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services S.C.P.A., a fully subsidiary consortium, provides the companies of the Group with certain services including IT and back-office. Further to a transfer of business from Intesa Sanpaolo to ISGS entered into on 1 October 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo transferred to ISGS, effective from that date, also the business relating to certain loan recovery activities. As a consequence thereof, from the date above mentioned, ISGS is carrying out certain loan recovery activities relating to the Defaulted Assets which were originally carried out by Intesa Sanpaolo, in its role as Special Servicer in the context of the Programme.

Intesa Sanpaolo in 2012

On 20 February 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo finalised the buy-back of its subordinated notes for a total nominal value of 1,226 million euro. The transaction involved innovative and non-innovative Tier 1 capital instruments placed through public transactions. As a result of the buy-back, regulatory Core Tier 1 Capital was increased by virtue of the capital gain deriving from the purchase of the notes at a price lower than their nominal value. The transaction was also aimed at optimising the structure of regulatory capital through the repurchase of instruments which – pursuant to the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD IV) approved by the European Commission – will be subject to grandfathering and, thus, progressively excluded from additional tier 1 capital. The Intesa Sanpaolo Group income statement for the year ended on 31 December 2012 recorded a gain, inclusive of the positive impact of the unwinding of interest rate derivatives, of 274 million euro (183 million euro net of taxes).

The above transaction was followed, in the month of July, by a purchase offer addressed to the holders of specific subordinated and senior notes issued or guaranteed by Intesa Sanpaolo. This enabled the Group to optimise the structure of its regulatory capital by increasing its Core Tier 1 Capital, as a result of the capital gain arising from the purchase of the notes tendered at prices below par and, at the

same time, it gave holders the possibility of disposing of their investment at prices higher than the market prices recorded during the period prior to announcement of the invitation.

The transaction was settled on 2 August, 2012 for a total of 1,148 million euro in subordinated notes (corresponding to a total purchase price of approximately 1 billion euro) and 507 million euro in senior notes (corresponding to a total purchase price of approximately 500 million euro). Subsequent to this second transaction, the net income of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group recorded a gain, inclusive of the positive impact of the unwinding of interest rate derivatives, of 327 million euro (219 million euro net of taxes).

Lastly, in November 2012, the exchange of the Group's own circulating subordinated lower tier 2 notes with newly issued senior notes was finalised. The transaction was settled at a total nominal value accepted for exchange equal to about 2,168 million euro. The newly issued note is a senior bond whose maturity date is 9 November 2017, which pays interest at a fixed rate of 4 per cent. per year. As a result of the finalisation of this exchange, the Group's consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2012 recorded a gain, inclusive of the positive impact of the unwinding of interest rate derivatives, of 110 million euro (74 million euro net of taxes).

In March 2012, the sale without recourse of a doubtful loan portfolio totalling – gross of net adjustments – approximately 1,640 million euro was carried out, for a sale price equal to the book value net of adjustments, i.e., approximately 270 million euro.

In May 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo completed the sale of approximately 14.5 million ordinary shares held in the London Stock Exchange Group, corresponding to approximately 5.4 per cent of the Company's share capital, at a price of 9.60 pounds per ordinary share, through placement with qualified institutional investors. The total value was approximately 172 million euro, providing Intesa Sanpaolo with a positive contribution in terms of consolidated net income of approximately 105 million euro. The shares sold constituted Intesa Sanpaolo's entire stake in the London Stock Exchange.

On 26 June 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo implemented its ordinary share buy-back programme to serve a free assignment plan reserved to its employees, authorised by the Shareholders' Meeting of 28 May 2012. The buy-back programme was executed in just one day: the Intesa Sanpaolo Group purchased a total of 12,894,692 Intesa Sanpaolo ordinary shares (representing approximately 0.08 per cent. of the ordinary share capital) at an average purchase price of 0.97969 euro per share, for a total value of 12,632,743 euro.

At the end of the first half of 2012, the Intesa Sanpaolo Group launched a brand reorganisation strategy aimed at completing the organisational model of Banca dei Territori. This includes rationalisation of the Group's brands present in the Umbria region, creating a single regional bank named Casse di Risparmio dell'Umbria and directly controlled by Banca CR Firenze. The Bank was created through a merger by incorporation of Cassa di Risparmio Città di Castello, Cassa di Risparmio di Foligno and Cassa di Risparmio di Terni e Narni into Cassa di Risparmio di Spoleto, which has taken on the new name. The Umbrian branches of Banca CR Firenze and Intesa Sanpaolo were subsequently transferred to Casse di Risparmio dell'Umbria through, respectively, a non-proportional spin-off of a business line of Banca CR Firenze, comprising 17 branches, and the contribution by Intesa Sanpaolo of a business line comprising 10 branches. The share capital of the new bank includes both ordinary and preferred shares. The Bank is a 96 per cent held subsidiary of Banca CR Firenze; the remaining shares are mainly held by minority shareholders, formerly shareholders of Cassa di Risparmio di Foligno and Cassa di Risparmio di Spoleto. The transaction aims to rationalise the local organisational structure and improve business effectiveness.

In light of the downgrading of the Italian Republic and of Intesa Sanpaolo, the Group has decided to rationalise its securitisation transactions and its covered bond issues. In June 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo offered the holders of covered bonds ("**CB**") guaranteed by ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. ("**ISP CB Pubblico**") the opportunity to exchange their bonds with new ones guaranteed by ISP CB Ipotecario S.r.l. ("**ISP CB Ipotecario**"), which had a higher rating. In particular:

- the 2 billion Euro issue (yield 3.2 per cent. and maturity 28 April 2017), guaranteed by ISP CB Pubblico, was exchanged with a new issue guaranteed by ISP CB Ipotecario, with the same yield and maturity date. The exchange price was 100. The trade, concluded in early July, resulted in the issue of 1.8 billion Euro in new securities; and
- the 1.5 billion euro issue (yield 5 per cent. and maturity 27 January 2021), guaranteed by ISP CB Pubblico, was exchanged with a new issue guaranteed by ISP CB Ipotecario, with the same yield and maturity date. The exchange price was 100. The trade, concluded in early July, resulted in the issue of 1.3 billion Euro in new securities.

At the beginning of July 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo's Management Board decided to proceed with the full demerger of Banca Infrastrutture Innovazione e Sviluppo S.p.A. (“**BIIS**”) to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (credit, commercial and advisory services) and Leasint S.p.A. (leasing activities previously carried out by BIIS in favour of Public Administration). More specifically, BIIS' Client Relationships Department was integrated into the Corporate and Investment Banking Division (CIB Division) through creation of the Public Finance Department and it continues to provide financing to infrastructure projects and to the public sector. This decision follows the placement of BIIS under the CIB division, aiming to pool their respective skills and hence achieve rationalisation and simplification in line with the changing economic scenarios. This transaction, which has had no impact at the consolidated financial statement level and which was neutral from the tax viewpoint, was completed on 1 December, with retroactive accounting and tax effects as at 1 January 2012. As a result of the demerger, ISP has become a successor to BIIS in its respective roles and capacities in the context of the Programme and has become vested with all the authority, rights, powers, duties and obligations and limitations of rights provided for the respective original roles and capacities held by BIIS in the context of the Programme.

An issue of covered bonds (*Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite – OBG*) for 1 billion euro was placed on the Euromarket in September, also aimed at international markets and at optimising treasury management. The issue consists of 7-year, fixed-rate covered bonds under the 20 billion euro Issue Programme, mostly backed by residential and commercial mortgage loans assigned by Intesa Sanpaolo. (Programme guaranteed by ISP CB Ipotecario S.r.l.). Demand, of which 77 per cent from international institutional investors, was 3.5 billion euro (3.5 times the target of 1 billion euro). Considering its 99.372 offer price, the yield to maturity is 3.854 per cent per annum. The total spread for the investor is equal to the mid swap rate + 245 basis points.

In November, Intesa Sanpaolo launched an issue of Covered Bonds (*Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite – OBG*) on the Euromarket in the amount of 1.25 billion euro, targeted at professional investors and international financial intermediaries. The issue consists of ten-year, fixed-rate covered bonds under the 20 billion euro Issue Programme, mostly backed by residential and commercial mortgage loans assigned by Intesa Sanpaolo (Programme guaranteed by ISP CB Ipotecario S.r.l.). Demand, about 83 per cent of which came from international institutional investors, exceeded 5 billion euro (more than 4 times the target of 1.25 billion euro). Yield to maturity is 3.743 per cent per annum.

All of the above issues are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange as well as traded over-the-counter.

During 2012 the funding transactions finalised on the unsecured institutional market totalled some 9.2 billion euro including senior bonds placed on the Euromarket and financing by institutional investors, in addition to the two above-mentioned covered bond transactions which together are worth 2.25 billion euro. Medium-long term funding collected was well above the maturities of the whole year (which amounted to 22 billion euro), reaching about 27 billion euro of bonds placed, about 15 billion of which in the retail segment.

Intesa Sanpaolo and the trade unions had signed an agreement on 29 July 2011 to implement the Group's reorganisation as envisaged by the Business Plan 2011 – 2013/15 and the consequent

downsizing of staff by at least 3,000. On expiry of the relative terms, approximately 5,000 people had accepted the agreement. However, the reform of the pension system introduced by Law Decree no. 201 of 2011, converted into Law no. 214 of 2011, significantly modified the regulatory framework. To meet the costs of the staff downsizing plan, a total allocation of approximately 700 million euro had already been included in the 2011 financial statements, discounted and before taxes.

The Ministerial Decree of June 2012 established the number of protected individuals, a number that was increased by subsequent regulatory measures.

A new Group trade union agreement was stipulated in July 2012 (“assessment report” on the prior agreement of July 2011), confirming the decision to allow individuals requesting to leave employment to do so, through use of the solidarity allowance, in cases permitted by the relevant regulations, or recourse to rehiring or continuation in employment until the sixtieth month prior to reaching pension entitlements or via other methods to be identified.

In substance, this agreement confirmed the exit of the approximately 5,000 employees envisaged by the previous agreement of July 2011 with different timing and methods and placed higher costs on the Group's companies, arising from the longer stay of the early retirees in the solidarity allowance .

Indeed, as stated by the Italian Social Security Agency – INPS in its Circular of December 2012, the Decree of the Ministry of Labour of 1 June 2012 provided, at the same time, that workers who under collective agreements signed by 4 December 2011 were entitled to access solidarity allowance and reach pension entitlement after 31 December 2011, remain covered by the solidarity allowance at least up to their 62nd birthday, even if they reach the pension entitlements before such age, under the rules existing prior to the entry into force of Law Decree no. 201 of 2011. To meet this requirement, the solidarity allowance’s management boards can resolve extension of the issue of the extraordinary benefit also beyond the time limit for the worker’s permanence in the solidarity allowance under the applicable sectoral regulations. However, the costs of such extension are to be borne by the companies which signed the early retirement agreements.

The overall cost to the Group for implementing the agreement of 29 July 2011, is 856 million euro. Since as at 31 December 2012, before deducting payments made during the year and the effects of discounting the dedicated solidarity allowance had a balance of 726 million euro, the income statement for the year required an additional provision of 130 million euro (which came to 89 million euro net of discounting and taxes). In view of the above-mentioned supplemental provision, the payments already made and recalculation of the discount, the dedicated fund has a balance sheet value of 705 million euro, while the overall income statement effect was of 139 million euro.

At the beginning of October 2012, the European Banking Authority (“**EBA**”) and the Bank of Italy announced the period’s results in terms of capital and fulfilment of the EBA recommendation issued in December 2011, regarding the figures as at 30 June 2012. Intesa Sanpaolo recorded a Core Tier 1 capital ratio of 10.1 per cent, taking into account the sovereign buffer as defined by the EBA recommendation of December 2011, easily surpassing the minimum established requirement of 9 per cent.

This recommendation was issued in order to handle the difficult situation in the European Union’s banking system, particularly with regard to exposure to sovereign risk, and to restore stability on the markets. The recommendation required banks included in the sample used for the exercise to strengthen their capital, creating a temporary and extraordinary buffer able to bring the Core Tier 1 ratio to at least 9 per cent by the end of June 2012.

At the end of October, the Extraordinary Shareholders’ Meeting of Intesa Sanpaolo approved several changes to the Articles of Association.

The key changes regarded the structure of the Management Board, the implementation of the regulatory adjustments regarding equal access (in terms of gender) in the administration and control bodies of listed companies, and the prohibition of taking on or exercising offices in competing companies or groups of companies (interlocking prohibition).

In December, Intesa Sanpaolo Vita acquired the full share capital in Bentos Assicurazioni, for a consideration of about 13 million euro. This acquisition, similarly to that of the new 16 company, purchased during the year and merged into Intesa Sanpaolo Provis (the former Intesa Real Estate), aimed at transferring to the Intesa Sanpaolo Group specific assets belonging to the Delta company under extraordinary administration.

Sovereign risk exposure

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group has a total of 130 billion euro in exposure to sovereign debtors, of which 104 billion euro is represented by debt securities and 26 billion euro by other loans. In further detail, the exposure to the Italian government came to 114 billion euro as at 31 December 2012, of which 90 billion euro was represented by securities and 24 billion euro by other loans.

Exposure to Greece

The total residual exposure to Greece as at 31 December 2012 amounted to 3 million euro in terms of nominal value, with a book value of 1 million euro, all of which represented by new securities issued by the Greek government and received in implementation of the agreement of 21 February 2012.

In addition the Intesa Sanpaolo Group has exposures to other public entities and private parties residing in Greece with a nominal value of 38 million euro, for which an impairment test was conducted in the annual financial statements for the year ended and as at 31 December 2012. This test showed signs of impairment in the case of an exposure to the National Bank of Greece. ISP Bank Albania, the Group company that holds the exposure, therefore recognised an impairment loss as at 31 December 2012 of approximately 11 million euro of a nominal value of 15 million euro. Consequently, following the above impairment loss, the exposures were carried at 25 million euro (19 million euro among loans and receivables and 6 million euro among financial assets available for sale), with an equal fair value.

Furthermore, loans to Greek counterparties (banks and other customers) have been disbursed for an amount equal to 74 million euro, in addition to margins available on irrevocable credit lines of 33 million euro.

The overall impact recognised in the income statement on positions in relation to the Greek government and other Greek public and private parties totalled -39 million euro, of which -40 million euro under “Net adjustments to loans” and +1 million euro under “Profits (Losses) on trading” and “Income from insurance business.”

Management

Supervisory Board

The composition of Intesa Sanpaolo's Supervisory Board is as set out below.

Member of Supervisory Board	Position	Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
Giovanni Bazoli	Chairman	Deputy Chairman of La Scuola S.p.A.
Mario Bertolissi	Deputy Chairman	Director of Equitalia S.p.A.
Pietro Garibaldi	Deputy Chairman	
Luigi Arturo Bianchi	Member	Director of Benetton Group S.p.A.
Gianfranco Carbonato	Member	Chairman and Managing Director of Prima Industrie S.p.A. Chairman of Finn-Power OY Chairman of Prima Electro S.p.A. Chairman of Prima Power North America Inc.

Member of Supervisory Board	Position	Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
		Director of Prima Power Chine Co. Ltd. Director of Iren S.p.A.
Rosalba Casiraghi	Member	Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Non Performing Loans S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Banca CR Firenze S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Nuovo Trasporto Viaggiatori S.p.A. Director of Luisa Spagnoli S.p.A. Director of Spa.Im S.r.l. Director of Spa.Pi S.r.l. Director of Spa.Ma S.r.l. Director of NH Hoteles SA Managing Director of Costruzione Gestione Progettazione – Co.Ge.Pro S.p.A. Sole Director of Rating S.r.l.
Franco Dalla Sega	Member	Chairman of Mittel S.p.A. Director of RCS Mediagroup S.p.A.
Jean Paul Fitoussi	Member	Director of Telecom Italia S.p.A.
Guido Ghisolfi	Member	Managing Director of Mossi & Ghisolfi S.p.A. Managing Director of M&G Finanziaria S.r.l.
Giulio Stefano Lubatti	Member	Chairman of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Banco di Napoli S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Eurizon Capital SGR S.p.A.
Marco Mangiagalli	Member	Director of Autogrill S.p.A. Director of Luxottica Group S.p.A.
Gianni Marchesini	Member	-
Fabio Pasquini	Member	Chairman of Fidicont S.r.l. Managing Director of Torino Fiduciaria – Fiditor S.r.l. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Jacobacci & Partners S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of S.p.A. Michelin Italiana – S.A.M.I. Chairman of the Board of the Statutory Sangiorgio Costruzioni S.p.A. Sole Director of Quintana Immobiliare S.r.l.
Eugenio Pavarani	Member	Chairman of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Cassa di Risparmio in Bologna Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Mediofactoring S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Banca Monte Parma S.p.A.

Member of Supervisory Board	Position	Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
		Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Roche Diagnostic S.p.A. Member of the Statutory Auditors of Roche Pharma S.p.A.
Gianluca Ponzellini	Member	Chairman of Metodo S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Banca IMI S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of De' Longhi Capital Services S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of De' Longhi S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of De' Longhi Appliances S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of De' Longhi Clima S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Luisa Spagnoli S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Spa.Pi S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Spa.Im S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Spa.Ma S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Diperdi S.r.l. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of G.S. S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Casa Editrice Universo S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Caretti & Associati S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of SSC Società Sviluppo Commerciale S.r.l. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Telecom Italia S.p.A.
Gianguido Sacchi Morsiani	Member	
Marco Spadacini	Member	Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Ambi S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Apple Italia S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Apple S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Cooperativa Palomar 3 a.r.l. Director of Arnoldo Mondadori Editore S.p.A. Director of Compagnia Fiduciaria Nazionale S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Centurion Immobiliare S.p.A. Director of Metroweb S.p.A.

Member of Supervisory Board	Position	Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
Livio Torio	Member	Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Mediocredito Italiano S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Intesa Sanpaolo Personal Finance S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Setefi S.p.A. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Alintec Scarl Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Senato 14/16 Immobiliare S.r.l. Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of Fondo Pensioni per il Personale Cariplo Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Banca di Credito Sardo S.p.A. Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of Fondazione Lombardia Film Commission Member of the Board of the Statutory Auditors of P.S.M. Celada Fasteners S.r.l.
Riccardo Varaldo	Member	Director of Piaggio & C. S.p.A.

Management Board

The composition of the Management Board of Intesa Sanpaolo is as set out below.

Director	Position	Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
Andrea Beltratti	Chairman	-
Marcello Sala	Senior Deputy Chairperson	Director of Bank of Alexandria S.A.E.
Giovanni Costa	Deputy Chairperson	Chairman of Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto S.p.A.; Director of Edizione S.r.l.
Enrico Tommaso Cucchiani	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	
Aureliano Benedetti	Member	Deputy Chairman of Agriventure S.p.A. Director of Banca IMI S.p.A.
Paolo Campaioli	Member	
Elio Catania	Member	Senior Deputy Chairman of Alitalia S.p.A. Director of Telecom Italia S.p.A.
Roberto Firpo	Member	Director of Banco di Napoli S.p.A. Director of Equiter S.p.A.
Emilio Ottolenghi	Member	Chairman of Banca IMI S.p.A. Chairman of La Petrolifera Italo Rumena S.p.A.

Director	Position	Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
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Chairman of Pir Finanziaria S.p.A.
 Chairman of Vis S.p.A.
 Director of Sapir S.p.A.
 Sole Director of Nea Immobiliare S.p.A.

The business address of each member of the Management Board and of the Supervisory Board is Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Piazza San Carlo 156, 10121 Turin.

Conflicts of interest

None of the functions performed by any of the Board Members mentioned above results in a conflict of interest, except for any competition in the national and/or international banking system in the ordinary course of business arising from the activities performed by them outside Intesa Sanpaolo, as set out in the tables above under the heading "*Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.*".

Principal Shareholders

As at 22 March 2013, the shareholder structure of Intesa Sanpaolo was composed as follows (holders of shares exceeding 2 per cent.).

Shareholders	Ordinary Shares	% of ordinary shares
Compagnia di San Paolo.....	1,506,372,075	9.718%
Fondazione Cariplo.....	767,029,267	4.948%
Fondazione C.R. Padova e Rovigo.....	700,092,011	4.516%
Ente C.R. Firenze.....	514,655,221	3.320%
Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A.....	488,202,063	3.149%
Fondazione C.R. in Bologna.....	313,656,442	2.023%

Legal Risks

Legal risks are thoroughly and individually analysed by both the Intesa Sanpaolo and the individual Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies concerned. Provisions are made to the allowances for risks and charges when there are legal obligations that are likely to result in a financial outlay and where the amount of the disbursement may be reliably estimated.

The issues recording certain developments during the 2012 financial year are described below.

Litigation regarding compound interest

With regards to the dispute relating to compound interest in particular, after March 1999, the Italian Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*) reversed its stance and found the quarterly capitalisation of interim interest payable on current accounts to be unlawful, on the grounds that the relevant clauses in

bank contracts do not integrate the contract with a “regulatory” standard practice, but merely with a “commercial” practice, and therefore such clauses are not adequate to derogate from the prohibition of compound interest pursuant to Art. 1283 of the Italian Civil Code.

The subsequent Legislative Decree no. 342 of 1999 confirmed the legitimacy of interim capitalisation of interest on current accounts, as long as interest is calculated with the same frequency on deposits and loans. From April 2000 (the date on which this regulation came into effect), quarterly capitalisation of both interest income and expense was applied to all current accounts.

Therefore the dispute on this issue concerns only those contracts which were stipulated before the indicated date.

In the judgment no. 24418 handed down by its Joint Divisions (*Sezioni unite*) on 2 December 2010, the Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*) again made its voice heard on the matter, finding any form of capitalisation of interest to be unlawful and further ruling that the ten-year term of prescription applicable to account-holders' entitlement to reimbursement of unduly paid interest begins to run on the date the account is closed, if the account had an overdraft facility and the facility's limit was respected, or on the date on which deposits were made to cover part or all of previous interest debits if the account was drawn beyond such limits or did not have an overdraft facility.

Although the application of such principles is limited to contracts entered into prior to 2000, it is not deemed possible to prepare a general, a *priori* estimate of the impact that this judgment may have on ongoing litigation, given that a case-by-case assessment is instead required.

With Law Decree no. 225 of 29 December 2010, enacted, with amendments, pursuant to Law no. 10 of 2011, the legislator set forth an official interpretation, establishing that the term of prescription of rights arising from account entries begins to run on the date of the entry itself and thus, for compound interest, on the date of each individual account debit.

The constitutionality of this regulation was subsequently challenged. The Constitutional Court ruling of 2 April 2012 accepted the exception, repealing the aforementioned provision. Based on the effective date of the prescription, the legislative principles pronounced by the Joint Divisions (*Sezioni unite*) of the Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*) in 2010 are once again applicable.

These principles have not always been uniformly applied by courts in the first and second instances. However, though with varying effectiveness based on the specific cases, they have contributed to a general decrease in the claims for restitution put forward by account holders.

The overall number of pending cases is at a non insignificant level in absolute terms, and is the subject of constant monitoring. The risks related to these disputes are covered by specific, adequate provisions to the allowances for risks and charges.

Class action by Codacons

Regarding the Codacons class action, it should be remembered that on 5 January 2010, Codacons, acting on behalf of a single account holder, served Intesa Sanpaolo with a writ of summons for a class-action suit pursuant to art. 140-bis of Legislative Decree no. 206 of 2005 (the “**Consumer Code**”).

The suit, brought before the Court of Turin, seeks a finding that the new fee structure introduced by the bank to replace the overdraft charges is unlawful and, accordingly, a sentence ordering the bank to provide compensation for the alleged damages, which may also be determined on an equitable basis, suffered by the claimant (who has quantified them at 1,250 euro) and all other customers in the same class who elect to participate in the initiative.

On 4 June 2010 the Court of Turin filed an order stating the inadmissibility of such class action. The order was appealed before the Turin Court of Appeal, which in an order filed on 25 October 2010 rejected the appeal. Codacons challenged this last decision by appeal brought before the Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*), which by ruling no. 9772 filed on 14 June 2012 rejected the appeal as inadmissible.

Class action by Altroconsumo

With reference to the Altroconsumo class action, on 17 November 2010, the association Altroconsumo, acting on behalf of three account holders, served Intesa Sanpaolo with a writ of summons for a class-action suit pursuant to art. 140-bis of the Consumer Code.

The suit originally sought a finding that application of overdraft charges and the new fee for overdrawing accounts without credit facilities in place is unlawful. It also sought an inquiry into whether the "threshold rate" set out in Law no. 108 of 96 (usury) has been exceeded and a judgment combining the restitution of any amounts collected by the bank in excess of that threshold. The claim had been quantified at a total of 456 euro in connection with the three accounts cited in the suit.

By order of 28 April 2010, the Court of Turin declared the suit inadmissible. Following the complaint filed by the plaintiffs, the Turin Court of Appeal, by order of 16 September 2011, overturned the previous order, declaring the suit admissible as limited solely to account overdraft charges applied effective 16 August 2009. Intesa Sanpaolo appealed against this ruling before the Court of Cassation, which is expected to pronounce upon the underlying reasons for the appeal.

In parallel, the class action was re-opened before the Court which by order filed on 15 June 2012 established the advertising terms and methods for the joinder of class action participants, setting the date of the hearing for continuation of the proceedings as 14 March 2013.

As at 28 January 2013, the deadline for submission of applications for joinder, there were only 102 participants. Given the low number of participants and resulting low financial amounts, the potential risk linked to the class action may be deemed immaterial.

With respect to the merits of the dispute, which will be examined only after the aforementioned hearing, it is believed that Intesa Sanpaolo has valid arguments in support of the legitimacy of the account overdraft charge.

Other judicial and administrative proceedings

The criminal investigation instigated by the New York District Attorney's Office and the Department of Justice aimed at verifying the methods used for the clearing through the United States of payments in dollars to/from countries embargoed by the US government in the years from 2001 to 2008, an update on which has been provided each year in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, was concluded in Intesa Sanpaolo's favour on 19 June 2012.

On 3 April 2012, Intesa Sanpaolo was notified that the Department of Justice had decided to drop the proceedings, having found no sufficient evidence to justify the infliction of any criminal sanctions. A little more than two and a half months later, and for the same reasons, the New York District Attorney's Office decided to close the investigation.

As regards the transactions in question (the handling of bank transfers in dollars through the SWIFT interbank payments service, cleared through US banks), Intesa Sanpaolo remains subject to assessments still in progress by the OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control), the authority of the United States Department of the Treasury responsible for foreign exchange control, which could impose a relatively small fine, which is already covered by suitable provisions.

Banca Infrastrutture Innovazione e Sviluppo and Municipality of Taranto litigation

Banca Infrastrutture Innovazione e Sviluppo ("**BIIS**"), as the successor to Banca OPI, was involved in a case pending before the Court of Taranto brought by the Municipality of Taranto in relation to the subscription in May 2004 by Banca OPI of a 250 million euro bond issued by the Municipality.

In its judgment of 27 April 2009, the Court declared the invalidity of the operation, ordering BIIS to reimburse, with interest, the partial repayments of the loan made by the Municipality of Taranto. The latter was ordered to reimburse, with interest, the loan granted. Lastly, the Court ordered compensation for damages in favour of the Municipality, to be calculated by separate proceedings.

The Municipality and BIIS jointly agreed not to enforce the judgement.

On 20 April 2012 the Court of Appeal, without prejudice to the findings of the separate proceedings regarding the alleged damages, partially reformulated the first instance ruling by ordering that:

- BIIS reimburse the sums paid by the Municipality of Taranto, plus legal interest;
- the Municipality of Taranto reimburse BIIS for the sums disbursed in execution of the bond loan, less amounts already repaid, plus legal interest and currency appreciation corresponding with the difference between the net rate of return on government bonds and the reasonable assessment of legal interest; and
- BIIS reimburse the Municipality for first instance legal costs, compensated against those for the appeal.

Intesa Sanpaolo, which succeeded BIIS in the proceedings following the well-known corporate operations, shall file an appeal against this judgement before the Italian Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*).

In the meantime, the insolvency procedure entity for the Municipality of Taranto informed BIIS that the Municipality's debt to the bank for the repayment of the 250 million euro bond had been added to "the insolvency procedures' list of debts". The fact that the Municipality's debt to BIIS has been included in the insolvency procedure's "list of debts" instead of in the "rebalanced financial statements" does not, in and of itself, have consequences for BIIS's right to repayment of its loan to the Municipality and, accordingly, on the position's risk profile. BIIS nonetheless appealed the judgment before the Regional Administrative Court of Puglia, which found the appeal inadmissible, ruling that the dispute fell within the jurisdiction of the civil courts and establishing – albeit on an incidental basis – that the appealed judgment was devoid of dispositional content and was thus incapable of undermining BIIS's credit claims.

Intesa Sanpaolo and the Municipality have met repeatedly to assess the possibility of an amicable settlement to the pending litigation, however, such settlement could not be reached due to the intervention of the insolvency procedure entity, which claimed its own jurisdiction over managing the debt in question. In order to ascertain the illegitimacy of including Intesa Sanpaolo's receivable in the insolvency procedures' list of debts and the lack of jurisdiction of the extraordinary liquidator, BIIS thus filed an extraordinary appeal to the president of the Republic of Italy, which is still pending.

Intesa Sanpaolo has also initiated additional civil proceedings before the Court of Rome, for a ruling on its lack of liability for damages to the Municipality of Taranto.

These events are also connected to criminal proceedings before the Court of Taranto, against several executives of Banca OPI and Sanpaolo IMI, among others, in which the preliminary hearing judge has ruled that the Municipality of Taranto may file an appearance as civil claimant in the criminal proceedings. The defendants are charged with indirect abuse of office, a crime which is not significant

for the purposes of Legislative Decree no. 231 of 2001. In these proceedings BIIS (now Intesa Sanpaolo) has been charged with civil liability. On the remote possibility that Intesa Sanpaolo is sentenced to pay some form of compensation, the amount is expected to be extremely low, given that, in the opinion of Intesa Sanpaolo's legal counsel, the Municipality did not suffer any damages.

Banca Infrastrutture Innovazione e Sviluppo and Piemonte Regional Government litigation

In November 2006, the Piemonte Regional Government issued two bond loans with bullet repayments for a total of 1,856 million euro, of which 430 million euro in bonds were subscribed by the former Banca OPI, now BIIS (the remainder subscribed by two leading international financial institutions). Under the terms of these issues and in compliance with law, the Regional Government finalised two derivative financial instrument transactions subscribed by the former Banca OPI for a notional amount of 628 million euro, together with the other two lending banks.

At the beginning of 2011, the Regional Government launched verification and comparison proceedings with the banks concerned to assess the financial and legal profiles of the swap transactions. Despite the clarifications provided concerning the technical and regulatory appropriateness of the contracts, the Regional Government subsequently launched self-protection proceedings for revocation of all the administrative documents underlying the derivative contracts (finalised between the Regional Government and the banks), which ended in January 2012 with the cancellation thereof.

The banks appealed against said measure before the Piemonte Regional Administrative Court which, with judgement of 21 December 2012, ruled that it did not have jurisdiction to decide on the matter, recognising the jurisdiction, provided by the contract, of the UK civil courts and thus, in substance, denying the effectiveness of the self-protection measure.

Back in August 2011, the banks petitioned the High Court of Justice of England and Wales to ascertain the validity and correctness of the contracts entered into with the Regional Authorities. The High Court of Justice of England and Wales, which had jurisdiction over the matter, accepted the requests in July 2012.

The most suitable measures to take will be assessed in relation to further developments, considering that to date the Regional Government has not complied with the netting payment of the swap contracts since May 2012, despite the fact that BIIS (now Intesa Sanpaolo) repeatedly demanded such payments.

Litigation regarding investment services

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group policy on management of complaints and lawsuits on financial instruments sold sets out a case-by-case assessment, with particular attention paid to the suitability of the investment with respect to the position of the single investor.

Disputes relating to the Parmalat and Cirio bonds have always remained at modest levels (also as a result of the customer care tools implemented by Intesa Sanpaolo in order to reduce the negative impact on customers) and are now coming to an end.

There is a general decrease in disputes concerning Argentinean bonds, due to a significant reduction in the number of disputes which have arisen over the last few years.

As in other legal risk assessment procedures, provisions to account for a dispute are authorised on an individual basis after reviewing the specific circumstances that apply to particular cases.

The same criteria are applied to the assessment of risk relating to litigation concerning bonds issued by companies belonging to the Lehman Brothers Group. The related dispute, which is limited in extent, is

covered by appropriate allowances that reflect the specific nature of each case. The judgments to this point in relation to Intesa Sanpaolo, with the exception of single isolated precedent subject to appeal, have all been favourable to Intesa Sanpaolo.

As part of a system-wide initiative, the Intesa Sanpaolo Group oversaw and secured the establishment of proof of debt in the insolvency procedures pending in various foreign countries for its customers who hold the aforementioned bonds, at no cost to its customers.

Disputes concerning derivatives have remained substantially stable compared to 2011, at insignificant levels. The related risks are constantly monitored and subject to appropriate provisions to allowances for risks and charges.

Cirio Group default

In November 2002, the Cirio Group defaulted on the repayment of a loan issued on the Euro market. This event led to a cross default on all its existing issues. In April 2007, ten companies of the Cirio Group in extraordinary administration notified Intesa Sanpaolo and Banca Caboto, as well as five other banks, considered to be severally liable, of the filing of a claim for the reimbursement of alleged damages deriving from:

- the worsening of the default of the Cirio Group, from the end of 1999 to 2003, favoured also by the issue in the 2000-2002 period of 6 bond issues; the damages thereof are quantified – adopting three different criteria – with the main criteria in 2,082 million euro and, with the control criteria, in 1,055 million euro or 421 million euro;
- the impossibility by the extraordinary administration procedures of undertaking bankruptcy repeal, for undetermined amounts, in the event that the default of Cirio Group companies was not postponed in time; and
- the payment of fees of 9.8 million euro for the placement of the various bond issues.

In a judgment filed on 3 November 2009, the Court of Rome found the Cirio Group's claims to be unfounded on the merits and therefore rejected said claims on the grounds of a lack of a causal relationship between the actions of the banks named defendants in the suit and the claimed damage event.

The claimants appealed this judgment, proposing in that venue a stay of enforcement of the judgment to pay legal fees, firstly, and said petition was accepted by the Rome Court of Appeals. The lawsuit has been postponed to 27 January 2016 for an evidentiary hearing.

Litigation regarding the sale of tax-collection companies

As part of the government's re-internalisation of tax collection operations, Intesa Sanpaolo sold to Equitalia S.p.A. (a tax collection company owned by the Italian government through two state entities "Agenzia delle Entrate - Italian Revenue Agency" and "INPS") the entire share capital of Gest Line and "ETR/ESATRI", companies which managed tax-collection activities in the respective areas of the former Sanpaolo IMI Group ("Gest Line") and the former Intesa Group ("ETR/ESATRI"), undertaking to indemnify the buyer against any out-of-period expenses associated with the collection activity carried out up to the moment of sale of the investment. The most significant portion of those out-of-period expenses consist in costs incurred for operations referring to events occurring prior to the sale, such as charges resulting from negative outcomes of litigation with taxpayers and tax authorities or labour law disputes, tax collection expenses not recovered due to events attributable to the former concessionaires (mainly expenses for unsuccessful administrative detentions). The above commitments were triggered not only by contractual guarantees, but also by a statute, which entered

into force in 2005, that directly transfers to the seller any payment obligation concerning tax collection activities conducted by the company sold prior to the sale thereof.

In particular, the litigation with tax authorities, almost completely referring to Gest Line, originates from the rejection, in administrative and then judicial court, of the applications for discharge and reimbursement of the assessed taxes not collected. The grounds provided for the rejection were irregularities charged to the concessionaire in conducting the tax collection activities. In a few cases, litigation regarding tax collection activities gave rise to rulings of lost tax revenue, promoted by the public prosecutors in the regional sections of the Court of Auditors with local jurisdiction. With regards to that complex litigation, although Gest Line and ETR/ESATRI availed themselves of the option afforded by Law no. 311 of 2004 to remedy irregularities deriving from the performance of collection activity by paying an amount determined according to the parameter of three euro per inhabitant served, some Regional Sections of the Court of Auditors, which were hearing the cases in question (for events taking place in the early 1990's) and later the Central Sections on appeal, have found that the amnesty statute does not apply to the circumstances at issue in the case. Finally, Law Decree no. 40 of 25 March 2010 allowed parties that have sold their interests in collection agencies to settle on advantageous terms all proceedings pending at 26 May 2010 in connection with collection activity conducted through 30 June 1999 by paying 10.91 per cent. of the amounts at issue.

On 29 October 2010, Intesa Sanpaolo opted to reach such an advantageous settlement, paying the indicated percentage of 10.91 per cent. by the stated terms. Following this, most of the pending proceedings have been declared discontinued, and Intesa Sanpaolo is awaiting the announcement of discontinuation of the remaining proceedings affected by the regulation in question.

Angelo Rizzoli Litigation

In September 2009, Angelo Rizzoli filed suit against Intesa Sanpaolo (as the successor of the former Banco Ambrosiano) and four other parties seeking to nullify for the transactions undertaken between 1977 and 1984 alleged to have resulted in a detrimental loss of the control that he would have exercised over Rizzoli Editore S.p.A. and claiming compensation in an amount ranging from Euro 650 to Euro 724 million according to entirely subjective damage quantification criteria.

Rizzoli's claims, in addition to being without foundation on the merits due to the lack of a breach of the provision that prohibits preferential collateral rights argued to have occurred in the transactions whereby Rizzoli Editore S.p.A. was transferred, are also inadmissible at a preliminary procedural level, as held by Intesa Sanpaolo in its motion of appearance, on the grounds that the Milan Court of Appeal had already decided the matter in its judgment of 1996, which has become *res judicata*, as well as that Rizzoli lacked an interest to sue due to prescription of claims for compensation or restitution and usucaption by third parties.

In a judgment filed on 11 January 2012, the Court of Milan granted the preliminary objections of prescription and change into *res judicata* of the subject of the dispute and rejected the claims brought by Angelo Rizzoli, sentencing him to compensate Intesa Sanpaolo for expenses and frivolous litigation.

In February 2012 the plaintiff filed an appeal and, in relation to his request for suspension of the enforceability of the first instance ruling, the Court of Appeal granted the suspension of solely the frivolous litigation conviction. The lawsuit has been postponed to 21 October 2014 for an evidentiary hearing.

Allegra Finanz AG

On 31 January 2011, Allegra Finanz AG and 16 other international institutional investors filed a suit before the Court of Milan against several leading international financial institutions, including Intesa Sanpaolo and Eurizon Capital SGR (as the successor to Nextra). The claimants are seeking

compensation in excess of 129 million euro as losses resulting from investments in bonds and shares issued by various Parmalat group companies. The plaintiffs claim that the banks knowingly and by various means concealed the financial state of the Parmalat group by means of transactions that prolonged its survival, with the effect of offloading the insolvency risk on investors. Intesa Sanpaolo's involvement in the proceedings relates to a private placement of 300 million euro by Parmalat Finance Corporation B.V. fully subscribed for by Nextra in June 2003, a transaction that, as stated by the claimants themselves, resulted in a settlement between Nextra and the Parmalat extraordinary administration procedure.

Intesa Sanpaolo raised a number of objections at a preliminary level and on the merits (including the lack of a causal relationship between the actions attributed to Nextra and the loss claimed by the claimants, considering their capacity as professional operators and the speculative nature of the investments undertaken).

After ruling on the various preliminary issues raised by the defendants (also declaring the proceedings against Eurizon Capital SGR to be dismissed), the judge initiated the preliminary investigation phase.

The claimants' claims are believed to be without foundation.

With order of 30 January 2013, the judge rejected all the claimants' preliminary motions and postponed the proceedings to 16 September 2014 for an evidentiary hearing.

Relations with the Giacomini Group

Starting from May 2012, certain media outlets published news of criminal investigations of members of the Giacomini family (which controls the industrial group of the same name) and other individuals in connection with possible illegal exportation of capital and other related offences.

In further detail, it was brought to light that the Public Prosecutor's Offices of Verbania and Novara have initiated investigations of possible tax offences committed by the Giacomini family and their advisors, and the Public Prosecutor's Office of Milan is investigating possible complicity in money-laundering by certain of the Giacomini's financial advisors and the CEO of the Luxembourg subsidiary, SEB, as well as the latter company itself pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 2001.

In regard to this matter, Intesa Sanpaolo has conducted internal inspection reviews to reconstruct the facts, including in reference to a loan disbursed by SEB in December 2008 in the amount of 129 million euro to Alberto Giacomini's family in the context of a family buy-out transaction. No significant irregularities have emerged so far in relation to this.

To date, the records of the investigating authorities of which Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies have been made aware do not permit an evaluation of the existence of liability, and thus of risks and charges.

Bank of Alexandria

In 2006 Sanpaolo IMI acquired from the Egyptian government an 80 per cent. investment in Bank of Alexandria, as part of the government privatisation programme launched in the 1990's. In 2011, two proceedings were initiated before the Administrative Court of Cairo, by two private entities against several members of the previous government, aimed at the cancellation of the administrative measure for privatisation and the resulting deed of purchase and sale, based on alleged irregularities in the administrative process and the alleged unfairness of the share transfer price.

Bank of Alexandria has intervened in both proceedings to fight the lawsuits, claiming the lack of jurisdiction of the administrative judge in the pre-trial proceedings and the groundlessness of the opponents' claims on the merits. Concerning the latter aspect, it has been inferred, with the support of

suitable documentation, that the privatisation procedure was conducted correctly and - contrary to the opponents' allegations - in the form of public auction, with the participation of numerous international banks, as a result of which Intesa Sanpaolo was judged as the best bidder. The two proceedings, which are going forward at the same time and have been subject to numerous postponements and slowdowns, are currently in the preliminary investigation phase.

As things stand, and in consideration of the current phase of the proceedings, there are no critical issues in view with regards to the problems which are the focus of the disputes.

The lawsuits are constantly monitored by Intesa Sanpaolo, also in terms of possible developments of the reference scenario.

Tax litigation

Overall tax litigation risks of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group are covered by adequate provisions to allowances for risks and charges.

Intesa Sanpaolo is a party to 174 litigation proceedings, in which a total of 790 million euro are at issue, including disputes in both administrative and judicial venues at various instances. The actual risks associated with these proceedings were quantified at 60 million euro at 31 December 2012.

The Intesa Sanpaolo Group's other Italian companies within the scope of consolidation are parties to tax litigation proceedings in which a total of 378 million euro is at stake at that date, reflected by specific allowances of 36 million euro.

Pending international charges, totalling 4 million euro, are not material in amount when compared to the size of the company involved and the Intesa Sanpaolo Group. Specific provisions of adequate amount have been recognised to account for the risks associated with such charges.

In general, the checks conducted by the financial authorities in 2012 related to issues previously raised against other Italian banks, i.e. to charges which have now become ordinary in certain operating segments and, lastly, to the continuation of investigations launched in previous years concerning other tax years.

For the year 2007, the Italian Revenue Agency – Regional Management of Piemonte (*Agenzia delle Entrate– Direzione Regionale del Piemonte*) served a notice of assessment to Intesa Sanpaolo in December 2012, relating to a series of transactions implemented for the purpose of capital strengthening by issuing preference shares through international subsidiaries (in the form of LLC) domiciled in Delaware (USA). The *Agenzia delle Entrate* alleges that the subordinated deposits in place between the international subsidiaries and Intesa Sanpaolo can be reclassified as loans, subject to 12.50 per cent. final withholding tax pursuant to the last paragraph of art. 26 of Italian Presidential Decree no. 600 of 1973. The claim related to this case amounts to 23 million euro in unpaid withholding taxes, in addition to 34 million euro in penalties and 4 million euro in interest. The claim of the financial authorities should be deemed unfounded.

With regards to the other Intesa Sanpaolo Group companies, the following disputes arose in 2012:

- in the last quarter of 2012, two new leasing tax audits, which objected to specific transactions previously censured at the related counterparties (reports of findings) were closed, and seven deeds of assessment deriving from said tax audits were notified. The subject of the disputes, common to the above cases, can substantially be attributed to issues concerning subjectively and/or objectively inexistent transactions, so-called nautical lease and the reclassification of contracts as loans, based on a different reading of the contractual clauses agreed and the re-weighting of the market values of leased assets. These disputes amount to a total of 77 million euro in greater taxes, penalties and interest;

- at the end of December 2012, the general tax audit of Intesa Sanpaolo Group Service for 2009 was closed, with the prospective of recovery of higher taxes, amounting to 11 million euro, plus penalties and interest, mainly based on breaches of the accruals principle, in relation to the division over time of several costs connected to contributions by Intesa Sanpaolo to said subsidiary and pertinence, regarding assets included in the business lines contributed to it.

In terms of the main outcomes of proceedings during the reporting period, the following is worth mentioning:

- for Intesa Sanpaolo:
 - (i) the favourable ruling received on the appeal on the matter of stamp duty in relation to the compulsory accounting figures for the years 2005 and 2006, which recognised the legitimacy of the preparation of a hard copy of the journal ledger for the daily totals of individual general ledger accounts and considered the computerised records to be absolutely irrelevant;
 - (ii) the favourable ruling received on the appeal on the matter of recognition of the tax relevance of loans deriving from repurchase agreements to the effect of calculation of the ceiling of deductibility of the write-down of loans in relation to 2003 and 2004;
 - (iii) the first instance rulings, all positive, issued in relation to the reclassifications by Agenzia delle Entrate of various contributions of branches and business lines and the subsequent sale of shares as a single case which gradually took shape, equivalent to the transfer of a business line;
 - (iv) the negative first instance ruling (against both the Intesa Sanpaolo and Mediocredito Italiano) regarding the IRES tax recovery claimed by Agenzia delle Entrate in relation to the sale without recourse of loans to the company Castello Finance in 2005. An appeal was naturally filed against this ruling;
- for Intesa Sanpaolo Private Banking, the negative first instance ruling regarding the tax assessment of year 2005, which reclassified the costs incurred as remuneration for the provision of presentation services to customers as goodwill, based on the assumption that this is equivalent to a case of transfer of a business line;
- for Banca IMI, the negative ruling on appeal of the tax assessment for year 2003 concerning both the presumed loan on the quota of dividends distributed by an international subsidiary and not collected and the withholding tax obligation on the manufactured dividend paid to foreign banking counterparties.

Through recourse to dispute settlement mechanisms, in November 2012 Intesa Sanpaolo settled the dispute concerning "misuse of a right" involving structured finance transactions conducted in 2006 and 2007, with content fully equivalent to those conducted in 2005, which were equally settled in December 2011. Also in relation to this position, the decision to settle the litigation was taken, though fully convinced of the groundlessness of the claims, in consideration of the inappropriateness of nurturing litigations that are time-consuming and costly, with a sharp degree of randomness in the specific matter. In the case in point, the tax claim, amounting to 385 million euro (for taxes, withholding taxes and penalties) was settled with a payment of 44 million euro (plus interest).

Out of the total cases of tax litigation pending as at 31st December, 2012, at Intesa Sanpaolo Group level 188 million euro is posted to the balance sheet among assets, 163 million euro of which refers to Intesa Sanpaolo, representing the total amount paid by way of provisional tax collection.

For said cases of litigation, provisions for risks and charges amount to 41 million euro at Intesa Sanpaolo Group level, of which 26 million euro for Intesa Sanpaolo.

In this regard, it is important to note that the provisional payments were made in compliance with specific legal provisions, which mandate such payments based on an automatic mechanism completely unrelated to whether the related tax claims are actually founded and, thus, irrespective of the higher or lower level of risk of a negative outcome in the related proceedings. Thus, these payments were made solely based on the administrative deeds that set forth the related tax claim, which does not lose its effectiveness even when appealed, has no suspensive effect and does not add to the assessments of the actual risk of a negative outcome, which must be measured using the criteria set forth in IAS 37 for liabilities.

Declaration of the officer responsible for preparing the Issuer's financial reports

The officer responsible for preparing the Issuer's financial reports, Ernesto Riva, declares, pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article 154-bis of the Financial Law, that the accounting information contained in this Base Prospectus corresponds to the Issuer's documentary results, books and accounting records.

Company Officer

Ernesto Riva

FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE ISSUER – AN OVERVIEW

Audited Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

The annual financial information below as at and for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 has been derived from the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012 (the "**2012 Annual Financial Statements**") that include comparative figures as at and for the year ended 31 December 2011. The 2012 Annual Financial Statements have been audited, without qualification in accordance with auditing standards and procedures recommended by CONSOB, by KPMG S.p.A., who issued their audit report on 20 March 2013.

Incorporation by Reference

The annual financial statements referred to above are incorporated by reference in this Prospectus (see "*Documents Incorporated by Reference*") and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and auditors' reports.

Accounting Principles

The annual financial statements referred to above have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the relative interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee, otherwise known as International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union under Regulation 1606/2002/EC.

INTESA SANPAOLO
CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31/12/2012

The annual financial information below includes comparative figures as at and for the year ended 31 December 2011

	2012	2011
	Audited	Audited
	<i>(in millions of €)</i>	
Interest and similar income	19,700	19,149
Interest and similar expense	-8,418	-7,762
Interest margin	11,282	11,387
Fee and commission income	6,641	6,298
Fee and commission expense	-1,511	-1,278
Net fee and commission income	5,130	5,020
Dividend and similar income	507	542
Profits (Losses) on trading	549	-204
Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting	-8	-8
Profits (Losses) on disposal or repurchase of:	1,348	753
<i>a) loans</i>	-3	-16
<i>b) financial assets available for sale</i>	270	590
<i>c) investments held to maturity</i>	-14	-1
<i>d) financial liabilities</i>	1,095	180
Profits (Losses) on financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value	1,294	-210
Net interest and other banking income	20,102	17,280
Net losses/recoveries on impairment	-4,521	-5,021
<i>a) loans</i>	-4,308	-4,229
<i>b) financial assets available for sale</i>	-161	-776
<i>c) investments held to maturity</i>	1	-2
<i>d) other financial activities</i>	-53	-14
Net income from banking activities	15,581	12,259
Net insurance premiums	5,660	9,260
Other net insurance income (expense)	-8,145	-10,016
Net income from banking and insurance activities	13,096	11,503
Administrative expenses	-9,085	-9,839
<i>a) personnel expenses</i>	-5,570	-6,223
<i>b) other administrative expenses</i>	-3,515	-3,616
Net provisions for risks and charges	-258	-222
Net adjustments to/recoveries on property and equipment	-469	-381
Net adjustments to/recoveries on intangible assets	-710	-723
Other operating expenses (income)	486	494
Operating expenses	-10,036	-10,671
Profits (Losses) on investments in associates and companies subject to joint control	-123	-207

	2012	2011
	Audited	Audited
	<i>(in millions of €)</i>	
Valuation differences on property, equipment and intangible assets measured at fair value	-	-
Goodwill impairment	-	-10,338
Profits (Losses) on disposal of investments	30	171
Income (Loss) before tax from continuing operations	2,967	-9,542
Taxes on income from continuing operations	-1,313	1,415
Income (Loss) after tax from continuing operations	1,654	-8,127
Income (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	-	-
Net income (loss)	1,654	-8,127
Minority interests	-49	-63
Parent company's net income (loss)	1,605	-8,190
Basic EPS - Euro	0.10	-0.56
Diluted EPS - Euro	0.10	-0.56

INTESA SANPAOLO
CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31/12/2012

Assets	31/12/2012	31/12/2011
	Audited	Audited
	<i>(in millions of €)</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	5,301	4,061
Financial assets held for trading	63,546	59,963
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss	36,887	34,253
Financial assets available for sale	97,209	68,777
Investments held to maturity	2,148	2,621
Due from banks	36,533	35,865
Loans to customers	376,625	376,744
Hedging derivatives	11,651	10,248
Fair value change of financial assets in hedged portfolios (+/-)	73	137
Investments in associates and companies subject to joint control	2,706	2,630
Technical insurance reserves reassured with third parties	13	15
Property and equipment	5,530	5,536
Intangible assets of which:	14,719	15,041
- goodwill	8,681	8,689
Tax assets	12,563	14,702
a) current	2,730	2,379
b) deferred	9,833	12,323
- of which convertible into tax credit (Law no. 214/2011)	5,984	6,511
Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	25	26
Other assets	7,943	8,602
Total assets	673,472	639,221

INTESA SANPAOLO
CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31/12/2012

Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	31/12/2012	31/12/2011
	Audited	Audited
	<i>(in millions of €)</i>	
Due to banks	73,352	78,644
Due to customers	218,051	197,165
Securities issued	159,307	160,245
Financial liabilities held for trading	52,195	48,740
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss	27,047	22,653
Hedging derivatives	10,776	8,576
Fair value change of financial liabilities in hedged portfolios (+/-)	1,802	1,686
Tax liabilities	3,494	4,064
<i>a) current</i>	<i>1,617</i>	<i>689</i>
<i>b) deferred</i>	<i>1,877</i>	<i>3,375</i>
Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-
Other liabilities	18,039	13,963
Employee termination indemnities	1,207	1,338
Allowances for risks and charges	3,343	3,628
<i>a) post employment benefits</i>	<i>416</i>	<i>402</i>
<i>b) other allowances</i>	<i>2,927</i>	<i>3,226</i>
Technical reserves	54,660	50,761
Valuation reserves	-1,399	-3,298
Redeemable shares	-	-
Equity instruments	-	-
Reserves	9,941	13,843
Share premium reserve	30,934	36,143
Share capital	8,546	8,546
Treasury shares (-)	-14	-4
Minority interests (+/-)	586	718
Net income (loss)	1,605	-8,190
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	673,472	639,221

DESCRIPTION OF THE COVERED BONDS GUARANTOR

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. has been established as a special purpose vehicle for the purpose of guaranteeing the Covered Bonds.

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. was incorporated in the Republic of Italy as a limited liability company incorporated under Article 7-bis of Law 130, with Fiscal Code number and registration number with the Milan Register of Enterprises no. 05936150969 and registered under no. 40387 in the general register held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law.

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., with the 60 per cent. of the quota capital of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l., controls ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. which belongs to the Intesa Sanpaolo Group and is subject to the direction and coordination (*direzione e coordinamento*), pursuant to Article 2497-bis of the Italian Civil Code, of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. was incorporated on 14 November 2007 and its duration shall be until 31 December 2050.

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. has its registered office at Via Monte di Pietà 8, 20121 Milan, Italy and the telephone number of the registered office is +39.02.8796.2973 and the fax number is +39.02.8796.3382.

The authorised, issued and paid in quota capital of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. is Euro 120,000.00.

Business Overview

The exclusive purpose of the ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. is to purchase from banks, against payment, receivables and securities also issued in the context of a securitisation, in compliance with Article 7-bis of Law 130 and the relevant implementing provisions, by means of subordinated loans granted or guaranteed also by the selling banks, as well as to issue guarantees for the covered bonds issued by such banks or other entities.

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l., indeed, has granted the Covered Bonds Guarantee to the benefit of the Covered Bondholders, of the counterparts of derivatives contracts entered into with the purpose to cover the risks inherent the purchased credits and securities and of the counterparts of other ancillary contracts, as well as to the benefit of the payment of the other costs of the transaction, with priority in respect of the reimbursement of the others loans, pursuant to paragraph 1 of Article 7-bis of Law 130.

Within the limits allowed by the provisions of Law 130, ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. can carry out the ancillary transactions to be stipulated in view of the performance of the guarantee and the successful conclusion of the issue of covered bonds in which it participates or, however, auxiliary to the aim of its purpose, as well as the re-investment in other financial activities of the assets deriving from the management of the credits and the securities purchased, but not immediately invested for the satisfaction of the Covered Bondholders' rights.

Since the date of its incorporation, ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. has not engaged in any business other than the purchase of the Portfolio and the entering into of the Transaction Documents and other ancillary documents.

So long as any of the Covered Bonds remain outstanding, ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. shall not, without the consent of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, incur any other indebtedness for borrowed moneys or engage in any business (other than acquiring and holding the assets backing the Covered Bonds Guarantee, assuming the Subordinated Loan, issuing the Covered Bonds Guarantee and entering into the Transaction Documents to which it is a party), pay any dividends, repay or otherwise return any equity capital, have any subsidiaries, employees or premises, consolidate or merge with any other person or convey or transfer its property or assets to any person (otherwise than as contemplated in the Conditions or the Intercreditor Agreement) or guarantee any additional quota.

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. will covenant to observe, *inter alia*, those restrictions which are detailed in the Intercreditor Agreement.

Administrative, Management and Supervisory Bodies

The directors of the Covered Bond Guarantor are:

<u>Director</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo Group</u>
Carlo Bellavite Pellegrini	Chairman	Associate Professor of Corporate Finance and Corporate Governance - Faculty of Banking, Financial and Insurance - Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore of Milan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chairman of the Statutory Auditors in Factorit S.p.A.; • Statutory auditor (regular) in Pozzoli 1875 S.r.l.; • Statutory auditor (regular) in Perotti S.p.A.; • Statutory auditor (regular) in Azienda Trasporti Milanesi S.p.A.
Vanessa Gemmo	Director	Professor at the faculty of economics at Università Cattolica del S. Cuore of Milan- “Management of Corporate Information Systems” and “IT for economics and management” and at Università degli studi dell’Insubria of Varese - Organization: people and technologies
Andrea Calamanti	Director	Professor of Economy of financial intermediaries at the Università degli studi di Ferrara – Statutory auditor (regular) in MTS S.p.A.

The statutory auditors of the Covered Bond Guarantor are:

<u>Statutory Auditor</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Principal activities performed outside Intesa Sanpaolo Group</u>
Nicola Bruni	Chairman	Professor of Economy of Securities market - faculty of Economics-Università degli Studi of Bari Aldo Moro <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chairman of the Statutory Auditors in Linear Life S.p.A.; • Statutory auditor (regular) in Unipol Merchant Banca per le Imprese SpA, Statutory auditor (alternate) in UGF Banca S.p.A., • Statutory auditor (alternate) in Unisalute S.p.A. Chairman of the Statutory Auditors in Biotechnica Instruments S.p.A.
Giuseppe Dalla Costa	Statutory auditor (regular)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Director in Aries SpA, • Statutory auditor (regular) in Fidicommet; • Statutory auditor (regular) in Emva, • Statutory auditor (regular) in

		Fondazione Yulm, • Statutory auditor (regular) in Ebiter;
Eugenio Braja	Statutory auditor (regular)	Chartered accountant and auditor. Assistant professor in Business Administration at Università del Piemonte Orientale
Carlo Maria Bertola	Statutory auditor (alternate)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statutory auditor (regular) in Akhela S.r.l., • Statutory auditor (regular) in Angelo Moratti S.a.p.A., • Statutory auditor (regular) in Arcola Petrolifera S.p.A., • Statutory auditor (regular) in Borghesi Colombo Ass. S.p.A., • Statutory auditor (regular) in Compuware S.p.A., • Statutory auditor (regular) in Deborah Group S.p.A.
Renzo Mauri	Statutory auditor (alternate)	Sole director and owner of MA Service S.r.l.

The business address of each member of the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors is ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l., Via Monte di Pietà 8, 20121 Milan.

Conflicts of interest

There are no potential conflicts of interest between the duties of the directors and their private interest or other duties.

Quotaholders

The quotaholders of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. (hereafter together the “**Quotaholders**”) are as follows:

Intesa Sanpaolo 60 per cent. of the quota capital;

Stichting Viridis 2 40 per cent. of the quota capital.

Intesa Sanpaolo, with the 60 per cent. of the quota capital controls ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l., which belongs to the Intesa Sanpaolo Group. In order to avoid any abuse, certain mitigants have been inserted in the Quotaholders’ Agreement, as better described in the following Paragraph.

The Quotaholders’ Agreement

The Quotaholders’ Agreement contain *inter alia* a call option in favour of Intesa Sanpaolo to purchase from Stichting Viridis 2 and a put option in favour of Stichting Viridis 2 to sell to Intesa Sanpaolo, the quota of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. held by Stichting Viridis 2 and provisions in relation to the management of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. Each option may only be exercised from the day on which all the Covered Bonds have been redeemed in full or cancelled.

In addition the Quotaholders’ Agreement provides that no Quotaholder of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. will approve the payments of any dividends or any repayment or return of capital by ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. prior to the date on which all amounts of principal and interest on the Covered Bonds and any amount due to the Other Creditors have been paid in full.

Financial Information concerning the Covered Bonds Guarantor’s Assets and Liabilities, Financial Position, and Profits and Losses

The statutory financial statements of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012, has been prepared in accordance with IAS/IFRS Accounting Standards principles in respect of which an audited report has been delivered by KPMG S.p.A. on 12 march 2013. The statutory financial statements of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. as at and for the year ended 31 December 2011, has been prepared in accordance with IAS/IFRS Accounting Standards principles in respect of which an

audited report has been delivered by Reconta Ernst and Young S.p.A. on 9 march 2012. Such financial statements, together with their respective auditors' reports and the accompanying notes, are incorporated by reference into this Base Prospectus (see Section "*Documents incorporated by reference*" below).

Capitalisation and Indebtedness Statement

The capitalisation of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. as at the date of this Base Prospectus is as follows:

Quota capital Issued and authorised

Intesa Sanpaolo has a quota of Euro 72,000 and Stichting Viridis 2 has a quota of Euro 48,000, each fully paid up.

Total capitalisation and indebtedness

Save for the foregoing and for the Covered Bonds Guarantee and the Subordinated Loan, in accordance with the Subordinated Loan Agreement, at the date of this document, ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. has no borrowings or indebtedness in the nature of borrowings (including loan capital issued or created but unissued), term loans, liabilities under acceptances or acceptance credits, mortgages, charges or guarantees or other contingent liabilities.

Auditors

The auditors of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l. from 2008 to 2011 were Reconta Ernst and Young S.p.A. Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. is a member of Assirevi, the Italian professional association of auditors and is registered under no. 2 in the special register (*albo speciale*) maintained by CONSOB and set out under Article 161 of the Financial Law and as required by article 17 "Setting up the Register" of Ministerial decree no. 145 of 20 June 2012 "Regulation implementing article 2.2/3/4/7 and article 7.7 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010, implementing Directive 2006/43/EC on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts (12G0167)", Reconta Ernst and Young S.p.A. is included in the Register of Certified Auditors held by the Ministry for Economy and Finance – Stage general accounting office, at no. 70945.

On 28 November 2011, the shareholders meeting appointed KPMG S.p.A. to perform the audit of the financial statements of the Covered Bonds Guarantor as at and for years 2012 to 2020, pursuant to articles 155 and follows of the Financial Law. Copies of the financial statements of the Covered Bonds Guarantor for each financial year could be inspected and obtained free of charge during usual business hours at the specified offices of the Administrative Services Provider and the Luxembourg Listing Agent. KPMG S.p.A., is a member of Assirevi, the Italian professional association of auditors and is registered under no. 13 in the special register (*albo speciale*) maintained by CONSOB and set out under Article 161 of the Financial Law and as required by article 17 "Setting up the Register" of Ministerial decree no. 145 of 20 June 2012 "Regulation implementing article 2.2/3/4/7 and article 7.7 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010, implementing Directive 2006/43/EC on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts (12G0167)", KPMG S.p.A. is included in the Register of Certified Auditors held by the Ministry for Economy and Finance – Stage general accounting office, at no. 70623.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSET MONITOR

The BoI OBG Regulations require that the Issuer appoints a qualified entity to be the asset monitor to carry out controls on the regularity of the transaction and the integrity of the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Pursuant to the BoI OBG Regulations, the asset monitor must be an independent auditor, enrolled with the special register of accounting firms held by the CONSOB pursuant to article 161 of the Financial Law and shall be independent from the Issuer and any other party to the Programme and from the accounting firm who carries out the audit of the Issuer.

Based upon controls carried out, the asset monitor shall prepare annual reports, to be addressed also to the Board of Statutory Auditors (*collegio sindacale*) of the Issuer.

Mazars S.p.A., incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, having its registered office at Corso di Porta Vigentina, 35, 20122, Milan, Italy, fiscal code no. 01507630489 and enrolment with the companies register of Milan no. 1059307, and enrolled under no. 97909 with the special register (*albo speciale*) of accounting firms held by CONSOB and set out under article 161 of the Financial Law. Mazars S.p.A. is included in the Register of Certified Auditors held by the Ministry for Economy and Finance – Stage general accounting office, at no. 70625

Pursuant to an engagement letter entered into, on or about the Initial Issue Date, with the Issuer and the Seller, the Issuer has appointed the Asset Monitor in order to perform, subject to receipt of the relevant information from the Issuer, specific monitoring activities concerning, *inter alia*, (i) the compliance with the eligibility criteria set out under MEF Decree with respect to the Public Assets and Integration Assets included in the Portfolios; (ii) the compliance with the limits on the transfer of Public Assets and Integration Assets set out under MEF Decree; (iii) the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk protection provided by any swap agreement entered into in the context of the Programme; and (iv) the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations performed by the Calculation Agent in respect of the Mandatory Tests

The engagement letter is in line with the provisions of the BoI OBG Regulations in relation to the monitoring activity and reports to be prepared and submitted by the Asset Monitor also to the Board of Statutory Auditors (*collegio sindacale*) of the Issuer.

The engagement letter provides for certain matters such as the payment of fees and expenses by the Issuer to the Asset Monitor and the resignation of the Asset Monitor.

The engagement letter is governed by Italian law.

Furthermore, on or about the Initial Issue Date, the Issuer, the Calculation Agent, the Asset Monitor, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders entered into the Asset Monitoring Agreement, as more fully described under "*Summary of the Transaction Documents — Asset Monitor Agreement*".

DESCRIPTION OF THE PORTFOLIO

Introduction

The Initial Portfolio and each New Portfolio acquired by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, consists of receivables originated by the Seller (or which have been transferred to the Seller by way, for example, of the transfer of going concern to the Seller, or in case of Securities or Public Securities, purchased by the Seller) and the Additional Seller, if any, sold to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement, as more fully described under Section “*Description of the Transaction Documents – Master Transfer Agreement*”.

In particular, the Portfolio may consist of some or all of the following assets: (i) Loans; (ii) Public Securities; and (iii) ABS Securities. Assets under (i), (ii) and (iii) are jointly defined as the “**Public Assets**” and, within certain limits, Integration Assets (as defined below). The monetary claims arising out of Public Assets and Integration Assets (as defined below) are jointly defined as the “**Receivables**”.

Further to the above, the Portfolio may be integrated through the inclusion of Integration Assets in limit of the Integration Assets Limit. Integration Assignments (whether through Integration Assets or through originally eligible Public Assets) shall be allowed for the purpose of complying with the Tests.

In accordance with Article 2 paragraph 3, points 2 and 3 of the MEF Decree and the BoI OBG Regulations, Integration Assets shall include:

- (i) deposits with banks residing in Eligible States;
- (ii) securities issued by banks residing in Eligible States with residual maturity not longer than one year;

provided that the assets listed under (i) and (ii) above shall meet the Integration Assets Rating Requirements.

The quantitative description of the Portfolio is available on the website of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (www.intesasanpaolo.com) and will be updated on a quarterly basis.

Criteria applicable to the Receivables

Each of the Receivables forming part of the Portfolio shall comply with all of the following General Criteria set out under the Master Transfer Agreement:

- (i) Receivables whose debtors or guarantors (pursuant to a “guarantee valid for the purpose of credit risk mitigation” (*garanzie valide ai fini della mitigazione del rischio di credito*), as defined by Article 1, paragraph 1, lett. h) of the MEF Decree) are (a) public administrations of Admitted States, including therein any Ministries, municipalities (*enti pubblici territoriali*), national or local entities and other public bodies, which attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; (b) public administrations of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weighting factor equal to 0 per cent. under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement, (c) municipalities and national or local public bodies not carrying out economic activities (*organismi pubblici non economici*) of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weight factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement;
- (ii) Receivables arising out of Loan Agreements which have been fully disbursed or, only in respect of the Multi-tranche Agreements, the Receivables arising out from each credit line or tranche which have been fully disbursed;
- (iii) Receivables in respect of which as of the Cut-off Date (a) there are no amounts due and payable to the Seller by the relevant debtors, both as repayment of any instalments and as

interest, which have not been paid and (b) neither the termination of the Loan Agreement nor the acceleration (*decadenza dal beneficio del termine*) of the payment obligations have been requested or declared nor the withdrawal (*recesso*) has occurred;

- (iv) Receivables arising out of fixed rate loans or floating rate loans;
- (v) Receivables in respect of which the relevant amortisation plan for principal and interest provides that the payments have to occur at or within previously fixed payment dates.

The term “Loan Agreement” used in these General Criteria is referred to each of the following agreements:

- (a) loan and financing agreements, including loan agreements for a relevant purpose;
- (b) loan and financing agreements “multi-tranche” which provide for disbursement of singles credit lines or tranches which differ from each other in the interest rate, the amortisation plan or the final reimbursement date (hereinafter, the “Multi-tranche Agreements”);
- (c) acknowledgement and consolidation acts or agreements, related to loans disbursed on the basis of a credit opened agreement (*contratto di apertura di credito*) pursuant to article 205-bis of the Legislative Decree no. 267 of 18 August 2000 (also denominated master credit opened agreement), by means of which are ruled, inter alia, interest rate, amortisation plan and the final reimbursement date;
- (d) disbursement and receipt acts or agreements (however denominated) – related to loans disbursed on the basis of a credit opened agreement (*contratto di apertura di credito*) (however denominated) – by means of which, inter alia, the interest rate, the amortisation plan, the disbursement date and the final reimbursement date are ruled;
- (e) loan and financing agreements (which provide for, inter alia, an indication of loan amount, interest rate, amortisation plan, guarantees, disbursement date and final reimbursement date) on the basis of a plafond made available by means of an adjudication of a competitive bid and/or the relevant agreement, or by means of a specific loan agreement (*convenzione speciale di finanziamento*) or a treasury agreement (*convenzione di tesoreria*) (which provide for the disbursement of singles loans up to a predetermined maximum amount (*id est* a plafond));
- (f) receivables purchase agreements with predetermined principal and interest reimbursement dates or receivables purchase agreements in which the receivables have been settled by means of fixing of principal and interest reimbursement dates.

The term “Receivables” used under points from (i) to (v) of these General Criteria is referred to any receivable arising from a Loan Agreement, also, if the case, renegotiated jointly or separately with other Loan Agreements or, exclusively with reference to Multi-tranche Agreements, the receivables arising from each credit line or tranche which differ from each other in the interest rate, the amortisation plan, the disbursement date or the final reimbursement date.

The Receivables shall also comply with the Specific Criteria.

Features of the Securities

Pursuant to the BoI OBG Regulations, the Portfolio can include all such securities that meet the following features:

- (a) if securities issued or guaranteed by public administrations of the Admitted States, including therein any Ministries, municipalities (*enti pubblici territoriali*), national or local entities and other public bodies, attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; or
- (b) if securities issued or guaranteed by public administrations of States other than Admitted States, attract a risk weighting factor equal to 0 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; or

- (c) if securities issued or guaranteed by municipalities and national or local public bodies not carrying out economic activities (*organismi pubblici non economici*) of States other than Admitted States, attract a risk weight factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; or
- (d) asset backed securities issued in the context of securitisation transactions, meeting the following requirements:
 - (i) the relevant securitised receivables comprise, for an amount equal at least to 95 per cent., receivables and securities with the features set forth Article 2, paragraph 1, lett. a), b) and c) of the MEF Decree; and
 - (ii) attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; or
- (e) if securities issued by banks, if such banks have their legal office in an Admitted State, or in other states, attract a risk weighting factor equal to 0 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement, and such securities have a residual maturity no longer than one year.

The securities set out under paragraphs b) and c) above, added to the receivables in respect of the same entities listed in such paragraphs, can be included in the Portfolio within the limit of the 10 per cent. of the nominal value of the assets included in the Portfolio.

The securities set out under paragraph e) above can be included in the Portfolio within the Integration Assets Limit.

The above mentioned characteristics might be subsequently amended on the basis of the amendments or integration of the BoI OBG Regulations.

COLLECTION AND RECOVERY PROCEDURES

1. Collection procedures

Through its own collection procedure, ISP carries out all the transactions aimed at the collection of the amounts due in respect of the loans granted.

Such activity is currently carried out through Intesa Sanpaolo Group Services (“ISGS”) which centralizes all the activities of Middle and Back Office of Intesa Sanpaolo Group.

The following collection and invoicing procedures are applied by ISP.

For loans, liquidity line agreements (short / medium-long term) and revolving, at any payment date, a payment notice is sent to the borrower (or to the different entity responsible for the payment) with respect to the relevant installment, and, in the case of pool lending, a notice to the other lenders providing for the indication of the relevant quota. For floating rate transactions, prior to the aforesaid payment notice a communication of the applicable interest rate is sent.

Two different procedures for the arrangement and delivery of the payment notice shall be applied, depending on the entity in charge of the payment:

- (i) **Public Administration:** the payment notice is arranged and sent manually (by means of registered letter) because of the particular nature of the underlying loan transaction. The payment notice shall contain a detailed description of the installment calculation and the administrative unit exclusively responsible for the relevant payment. For loans for which a pre-defined public budget for the repayment of the installment is provided, the payment notice shall contain an indication of the debt still outstanding and of the residual budget.

The delivery of the payment notice is carried out between 90 and 60 days prior to the relevant payment date, in accordance with contractual provisions or the preferences of the entities responsible for the payment.

- (ii) **Other entities:** the payment notice is automatically sent through the electronic mail transmission service (Systema), about 60 to 45 days prior to the payment date. Contracts which provide for specific provisions regarding the timing for the delivery of the payment notice, similar to those applied to the Public Administration, are not subject to the procedure described above.

Failure in delivery or receipt of the payment notice will not relieve the borrower of the payment obligation vis-à-vis ISP.

The collections shall pass through the BI-REL system and, if the case may be, on transitory accounts to be designated by ISGS whether the information necessary for the identification of the relevant loan/client are expressed in the payment documents, the reconciliation is automatic (fully automatic if the amount to be collected is referred to the installment due in connection with only one transaction; partially automatic, if the amount to be collected relates to different installments due in the context of several transactions), except for payment of a considerable amount, to be paid by Ministries through the Bank of Italy, or in cases of breach of the instructions provided for the payment to the client, in which case the reconciliation is manual.

At the end of the process, any delay in payment is to be pointed out and, where necessary, the relevant recovery procedures will commence.

2. Collections and Transfer Procedures in respect of instalments referred to Loans transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor

The installments relating to Loans transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor are collected by ISP which, in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, credits the collected sums on the Collection Accounts (one for principal amounts and one for interest amounts), in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. ISP, in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, will provide segregation (even

accounting) of the Collections and of any other sums received in respect of the Receivables from any other amounts collected.

In particular, at the end of each business day, for all Collections verified through GRMA procedure, related to the Receivables transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor:

- an accounting record in respect of ISP and the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall automatically be prepared;
- the Collections be transferred from ISP to the Covered Bonds Guarantor through the “cash pooling” procedure, which would on a daily basis liquidate the cash flows on these accounts and replicate them on the Investment Account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with Intesa Sanpaolo.

In addition, there are other non standard but frequent types of collections:

- installment collection with multiple descriptions (*contabile multipla*);
- collection exceeding the amount of the relevant installment.

The former relates to the simultaneous collection of a number of instalments related to several relations which ISP may have with the respective transferor. In such cases, ISP shall adopt the ordinary management accounting criteria and the first accounting notes will be the same as above mentioned.

For the latter it will be necessary to evaluate, even on the basis of the provisions set forth under the Master Transfer Agreement and the Servicing Agreement, whether to credit the exceeding amount to the Covered Bonds Guarantor or to hold such amount in favour of ISP that will record a debt towards the client.

In addition, in case of delay by ISP in crediting the Collections, the Covered Bonds Guarantor would record penalty interests towards ISP, within the limits and the modalities provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement.

3. Loans Renegotiations

The process of renegotiation is applicable to transactions arising out of the restructuring pursuant to article 41 of Law no. 448 of 2001, by way of:

- renegotiating the terms of the respective loan; or
- redeeming such loan in advance simultaneously with the granting of a new loan or the issuance of certain bonds.

4. Management of loans in arrears

The management procedures of the problematic claims have been structured to enable prompt action to be taken in relation to any borrowers who are in arrears with their payments. The loan may therefore be intercepted by ISP with regard to several indicators (level of risk of any debtor and level of risk of the economic group, rating of the relevant borrower, *Sconfino*, ratio of instalments in arrears), which enable the bank to take the most appropriate measures and decisions with regard to the borrower and the recovery of the unpaid amounts.

Once the loan (or the borrower, as the case may be) is intercepted, the Bank uses a set of different processes.

The Medium Risk Process

The Medium Risk Process is aimed at intervening on any position that shows signs of medium risk in order to protect the commercial relations and to avoid a deterioration of the client’s risk profile.

The management responsibility with respect to such position is allocated to the commercial department, tasking it to agree an intervention plan with the relevant client to resolve anomalies, to

carry out any necessary steps pursuant to such intervention plan (“Action Plan”) as well as to control its effectiveness.

During all phases of the process, the Receivable is considered “*in bonis*” and any decision about such Receivable lies with the competent Deliberative Body in accordance with the applicable competences.

Whether the Risk Level remains confirmed, or reassessed, certain periodic meetings between the commercial unit in charge of the management of the client and the Credit Department (*Funzione Crediti*) are held.

Such reassessment may include:

- (a) an assessment of the reputational layout of the client (including the calculation of the probability of default)
or and in case of positions with an inherent reassessment upon expiration (*posizione in validità di scadenza interna di revisione*), in accordance with the provisions concerning the disbursement of loans;
- (b) transmission to the Deliberative Body of updated information relating to the counterparty, relevant for its risk profile. In particular, a reassessment of the probability of default of the counterparty will always be performed taking into account any fiduciary relation or execution of the agreed Plan of Action.

Accordingly, the rating will in any event be calculated regularly to provide the Deliberating Body with information necessary for any decision relating to the course of action to reduce any exposure risk.

MANAGEMENT PHASES

The process is divided into three management phases; “Management Pre-Reassessment” (*Gestione Ante Revisione*); “Reassessment” (*Revisione*) and “Management” (*Gestione in Autonomia*).

The phase “Management Pre-Reassessment” runs from 30 up to 120 days following the date of interception or, as the case may be, the date of the inherent reassessment upon expiration. During such period, the management activity is focusing on improving the Level of Risk.

At the expiration of the phase, the loan position:

- is reassessed (with amendments of the date inherent reassessment upon expiration or its fixed reassessment date) and automatically placed in “Management”;
- is not reassessed and automatically reassigned to “Reassessment”.

“Reassessment” runs for 30 days from the expiration of the “Pre-Reassessment Management” and “Management”. During such period, the reputational layout of the client is to be assessed and the necessary information be provided to the Deliberating Body relevant for updating the respective risk profile.

The Action Plan as agreed with the relevant client has particular relevance.

As a result of the Reassessment, a position may be identified as at “Risk in Observation ” or as an “Deteriorated Receivable”.

At the expiration of such phase, the relevant position:

- is reassessed (with amendments of the date inherent reassessment upon expiration or its fixed reassessment date) and automatically placed in “Management”;
- is not reassessed and automatically placed in “High Risk” for a subsequent evaluation by the responsible Desk.

A position is placed under “Management” for up to 180 days. Throughout such period, the position shall be managed with view to improve the Level of Risk.

At the expiration of such phase, the position is either:

- reassessed (with amendments of the date inherent reassessment upon expiration or its fixed reassessment date) and automatically placed further in “Management”;
- not reassessed and automatically reassigned to “Reassessment”.

A position can repeatedly be placed under “Management” until it is reclassified following either a deterioration or improvement of its Level of Risk.

The “High Risk” Process

The aim of the “High Risk” process is that to intervene on any position characterized by serious risk signs with the purpose to:

- carry out in a timely manner the necessary activities in order to improve the risk profile and/or to re-establish the commercial relation;
- reduce the average management time to maximize the recovery of Receivables;
- accelerate the transfer to the phases “deteriorated receivables” of the clients who are in possess of the relevant conditions, activating all the management mechanisms provided for receivable protection.

The allocation of a position in the process triggers the need to promptly identify the aspects relevant for its interception, including any updated information on the relevant client.

It is necessary that the anomalies are evidenced in the Plan of Action. Accordingly, the Action Plan becomes the means to represent the adopted management strategy as agreed with the client to improve the client’s Level of Risk to the Deliberating Body.

The execution of the Action Plan is assigned to the department in charge of the relationship with the client, representing the then current situation as well as any condition and further steps of the process for the next discussion at the Desk.

The Desk, which consists of professionals in different roles involved in the client management, will assess and evaluate the measures agreed in the Action Plan, the classification of the position, risk profile and the probability of default.

Except for the classification as “deteriorated receivables” or its positioning in “Authorized Management Practice” (*Gestione Pratica Autorizzata*), the position in respect of which the Desk decides to maintain the qualification of “in bonis” will be classified as “Risk in Observation”.

The possibility to remain in the “Risk in Observation” requires:

- the execution of the steps set out in the Action Plan by the competent commercial unit;
- the success of the steps undertaken;
- all and any authorizations by the respective Deliberating Bodies.

The credit functions of the bank assist in all management activities as well as monitor closely the development and management of the position.

In “Ready to Desk” (*Pronta da Tavolo*) and “Authorized Management Practice”, the position is generally considered as “in bonis” and any decision about the receivables are up to the competent Deliberating Body.

Positions in “Risk in Observation” phase are also considered as “in bonis” but the credit limits are deemed to be exercised up to the maximum management limits applicable from time to time.

MANAGEMENT PHASES

The process is divided into three stages: “Ready to Desk”, “Authorized Management Practice” and “Risk in Observation”.

The phase “Ready to Desk” has a term of 30 days during which the position has to be discussed at the Desk. During such period, it is necessary to provide any documentation considered necessary for

discussion, together with an update, where is possible, of the client's rating e and the formalization of an Action Plan.

The stage "Authorized Management Practice" has a maximum term up to 360 days.

It can be activated for a position characterized by indicators that do not allow a short term resolution of the risk factors or providing for a justification solely in the general context of the relation or the overall corporate structure of the client.

In the current practice, cases as described as follows may be placed under Authorised Management Practice:

- abnormal situations which cannot, even if realistically possible, be promptly resolved (e.g. particular activities in accounts that are scarcely active but assisted by consolidated real guarantees and documented by the Centrale Rischi);
- arrangements with respect to the corporate structure of the client which are not subject to modification but carry guarantees or other forms of credit support from a party within the corporate group of the client, if applicable.

By placing such position under Authorised Management Practice, it is not necessary to request specific management intervention as it remains with the internal function of client relationship management (or by the Desk in exceptional cases).

The responsibility of the management of the position remains with the management unit in which the Receivable originated.

The "Risk in Observation " –whose goal is to eliminate all anomalies in order to pursue the relationship with the relevant client - consists of two phases, each of which carries a term of 60 days, respectively called Phase 1 and Phase 2, and both of which can be followed by the "Prorogation of the Risk in Observation ".

In addition, there is a further "Risk in Observation to Confirm" (*Rischi in Osservazione da Confermare*) phase, with a term of 30 days, whose purpose is to evaluate the possibility to maintain a position in "Risk in Observation " in accordance with specific actions to be put in place having been agreed with the client . In the event that the conditions necessary to continue the management are no longer given, the position can be placed in the category of "Prorogation Risk in Observation " (*Proroga Rischio in Osservazione*).

Purpose of the "Prorogation Risk in Observation " is to allow the completion of such agreed actions. This phase has a duration of 60 days and can be repeated.

Deteriorated receivables

According to Bank of Italy's regulations, the "Deteriorated Assets" consist in:

- Past due exposures or "*Sconfino*";
- Incaglio;
- Restructured exposures;
- Sofferenze.

All such exposures being subject to specific valuations for accounting purposes.

Past due exposures (*Sconfino*)

The *Sconfino* status is a daily and automatic interception by the IT system arising when (i) the total exposure of a borrower (eg. current account, mortgage) is in arrears or the cash account is negative for more than 90 days with no interruption - and (ii) such amount in arrears must be greater than 5 per cent of the client's total exposure.

Incaglio

Incaglio is the overall exposure with regard to clients in a temporary difficult situation which is meant to be overcome in a reasonable timeframe, regardless of any guarantee given on such exposure.

The *Incaglio* status has a maximum duration of 360 days. Such term may be extended in case restructuring plans or out of court settlement are in place.

Restructured exposures

Restructured exposures are exposures for which a bank, as a result of the deterioration of the borrower's financial situation, agrees to amendments to the original terms and conditions (for example, rescheduling of deadlines, reduction of the debt and/or the interest) that give rise to a loss.

The classification to “in sofferenza”

According to the provisions of the Bank of Italy, the total exposure of a borrower who is insolvent or bankrupt or is in the process of being declared insolvent or bankrupt or who has an equivalent status, is considered as “*in sofferenza*” (even where no judgment has yet been given in relation to such insolvency), regardless of any debt predictions which may have been drawn up by Intesa Sanpaolo or any valuations made in relation to guarantees.

Exposures classified as in *sofferenza* may return to an *in bonis* status provided that all arrears, penalty interests and legal expenses having been duly paid by the borrower, such that the insolvency status is deemed overcome.

In any event, in the Programme, a loan will be considered as being a Defaulted Loan if the loan is classified as “*in sofferenza*” according to the provisions of the Bank of Italy (as defined above) or as a Delinquent Loan for more than 180 days.

Delinquent Loans means loans having an arrears ratio higher or equal to 1 (one) with regard to each instalment or coupon (excluding the last instalment or coupon of the relevant amortisation plan) and an *Arrears Ratio* higher than 0 (zero) with regard to the last instalment or coupon.

Arrears Ratio means with regard to each loan the ratio between the total past due amount (principal and interest) and the amount of the last instalment or coupon (provided that if the past due amount for a loan is not higher than €50,00 the *Arrears Ratio* will be deemed to be equal to zero).

The classification as **Defaulted Loan** is reversible: should the loan exit the “*in sofferenza*” status or should the relevant arrears ratio fall below the above mentioned parameters, the servicer shall not consider any more such loan as Defaulted Loan.

5. Management of the Defaulted Assets classified as “*in sofferenza*”

The Servicer shall manage the recovery activities of the Defaulted Loan classified as “*in sofferenza*” through delegated structure – currently ISGS which- once the Defaulted Assets has been classified as “*in sofferenza*” - shall immediately implement through its specialized departments (*presidi recupero crediti*) the most suitable recovery actions.

When resolving upon the course of action for the recovery of the claims, both legal proceedings and out-of-court settlements shall carefully be considered, in terms of costs-benefits, in view of, among other things, the financial implication of estimated recovery times.

A judicial action will be carried out as follows:

- (i) directly by the Servicer (also through ISGS) to the extent possible, for actions to be taken by the parties (*atti di parte*) (e.g. filing claims with insolvency proceedings, etc.) or for judicial acts carried out with the assistance of in-house counsels; and

- (ii) by appointing external counsel for judicial initiatives (e.g. injunction decree - “decreto ingiuntivo” and foreclosure proceedings, etc), whose activity will be closely supervised.

As for the recovery activity of positions having a significant value, an initial assessment will be carried out and all the urgent and necessary actions will be implemented to maximise the chance of recovery of the claim.

6 Securities Management

6.1 Collections and further payments

On the basis of the payment instructions originally given to the Debtors, all principal redemption amounts, interest payments and any other amounts due for any reason in relation to the Securities will be credited by Monte Titoli or Clearstream (as the case may be) to the custodian bank in favour of the securities account opened and maintained in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, through the specific segregated liquidator account, properly opened with Monte Titoli or Clearstream. The custodian bank automatically and promptly pays the amounts collected as follows:

- any principal amount to the Principal Securities Collection Account; and
- any interest amount to the Interest Securities Collection Account

(jointly, the “**Securities Collection Account**”)

in accordance with the Cash, Management and Agency Agreement.

In the case in which, for any reason, the Servicer – also through appointed entities, such as ISGS - receives any collections, the Servicer shall carry out the reconciliation of the amounts received within 20 (twenty) days from the receipt of such amount by the Debtors and credit to the relevant Collection Account, in respect of principal and interest, such sums received and reconciled within 3 (three) Business Days following the reconciliation of such amounts and with value on account corresponding to the collection date by the Servicer.

6.2 Collection payment verification and report of the Securities Collection Account flows

Further to any payment date of each Security, as set forth under the relevant Security documents, the Servicer - also through appointed entities, such as ISGS -will verify that the amounts due as principal, interest or for any other reason due in relation to each Security have been credited on the relevant Security Collection Account, in respect of principal and interest, with value on account corresponding to the relevant payment date of each Securities, as set forth under the relevant Security documents.

The Servicer undertakes to promptly – also through appointed entities, such as ISGS -upon request deliver to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Calculation Agent, the Account Bank Report complete, exact and precise of all flows with reference to the Securities Collection Accounts and the Interest Securities Collection Account as of the immediately preceding calendar month and, broadly, the documents concerning the collections, as well as to give evidence of the transfer of such amount on the relevant Collection Account, in accordance with the procedures previously agreed with the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

The Servicer shall monitor on a continuing basis financial performance of the Securities and the fulfillments of the Debtors’ obligations in respect of the Securities, and shall apply to the Securities the same procedures, where applicable, set forth for the receivables.

CREDIT STRUCTURE

The Covered Bonds will be direct, unsecured, unconditional obligations of the Issuer guaranteed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The Covered Bonds Guarantor has no obligation to pay the Guaranteed Amounts under the Covered Bonds Guarantee until the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer

Event of Default, service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor of either an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay or, if earlier, following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default and service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice on the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The Issuer will not be relying on payments by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in order to pay interest or repay principal under the Covered Bonds.

There are a number of features of the Programme which enhance the likelihood of timely and, as applicable, ultimate payments to Covered Bondholders:

- (i) the Covered Bonds Guarantee provides credit support to the Issuer;
- (ii) the Tests are intended to ensure that the Portfolio is sufficient to repay the Covered Bonds at all times;
- (iii) among the Tests: (i) the Asset Coverage Test, in particular, is intended to maintain the sufficiency of the Covered Bonds Guarantor's assets in respect of the Covered Bonds and (ii) the Amortisation Test is intended to test the sufficiency of the Covered Bonds Guarantor's assets in respect of the Covered Bonds following the occurrence an Issuer Event of Default and service of a Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor;
- (iv) the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test is intended to trigger the provision of liquidity for Hard Bullet Covered Bonds when the Issuer's credit ratings fall below a certain level;
- (v) extendable maturity provisions are applicable to all Series of Covered Bonds other than the Hard Bullet Covered Bonds as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Certain of these factors are considered more fully in the remainder of this section.

Covered Bonds Guarantee

The Covered Bonds Guarantee provided by the Covered Bonds Guarantor guarantees payment of Guaranteed Amounts on the Due for Payment Date in respect of all Covered Bonds issued under the Programme. The Covered Bonds Guarantee will not guarantee any other amount becoming payable in respect of the Covered Bonds for any other reason, including any accelerated payment following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event. In this circumstance (and until a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default occurs and a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice is served), the Covered Bonds Guarantor's obligations will only be to pay the Guaranteed Amounts on the Due for Payment Date.

See further "*Description of the Transaction Documents — Covered Bonds Guarantee*", as regards the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Under the terms of the Portfolio Administration Agreement, the Issuer and the Seller must ensure on a continuing basis and on each Calculation Date or on any other date on which the verification of the Tests is required pursuant to the Transaction Documents that the Portfolio is in compliance with the Tests described below.

If on any Calculation Date the Portfolio is not in compliance with the Tests, then the Seller (and should the Seller fail to do so, the Issuer) shall sell Public Assets or Integration Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in an amount sufficient to allow the Tests to be met as soon as possible, in accordance with the relevant Master Transfer Agreement. To this extent the Seller shall grant additional amounts under the Subordinated Loan for the purposes of funding the purchase of Public Assets or Integration Assets. If the breach of Tests is not remedied and for so long as such breach is continuing, no further Series of Covered Bonds will be issued and no payments under the Subordinated Loan will be effected.

Tests

In accordance with the provisions of the MEF Decree, and the Transaction Documents, for so long as the Covered Bonds remain outstanding, the Issuer and the Seller shall procure on a continuing basis and on each Calculation Date, or any other date pursuant to the Transaction Documents, that:

- (a) prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the OC Adjusted Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Outstanding Principal Balance of all Series of Covered Bonds (the “**Asset Coverage Test**”) or, following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, and service of the Notice to Pay by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Amortisation Test Adjusted Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds (the “**Amortisation Test**”)
- (b) the Net Present Value of the Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Net Present Value of the outstanding Covered Bonds (the “**NPV Test**”);
- (c) the Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Interest Payments and the Annual Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio shall be equal to, or greater than, the Annual Interest Payments (the “**Interest Coverage Test**”);

(the tests above are jointly defined as the “**Tests**”).

The MEF Decree requires the nominal amount of the Portfolio is to be equal to, or greater than, the outstanding nominal amount of the outstanding Covered Bonds. The Tests are fulfilled in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement. In particular, with reference to the Asset Coverage Test and the Amortisation Test, such tests will be run depending on whether or not an Issuer Event of Default has occurred, provided that both tests are structured to ensure that the outstanding nominal amount of the Portfolio is equal to, or greater than, the nominal amount of the outstanding Covered Bonds.

Compliance with the Tests will be verified by the Calculation Agent and internal risk management functions of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group (under the supervision of the management body of the Issuer) on each Calculation Date and on any other date on which the verification of the Tests is required pursuant to the Transaction Documents, and subsequently checked by the Asset Monitor on a semi-annual basis.

In addition to the above, following the occurrence of a breach of the Tests, based on the information provided by the Servicer with reference to the end of the previous month and with reference to the last day of each calendar month (starting from the date on which such breach has been notified, and until 6 (six) months after the date on which such breach has been cured the Calculation Agent shall verify compliance with the Tests not later than the fifth Business Day of the following calendar month.

For the purposes of this section:

“**6-Month Euribor Equivalent Margin**” means the negative or positive margin, calculated by the Servicer, applied to the 6-Month Euribor used under the TBG Swaps that the Covered Bonds Guarantor would receive by entering into one or more interest rate swaps with a maturity equal to the average number of days to maturity of the outstanding Covered Bonds, semi-annual payments and with respect to which it would pay the interest maturing on (i) each relevant class of Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments and (ii) the Investment Account, in accordance with the composition of investments at the time of calculation.

“**Accrued Interest**” means in relation to any loan, bond or other asset at any date (the “**determination date**”), the amount of (or the Euro Equivalent amount of) the interest on such loan, bond or other asset (not being interest which is currently paid on the determination date) which has accrued from and including the relevant Bond Payment Date or Loan Payment Date, as the case may be, immediately prior to the determination date up to and including the determination date.

“**Amortisation Test Adjusted Eligible Portfolio**” means an amount equal to:

$EP - Z$

where:

EP means the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Eligible Portfolio

$Z =$ (the weighted average number of days to maturity of the outstanding Series of Covered Bonds/365) multiplied by the Euro Equivalent of the outstanding Covered Bonds multiplied by **N**

where

N = Negative Carry Factor.

“**Annual Interest Payments**” means, as of a Calculation Date or any other relevant date and with reference to each of the three following Guarantor Interest Periods an amount equal to the aggregate of (a) expected interest payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the expected interest payments) in respect of the outstanding Series of Covered Bonds (other than floating rate Covered Bonds) and (b) Expected Floating Payments in respect of interest on floating rate Covered Bonds.

“**Annual Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio**” means, as of a Calculation Date or any other relevant date and with reference to each of (x) the three following Guarantor Payment Dates or (y) the three following Guarantor Interest Periods and (z) the relevant Collection Periods (as the case may be) an amount equal to the difference between (i) the sum of (a) interest payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the interest payments) from the Fixed Component of the Eligible Portfolio, payments and Expected Floating Payments in respect of interest from the Floating Component of the Eligible Portfolio received or expected to be received, (b) any amount expected to be received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payments under the TBG Swaps (which are not Excluded Swaps), (c) with reference to Covered Bonds with semi-annual CB Payment Dates, any amount (or the Euro Equivalent of any amount) expected to be received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payments under the CB Swaps (which are not Excluded Swaps), (d) with reference to Covered Bonds with annual CB Payment Dates, the amount (or the Euro Equivalent of the amount) to be received annually by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payment under the CB Swaps (which are not Excluded Swaps); (e) any amount credited on the Investment Account as Reserve Fund Required Amount; and (ii) the payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the payments) to be effected in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments, by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in priority to, and including, payments under the Swap Agreements (which are not Excluded Swaps). For the avoidance of doubt, items under (i) (a) above shall include interest expected to be received from the investment, into Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments, of principal collections arising from the expected amortisation of the Eligible Portfolio.

“**Asset Percentage**” means 93% or such other lower percentage as the Issuer on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall determine in accordance with Rating Agency methodologies (after procuring the required overcollateralisation also to take into account the provisions of Clause 15 (*Undertakings of the Parties in respect of Certain Risks*) of the Portfolio Administration Agreement, and notify, using the *pro forma* notice attached under Schedule 1 (*Notice of the Asset Percentage*) of the Portfolio Administration Agreement, to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Servicer, the Calculation Agent and the Rating Agency, provided that such percentage shall not lead to a downgrading of the Covered Bonds below Aaa, and in any case following any downgrade by Rating Agency of the Covered Bonds, the percentage figure may not exceed the Asset Percentage that applied as of the last time the Covered Bonds were rated Aaa by Rating Agency's.

“**Current Balance**” means in relation to a Public Asset, Integration Asset, Eligible Investment or Authorised Investment at any given date, the aggregate (without double counting) of the Outstanding Principal Balance, Accrued Interest and Interest Arrears relating to that Public Assets, Integration Asset, Eligible Investment or Authorised Investment as at that date.

“**Defaulted Asset**” means Receivables which have been classified by the Servicer on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor as Crediti in Default and/or the Securities which have been classified by the Servicer on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor as Defaulted Securities.

“**Defaulted Securities**” means (i) any Securities classified as “in sofferenza” in compliance with the Collection Policies, as interpreted and applied in compliance with the BoI Regulations and in accordance with principles governing the prudential administration of the Receivables and with the maximum standard of *diligenza professionale* and (ii) the Securities that may be considered as “in default” in accordance with the provisions of the respective Relevant Securities Documents and (iii) the Delinquent Securities for more than 30 Business Days starting from the maturity date provided for under the respective Relevant Securities Documents (for the avoidance of doubts, in this latter case

both Securities in respect of which the respective Relevant Securities Documents provide for the classification as in “default” for non payment for more than 30 Business Days and Securities in respect of which no particular term is provided for under the respective Relevant Securities Documents could be classified as Defaulted Securities).

“**Discount Factor**” means the discount rate, implied in the relevant Swap Curve, calculated by the Servicer.

“**Earliest Maturing Covered Bonds**” means at any time the Series of the Covered Bonds that have the earliest Maturity Date (if the relevant Series of Covered Bonds is not subject to an Extended Maturity Date) or the earliest Extended Maturity Date (if the relevant Series of Covered Bonds is subject to an Extended Maturity Date).

“**Eligible Portfolio**” means the aggregate of Public Assets and Integration Assets, without any double counting (including any sum standing to the credit of the Accounts (other than the Expenses Account, the Corporate Account and the Quota Capital Account), and the Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments), *excluding* (a) any Defaulted Assets and those Public Assets and Integration Assets for which a breach of the representations and warranties granted under Clause 2 (*Dichiarazioni e Garanzie del Cedente*) of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement has occurred and has not been remedied, (b) the aggregate of Integration Assets in excess of the Integration Assets Limit, (c) the aggregate of Integration Assets which do not meet the Integration Assets Rating Requirements.

“**Euro Equivalent**” means at any date, in relation to any amount or payment referred to a loan, a bond, an agreement or any other asset the amount or payment referred to such loan, bond, agreement or asset at such date denominated in Euro where the exchange rate correspond to (i) the current exchange rate fixed by the Servicer in accordance with its usual practice at that time for calculating that equivalent should any currency hedging agreement be not in place or (ii) the exchange rate indicated in the relevant currency hedging agreement be in place.

“**Expected Floating Payments**” means the amount (or the Euro Equivalent amount), determined on the basis of the Swap Curve, of expected principal and interest payments from the Floating Component of the Eligible Portfolio, the expected Swap Agreements floating leg payments, or the expected interest payments on outstanding Series of floating rate Covered Bonds, as the case may be.

“**Fixed Component of the Eligible Portfolio**” means the Public Assets or Integration Assets being part of the Eligible Portfolio remunerated on the basis of a fixed rate of interest.

“**Floating Component of the Eligible Portfolio**” means the Public Assets or Integration Assets being part of the Eligible Portfolio remunerated on the basis of a floating rate of interest.

“**Integration Assets Rating Requirements**” means (a) in respect of Integration Assets consisting of bank securities having a remaining maturity date of 364 days or less, a rating to the short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations of the issuing or guaranteeing entity equal to or higher than “P-3” by Moody's and (b) in respect of Integration Assets consisting of deposits with bank, a rating to the short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations of the entity with which the demand or time deposits are made equal to or higher than “P-3” by Moody's.

“**Interest Arrears**” means in relation to any loan, bond or other asset at any date, the amount of (or the Euro Equivalent amount of) interest and expenses which are due and payable and are unpaid as of such date.

“**Interest Payments**” means, as of a Calculation Date or any other relevant date, with reference to all following Guarantor Interest Periods up to the last Maturity Date, or Extended Maturity Date, as the case may be, an amount equal to the aggregate of (a) expected interest payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the expected interest payments) in respect of the outstanding Series of Covered Bonds (other than floating rate Covered Bonds) and (b) Expected Floating Payments in respect of interest on floating rate Covered Bonds.

“**Negative Carry Factor**” means 0.50 per cent. as long as the Issuer's rating is equal to or higher than Baa3. If the Issuer is downgraded below Baa3, it shall be equal to the algebraic difference, if positive,

between (i) (a) the WA Swap Margin paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to the CB Hedging Counterparty under the CB Swaps or, absent such CB Swaps, (b) the WA CB Margin or (c) a combination of (a) and (b), and (ii) the 6-Month Euribor Equivalent Margin.

“Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio” means, as of a Calculation Date or any other relevant date with reference to all (x) following Guarantor Payment Dates, (y) relevant Collection Periods, and (z) relevant Guarantor Interest Periods (as the case may be), up to the last Maturity Date or Extended Maturity Date, as the case may be, an amount equal to the difference between (i) the sum of (a) interest payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the interest payments) from the Fixed Component of the Eligible Portfolio, payments and Expected Floating Payments in respect of interest from the Floating Component of the Eligible Portfolio received or expected to be received, (b) any amount expected to be received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payments under the TBG Swaps (which are not Excluded Swaps), (c) any amount (or the Euro Equivalent of any amount) expected to be received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payments under the CB Swaps (which are not Excluded Swaps); (d) any amount credited on the Investment Account as Reserve Fund Required Amount; and (ii) the payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the payments) to be effected in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments, by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in priority to, and including, payments under the Swap Agreements (which are not Excluded Swaps). For the avoidance of doubt, items under (i) (a) above shall include interest expected to be received from the investment, into Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments, of principal collections arising from the expected amortisation of the Eligible Portfolio.

“Net Present Value” means, as of any date, an amount equal to the algebraic sum of the product of each relevant Discount Factor and expected payments (or the Euro Equivalent of the expected payments) to be received or to be effected.

“Net Present Value of the Eligible Portfolio” means at any date an amount equal to the algebraic sum of (i) the product of (a) each relevant Discount Factor and (b) expected principal and interest payments (or the Euro Equivalent of expected principal and interest payments) from the Fixed Component of the Eligible Portfolio and Expected Floating Payments in respect of principal and interest from the Floating Component of the Eligible Portfolio, (ii) the product of (c) each relevant Discount Factor and (d) expected payments to be received or to be effected by the Covered Bonds Guarantor under or in connection with the TBG Swaps and the CB Swaps (which are not Excluded Swaps), (iii) the product of (e) each relevant Discount Factor and (f) any amount (or the Euro Equivalent of any amount) expected to be paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in priority to the TBG Swaps and the CB Swaps payments, in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments and (iv) any sum standing to the credit of the Accounts (other than the Expenses Account, the Corporate Account and the Quota Capital Account), for the avoidance of doubts, without any double counting with the Integration Assets, Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments included in point (i) above.

“Net Present Value of the Outstanding Covered Bonds” means at any date an amount equal to the sum of (i) the product of (a) each relevant Discount Factor and (b) expected principal and interest payments (or the Euro Equivalent of expected principal and interest payments) in respect of the outstanding Series of Covered Bonds (other than floating rate Covered Bonds) and (ii) the product of (c) each relevant Discount Factor and (d) Expected Floating Payments in respect of principal and interest on floating rate Covered Bonds.

“OC Adjusted Eligible Portfolio” means an amount equal to:

$$A + B + C + D + E - Z$$

where:

- $A = PA * P$

where

PA = the Outstanding Principal Balance of Public Assets excluding (a) any Defaulted Assets and those Public Assets for which a breach of the representations and warranties granted under

Clause 2 (Dichiarazioni e Garanzie del Cedente) of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement has occurred and has not been remedied, (b) the Authorised Investments which are Public Assets and (c) Eligible Investments which are Public Assets;

P = Asset Percentage;

- **B** = Integration Assets excluding (a) any Defaulted Assets and those Integration Assets for which a breach of the representations and warranties granted under Clause 2 (Dichiarazioni e Garanzie del Cedente) of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement has occurred and has not been remedied, (b) the Outstanding Principal Balance of Integration Assets in excess of the Integration Assets Limit, (c) the Integration Assets which do not meet the Integration Assets Rating Requirements.
- **C** = the Outstanding Principal Balance of Eligible Investments which are Public Assets;
- **D** = the Outstanding Principal Balance of Authorised Investments which are Public Assets;
- **E** = any sum standing to the credit of the Accounts (other than the Expense Account, the Corporate Account and the Quota Capital Account), for the avoidance of doubts, without any double counting with B and excluding any sum in excess of the Integration Assets Limit;
- **Z** = (the weighted average number of days to maturity of the outstanding Covered Bonds/365) multiplied by the outstanding Covered Bonds multiplied by **N**.

where

N = Negative Carry Factor.

“**Outstanding Principal Balance**” means, at any date, in relation to a loan, a bond, a Series of Covered Bonds or any other asset the aggregate nominal principal amount outstanding (or the Euro Equivalent of the aggregate nominal principal amount outstanding) of such loan, bond, Series of Covered Bonds or asset at such date.

“**Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds**” means the Outstanding Principal Balance of the outstanding Series of Covered Bonds.

“**Random Basis**” means any process which selects Public Assets on a basis that is not designed to favour the selection of any identifiable class or type or quality of assets from all the Public Assets forming part of the Portfolio.

“**Required Redemption Amount**” means in respect of any relevant Series of Covered Bonds, the amount calculated as follows: the Outstanding Principal Balance of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds *multiplied* (1 + (N x (days to maturity of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds/365))). Where “N” is the Negative Carry Factor.

“**Relevant Securities Documents**” means the relevant prospectuses (or, for Securities in respect of which duty to publish a prospectus is not provided for, the issue notice published in accordance with the relevant applicable law) and/or the terms and conditions of the Securities (or similar documents in accordance with the relevant applicable law) and the documents by means of which Guarantees are given.

“**Swap Curve**” means the term structure of interest rates used by the Servicer in accordance with the best market practice and calculated based on market instruments.

“**Swap Margin**” means the positive or negative margin applied to the 6-Month Euribor paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor with respect to the relevant CB Swap.

“**WA CB Margin**” the weighted average positive or negative margin applied to the 6-Month Euribor paid by the Issuer with respect to the Covered Bonds.

“**WA Swap Margin**” the weighted average positive or negative margin applied to the 6-Month Euribor that the Covered Bonds Guarantor will pay under the CB Swaps.

Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test

The Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test (as defined below) is intended to provide liquidity for Hard Bullet Covered Bonds when the Issuer's long-term credit ratings fall below the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings.

On any Business Day (each the "**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date**") falling during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the Calculation Agent will determine if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test has been breached, and if so, it shall immediately notify the Issuer, the Seller, the Hedging Counterparties and the Representative of Covered Bondholders.

For the purpose of this paragraph the "**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test**" is complied with if on any Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date if, during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period, all of the Issuer's credit ratings are equal to, or greater than, the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings.

"**Pre-Maturity Rating Period**" means the period of 12 months preceding the Maturity Date of any Hard Bullet Series of the Covered Bonds.

Following a breach of a Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test in respect of a Series of Covered Bonds:

- (i) the Issuer shall:
 - (a) make a cash deposit for an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates on the Pre-Maturity Test Account, opened in its name with a bank whose ratings are at least equal to the Minimum Required Account Bank Ratings provided for under the Transaction Documents and pledged in favour of the Covered Bondholders; and/or
 - (b) obtain a first demand, autonomous guarantee (meeting the criteria set forth by the Rating Agency) for an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates, by an eligible entity whose ratings are at least equal to the Minimum Required Pre-Maturity Liquidity Guarantor Ratings; and/or
 - (c) take action in the form of a combination of the foregoing which in aggregate adding up to an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates;and/or
- (ii) the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets in accordance with the procedures set out in the Portfolio Administration Agreement, for an amount equal to the Adjusted Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates.

If the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds is breached and the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor have not taken the required actions (as described above) following the breach by the earlier to occur of:

- (a) 20 Business days from the date on which the Issuer is notified of the breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test, and
- (b) the Maturity Date of that Series of Covered Bonds,

an Issuer Event of Default shall occur and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will serve a Notice to Pay to the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

For the purposes of this section:

"**Adjusted Required Redemption Amount**" which is an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Earliest Maturing Covered Bonds *plus* or *minus* any swap termination amounts payable respectively by or to the Covered Bonds Guarantor *less* amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts (excluding the Expense Account, the Corporate Account and the Quota Capital Account and all the amounts required to repay any Series of Covered Bonds which mature prior to or on the same date as

the relevant Series of Covered Bonds and all the amounts to be applied on the following Guarantor Payment Date to repay higher ranking amounts in the relevant Priorities of Payments) less the Outstanding Principal Balance of any Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments.

Set-Off Risk and Claw-Back Risk

Pursuant to the Portfolio Administration Agreement, the Servicer has undertaken, upon occurrence of an Issuer Downgrading Event or a Servicer Downgrading Event, to notify on a quarterly basis the Rating Agency of each of the Potential Set-Off Amount and the Potential Claw-Back Amount. As long as the Issuer Downgrading Event and the Servicer Downgrading Event is continuing, the Asset Percentage shall be reduced by an amount equal to the Potential Set-Off Amount and the Potential Claw-Back Amount.

“**Issuer Downgrading Event**” means the Issuer being downgraded to “P-3”, or below, by Moody’s.

“**Potential Claw-Back Amount**” means an amount, calculated by the Servicer as a percentage of the Portfolio that the Seller determines as potentially subject to claw-back.

“**Potential Set-Off Amount**” means an amount, calculated by the Servicer as a percentage of the Portfolio that the Seller determines as potentially subject to set-off by the Debtors.

“**Servicer Downgrading Event**” means the Servicer being downgraded to “Ba1”, or below, by Moody’s.

Commingling Risk for loans granted in pool

Pursuant to the Portfolio Administration Agreement, the Servicer has undertaken, upon occurrence of an ATI Agent Trigger Event, to notify the Rating Agency, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Hedging Counterparties of such events and shall identify the ATI Commingling Affected Portfolio. Further to such event, and for so long as the event is continuing, if no other ATI Agent Remedy Actions has been implemented, the determination of the Asset Percentage shall be modified so as to consider the amounts which may be subject to commingling risk in case of bankruptcy of the relevant ATI Agent Bank.

For the purpose of this section:

“**ATI**” means an *Associazione Temporanea di Imprese* or a *Raggruppamento Temporaneo* as ruled under Legislative Decree no. 163 of 12 April 2006 as amended and supplemented from time to time, and the relevant implementing regulations.

“**ATI Agent Bank**” means, in respect of a Loan disbursed by lenders in pool as ATI or Convenzioni in Pool, the bank (other than the Issuer and the Servicer) acting as agent bank for the pool on the basis of an irrevocable mandate (an *in rem propriam* mandate) granted to it.

“**ATI Agent Remedy Actions**” means that (a) the Asset Percentage has been modified in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement in order to cure an ATI Agent Trigger Event and the Tests are satisfied taking into account such amendment to the Asset Percentage, (b) a guarantee in respect of the relevant ATI Agent Bank’s obligations has been granted by an eligible entity in accordance with the provisions of the Servicing Agreement, (c) the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount has been credited to the Investment Account on the immediately preceding Guarantor Payment Date or (d) the amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts are sufficient, taking into account the amounts to be paid under points (i) to (v) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments, to constitute the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount on the next Guarantor Payment Date.

“**ATI Agent Trigger Event**” means any of the following event: (a) the unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations of an ATI Agent Bank are rated below “Baa3” by Moody’s or (b) any amount due to be paid by an ATI Agent Bank to the Servicer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the relevant Loan Agreements or ancillary documents is not duly and timely paid by the relevant ATI Agent Bank.

“**ATI Commingling Affected Portfolio**” means the aggregate amount of the Loans in relation to which the relevant ATI Agent Bank has been affected by an ATI Agent Trigger Event.

“ATI Commingling Reserve Amount” means, on any date, an amount equal to (a) the peak of the Collections expected to be received during one of the following Collection Periods in respect of the ATI Commingling Affected Portfolio minus (b) the amount of the Reserve Fund Required Amount already credited (or to be credited on the relevant Guarantor Payment Date) on the Investment Account, provided that if the difference between (a) and (b) above is a negative number the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount shall be equal to zero.

“*Convenzioni in Pool*” means temporary pools composed by two or more banks other than an ATI.

ACCOUNTS AND CASH FLOWS

ACCOUNTS

The following Accounts are established and shall be maintained with the Account Bank and the Receivables Collection Account Bank as separate accounts in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

The Receivables Collection Accounts shall be held with the Receivables Collection Account Bank for as long as the Receivables Account Bank maintains the Minimum Required Receivables Collection Account Bank Rating.

The Securities Collection Accounts, the Investment Account, the Securities Account, the Eligible Investments Account, the Quota Capital Account, the Expenses Account and the Corporate Account shall be held with the Account Bank for as long as the Account Bank maintains the Minimum Required Account Bank Rating.

The Principal Receivables Collection Account

Deposits. An Euro denominated current account established and maintained with Receivables Collection Account Bank into which:

- (i) by the end of the second Business Day immediately following the relevant reconciliation, any principal payment and any Interest Component of the Purchase Price received by the Servicer in relation to the Receivables will be deposited with value date as of the relevant date of receipt;
- (ii) promptly upon receipt, all principal components and the Interest Component of the Purchase Price of the proceeds arising out of the liquidation of Receivables will be transferred with value date as of the relevant date of receipt.

Withdrawals. On a daily basis by the end of the relevant day of receipt, any amount standing to the credit of the Principal Receivables Collection Account will be transferred to the Investment Account by the Receivables Collection Account Bank.

(the “**Principal Receivables Collection Account**”).

The Interest Receivables Collection Account

Deposits. An Euro denominated current account established and maintained with Receivables Collection Account Bank into which:

- (i) by the end of the second Business Day immediately following the relevant reconciliation, any interest payment (other than the Interest Component of the Purchase Price) received by the Servicer in relation to the Receivables will be deposited with value date as of the relevant date of receipt;
- (ii) promptly upon receipt, all proceeds (net of any principal component thereof) arising out of the liquidation of Receivables will be transferred with value date as of the relevant date of receipt.

Withdrawals. On a daily basis by the end of the relevant day of receipt, any amount standing to the credit of the Interest Receivables Collection Account will be transferred to the Investment Account by the Receivables Collection Account Bank.

(the “**Interest Receivables Collection Account**” and together with the Principal Receivables Collection Account, the “**Receivables Collection Accounts**”).

The Principal Securities Collection Account

Deposits. An Euro denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which:

- (i) on a daily basis, any principal payment and any Interest Component of the Purchase Price received in relation to the Securities will be deposited.

- (ii) promptly upon receipt, all principal components of the proceeds arising out of the liquidation of Securities (other than the Eligible Investments and the Authorised Investments) will be transferred.

Withdrawals. On a daily basis by the end of the relevant day of receipt, any amount standing to the credit of the Principal Securities Collection Account will be transferred to the Investment Account by the Account Bank.

(the “**Principal Securities Collection Account**”).

The Interest Securities Collection Account

Deposits. An Euro denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which:

- (i) on a daily basis, any interest payment (other than the Interest Component of the Purchase Price) in relation to the Securities will be deposited.
- (ii) promptly upon receipt, all proceeds (net of any principal component thereof) arising out of the liquidation of Securities (other than the Eligible Investments and the Authorised Investments) will be transferred.

Withdrawals. On a daily basis by the end of the relevant day of receipt, any amount standing to the credit of the Interest Securities Collection Account will be transferred to the Investment Account by the Account Bank.

(the “**Interest Securities Collection Account**” and together with the Principal Securities Collection Account, the “**Securities Collection Accounts**”).

The Investment Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which:

- (i) the Receivables Collection Account Bank shall transfer by the end of the relevant day of receipt any amount standing to the credit of the Receivables Collection Accounts and the Account Bank shall transfer in the Investment Account by the end of the relevant day of receipt any amount standing to the credit of the Securities Collection Accounts;
- (ii) by the end of the relevant day of receipt the Account Bank shall transfer (a) the funds resulting from the reimbursement or liquidation of all Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments; (b) any amount to be credited to the Investment Account in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments (including any CB Swaps Accumulation Amount, the Reserve Fund Required Amount, the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount, the Interest Accumulation Amount and any Purchase Price Accumulation Amount); and (c) any amount (if any) standing to the credit of the Transaction Account, after distribution in accordance with the applicable Priorities of Payments of payments due on the relevant CB Payment Dates or payments of the purchase price to be paid in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement.

Withdrawals:

- (i) within 2 Business Days prior to each Guarantor Payment Date, any amount standing to the credit of the Investment Account (other than the CB Swaps Accumulation Amount and the Interest Accumulation Amount) shall be transferred to the Transaction Account.
- (ii) 2 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date, any amount to be paid under the CB Swaps on such CB Payment Date shall be transferred to the Transaction Account.
- (iii) 2 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date, the Interest Accumulation Amount shall be transferred to the Transaction Account.
- (iv) 2 Business Days prior to each date on which a purchase price has to be paid under the Master Transfer Agreement, the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount shall be transferred to the Transaction Account upon instruction of the Servicer.

- (v) 2 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date falling after the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event, any amount to be paid under the Covered Bonds on such CB Payment Date shall be transferred to the Transaction Account.
 - (vi) 10 Business Days after the Initial Issue Date an amount equal to Euro 150,000.00 shall be transferred to the Corporate Account and an amount equal to Euro 120,000.00 shall be transferred to the Expenses Account.
- (the “**Investment Account**”).

The Securities Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which the Account Bank, pursuant to any order of the Cash Manager or the Covered Bonds Guarantor, will deposit and keep the Public Assets and Integration Assets consisting of securities (other than the Eligible Investments and the Authorised Investments).

Withdrawals. All the Public Assets and Integration Assets consisting of securities (other than the Eligible Investments and the Authorised Investments) will be (a) liquidated in accordance with the provisions of the Portfolio Administration Agreement or (b) sold to the relevant Seller in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement upon instruction of the Servicer, and proceeds credited to the Investment Account by the Cash Manager.

(the “**Securities Account**”).

The Eligible Investments Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which the Account Bank, pursuant to any order of the Cash Manager, will deposit all securities constituting Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments purchased by the Cash Manager on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the amounts standing to the credit of the Investment Account.

Withdrawals. Within 3 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date falling prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event, the Authorised Investments and Eligible Investments standing to the credit of the Eligible Investments Account will be liquidated for an amount equal to the CB Swap Accumulation Amount or Interest Accumulation Amount, as the case may be, and proceeds credited to the Investment Account by the Account Bank unless there are sufficient funds already deposited in the Investment Account to cover the CB Swap Accumulation Amount or the Interest Accumulation Amount, as the case may be.

Within 3 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date falling after the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event, all the Authorised Investments and Eligible Investments standing to the credit of the Eligible Investments Account will be liquidated and proceeds credited to the Investments Account by the Account Bank.

Within 3 Business Days prior to each Guarantor Payment Date, the Authorised Investments and the Eligible Investments standing to the credit of the Eligible Investments Account will be liquidated and proceeds credited to the Investment Account.

Within 3 Business Days prior to each date on which a purchase price in respect of any Revolving Assignment has to be paid under the Master Transfer Agreement, the Authorised Investments and Eligible Investments standing to the credit of the Eligible Investments Account will be liquidated for an amount equal to the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount and proceeds credited to the Investment Account by the Account Bank unless there are sufficient funds already deposited in the Investment Account to cover the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount.

(the “**Eligible Investments Account**”).

The Quota Capital Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which all the sums contributed by the quotaholders of the Covered Bonds Guarantor as quota capital have been credited and all interest accrued thereon will be credited.

(the “**Quota Capital Account**”).

The Expenses Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which:

- (i) 10 Business Days after the Initial Issue Date an amount equal to Euro 120,000.00 will be credited;
- (ii) on each Guarantor Payment Date, an amount equal to the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount will be credited.

Withdrawals. The general expenses (other than the Expenses) due and payable at any time within each Guarantor Interest Period will be paid with the monies standing to the credit of the Expenses Account.

(the “**Expenses Account**”)

The Corporate Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which:

- (i) 10 Business Days after the Initial Issue Date an amount equal to Euro 150,000.00 will be credited;
- (ii) on each Guarantor Payment Date, an amount equal to the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount will be credited.

Withdrawals. The Expenses due and payable at any time within each Guarantor Interest Period will be paid with the monies standing to the credit of the Corporate Account.

(the “**Corporate Account**”)

The Transaction Account

Deposits. An Euro-denominated current account established and maintained with the Account Bank into which:

- (i) 2 Business Days prior to each Guarantor Payment Date, (a) any amount standing to the credit of the Investment Account (other than the CB Swaps Accumulation Amount, the Interest Accumulation Amount and the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount) shall be transferred and (b) any amounts to be paid by the Hedging Counterparty under the TBG Swaps will be credited.
- (ii) 2 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date (a) any amount to be paid under the CB Swaps on such CB Payment Date and deposited on the Investment Account shall be transferred and (b) the amounts to be paid by the CB Hedging Counterparty under the CB Swaps will be credited.
- (iii) 2 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date any Interest Accumulation Amount deposited on the Investment Account shall be transferred.

- (iv) 2 Business Days prior to each CB Payment Date falling after the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event, any amount to be paid under the Covered Bonds on such CB Payment Date shall be transferred from the Investment Account.
- (v) 2 Business Days prior to each date on which a purchase price has to be paid under the Master Transfer Agreement, the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount shall be transferred from the Investment Account to the Transaction Account upon instruction of the Servicer.
- (vi) Any drawdown under the Subordinated Loan Agreement will be credited.

Withdrawals:

- (i) on each Guarantor Payment Date, the Cash Manager will execute payments or credit the relevant amounts in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments (including the purchase price of Public Assets and Integration Assets funded through Available Funds).
 - (ii) on each CB Payment Date the Cash Manager will execute payments under the CB Swaps.
 - (iii) 1 Business Day prior to each CB Payment Date falling after an Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the Cash Manager will transfer to the Paying Agent the amounts necessary to execute payments of interests and principal due in relation to the outstanding Covered Bonds in accordance with the Post-Issuer Defaults Priority of Payments.
 - (iv) 2 Business Days following the relevant CB Payment Date, any amount in excess, after payments of the amounts mentioned above, will be transferred to the Investment Account by the Cash Manager.
 - (v) On the date on which the Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio or the Rectified Purchase Price of the New Portfolio has to be paid in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement, an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount and (b) the Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio or the Rectified Purchase Price of the New Portfolio, as the case may be, will be transferred to the Seller by the Cash Manager.
 - (vi) 2 Business Days following the payment under the preceding paragraph, any amount equal to the positive difference, if any, between the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount and the Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio or Rectified Purchase Price of the New Portfolio, as the case may be, actually paid to the Seller will be transferred to the Investment Account by the Cash Manager.
 - (vii) The Cash Manager will execute payments for the purchase of any Public Assets and Integration Assets funded through the Subordinated Loan in accordance with the provisions of the Master Transfer Agreement.
- (the “**Transaction Account**”).”

CASH FLOWS

This section summarises the cashflows of the Covered Bonds Guarantor only, as to the allocation and distribution of amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts and their order of priority (all such orders of priority, the "**Priority of Payments**") (a) prior to an Issuer Event of Default and a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, (b) following an Issuer Event of Default but prior to a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default and (c) following a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default.

Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, prior to the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay (or following the withdrawal of an Article 74 Notice to Pay), the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use Interest Available Funds (as defined below) to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in

full):

- (i) *first*, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof any and all taxes due and payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor;
- (ii) *second*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Expenses, to the extent that such costs and expenses are not met by utilising any amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account and/or the Corporate Account on the Guarantor Payment Date falling in March and September of each year and (b) to credit the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount into the Expenses Account and the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount into the Corporate Account;
- (iii) *third*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof any amount due and payable (including fees, costs and expenses) to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Calculation Agent, the Administrative Services Provider, the Asset Monitor, the Portfolio Manager and the Servicer;
- (iv) *fourth*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, (b) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Interest Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, under the CB Swaps after the relevant Guarantor Payment Date; and (c) to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the Interest Accumulation Amount, to be used for any interest payment due on the CB Payment Dates falling during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no CB Swaps have been entered into;
- (v) *fifth*, to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the Reserve Fund Required Amount;
- (vi) *sixt*, if an ATI Agent Trigger Event occurs and is continuing and no other ATI Agent Remedy Actions has been implemented, to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount;
- (vii) *seventh*, to credit to the Principal Receivables Collection Account an amount equal to the amounts paid under item (i) of the Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payment on any preceding Guarantor Payment Date and not yet repaid under this item (vii);
- (viii) *eighth*, if a Servicer Termination Event has occurred, to credit all remaining Interest Available Funds to the Investment Account until such Servicer Termination Event is either remedied by the Servicer or waived by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or a new servicer is appointed to service the Portfolio (or the relevant part thereof);
- (ix) *ninth*, if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test or the Tests are not satisfied on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Guarantor Payment Date or an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default has occurred on or prior such Guarantor Payment Date or the Issuer has not paid interest and principal due on the CB Payment Dates in the immediately previous Guarantor Interest Period, to credit all remaining Interest Available Funds to the Investment Account until the following Guarantor Payment Date;
- (x) *tenth*, to pay any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreements not provided for under item (iv) above;
- (xi) *eleventh*, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata*, any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement);

- (xii) *twelfth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof any amount due and payable as Minimum Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
- (xiii) *thirteenth*, to pay any Premium Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan.

Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, prior to the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay (or following the withdrawal of an Article 74 Notice to Pay), the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use Principal Available Funds (as defined below) to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay any amount due and payable under items (i) to (vi) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment, to the extent that the Interest Available Funds are not sufficient, on such Guarantor Payment Date, to make such payments in full;
- (ii) *second*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the TBG Swaps and (b) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Principal Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payment under the CB Swaps after the relevant Guarantor Payment Date;
- (iii) *third*, if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test is satisfied, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, (a) to pay the purchase price of the Public Assets and/or Integration Assets offered for sale by the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer in the context of Revolving Assignment in accordance with the provisions of the Master Transfer Agreement or any amount due to the Seller as purchase price in the context of Revolving Assignment pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement that was not paid on the previous Guarantor Payment Date, (b) to credit to the Investment Account the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount;
- (iv) *fourth*, to deposit on the Investment Account any residual Principal Available Funds in an amount sufficient to ensure that taking into account the other resources available to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Tests are met;
- (v) *fifth*, if a Servicer Termination Event has occurred, all residual Principal Available Funds to be credited to the Investment Account until such event of default of the Servicer is either remedied by the Servicer or waived by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or a new servicer is appointed to service the Portfolio (or the relevant part thereof);
- (vi) *sixth*, if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test or the Tests are not satisfied on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Guarantor Payment Date or an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default has occurred on or prior such Guarantor Payment Date or the Issuer has not paid interest and principal due on the CB Payment Dates in the immediately previous Guarantor Interest Period, to credit all remaining Principal Available Funds to the Investment Account until the following Guarantor Payment Date;
- (vii) *seventh*, to pay any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreements not provided for under item (ii) above;
- (viii) *eight*, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement) not already provided for under item (xi) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment;

- (ix) *ninth*, to pay the amount (if any) due to the Seller as principal redemption under the Subordinated Loan (including as a consequence of “*richiesta di rimborso anticipato*” as indicated therein) provided that the Tests and the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test are still satisfied after such payment.

Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, following the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay, but prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use the Available Funds, to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any Expenses and taxes, in order to preserve its corporate existence, to maintain it in good standing and to comply with applicable legislation;
- (ii) *second*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any amount due and payable to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Administrative Services Provider, the Calculation Agent, the Asset Monitor, the Portfolio Manager and the Servicer and (b) to credit the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount into the Expenses Account and the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount into the Corporate Account;
- (iii) *third*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, (b) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Interest Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, under the CB Swaps after the relevant Guarantor Payment Date and (c) to pay any interest due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the Interest Accumulation Amount, to be used for any interest payment due on the CB Payment Dates falling during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no CB Swaps have been entered into;
- (iv) *fourth*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof,
- (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps;
- (b) to pay any amount in respect of principal due and payable on each Series of Covered Bonds on each CB Payment Date falling on such Guarantor Payment Date or to credit to the Investment Account any amount in respect of principal to be paid on each CB Payment Dates falling during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date; and
- (c) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps or to credit to the Investment Account an amount equal to the CB Swaps Principal Accumulation Amount to be used for Hedging Senior Payments under the CB Swaps during the Guarantor Interest Period starting from such Guarantor Payment Date;

- (v) *fifth*, to deposit on the Investment Account any residual amount until all Covered Bonds are fully repaid or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated;
- (vi) *sixth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreement not provided for under items (iii) and (iv) above;
- (vii) *seventh*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement);
- (viii) *eighth*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Minimum Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
- (ix) *ninth*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as principal under the Subordinated Loan;
- (x) *tenth*, to the extent that all the Covered Bonds issued under any Series have been repaid in full or an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount for each Series of Covered Bonds outstanding has been accumulated, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Premium Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan.

Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments

On each Guarantor Payment Date, following the service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will use the Available Funds, to make payments in the order of priority set out below (in each case only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (i) *first*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any Expenses and taxes;
- (ii) *second*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amounts due and payable to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Calculation Agent, the Administrative Services Provider, the Asset Monitor, the Portfolio Manager and the Servicer and to credit an amount up to the Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount into the Expenses Account and the Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount into the Corporate Account;
- (iii) *third*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date, under the TBG Swaps, and (b) to pay any amount, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on each Series of Covered Bonds and (c) to pay any Hedging Senior Payments, other than in respect of principal, due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps;
- (iv) *fourth*, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, (a) to pay any Hedging Senior Payment in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment

Date, under the TBG Swaps, (b) to pay any amount in respect of principal due and payable under each Series of Covered Bonds on such Guarantor Payment Date and (c) to pay any Hedging Senior Payments in respect of principal due and payable on such Guarantor Payment Date under the CB Swaps;

- (v) *fifth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount arising out of any termination event under any Swap Agreements not provided for under items (iii) and (iv) above;
- (vi) *sixth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any other amount due and payable to the Seller, the Additional Sellers (if any) or the Issuer under any Transaction Document (other than the Subordinated Loan Agreement);
- (vii) *seventh*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Minimum Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan;
- (viii) *eighth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amounts due as principal under the Subordinated Loan;
- (ix) *ninth*, to pay, *pari passu* and *pro rata* according to the respective amounts thereof, any amount due as Premium Interest Amount under the Subordinated Loan.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds to the Issuer from the issue of each Series of Covered Bonds will be used by Intesa Sanpaolo Group for general funding purposes.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS

Master Transfer Agreement

Pursuant to a master transfer agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 and subsequently amended (the “**Master Transfer Agreement**”), the Seller assigned and transferred the Initial Portfolio to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, without recourse (pro soluto), in accordance with Law 130. Furthermore, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor agreed that the Seller may assign and transfer Public Assets and/or Integration Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor from time to time, on a revolving basis, in the cases and subject to the limits for the transfer of further Public Assets and/or Integration Assets.

Further Assignments

For the assignment of each New Portfolio, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall pay the Seller an amount equal to the sum of the individual price of each Receivable and Security of all the Receivables or Securities in such New Portfolio, to be calculated in accordance with the provisions set forth under the Master Transfer Agreement.

The Receivables comprised in each New Portfolio shall comply with the General Criteria (if applicable in relation to the relevant issuance, the Specific Criteria) on the relevant Cut-off Date. Each Portfolio may be composed by Integration Assets provided that the total amount of such Integration Assets does not exceed the Integration Assets Limit.

The Further Assignments shall be aimed at:

- (a) issuing further Covered Bonds funded by means of amounts drawn under the Subordinated Loan, (the “**Issuance Collateralisation Assignment**”); or
- (b) investing principal Collections by means of purchasing further Public Assets using the principal collections received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in relation to the Public Assets and Integration Assets which are part of the Portfolio and in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments (the “**Revolving Assignment**”); or
- (c) complying with the Tests, and preventing the breach of the Tests, in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement (the “**Integration Assignment**”), subject to the Integration Assets Limits.

The obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to purchase any New Portfolio shall be conditional upon, inter alia, (a) the existence of Principal Available Funds with reference to the Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payments for the carrying out of the Revolving Assignments, and (b) the funding of the requested amounts under the relevant Subordinated Loan for the carrying out of Issuance Collateralisation Assignments or Integration Assignments;

The obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to purchase any New Portfolio shall be also subject to certain conditions subsequent set out in the Master Transfer Agreement.

Criteria

Each of the Receivables forming part of the Portfolio shall comply with all the General Criteria and to the applicable Specific Criteria.

Price Adjustments

The Master Transfer Agreement provides a price adjustment mechanism pursuant to which:

- (i) if, following the relevant Cut-off Date, any Receivable which is part of the Portfolio does not meet the Criteria, then such Receivable will be deemed not to have been assigned and transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement;
- (ii) if, following the relevant Cut-off Date, any Receivable which meets the Criteria but it is not part of the Portfolio, then such Receivable shall be deemed to have been assigned and

transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor with effects as of the Effective Date of the relevant Portfolio, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

Repurchase of Receivables and Pre-emption right

The Seller is granted an option right, pursuant to Article 1331 of Italian Civil Code, to repurchase Receivables or Securities individually or in block, also in different tranches. In order to exercise the option right, the Seller is required to pay the Covered Bonds Guarantor an amount to be calculated in accordance with the provisions set forth under the Master Transfer Agreement. The exercise of the option right shall be conditional upon, inter alia, (a) the verification by the Calculation Agent, and the confirmation of the Seller, that the exercise of such right shall not cause the breach of the Tests and (b) the absence of the Issuer Events of Default set forth under Condition 11(c) (*Issuer Event of Default*) point (iii) (*Insolvency*).

The Seller is granted a pre-emption right to repurchase Receivables or Securities to be sold by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to third parties, at the same terms and conditions provided for such third parties. Such pre-emption rights shall cease should the Seller be submitted to any of the procedures set forth in Title V of the Banking Law.

Termination of the Covered Bonds Guarantor's obligation to purchase and termination of the agreement

Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, the obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to purchase New Portfolios shall terminate upon the occurrence of any of the following: (i) a breach of the undertakings and duties assumed by the Seller pursuant to the Transaction Documents, in the event such breach is not cured within the period specified in the Master Transfer Agreement, or it is otherwise not curable; (ii) a breach of the Seller's representations and warranties given in any of the Transaction Documents; (iii) a Seller's material adverse change; (iv) an event which is negatively affecting the corporate and financial situation of the Seller (inter alia, enforcement against the Sellers' assets, winding-up of the Seller, opening of a bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding); (v) a change of control of the Seller and consequent exit from the Intesa Sanpaolo Group; (vi) a change in law and regulations following to which the issue of Covered Bonds is impossible or less convenient, both from an economic and commercial point of view, for the parties; (vii) the Seller being notified of the commencement of a judicial proceeding which may reasonably cause the occurrence of a material adverse change of the Seller; (viii) the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default notified by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders both to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor. Further to the occurrence of an event described above, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall no longer be obliged to purchase New Portfolios.

Undertakings

The Master Transfer Agreement also contains a number of undertakings by the Seller in respect of its activities in relation to the Receivables or Securities. The Seller has undertaken, inter alia, to refrain from carrying out activities with respect to the Receivables or Securities which may prejudice the validity or recoverability of any Receivable or Security and in particular not to assign or transfer the Receivables or Securities to any third party or to create any security interest, charge, lien or encumbrance or other right in favour of any third party in respect of the Receivables or Securities. The Seller also has undertaken to refrain from any action which could cause any of the Receivable or Security to become invalid or to cause a reduction in the amount of any of the Receivable or Security or the Guarantee. The Master Transfer Agreement also provides that the Seller shall waive any set off rights in respect of the Receivables or Securities, and cooperate actively with the Covered Bonds Guarantor in any activity concerning the Receivables or Securities.

Governing Law

The Master Transfer Agreement is governed by Italian Law.

Warranty and Indemnity Agreement

On 20 May 2009, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered into a warranty and indemnity agreement, subsequently amended, (the “**Warranty and Indemnity Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Seller made certain representations and warranties to the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

Specifically, as of the date of execution of the Transfer Agreement and as of each Issue Date, the Seller has given and will give to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, *inter alia*, representation and warranties about: (i) its status and powers, (ii) the information and the documents provided to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, (iii) its legal title on the Receivables or Securities, (iv) the status of the Receivables or Securities, (v) the terms and conditions of the Receivables or Securities.

Pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has undertaken to fully and promptly indemnify and hold harmless the Covered Bonds Guarantor and its officers, directors and agents (each, an “**Indemnified Person**”), from and against any and all damages, losses, claims, liabilities, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorney’s fees and disbursements and any value added tax and other tax thereon as well as any claim for damages by third parties) awarded against, or incurred by, any of them, arising from any representations and/or warranties made by the Seller under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, and certain representations and/or warranties made by the Seller under the Master Transfer Agreement, being materially false, incomplete or incorrect and/or failure by the Seller to perform any of the obligations and undertakings assumed by the Seller.

Without prejudice of the foregoing, the Seller has further undertaken that, if any Receivable does not exist, in whole or in part, (including where such non existence is based only on a judicial pronouncement that is not definitive), the Seller shall immediately pay the Covered Bonds Guarantor any damage, costs, expenses incurred by the Covered Bonds Guarantor. In the event that, thereafter, any definitive judicial pronouncement recognises that such Receivable exists, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall repay the amounts mentioned above received by the Seller on the immediately subsequent Guarantor Payment Date, in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments.

Governing Law

The Warranty and Indemnity Agreement is governed by Italian Law.

Subordinated Loan Agreement

On 20 May 2009, the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor entered into a subordinated loan agreement, and subsequently amended, (the “**Subordinated Loan Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Seller granted the Covered Bonds Guarantor a subordinated loan (the “**Subordinated Loan**”) with a maximum amount equal to the Maximum Amount, as amended from time to time. Under the provisions of such agreement, upon the relevant disbursement notice being filed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Seller shall make advances to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in amounts equal to the relevant price of the New Portfolios transferred from time to time to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in order to carrying out (a) Issuance Collateralisation Assignment or (b) Integration Assignment.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor shall pay any amounts due under the Subordinated Loan in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments. The Subordinated Loan shall be remunerated by way of the Subordinated Loan Interest Amount.

Governing Law

The Subordinated Loan Agreement is governed by Italian law.

Covered Bonds Guarantee

On or about the Initial Issue Date the Covered Bonds Guarantor issued a guarantee securing the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds (the “**Covered Bonds Guarantee**”), in accordance with the provisions of Law 130 and of the MEF Decree.

Under the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, if the Issuer defaults in the payment on the due date (subject to any applicable grace periods) of any moneys due and payable under or pursuant to

the Covered Bonds, or if any other Issuer Event of Default or an Article 74 Event occurs, the Covered Bonds Guarantor has agreed (subject as described below) to pay, or procure to be paid, following service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders of the Notice to Pay or an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn), unconditionally and irrevocably to or to the order of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (for the benefit of the Covered Bondholders), any amounts due under the Covered Bonds as and when the same were originally due for payment by the Issuer, as of any Maturity Date or, if applicable, Extended Maturity Date by the Issuer.

Pursuant to Article 7-bis, paragraph 1, of Law 130 and Article 4 of the MEF Decree, the guarantee provided under the Covered Bonds Guarantee is a first demand (*a prima richiesta*), unconditional, irrevocable (*irrevocabile*) and independent guarantee (*garanzia autonoma*) and therefore provides for direct and independent obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor *vis-à-vis* the Covered Bondholders and with limited recourse to the Available Funds, irrespective of any invalidity, irregularity or unenforceability of any of the guaranteed obligations of the Issuer. The provisions of the Italian Civil Code relating to *fideiussione* set forth in articles 1939 (*Validità della fideiussione*), 1941, paragraph 1 (*Limiti della fideiussione*), 1944, paragraph 2 (*Escussione preventiva*), 1945 (*Eccezioni opponibili dal fideiussore*), 1955 (*Liberazione del fideiussore per fatto del creditore*), 1956 (*Liberazione del fideiussore per obbligazione futura*) and 1957 (*Scadenza dell'obbligazione principale*) shall not apply to the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

Following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default and the service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall pay or procure to be paid on the relevant Scheduled Due for Payment Date to the Covered Bondholders an amount equal to those Guaranteed Amounts which shall become due for payment in accordance with the relevant Conditions, but which have not been paid by the Issuer to the relevant Covered Bondholder on the relevant Scheduled Payment Date

Following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default and the service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice in respect of all Covered Bonds, which shall become immediately due and repayable, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall pay or procure to be paid on the Due for Payment Date to the Covered Bondholders, the Guaranteed Amounts for all outstanding Covered Bonds.

Following service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, but prior to the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, payment by the Covered Bonds Guarantor of the Guaranteed Amounts pursuant to this Covered Bonds Guarantee will be made, subject to and in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments, on the relevant Scheduled Due for Payment Date, provided that, if an Extended Maturity Date is envisaged under the relevant Final Terms and actually applied, any amount representing the Final Redemption Amount due and remaining unpaid on the Maturity Date may be paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on any Scheduled Payment Date thereafter, up to (and including) the relevant Extended Maturity Date. In addition, to the extent that the Covered Bonds Guarantor has insufficient moneys available after payment of higher ranking amounts and taking into account amounts ranking *pari passu* therewith in the relevant Priorities of Payments, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall make partial payments of the Guaranteed Amounts in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments.

Following service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice all Covered Bonds will accelerate, in accordance with the Conditions, against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, becoming due and payable, and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves and the Available Funds shall be applied in accordance with the Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payment.

All payments of Guaranteed Amounts by or on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or other governmental charges of whatever nature unless such withholding or deduction of such taxes, assessments or other governmental charges are required by law or regulation or administrative practice of any jurisdiction. If any such withholding or deduction is required, the Covered Bonds Guarantor

will pay the Guaranteed Amounts net of such withholding or deduction and shall account to the appropriate tax authority for the amount required to be withheld or deducted. The Covered Bonds Guarantor will not be obliged to pay any amount to any Covered Bondholder in respect of the amount of such withholding or deduction.

Exercise of rights

Following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event and service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, but prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default, the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the provisions of Article 4, paragraph 4, of the MEF Decree shall temporarily substitute for the Issuer in all obligations of the Issuer towards the Covered Bondholders in accordance with the terms and conditions originally set out for the Covered Bonds, so that the rights of payment of the Covered Bondholders in such circumstance will only be the right to receive payments of the Scheduled Interest and the Scheduled Principal from the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the Scheduled Due for Payment Date. In consideration of the substitution of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in the performance of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor (directly or through the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the rights of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer and any amount recovered from the Issuer will be part of the Available Funds.

As a consequence and as expressly indicated in the Conditions, the Covered Bondholders have irrevocably delegated to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (also in the interest and for the benefit of the Covered Bonds Guarantor) the exclusive right to proceed against the Issuer to enforce the performance of any of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds including any rights of enforcing any acceleration of payment provisions provided under the Conditions or under the applicable legislation. For this purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, on behalf of the Covered Bondholders, upon request of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with any powers of attorney and/or mandates as the latter may deem necessary or expedient for taking all necessary steps to ensure the timely and correct performance of its mandate.

Following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default (other than the event referred under Condition 12(c) (iii)) and service of a Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, but prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, in accordance with the provisions set forth under the Covered Bonds Guarantee (as well as in accordance with the provisions of Article 4, paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree), shall substitute the Issuer in all obligations of the Issuer towards the Covered Bondholders in accordance with the terms and conditions originally set out for the Covered Bonds, so that the rights of payment of the Covered Bondholders in such circumstance will only be the right to receive payments of the Scheduled Interest and the Scheduled Principal from the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the Scheduled Due for Payment Date. In consideration of the substitution of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in the performance of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor (directly or through the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the right of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer and any amount recovered from the Issuer will be part of the Available Funds.

As a consequence and as expressly indicated in the Conditions, the Covered Bondholders have irrevocably delegated to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (also in the interest and for the benefit of the Covered Bonds Guarantor) the exclusive right to proceed against the Issuer to enforce the performance of any of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds including any enforcement rights for acceleration of payment provisions provided under the Conditions or under the applicable legislation. For this purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders, upon request of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with any powers of attorney and/or mandates as the latter may deem necessary or expedient for taking all necessary steps to ensure the timely and correct performance of its mandate.

Following the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default referred under Condition 11(c) (iii) and service of a Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, but prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds

Guarantor Events of Default, as of the date of administrative liquidation (*liquidazione coatta amministrativa*) of the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the provisions of Article 4, paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree shall substitute the Issuer in all obligations of the Issuer towards the Covered Bondholders in accordance with the terms and conditions originally set out for the Covered Bonds, so that the rights of payment of the Covered Bondholders in such circumstance will only be the right to receive payments of the Scheduled Interest and the Scheduled Principal from the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the Scheduled Due for Payment Date. In consideration of the substitution of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in the performance of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, the Covered Bonds Guarantor (directly or through the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the rights of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer and any amount recovered from the Issuer will be part of the Available Funds.

As a consequence and as expressly indicated in the Conditions, the Covered Bondholders have irrevocably delegated to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (also in the interest and for the benefit of the Covered Bonds Guarantor) the exclusive right to proceed against the Issuer to enforce the performance of any of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds including any rights of enforcing any acceleration of payment provisions provided under the Conditions or under the applicable legislation. For this purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders upon request of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with any powers of attorney and/or mandates as the latter may deem necessary or expedient for taking all necessary steps to ensure the timely and correct performance of its mandate.

In each case the Guaranteed Amounts does not include any additional amounts payable under Condition 10(a) (*Gross up by Issuer*).

Governing Law

The Covered Bonds Guarantee is governed by Italian law.

Servicing Agreement

On 20 May 2009 the Servicer has agreed, pursuant to the terms of a servicing agreement, subsequently amended, (the “**Servicing Agreement**”), to administer and service the Receivables or Securities, on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The appointment to the Servicer is not a mandate *in rem propriam* and, therefore, the Covered Bonds Guarantor is entitled to revoke or terminate the same in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Servicing Agreement.

As consideration for the activity performed and reimbursement of expenses, the Servicing Agreement provides that the Servicer will receive certain fees payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on each Guarantor Payment Date in accordance with the applicable Priorities of Payments.

Servicer’s activities

In the context of the appointment, the Servicer has undertaken to perform, with its best diligence and highest ethical standards, *inter alia*, the activities specified below:

- (i) administration, management and collection of the Receivables or Securities in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, the Collection Policies and the OBG Regulations; management and administration of enforcement proceedings and insolvency proceedings;
- (ii) to perform certain activities with reference to the data processing pursuant to the Privacy Law;
- (iii) to keep and maintain updated and safe the documents relating to the Receivables or Securities transferred from the Seller to the Covered Bonds Guarantor; to consent to the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to examine and inspect the documents and to draw copies;
- (iv) upon the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default, the Servicer shall follow only the instructions given by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and disregard those instructions given by the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

The Servicer is entitled to delegate the performance of certain activities to third parties, except for the supervisory activities in accordance with the regulation of the Governor of the Bank of Italy of 3 November 2003. Notwithstanding the above, the Servicer shall remain fully liable for the activities performed by a party so appointed by the Servicer, and shall maintain the Covered Bonds Guarantor fully indemnified for any losses, costs and damages incurred for the activity performed by a party so appointed by the Servicer.

Servicer Reports

The Servicer has undertaken to prepare and submit, prior to the occurrence of a breach of the Tests, quarterly reports to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Administrative Services Provider, the Asset Monitor, the Rating Agency, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Hedging Counterparties and the Calculation Agent, in the form set out in the Servicing Agreement, containing information about the Collections made in respect of the Portfolio during the preceding Collection Period. The reports will provide the main information relating to the Servicer's activity during the period, including without limitation: a description of the Portfolio (outstanding amount, principal and interest), information relating to delinquencies, defaults and collections during the Collection Period.

Further to the occurrence of a breach of the Tests, and until the sixth month following the cure of such Tests, the Servicer has undertaken to prepare and submit a monthly report, substantially equal to the quarterly report above mentioned, to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Administrative Services Provider, the Asset Monitor, the Rating Agency, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Hedging Counterparties and the Calculation Agent. The reports will provide the main information relating to the Servicer's activity during the month prior to the relevant issue date of the report.

Successor Servicer

According to the Servicing Agreement, upon the occurrence of a termination or withdrawal event, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall have the right, but not the obligation, to withdraw the appointment of the Servicer and, subject to the approval in writing of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and prior written notice to the Rating Agency, to appoint a Successor Servicer. The Successor Servicer shall undertake to carry out the activity of administration, management and collection of the Receivables or Securities, as well as all other activities provided for in the Servicing Agreement by entering into a servicing agreement having substantially the same form and contents as the Servicing Agreement and accepting the terms and conditions of the Intercreditor Agreement.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor may terminate the Servicer's appointment and appoint a Successor Servicer following the occurrence of any of the termination event (each a “**Servicer Termination Event**”). The Servicer Termination Events include:

- (i) an insolvency, liquidation or winding up event occurred with respect to the Servicer;
- (ii) loss of the minimum required rating provided for the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement;
- (iii) failure to observe or perform duties under the Transaction Documents and the continuation of such failure for a period of 15 Business Days following receipt of written notice from the Covered Bonds Guarantor where such breach prejudiced the reliance of the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the Servicer;
- (iv) amendments of the functions and services involved in the management of the claims and in the recovery and collection procedures, if such amendments may individually or jointly, prevent the Servicer from fulfilling the obligations assumed under the Servicing Agreement;
- (v) inability of the Servicer to meet the legal requirements and the Bank of Italy's regulations for entities acting as servicer.

Governing Law

The Servicing Agreement is governed by Italian law.

Administrative Services Agreement

Pursuant to an administrative services agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 (the “**Administrative Services Agreement**”), the Administrative Services Provider has agreed to provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with a number of administrative services, including the keeping of the corporate books and of the accounting and tax registers.

Governing Law

The Administrative Services Agreement is governed by Italian law.

Intercreditor Agreement

Under the terms of an intercreditor agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date, subsequently amended, (the “**Intercreditor Agreement**”) among the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Secured Creditors, the parties agreed that all the Available Funds of the Covered Bonds Guarantor will be applied in or towards satisfaction of the Covered Bonds Guarantor’s payment obligations towards the Covered Bondholders as well as the Secured Creditors, in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments provided in the Intercreditor Agreement.

According to the Intercreditor Agreement, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will, subject to a Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default having occurred, ensure that all the Available Funds are applied in or towards satisfaction of the Covered Bonds Guarantee’s payment obligations towards the Covered Bondholders as well as the Secured Creditors, in accordance with the Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments provided in the Intercreditor Agreement.

The obligations owed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to each of the Covered Bondholders and each of the Secured Creditors will be limited recourse obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. The Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors will have a claim against the Covered Bonds Guarantor only to the extent of the Available Funds, in each case subject to and as provided for in the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Transaction Documents.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor has granted a general irrevocable mandate to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, in the interest, and for the benefit of the Covered Bondholders and the other Secured Creditors, to act in the name and on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the terms and conditions specified in the Intercreditor Agreement, in exercising the rights of the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, other than the rights related to the collection and recovery of the Receivables or Securities and to cash and payment services (save, in this respect, as provided otherwise therein).

Governing Law

The Intercreditor Agreement is governed by Italian law.

Cash Management and Agency Agreement

On or about the Initial Issue Date the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Issuer, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent, the Seller, the Servicer, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Administrative Services Provider, the Calculation Agent and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders entered into a cash allocation, management and payments agreement, subsequently amended, (the “**Cash Management and Agency Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Account Bank, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Paying Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent, the Servicer, the Administrative Services Provider and the Calculation Agent will provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with certain calculation, notification and reporting services together with account handling and cash management services in relation to moneys from time to time standing to the credit of the Accounts.

Pursuant to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement:

- (i) the Receivables Account Bank will provide, *inter alia*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, on or prior to each Servicer Report Date, with a report together with account handling services in relation to moneys from time to time standing to the credit of the Receivables Collection Accounts;
- (ii) the Account Bank will provide, *inter alia*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, on or prior to each Servicer Report Date, with a report together with account handling services in relation to moneys from time to time standing to the credit of the Other Accounts (as defined below);
- (iii) the Cash Manager will provide, *inter alia*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, on or prior to each Servicer Report Date, with a report together with certain cash management services in relation to moneys standing to the credit of the Accounts;
- (iv) the Calculation Agent will provide, *inter alia*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor: (i) with the Payments Report which will set out the Available Funds and the payments to be made on the following Guarantor Payment Date and (ii) with the Investors Report which will set out certain information with respect to the Portfolio and the Covered Bonds;
- (v) the Paying Agent will provide the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor with certain payment services.

Receivables Collection Account Bank

The Receivables Collection Accounts will be opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and shall be operated by the Receivables Collection Account Bank, and the amounts to the credit thereof shall be debited and credited in accordance with the provisions of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

On behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Receivables Collection Account Bank shall maintain or ensure that records in respect of each of the Receivables Collection Accounts are maintained and such records will, on or prior to each Servicer Report Date, show separately: (i) the balance of each of Receivables Collection Accounts as of the immediately preceding Collection Date; (ii) the total interest accrued and paid on the Receivables Collection Accounts as of the immediately preceding Collection Period; and (iii) details of all amounts credited to, and transfers made from, each of the Receivables Collection Accounts in the course of the immediately preceding Collection Date. The Receivables Collection Account Bank will provide information to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Administrative Services Provider and/or the Calculation Agent upon their request, about the balance of those of the Receivables Collection Accounts which are held with it.

Pursuant to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, it is a necessary requirement that the Receivables Collection Account Bank shall always maintain the Minimum Required Receivables Collection Account Bank Rating provided for under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, and failure to so qualify shall constitute a termination event thereunder.

The Receivables Collection Account Bank may resign from its appointment under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may jointly terminate the appointment of the Receivables Collection Account Bank pursuant to the terms of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement. The Receivables Collection Account Bank shall not be released from its obligations under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement until its substitute, to be appointed by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Covered Bonds Guarantor jointly, has entered into the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and has accepted the Deed of Pledge, the Deed of Charge and has entered into the Intercreditor Agreement and the Master Definition Agreement.

Account Bank

The Other Accounts will be opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and shall be operated by the Account Bank, and the amounts standing to the credit thereof shall be debited and credited in accordance with the provisions of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

On behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Account Bank shall maintain or ensure that records in respect of each of the Accounts are maintained and such records will, on or prior to each Servicer Report Date, show separately: (i) the balance of each of the Other Accounts as of the immediately preceding Collection Date; (ii) the total interest accrued and paid on the Other Accounts as of the immediately preceding Collection Date; and (iii) details of all amounts or securities credited to, and transfers made from, each of the Other Accounts in the course of the immediately preceding Collection Period. The Account Bank will provide information to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Administrative Services Provider and/or the Calculation Agent, upon their request, about the balance of those of the Accounts which are held with it.

Pursuant to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, it is a necessary requirement that the Account Bank shall always maintain the Minimum Required Account Bank Ratings, provided for under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, and failure to so qualify shall constitute a termination event thereunder.

The Account Bank may resign from its appointment under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may jointly terminate the appointment of the Account Bank pursuant to the terms of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement. The Account Bank shall not be released from its obligations under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement until its substitute, to be appointed by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Covered Bonds Guarantor jointly, has entered into the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and has accepted the Deed of Pledge, the Deed of Charge and has entered into the Intercreditor Agreement and the Master Definition Agreement.

Cash Manager

On each Guarantor Payment Date, the Cash Manager shall, subject to receiving the Payments Report from the Calculation Agent, execute the payment instructions stated by the Calculation Agent and shall allocate the amounts standing on the Transaction Account according to the relevant Priorities of Payments, except for the payments to be carried out by the Paying Agent under the outstanding Covered Bonds.

During each Collection Period, the Cash Manager may instruct the Account Bank to invest funds standing to the credit of the Investment Account in Eligible Investments or Authorised Investments on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

Subject to compliance with the definitions of Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments and the other restrictions set out in the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, the Cash Manager shall have absolute discretion as to the types and amounts of Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments which it may acquire and as to the terms on which, through whom and on which markets, any purchase of Eligible Investments or Authorised Investments may be effected. As long as the Account Bank meets the requirements under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, with particular regard to the Minimum Required Account Bank Ratings, the Collection Accounts and the Investment Account constitute Eligible Investments, the Cash Manager will be under no obligation or duty whatsoever to instruct or consider instructing the Account Bank to invest funds standing to the credit of the Investment Account in any other Eligible Investment.

On or prior to each Servicer Report Date, the Cash Manager shall deliver a copy of its report, *inter alia*, to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Calculation Agent, which shall include information on the Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments.

The Cash Manager may resign from its appointment under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may jointly terminate the appointment of the Cash Manager pursuant to the terms of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement. The Cash Manager shall not be released from its obligations under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement until its substitute, to be appointed by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Covered Bonds Guarantor jointly, has entered into

a the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and has accepted the Deed of Pledge, the Deed of Charge and has entered into the Intercreditor Agreement and the Master Definition Agreement.

Calculation Agent

The Calculation Agent will prepare a Payments Report no later than the fifth Business Day prior to each Guarantor Payment Date, subject to receipt by it of reports from the Servicer, the Cash Manager, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank and the Administrative Services Provider, which will set out the Available Funds and payments to be made on the immediately succeeding Guarantor Payment Date in accordance with the applicable Priorities of Payments. Such Payments Report will be available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office of the Luxembourg Listing Agent.

On or prior to the Investors Report Date the Calculation Agent shall prepare and deliver to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Servicer, the Administrative Services Provider, the Luxembourg Listing Agent, the Cash Manager, the Rating Agency, the Investors Report setting out certain information with respect to the Portfolio and the Covered Bonds and promptly publish the Investors Report on the website of the Calculation Agent.

Paying Agent

The Paying Agent shall, prior to the delivery of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay (or following the withdrawal of an Article 74 Notice to Pay), make payments of principal and interest in respect of the Covered Bonds on behalf of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions, the relevant Final Terms and the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

Following the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default and following delivery of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay or of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default (in order to provide for the payment of the amounts due by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to the Covered Bondholders under the Covered Bonds Guarantee), the Account Bank, upon instruction of the Cash Manager, shall pay, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, to the Paying Agent, an amount equal to the amount necessary to execute payments of interest and principal due in relation to in respect of outstanding Covered Bonds on the relevant CB Payment Date.

Pursuant to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, it is a necessary requirement that the Paying Agent shall always maintain the Minimum Required Paying Agent Ratings, provided for under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, and failure to so qualify shall constitute a termination event thereunder.

Luxembourg Listing Agent

The Luxembourg Listing Agent will, upon and in accordance with the signed, written instructions of the Issuer or, after the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the Covered Bonds Guarantor or, following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, arrange for publication of any notice which is to be given to the Covered Bondholders by publication in a newspaper having general circulation in Luxembourg, or any other means from time to time accepted by the CSSF or Luxembourg Stock Exchange, and will maintain one copy thereof at its address and will supply a copy thereof to the Issuer, the Paying Agent, Monte Titoli and the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

The Luxembourg Listing Agent will: (a) promptly forward to the Issuer, the Paying Agent, the Administrative Services Provider, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Covered Bonds Guarantor a copy of any notice or communication addressed to the Covered Bonds Guarantor or to the Issuer by any Covered Bondholders and which is received by the Luxembourg Listing Agent; (b) make available to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Paying Agent such information in its possession as is reasonably required for the maintenance of the records in respect of all the Accounts; (c) comply with the listing rules of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange in connection with the Programme; and (d) promptly inform the Covered Bonds Guarantor of any fact which may affect its duties in connection with the Programme.

Termination

Upon the occurrence of certain events, including the Account Bank, the Receivables Collection Account Bank or the Paying Agent ceasing to maintain the respective Minimum Required Ratings, either the Issuer (only prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default and with respect to certain agents only), the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or the Covered Bonds Guarantor, provided that (in the case of the Covered Bonds Guarantor) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders consents in writing to such termination, may terminate the appointment of the Account Bank, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Paying Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent and the Calculation Agent, as the case may be, under the terms of the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

Governing Law

The Cash Management and Agency Agreement will be governed by Italian law.

Portfolio Administration Agreement

On or about the Initial Issue Date the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Cash Manager, the Asset Monitor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Calculation Agent have entered into the Portfolio Administration Agreement, subsequently amended. Pursuant to such agreement the Seller, the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor have undertaken certain obligations for the replenishment of the Portfolio in order to cure a breach of the Tests.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Portfolio Administration Agreement, the Calculation Agent has agreed to verify the compliance of the Tests and, in the event of a breach, to immediately notify in writing the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Issuer, the Seller, the Asset Monitor, the Paying Agent, the Hedging Counterparties and the Rating Agency of such breach. On each Calculation Date, moreover, the Calculation Agent shall deliver an asset cover report including the relevant calculations in respect of the Tests to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Seller, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Asset Monitor and the Hedging Counterparties.

Following the delivery of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay (and prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default), if necessary in order to effect timely payments under the Covered Bonds, as determined by the Calculation Agent in consultation with the Portfolio Manager, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement, subject to any pre-emption right of the Seller or the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement or any other Transaction Documents. The proceeds of any such sale shall be credited to the Investment Account. Following the delivery of a Notice to Pay and appointment of the Portfolio Manager, the Portfolio Manager shall deliver the reports required by the Portfolio Administration Agreement.

Following the delivery of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall, in the name and on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement, subject to any pre-emption right of the Seller pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement or any other Transaction Documents. The proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

Governing Law

The Portfolio Administration Agreement will be governed by Italian law.

Asset Monitor Agreement

On or about the Initial Issue Date, the Asset Monitor, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Calculation Agent, the Cash Manager, the Issuer, the Seller and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders entered into an asset monitor agreement (the “**Asset Monitor Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Asset Monitor has agreed to perform certain tests and procedures and carry out certain monitoring and reporting services with respect to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds

Guarantor.

Pursuant to the Asset Monitor Agreement, the Asset Monitor has agreed with the Issuer and, upon the delivery of a Notice to Pay, with the Covered Bonds Guarantor, subject to due receipt of the information to be provided by the Calculation Agent, to conduct independent tests in respect of the calculations performed by the Calculation Agent for the Tests, as applicable with a view of verifying the compliance by the Covered Bonds Guarantor with such tests.

The Asset Monitor will be required to conduct such tests no later than the relevant Asset Monitor Report Date (as defined under the Asset Monitor Agreement). On each Asset Monitor Report Date, the Asset Monitor shall deliver to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Calculation Agent, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Servicer and the Issuer the Asset Monitor Report.

Other than in relation to the verification of the Tests, the Asset Monitor is entitled, in the absence of manifest error, to assume that all information provided to it under the Asset Monitor Agreement is true and correct and is complete and not misleading. The results of the tests conducted by the Asset Monitor will be delivered to the Calculation Agent, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Issuer and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

In the Asset Monitor Agreement, the Asset Monitor has acknowledged to perform its services also for the benefit and in the interests of the Covered Bonds Guarantor (to the extent it will carry out the services under the appointment of the Issuer) and the Covered Bondholders and accepted that upon delivery of a Notice to Pay, it will receive instructions from, provide its services to, and be liable *vis-à-vis* the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on its behalf.

The Issuer and (upon delivery of a Notice to Pay) the Covered Bonds Guarantor may, subject to the prior written notice to the Rating Agency and the prior written consent of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, revoke the appointment of the Asset Monitor by giving not less than one year or earlier than one year, in the event of a breach of warranties and covenants, written notice to the Asset Monitor (with a copy to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Servicer and the Calculation Agent). If termination of the appointment of the Asset Monitor would otherwise take effect less than 30 days before or after any Calculation Date immediately after which an Asset Monitor Report shall be delivered, then such termination shall not take effect until the tenth day following such Calculation Date. In any case, no revocation of the appointment of the Asset Monitor shall take effect until a successor, notified in writing to the Rating Agency and approved by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, has been duly appointed in accordance with the provisions of the Asset Monitor Agreement.

The Asset Monitor may, at any time, resign by giving not less than one year (or such shorter period as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may agree) prior written notice of termination to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Calculation Agent, the Servicer and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, provided that such resignation will not take effect unless and until, *inter alia*: (i) a substitute Asset Monitor being appointed by the Issuer and (upon delivery of a Notice to Pay) the Covered Bonds Guarantor, with the prior written notice to the Rating Agency and with the prior written approval of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, on substantially the same terms as those set out in the Asset Monitor Agreement; (ii) the Asset Monitor being not released from its obligations under the Asset Monitor Agreement until a substitute Asset Monitor has entered into such new agreement and it has become a party to the Intercreditor Agreement; (iii) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, after the prior written notice to the Rating Agency, consenting in writing to the resignation (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) and (iv) if such resignation would otherwise take effect less than 30 days before or after any Calculation Date immediately after which an Asset Monitor Report shall be delivered, then such resignation shall not take effect until the tenth day following such Calculation Date.

Governing Law

The Asset Monitor Agreement is governed by Italian law.

Quotaholders' Agreement

On or about the Initial Issue Date the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Issuer and Stichting Viridis 2 entered into a quotaholders' agreement (the "**Quotaholders' Agreement**"), containing provisions and undertakings in relation to the management of the Covered Bonds Guarantor. In addition, pursuant to the Quotaholders' Agreement, Stichting Viridis 2 will grant a call option in favour of the Issuer to purchase from Stichting Viridis 2 and Intesa Sanpaolo will grant a put option in favour of Stichting Viridis 2 to sell to Intesa Sanpaolo the quota of the Issuer quota capital held by Stichting Viridis 2.

Governing Law

The Quotaholders' Agreement will be governed by Italian law.

Dealer Agreement

On or about the Initial Issue Date, the Issuer, the Representative of Covered Bondholders and the Dealer entered into a dealer agreement, subsequently amended, (the "**Dealer Agreement**"), which contains certain arrangements under which the Covered Bonds may be issued and sold, from time to time, by the Issuer to the Dealer or any other dealers.

The Issuer, the Covered Bondholders and the Seller will indemnify the Dealer for costs, liabilities, charges, expenses and claims incurred by or made against the Dealer arising out of, in connection with or based on breach of duty or misrepresentation by the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Seller.

The Dealer Agreement contains provisions relating to the resignation or termination of appointment of existing Dealer and for the appointment of additional or other dealers acceding as new dealer: (i) generally in respect of the Programme or (ii) in relation to a particular issue of Covered Bonds.

The Dealer Agreement contains stabilisation provisions.

Pursuant to the Dealer Agreement, the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Seller give certain representations and warranties to the Dealer in relation to, *inter alia*, themselves and the information given by each of them in connection with this Base Prospectus.

Governing Law

The Dealer Agreement will be governed by Italian law.

Subscription Agreement

The Dealer Agreement also contains the *pro forma* of the Subscription Agreement to be entered into in relation to each issue of Covered Bonds.

On or prior to the relevant Issue Date, the Issuer and the Relevant Dealers will enter into a subscription agreement under which the Relevant Dealers will agree to subscribe for the relevant tranche of Covered Bonds, subject to the conditions set out therein.

Under the terms of the Subscription Agreement, the Relevant Dealers will confirm the appointment of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

Governing Law

The Subscription Agreement will be governed by Italian law.

Deed of Pledge

On or about the Initial Issue Date the Covered Bonds Guarantor executed a deed of pledge, subsequently amended, (the "**Deed of Pledge**") by means of which the Covered Bonds Guarantor pledged in favour of the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors all the monetary claims and rights and all the amounts payable from time to time (including payment for claims, indemnities, damages, penalties, credits and guarantees) to which the Covered Bonds Guarantor is entitled pursuant or in relation to the Transaction Documents (other than the English law Transaction Documents, the Deed of Pledge and the Conditions), including the monetary claims and rights relating to the amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts and any other account established by the Covered Bonds

Guarantor in accordance with the provisions of the Transaction Documents. The Covered Bonds Guarantor will further grant a pledge in favour of the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors of all of its rights, title, interest and benefit from time to time in and to any Eligible Investments or Authorised Investments made on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the amounts and the securities standing to the credit of the Securities Account.

Governing Law

The Deed of Pledge is governed by Italian law.

Deed of Charge

On or about the Initial Issue Date, the Covered Bonds Guarantor executed a deed of charge (the “**Deed of Charge**”) by means of which the Covered Bonds Guarantor assigns by way of security to, and charges in favour of, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (acting in its capacity as Security Trustee for itself and on trust for the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors), all of its rights, title, interest and benefit from time to time in and to the Swap Agreements.

Governing Law

The Deed of Charge is governed by English law.

Swap Agreements

CB Swaps

In order to hedge the currency and/or interest rate exposure in relation to its floating or fixed rate obligations under the CB, the Covered Bonds Guarantor may enter into one or more swap transactions with the CB Hedging Counterparty on each Issue Date as confirmed by a confirmation (a “**CB Swap Confirmation**”) evidencing the terms of such transaction (a “**CB Swap**” and jointly the “**CB Swaps**”), subject to a 1992 International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreement (Multicurrency - Cross Border), including Schedule, 1995 ISDA Credit Support Annex (Bilateral Form – Transfer)(ISDA Agreements Subject to English law) (the “**Credit Support Annex**”) and CB Swap Confirmation (the “**CB Master Agreement**”).

TBG Swaps

In order to hedge the interest rate and/or currency risks related to the transfer of each Portfolio, the Covered Bonds Guarantor will enter into one or more swap transactions with the TBG Hedging Counterparty, on the date of each transfer as confirmed by a confirmation (a “**TBG Swap Confirmation**” and together with the CB Swap Confirmations, the “**Swap Confirmations**”) evidencing the terms of such transaction (a “**TBG Swap**” and jointly the “**TBG Swaps**” and together with the CB Swaps, the “**Swap Agreements**”), subject to a 1992 International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreement (Multicurrency - Cross Border), including Schedule, Credit Support Annex and TBG Swap Confirmation (the “**TBG Master Agreement**” and together with the CB Master Agreement, the “**Master Agreements**”).

With respect to any Swap, the respective Hedging Counterparty will, *inter alia*, be required to have the Minimum Required Hedging Counterparty Rating provided for under the respective Master Agreement.

In the event that the Hedging Counterparty ceases to hold a Moody’s First Trigger Required Rating (“**Initial Moody’s Rating Event**”), then the Hedging Counterparty shall notify the Rating Agency, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Covered Bonds Guarantor within 30 Business Days of such rating event and shall use its reasonable endeavors and as soon as reasonably practicable after such rating event and at its cost provide collateral pursuant to the terms of the Credit Support Annex.

In the event that the Hedging Counterparty shall cease to hold a Moody’s Second Trigger Required Rating (“Subsequent Rating Event”), then the Hedging Counterparty shall be required, (as soon as reasonably practicable after such downgrade) at its cost:

- (i) to continue to provide collateral under the terms of the Credit Support Annex until (ii) below occurs; and
- (ii) either to
 - (a) transfer all its interest in, and obligations under, this Agreement to another entity that holds a Moody's Second Trigger Required Rating; or
 - (b) procure another entity that holds a Moody's First Trigger Required Rating and/or a Moody's Second Trigger Required Rating to become a guarantor in respect of the obligations of the Hedging Counterparty under this Agreement.

Failure or inability by the Hedging Counterparty to comply with the obligations described above following an Initial Rating Event or a Subsequent Rating Event shall constitute an Additional Termination Event in accordance with Section 5(b)(v) of the Master Agreements in respect of which the Hedging Counterparty shall be the sole Affected Party.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor may only designate an Early Termination Date if it has found a replacement counterparty willing to enter into a new transaction close to the current one (economic and legal terms).

Each Master Agreement will terminate on the Maturity Date or, if applicable under the relevant Final Terms, the Extended Maturity Date or the Long Date Due For Payment Date, as the case may be, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms.

Under the terms of each Swap Confirmation, on or about each Payment Date, or Swap Payment Date in the case of the relevant Hedging Counterparty, both the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the relevant Hedging Counterparty are required to make a payment as set out in the respective Swap Confirmation.

In the event that the Covered Bonds Guarantor fails to make any one such payment then the relevant Hedging Counterparty is entitled to terminate all of the Swaps to which it is a party. Upon such termination, the Covered Bonds Guarantor may be required to make a termination payment to the Hedging Counterparty. Such payment will be made in accordance with the Priority of Payments set out in the Intercreditor Agreement. In the event that the Hedging Counterparty fails to make any payment then the Covered Bonds Guarantor is entitled to terminate all of the Swaps to which such Hedging Counterparty is a party. In the event that following a termination due to the occurrence of an Event of Default, a Termination Event or Additional Termination Event, the Covered Bonds Guarantor may be required to make a termination payment to the Hedging Counterparty, such payment will be made in accordance with the Priority of Payments set out in the Intercreditor Agreement.

Governing Law

The Swaps are governed by English law.

Notwithstanding the above, the Covered Bonds Guarantor could enter into hedging agreements, other than the Master Agreements, in order to hedge the interest rate and/or currency risk related to the transfer of each Portfolio or to the Covered Bonds. Details of such agreements will be provided for, from time to time, in the relevant Final Terms.

Master Definition Agreement

Pursuant to a master definition agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date and subsequently amended between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the other parties to the Transaction Documents (the "**Master Definition Agreement**"), the definitions of certain terms used in the Transaction Documents have been agreed.

Governing Law

The Master Definition Agreement is governed by Italian law.

SELECTED ASPECTS OF ITALIAN LAW

The following is an overview only of certain aspects of Italian law that are relevant to the transactions described in this Base Prospectus and of which prospective Covered Bondholders should be aware. It is not intended to be exhaustive and prospective Covered Bondholders should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus.

Law 130 and Article 7-bis thereof and BoI OBG Regulations. General remarks

Law 130 was enacted on 30 April 1999 and was conceived to simplify the securitisation process and to facilitate the increased use of securitisation as a financing technique in the Republic of Italy.

Law Decree no. 35 of 14 March 2005, converted with amendments into law by Law no. 80 of 14 May 2005, added articles 7-bis and 7-ter to Law 130, for the purpose of allowing Italian banks to use the securitisation techniques introduced by Law 130 in view of issuing covered bonds (*obbligazioni bancarie garantite*).

Pursuant to article 7-bis, certain provisions of Law 130 apply to transactions involving the “true” sale (by way of non-gratuitous assignment) of receivables or asset backed securities issued in the context of securitisation transactions meeting certain eligibility criteria set out in article 7-bis and in MEF Decree, where the sale is to a vehicle incorporated pursuant to article 7-bis and all amounts paid by the debtors are to be used by the special purpose vehicle exclusively to meet its obligations under a guarantee to be issued by it, in view of securing the payment obligations of the selling bank or of other banks in connection with the issue of covered bonds.

Pursuant to article 7-bis, the purchase price of the assets to be included in the portfolio shall be financed through the taking of a loan granted or guaranteed by the bank selling the assets or a different bank. The payment obligations of the special purpose vehicle under such loan shall be subordinated to the payment obligations of the issuing bank *vis-à-vis* the covered bond holders, the counterparties of any derivative contracts hedging risks in connection with the assigned receivables and securities, the counterparties of any other ancillary contract and counterparties having a claim in relation to any payment of other costs of the transaction.

The covered bonds are further regulated by the BoI OBG Regulations, under which the covered bonds may be issued also by banks which are member of banking groups meeting, as of the date of issuance of the covered bonds, certain requirements relating to the consolidated regulatory capital and the consolidated solvency ratio at the group’s level. Such requirements must be complied with, as of the date of issuance of the covered bonds, also by banks selling the assets, where the latter are different from the bank issuing the covered bonds and do not fall within the same banking group.

Following the enactment of Directive 2010/76/EU (“**CRD III**”), the Bank of Italy has amended the BoI OBG Regulations. The Bank of Italy supervisory regulations on covered bonds transactions were originally issued on 17 May 2007 and subsequently amended on 24 March 2010. Following the latest amendment, the Bank of Italy covered bonds regulations have been included within the prudential regulations for banks issued by the Bank of Italy (i.e. Bank of Italy’s Circular No. 263 of 27 December 2006 as amended from time to time), which have taken effect from 1 January 2012 (8th amendment dated 18 November 2011 to the Bank of Italy’s Circular No. 263 of 27 December 2006).

The new supervisory provisions on covered bonds have remained substantially the same as that set forth in the previous regulations. The key changes include the introduction of prudential requirements to be applied to the covered bonds guaranteed by asset backed securities (“**ABS**”) backed by residential and commercial mortgage loans. In particular, the supervisory regulations as amended set out the specific requirements that the ABS which are included in a covered bond programme must comply with, in order for the relevant covered bonds to be admitted to the relevant prudential treatment.

Eligibility criteria of the assets and limits to the assignment of assets

Under the MEF Decree, the following assets, *inter alia*, may be assigned to the purchasing company, together with any ancillary contracts aimed at hedging the financial risks embedded in the relevant assets: (a) loans extended to, or guaranteed by, the following entities, and securities issued or guaranteed by the same entities: (i) Admitted States, including therein any Ministries, municipalities (*enti pubblici territoriali*), national or local entities and other public bodies, which attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement; (ii) public administrations of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weighting factor equal to 0 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement, municipalities and national or local public bodies not carrying out economic activities (*organismi pubblici non economici*) of States other than Admitted States which attract a risk weight factor not exceeding 20 per cent. pursuant to the Directive 2006/48/EC regulation under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement (provided that such receivables and securities may not exceed 10 per cent. of the nominal value of the assets held by the covered bonds guarantor); (c) asset backed securities issued in the context of securitisation transactions, meeting the following criteria: (i) the relevant securitised receivables comprise, for an amount equal at least to 95 per cent., loans and securities referred to in letter (a) above; (ii) the relevant asset backed securities attract a risk weighting factor not exceeding 20 per cent. under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement.

For the purpose above, the relevant provisions define a guarantee “valid for purposes for the credit risk mitigation” as a guarantee eligible for the “credit risk mitigation”, in accordance with Directive 2006/48/EC of 14 June 2006 (the “**Restated Banking Directive**”). Similarly, the “Standardised Approach” shall provide a uniform approach to credit risk measurements as defined by the Restated Banking Directive.

The BoI OBG Regulations set out certain requirements for banks belonging to banking groups with respect to the issuance of covered bonds to be met at the time of the relevant issuance:

- (i) a regulatory capital on a consolidated basis of not less than Euro 500,000,000.00; and
- (ii) an overall capital ratio on a consolidated basis of not less than 9 per cent..

The above mentioned requirements must be complied with, as of the date of the assignment, also by the banks selling the assets, where the latter are different from the bank issuing the covered bonds and do not fall within the same banking group.

If the bank selling the assets does not belong to a banking group, the above mentioned requirements relate to the individual regulatory capital and/or overall capital ratio.

Moreover, the BoI OBG Regulations set out certain limits to the possibility for banks to assign eligible assets, which are based on the level of the consolidated (or individual, as the case may be) solvency ratio (“**CSR**”) and the “tier 1 ratio” (the “**T1R**”), in accordance with the following grid, contained in the BoI OBG Regulations:

Capital adequacy condition		Limits to the assignment
Group “a”	CSR \geq 11 % and T1R \geq 7 %	No limits
Group “b”	CSR \geq 10 % and $<$ 11 % and T1R \geq 6,5 %	Assignment allowed up to 60% of the eligible assets
Group “c”	CSR \geq 9 % and $<$ 10 % and T1R \geq 6 %	Assignment allowed up to 25% of the eligible assets

The relevant CSR and T1R set out in the grid relate to the aggregate of the covered bonds transactions launched by the relevant banking group or individual bank, as the case may be. If foreign entities belonging to the banking group of the bank selling the assets have issued covered bonds in accordance with their relevant jurisdiction and have therefore segregated part of their assets to guarantee the

relevant issuances, the limits set out above shall be applied to the eligible assets held by the Italian companies being part of the assigning bank's banking group.

The limits to the assignment set out above do not apply to Integration (as defined below) of the portfolio, provided that Integration is allowed exclusively within the limits set out by the BoI OBG Regulations.

The substitution of eligible assets included in the portfolio with other eligible assets of the same nature is also permitted, provided that certain conditions indicated under the BoI OBG Regulations are met.

Ring-Fencing of the assets

Under the terms of article 3 of Law 130, the assets relating to each transaction will by operation of law be segregated for all purposes from all other assets of the special purpose vehicle which purchases the assets. On a winding up of the special purpose vehicle such assets will only be available to holders of the covered bonds in respect of which the special purpose vehicle has issued the covered bond guarantee and to the other secured creditors of the special purpose vehicle. In addition, the assets relating to a particular covered bond transaction will not be available to the holders of covered bonds issued under any other covered bond transaction or to general creditors of the special purpose vehicle.

However, under Italian law, any other creditor of the special purpose vehicle which is not a party to the transaction documents would be able to commence insolvency or winding up proceedings against the special purpose vehicle in respect of any unpaid debt.

The assignment

The assignment of receivables under Law 130 is governed by article 58 paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of the Banking Law. The prevailing interpretation of these provisions, which view has been strengthened by article 4 of Law 130, is that

(a) as from the date of publication in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy (*Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*) of the notice of assignment of the relevant receivables in accordance with the applicable provisions of Article 58 of the Banking Law, the assignment of the relevant receivables will become enforceable against:

- (i) any creditors of the seller of the relevant receivables who have not commenced enforcement by means of obtaining an attachment order (*pignoramento*) prior to the date of publication of the notice of assignment of the relevant receivables;
- (ii) a receiver in the insolvency of the seller of the relevant receivables; and
- (iii) prior assignees of the relevant receivables who have not perfected their assignment by way of (A) notifying the assigned debtors or (B) making the assigned debtors acknowledge the assignment by an acceptance bearing a date certain at law (*data certa*) prior to the date of publication of the notice of assignment of the relevant receivables or in any other way permitted under applicable law,

without the need to follow the ordinary rules under Article 1265 of the Italian Civil Code as to making the assignment effective against third parties; and

(b) as from the later of (A) the date of the publication of the notice of assignment of the relevant receivables, and (B) the date of registration (*iscrizione*) of such notice with the Companies' Register of the district where the issuer is enrolled, in accordance with the applicable provisions of Article 58 of the Banking Law, the assignment of the relevant receivables will also become enforceable against:

- (i) the assigned debtors; and
- (ii) a receiver in the insolvency of the assigned debtors (so that any payments made by an assigned debtor to the purchasing company may not be subject to any claw back action according to Article 67 of the Bankruptcy Law),

without the need to follow the ordinary rules under Article 1264 of the Italian Civil Code as to making the assignment effective against the assigned debtor.

The benefit of any privilege, guarantee or security interest guaranteeing or securing repayment of the relevant receivables will automatically be transferred to and perfected with the same priority in favour of the special purpose vehicle, without the need for any formality or annotations.

As from the date of publication of the assignment of the relevant receivables in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy (*Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*), no legal action may be brought to attach the relevant receivables, or the sums derived therefrom, other than for the purposes of enforcing the rights of the holders of the covered bonds and to meet the costs of the transaction.

Notices of the assignment of the Initial Portfolio and of the New Portfolio pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement were published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy (*Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*) and were filed with the Companies' Register of Milan.

Article 7-bis provides for a special regime for the assignment of claims against public administrations, which deviates from the generally applicable regime (set out by articles 69 and 70 of Royal Decree no. 2440 of 18 November 1923). Article 7-bis, paragraph 4, expressly provides that articles 69 and 70 of Royal Decree no. 2440 of 1923 shall not apply to assignments of assets under Article 7-bis. Accordingly, the assignment of receivables against public administration shall be governed by the same rules governing the assignment of other receivables in the context of Article 7-bis and Law 130.

However, Article 7-bis, paragraph 4, also provides that where the functions of servicer (*soggetto incaricato della riscossione dei crediti*) are attributed, in the context of covered bonds transaction, to an entity other than the assigning bank (whether from the outset or eventually), notice of such circumstance shall be given by way of publication in the Italian Official Gazette and registered mail with return receipt to the relevant public administrations.

Exemption from claw-back

Assignments executed under Law 130 are subject to revocation on bankruptcy under article 67 of the Bankruptcy Law but only in the event that the transaction is entered into within three months of the adjudication of bankruptcy of the relevant party or in cases where paragraph 1 of article 67 applies, within six months of the adjudication of bankruptcy.

The subordinated loans to be granted to the special purpose vehicle and the covered bonds guarantee are subject to the provisions of article 67, paragraph 4, of the Bankruptcy Law, pursuant to which the provisions of article 67 relating to the claw back of for-consideration transactions, payments and guarantees do not apply to certain transactions.

Tests set out in the MEF Decree

Pursuant to article 3 of the MEF Decree, the issuing bank and the assigning bank (to the extent different from the issuing bank), will have to ensure that, in the context of the transaction, the following tests are satisfied on an ongoing basis:

- (i) the outstanding aggregate nominal amount of the portfolio shall be greater than or equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the outstanding covered bonds;
- (ii) the net present value of the portfolio, net of the transaction costs to be borne by the special purpose vehicle, including therein the expected costs and the costs of any hedging arrangement entered into in relation to the transaction, shall be greater than or equal to the net present value of the outstanding covered bonds;
- (iii) the amount of interest and other revenues generated by the portfolio, net of the costs borne by the special purpose vehicle, shall be greater than or equal to the interest and costs due by the bank under the outstanding covered bonds, taking also into account any hedging arrangements entered into in relation to the transaction.

Integration Assets

For the purpose of ensuring compliance with the tests described above and pursuant to article 2 of the MEF Decree, in addition to assets which are eligible in accordance with article 2, paragraph 1 of the MEF Decree, the following assets may be used for the purpose of the integration of the portfolio:

- (a) the creation of deposits with banks incorporated in Admitted States or in a State which attracts a risk weight factor equal to 0 per cent. under the “Standardised Approach” to credit risk measurement;
- (b) the assignment of securities issued by the banks referred to under (a) above, having a residual maturity not exceeding one year,

(the “**Integration Assets**”).

Integration through Integration Assets shall be allowed within the limits of 15 per cent. of the nominal value of the assets included in the portfolio.

In addition, pursuant to article 7-bis of Law 130 and the MEF Decree, integration of the portfolio (the “**Integration**”), whether through eligible assets or Integration Assets, shall be carried out in accordance with the modalities, and subject to the limits, set out in the BoI OBG Regulations.

More specifically, under the BoI OBG Regulations, Integration is allowed exclusively for the purpose of (a) complying with tests set out in the MEF Decree; (b) complying with any contractual overcollateralisation requirements agreed by the parties to the relevant agreements and (c) complying with the 15 per cent. limitation of the Integration Assets included the portfolio. The limits to the assignment indicated above do not apply to the Integration.

The Integration is not allowed in circumstances other than as set out in the BoI OBG Regulations.

The features of the covered bonds guarantee

According to article 4 of the MEF Decree the covered bonds guarantee shall be limited recourse to the portfolio, irrevocable, first demand, unconditional and autonomous from the obligations assumed by the issuer of the covered bonds. Accordingly, such obligations shall be a direct, unconditional, unsubordinated obligation of the special purpose vehicle, limited recourse to the special purpose vehicle’s available funds, irrespective of any invalidity, irregularity or unenforceability of any of the guaranteed obligations of the issuer of the covered bonds.

In order to ensure the autonomous and independent nature of the covered bonds guarantee, article 4 of the MEF Decree provides that the following provisions of the Italian Civil Code, generally applicable to personal guarantees (*fideiussioni*), shall not apply to the covered bonds guarantee: (a) article 1939, providing that a *fideiussione* shall not generally be valid where the guaranteed obligation is not valid; (b) article 1941, paragraph 1, providing that a *fideiussione* cannot exceed the amounts due by the guaranteed debtor, nor can it be granted for conditions more onerous than those pertaining to the main obligation; (c) article 1944, paragraph 2, providing, *inter alia*, that the parties to the contract pursuant to which the *fideiussione* is issued may agree that the guarantor shall not be obliged to pay before the attachment is carried out against the guaranteed debtor; (d) article 1945, providing that the guarantor can raise against the creditor any objections (*eccezioni*) which the guaranteed debtor is entitled to raise, except for the objection relating to the lack of legal capacity; (e) article 1955, providing that a *fideiussione* shall become ineffective (*estinta*) where, as a consequence of acts of the creditor, the guarantor is prevented from subrogating into any rights, pledges, mortgages, and liens (*privilegi*) of the creditor; (f) article 1956, providing that the guarantor of future receivables shall not be liable where the creditor – without the authorisation of the guarantor – has extended credit to a third party, while being aware that the economic conditions of the principal obligor were such that recovering the receivable would have become significantly more difficult; (g) article 1957, providing, *inter alia*, that the guarantor will be liable also after the guaranteed obligation has become due and payable, provided that the creditor has filed its claim against the guaranteed debtor within six months and has diligently pursued them.

The obligations of the covered bonds guarantor following a liquidation of the Issuer

The MEF Decree also sets out certain principles which are aimed at ensuring that the payment obligations of the special purpose vehicle are isolated from those of the issuer of covered bonds. To that effect it requires that the covered bonds guarantee contains provisions stating that the relevant obligations thereunder shall not accelerate upon the issuer’s default, so that the payment profile of the covered bonds shall not automatically be affected thereby.

More specifically, article 4 of the MEF Decree provides that in the event of a breach by the issuer of its obligations *vis-à-vis* the covered bond holders, the special purpose vehicle shall assume the obligations of the issuer – within the limits of the portfolio – in accordance with the terms and conditions originally set out for the covered bonds. The same provision applies where the issuer is subject to mandatory liquidation procedures (*liquidazione coatta amministrativa*).

In addition, the acceleration (*decadenza dal beneficio del termine*) provided for by article 1186 of the Civil Code and affecting the issuer shall not affect the payment obligations of the special purpose vehicle under the covered bonds guarantee. Pursuant to article 4 of the MEF Decree, the limitation in the application of Article 1186 of the Civil Code shall apply not only to the events expressly mentioned therein, but also to any additional event of acceleration provided for in the relevant contractual arrangements.

In accordance with article 4, paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree, in case of a *liquidazione coatta amministrativa* of the issuer, the special purpose vehicle shall exercise the rights of the covered bond holders *vis-à-vis* the issuer in accordance with the legal regime applicable to the issuer. Any amount recovered by the special purpose vehicle as a result of the exercise of such rights shall be deemed to be included in the portfolio.

The Bank of Italy shall supervise on the compliance with the aforesaid provisions, within the limits of the powers vested with the Bank of Italy by the Banking Law.

Controls over the transaction

The BoI OBG Regulations lay down rules on controls over transactions involving the issuance of Covered Bonds.

Inter alia, in order to provide support to the resolutions passed on the assignment of portfolios to the special purpose vehicle, both in the initial phase of transactions and in later phases, the assigning bank shall request to an auditing firm a confirmation (*relazione di stima*) stating that, on the basis of the activities carried out by that auditing firm, there are no reasons to believe that the appraisal criteria utilised in order to determine the purchase price of the assigned assets are not in line with the criteria which the assigning bank must apply when preparing its financial statements. The above mentioned confirmation is not required if the assignment is made at the book value, as recorded in the latest approved financial statements of the assigning bank, on which the auditors have issued a clean opinion. The above mentioned confirmation is not required if any difference between the book value and the purchase price of the relevant assets is exclusively due to standard financial fluctuations of the relevant assets and is not in any way related to reductions in the qualitative aspects of those assets and/or the credit risk related to the relevant debtors.

The management body of the issuing bank must ensure that the internal structures delegated to the risk management verify at least every six months and for each transaction, *inter alia*:

- (i) quality and integrity of the assets sold to the special purpose vehicle securing the obligations undertaken by the latter;
- (ii) compliance with the maximum ratio between covered bonds issued and the portfolio sold to the special purpose vehicle for purposes of backing the issue, in accordance with the MEF Decree;
- (iii) compliance with the limits to the assignment and the limits to Integration set out by the BoI OBG Regulations;
- (iv) effectiveness and adequacy of the coverage of risks provided under derivative agreements entered into in connection with the transaction.

The bodies with management responsibilities of issuing banks and banking groups ensure that an assessment is carried out on the legal aspects (*profili giuridici*) of the activity on the basis of specially issued legal opinions setting out an in-depth analysis of the contractual structures and schemes adopted, with a particular focus on, *inter alia*, the characteristics of the covered bonds guarantee.

The BoI OBG Regulations also contain certain provisions on the asset monitor, who is delegated to carry out controls over the regularity of the transaction (*regolarità dell'operazione*) and the integrity

of the covered bonds guarantee (*integrità della garanzia*). Pursuant to the BoI OBG Regulations the Asset Monitor shall be an auditing firm having adequate professional experience in relation to the tasks entrusted with the same and independent from (a) the bank entrusting the same and (b) the other entities which take part to the transaction. In order to meet this independence requirement the auditing firm entrusted with the monitoring must be different from the one entrusted with the auditing of the issuing bank and the selling bank (if different from the issuing bank) and the special purpose vehicle.

The Asset Monitor shall prepare annual reports on controls and assessments on the performance of transactions, to be addressed, *inter alia*, to the body entrusted with control functions of the bank which appointed the Asset Monitor. The BoI OBG Regulations refer to the provisions (article 52 and 61, paragraph 5, of the Banking Law), which impose on persons responsible for such control functions specific obligations to report to the Bank of Italy. Such reference appears to be aimed at ensuring that any irregularities found are reported to the Bank of Italy.

In order to ensure that the special purpose vehicle can perform, in an orderly and timely manner, the obligations arising under the covered bonds guarantee, the issuing banks shall use asset and liability management techniques for purposes of ensuring, including by way of specific controls at least every six months, that the payment dates of the cash-flows generated by the portfolio substantially match the payments dates with respect to payments due by the issuing bank under the covered bonds issued and other transaction costs.

Finally, in relation to the information flows, the parties to the covered bonds transactions shall assume contractual undertakings allowing the issuing bank (and the assigning bank, if different) also acting as servicer (and any third party servicer, if appointed) to hold the information on the portfolio which are necessary to carry out the controls described in the BoI OBG Regulations and for the compliance with the supervisory reporting obligations, including therein the obligations arising in connection with the participation to the central credit register (*Centrale dei Rischi*).

Insolvency proceedings (*procedura di insolvenza*)

Insolvency proceedings (*procedura di insolvenza*) conducted under Italian law may take the form of, *inter alia*, a bankruptcy proceeding (*fallimento*), a composition agreement with creditors under Article 160 and following of the Bankruptcy Law (*concordato preventivo*) or a debts restructuring agreement under Article 182-*bis* of the Bankruptcy Law (*accordo di ristrutturazione dei debiti*). Insolvency proceedings are only applicable to businesses (*imprese*) either run by companies, partnerships or by individuals. An individual who is not a sole entrepreneur or an unlimited partner in a partnership is not subject to insolvency.

A debtor can be declared bankrupt (*fallito*) and subject to *fallimento* (at its own initiative, or at the initiative of any of its creditors or, in certain cases, the public prosecutor) if it is not able to fulfil its obligations in a timely manner. If a bankruptcy proceeding is commenced, except for contrary provisions of the law, from the day of declaration of bankruptcy, no individual executory and precautionary action, even if relating to receivables fallen due during the bankruptcy proceeding, may be commenced or pursued against assets included in the bankruptcy proceeding. The debtor loses control over all of its assets and of the management of its business, which is taken over by a court appointed receiver (*curatore fallimentare*). Once judgment has been made by the court and the creditors' claims have been approved, the sale of the debtor's property is conducted in accordance with a liquidation plan (approved by the delegated judge and the creditors' committee) which may provide for the dismissal of the whole business or single business units, even through competitive procedures.

A qualifying insolvent debtor may avoid being subject to a bankruptcy proceeding (*fallimento*) by proposing to its creditors a composition agreement pursuant to Article 160 and following of the Bankruptcy Law (*concordato preventivo*) which is a restructuring proceeding involving an arrangement by a debtor in a state of crisis or state of insolvency with its creditors, subject to court supervision, the aim of which is to restructure the business and thus avoid a declaration of bankruptcy of such debtor. Such proposal shall be based on a plan describing proposed actions and activities to be performed in order to accomplish the financial restructuring of debtor's business and to satisfy its

creditors, which may provide for, among other things: (i) sales of assets, the assumption of debts or other extraordinary operations, such as the conversion of debt into equity, bonds, convertible bonds or other securities; (ii) the transfer of the business as a going concern to another entity (*assuntore*); (iii) the division of the creditors into separate classes consistent with their specific legal and economic characteristics; and (iv) different treatment for creditors belonging to different classes. From the date on which the petition for a composition agreement with creditors is filed before the competent court, an "automatic stay" period is triggered, during which all creditors are prevented from recovering their debt or foreclosing on the debtor's assets. The temporary "automatic stay" is effective until the date of final ratification (*decreto di omologazione*) of the composition agreement with creditors. Following the filing of the petition before the competent court, the relevant court evaluates whether conditions for admission to such proceeding are met. Should the court decide that the petition does not satisfy the requirements set out by law, the debtor's petition is rejected and if the debtor is in a state of insolvency it may be declared bankrupt (*fallito*). If the conditions for admission are met, the relevant court will, *inter alia*, appoint the court-appointed officeholder who will notify each creditor of the date of the creditor's meeting to vote on the plan proposed by the debtor. The composition agreement with creditors is approved with the affirmative vote of creditors representing the majority of credits admitted to vote. If there are different classes of creditors, the composition agreement with creditors is approved if the majority is reached also in the major number of classes. The court may ratify the composition agreement with creditors even if this has not been approved by the majority of creditors in one or more classes, provided that: (i) the majority of classes has approved the proposal; and (ii) the court believes that the creditor in a dissenting class will be in a position under the composition not worse than that in which they would be in case of any other feasible alternative. If creditors do not approve the composition agreement, the court will then declare its inadmissibility and may declare the debtor bankrupted if it is insolvent. On the contrary, if creditors approve the composition agreement, the designated judge, if all procedures have taken place regularly and in the absence of oppositions (or once possible oppositions have been dealt with and resolved), will ratify that approval.

Pursuant to Article 182-*bis* of the Bankruptcy Law, a debtor which is experiencing a state of crisis may require the ratification (*omologazione*) of a debts restructuring agreement (*accordo di ristrutturazione dei debiti*) entered into between it and its creditors representing at least 60 per cent. of the credits owed by it, by filing with the competent court the required corporate documentation and a certification of an expert - having certain characteristics - confirming (i) the feasibility of the debts restructuring agreement and (ii) its capability of procuring the regular payment of those creditors which are not a party to such debts restructuring agreement. The Debts Restructuring Agreement must be published in the debtor's companies' register and shall be effective as of the date of its publication. For a period of 60 days from the date of its publication, the debts restructuring agreement shall determine an "automatic stay" period pursuant to which any creditor having a title against such debtor arisen in advance to the date of publication of the debts restructuring agreement, will not be allowed to commence or continue any enforcement or precautionary action on the assets of the debtor. If the debts restructuring agreement complies with all the requirement set out by law and it is feasible to aim its purposes, the court shall issue a decree (*decreto di omologazione*) validating such debts restructuring agreement.

Description of extraordinary administration of banks (Amministrazione Straordinaria delle Banche) – Suspension of payments

A bank may be submitted to the extraordinary administration of banks (*amministrazione straordinaria delle banche*) where: (a) serious administrative irregularities, or serious violations of the provisions governing the bank's activity provided for by laws, regulations or the bank's by-laws activity are found; (b) serious capital losses are expected to occur; (c) the dissolution has been the object of a request by the administrative bodies or an extraordinary company meeting providing the reasons for the request.

According to the Banking Law, the procedure is initiated by a decree of the Ministry of Economy and Finance, acting on a proposal by the Bank of Italy, which shall dissolve the bodies entrusted respectively with management and control functions of the bank. Subsequently the Bank of Italy shall appoint, within 15 days as from the date of that decree: (a) one or more special administrator

(*commissari straordinari*); (b) a surveillance committee composed of between three and five members (*comitato di sorveglianza*). The *commissari straordinari* are entrusted with the duty to assess the situation of the bank, remove the irregularities which may have been found and promote solutions in the best interest of the depositors of the bank. The *comitato di sorveglianza* exercises auditing functions and provides to the *commissari straordinari* the opinions requested by the law or by the Bank of Italy. However, it should be noted that the Bank of Italy may instruct in a binding manner the *commissari straordinari* and the *comitato di sorveglianza* providing specific safeguards and limits concerning the management of the bank.

In exceptional circumstances, pursuant to article 74 of the Banking Law, the *commissari straordinari*, in order to protect the interests of the creditors, in consultation with the *comitato di sorveglianza* and subject to an authorisation by the Bank of Italy, may suspend payment of the bank's liabilities and the restitution to customers of financial instruments. Payments may be suspended for a period of up to one month, which may be extended for an additional period of two months. During the suspension period forced executions or actions to perfect security interests involving the bank's properties or customers' securities may not be initiated or prosecuted. During the same period mortgages may not be registered on the bank's immovable property nor may any other rights of preference on the bank's movable property be acquired, except in the case of enforceable court orders issued prior to the beginning of the suspension period. The suspension shall not trigger the insolvency of the bank.

The *amministrazione straordinaria delle banche* shall last for one year from the date of issue of the decree of the Ministry of the Economy and Finance, unless the decree provides for a shorter period or the Bank of Italy authorises the early termination. In exceptional cases, the procedure may be extended for an additional period of up to six months. The Bank of Italy may extend the duration of the procedure for periods of up to two months, in connection with the acts and formalities related to the termination of the procedure, provided that the relevant acts to be executed have already been approved by the Bank of Italy.

At the end of the procedure, the *commissari straordinari* shall undertake the necessary steps for the appointment of the bodies governing the bank in the ordinary course of business. After the appointment, the management and audit functions shall be transferred to the newly appointed bodies. It should however be noted that, should at the end of the procedure or at any earlier time the conditions for the declaration of the *liquidazione coatta amministrativa* (described in the following section) be met, then the bank may be subject to such procedure.

Description of administrative liquidation (*Liquidazione Coatta Amministrativa delle Banche*)

According to the Banking Law, when the conditions for the *amministrazione straordinaria delle banche* and described in the preceding paragraph are exceptionally serious (*di eccezionale gravità*), or when a court has declared the state of insolvency of the bank, the Ministry of Economy and Finance, acting on a proposal of the Bank of Italy, by way of a decree, may revoke the authorisation for the carrying out of banking activities and submit the bank to the compulsory winding up (*liquidazione coatta amministrativa*).

From the date of issue of the decree the functions of the administrative and control bodies, of the shareholders meetings and of any other governing body of the bank shall cease. The Bank of Italy shall appoint: (a) one or more liquidators (*commissari liquidatori*); (b) a surveillance committee composed of between three and five members (*comitato di sorveglianza*).

From the date the *commissari liquidatori* and the *comitato di sorveglianza* have assumed their functions and in any case from the third day following the date of issue of the aforesaid decree of the Ministry of Economy and Finance, the payment of any liabilities and the restitution of assets owned by third parties shall be suspended.

The *commissari liquidatori* shall act as legal representatives of the bank, exercise all actions that pertain to the bank and carry out all transactions concerning the liquidation of the bank's assets. The *comitato di sorveglianza* shall: (i) assist the *commissari liquidatori* in exercising their functions, (ii) control the activities carried out by *commissari liquidatori*; and (iii) provide to the *commissari liquidatori* the opinions requested by the law or by the Bank of Italy. The Bank of Italy may issue

directives concerning the implementation of the procedure and establish that some categories of operations and actions shall be subject to its authorisation and to preliminary consultation with the *comitato di sorveglianza*.

The Banking Law regulates the procedure for the assessment of the bank's liabilities (*accertamento del passivo*), and the procedures which allow creditors whose claims have been excluded from the list of liabilities (*stato passivo*) to challenge the list of liabilities.

The liquidators, with the favourable opinion of the *comitato di sorveglianza* and subject to authorisation by the Bank of Italy, may assign assets and liabilities, going concerns, assets and legal relationships identifiable as a pool (*in blocco*). Such assets may be assigned at any stage of the procedure, even before the *stato passivo* has been deposited. The assignor shall however be liable exclusively for the liabilities included in the *stato passivo*. Subject to prior authorisation of the Bank of Italy and for the purpose of maximizing profits deriving from the liquidation of the assets, the commissari liquidatori may continue the banks' activity or of specific going concerns of the bank, in compliance with any indications provided for by the *comitato di sorveglianza*. In such case the provision of the Bankruptcy Law concerning the termination of legal relationships shall not apply.

Once the assets have been realised and before the final allotment to the creditors or to the last restitution to customers, the *commissari liquidatori* shall present to the Bank of Italy the closing statement of accounts of the liquidation, the financial statement and the allotment plan, accompanied by their own report and a report by the surveillance committee.

Insolvency of Italian local entities

Local entities may not be declared bankrupt.

Legislative Decree no. 267 of 18 August 2000 sets out a special procedure in the case of the serious financial distress of provinces and municipalities (*dissesto*). *Dissesto* occurs if the relevant local entity cannot ensure the performance of the functions or the essential services it must perform or is unable to pay third party creditors for due and payable credits. The main consequences of the *dissesto* can be summarised as follows: (i) a special entity charged with the settlement of the debts must be appointed by the President of the Republic of Italy; (ii) the special entity must prepare a plan for the restructuring of the budget to account for the current financial situation; and (iii) foreclosure proceedings against the relevant local entity connected with debts arisen within 31 December immediately preceding the restructuring plan referred to under (ii) are prohibited; pending foreclosure proceedings are extinguished; and seizure proceedings are ineffective against the relevant local entity.

The aim of the *dissesto* procedure is to make sure that the local entities regain financial stability in order to ensure the performance of the essential services provided by law and to fulfill their liabilities to third party creditors. The *dissesto* procedure is to be completed in a limited period of time, once the time limit is expired, creditors who have not been satisfied during the *dissesto* procedure, may commence foreclosure proceeding to recover their receivables.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE COVERED BONDS

The following is the text of the terms and conditions of the Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) (the “Conditions” and, each of them, a “Condition”). In these Conditions, references to the “holder” of Covered Bonds and to the “Covered Bondholders” are to the ultimate owners of the Covered Bonds, dematerialised and evidenced by book entries with Monte Titoli in accordance with the provisions of (i) the Financial Law and implementing regulations and (ii) the joint regulation of CONSOB and the Bank of Italy dated 22 February 2008 and published in the Official Gazette no. 54 of 4 March 2008, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to time.

The Covered Bondholders are deemed to have notice of and are bound by, and shall have the benefit of, inter alia, the terms of the Rules of the Organisation of Covered Bondholders attached to, and forming part of, these Conditions. In addition, the applicable Final Terms in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds may specify other terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the Conditions, complete the Conditions for the purpose of such Series.

In relation to Covered Bonds issued in registered form also as German law governed registered covered bonds (the “Registered Covered Bonds”), the terms and conditions of such Series of Registered Covered Bonds will be as set out in the Registered Covered Bond (and the terms and conditions of the Registered Covered Bonds (the “Registered Covered Bond Conditions”) attached as a Schedule thereto). Any reference to an “Registered Covered Bond Condition” other than in this section shall be deemed to be, as applicable, a reference to the relevant provision of the Registered Covered Bond or the Registered Covered Bonds Conditions attached as a schedule.

Any reference to the Conditions or a Condition shall be referred to the Conditions and/or the Registered Covered Bonds Conditions as the context may require. Any reference to the Covered Bondholders shall be referred to the holders of the Covered Bonds and/or the registered holder for the time being of a Registered Covered Bond as the context may require.

Any reference to the Covered Bonds will be construed as to including the Covered Bonds issued under the Conditions and/or the Registered Covered Bonds as the context may require.

1 Introduction

- (a) *Programme:* Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (the “**Issuer**”) has established a Covered Bond Programme (the “**Programme**”) for the issuance of up to Euro 20,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of covered bonds (the “**Covered Bonds**”) guaranteed by ISP CB PUBBLICO S.r.l. (the “**Covered Bonds Guarantor**”). Covered Bonds are issued pursuant to Article 7-bis of Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999 (as amended, the “**Law 130**”), Decree of the Ministry for the Economy and Finance no. 310 of 14 December 2006 (“**MEF Decree**”) and the supervisory instructions of the Bank of Italy relating to covered bonds under Title V, Section 3, of the 8th update to circular no. 263 of 27 December 2006, containing the “*Nuove disposizioni di vigilanza prudenziali per le banche*” as further implemented and amended, (the “**BoI OBG Regulations**”) and jointly with Law 130 and MEF Decree, the “**OBG Regulations**”).
- (b) *Final Terms:* Covered Bonds are issued in series (each a “**Series**”) and each Series may comprise one or more tranches (each a “**Tranche**”). Each Series is the subject of final terms (the “**Final Terms**”) which completes these Conditions. The terms and conditions applicable to any particular Series of Covered Bonds are these Conditions as completed by the relevant Final Terms. In the event of any inconsistency between these Conditions and the relevant Final Terms, the relevant Final Terms shall prevail.
- (c) *Covered Bonds Guarantee:* Each Series of Covered Bonds is the subject of a guarantee dated on or about the Initial Issue Date (the “**Covered Bonds Guarantee**”) entered into by the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the purpose of guaranteeing the payments due from the Issuer in respect of the Covered Bonds of all Series issued under the Programme. The Covered Bonds Guarantee will be collateralised by a cover pool constituted by certain assets assigned from

time to time to the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement (as defined below) and in accordance with the provisions of the Law 130, the MEF Decree and the BoI OBG Regulations.

- (d) *Dealer Agreement and Subscription Agreement*: in respect of each Series of Covered Bonds issued under the Programme, the Relevant Dealer(s) (as defined below) has or have agreed to subscribe for the Covered Bonds and pay the Issuer the Issue Price for the Covered Bonds on the Issue Date under the terms of a dealer agreement dated on or about the Initial Issue Date (the “**Dealer Agreement**”) between the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the dealer(s) named therein (the “**Dealers**”), as supplemented (if applicable) by a subscription agreement entered into between the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Relevant Dealer(s) (as defined below) on or around the date of the relevant Final Terms (the “**Subscription Agreement**”). In the Dealer Agreement, the Dealer has appointed Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group S.p.A. as representative of the Covered Bondholders (in such capacity, the “**Representative of the Covered Bondholders**”), as described in Condition 13 (*Representative of the Covered Bondholders*).
- (e) *Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement*: In a mandate agreement with Monte Titoli dated on or about the Initial Issue Date (the “**Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement**”), Monte Titoli has agreed to provide the Issuer with certain depository and administration services in relation to the Covered Bonds.
- (f) *Master Definition Agreement*: In a master definition agreement dated on or about the Initial Issue Date (the “**Master Definition Agreement**”) between all the parties to each of the Transaction Documents (as defined below), the definitions of certain terms used in the Transaction Documents have been agreed.
- (g) *The Covered Bonds*: Except where stated otherwise, all subsequent references in these Conditions to “Covered Bonds” are to the Covered Bonds which are the subject of the relevant Final Terms, but all references to “each Series of Covered Bonds” are to (i) the Covered Bonds which are the subject of the relevant Final Terms and (ii) each other Series of Covered Bonds issued under the Programme which remains outstanding from time to time.
- (h) *Rules of the Organisation of Covered Bondholders*: The Rules of the Organisation of Covered Bondholders are attached to, and form an integral part of, these Conditions. References in these Conditions to the “**Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders**” include such rules as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions contained therein and any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.
- (i) *Summaries*: Certain provisions of these Conditions are summaries of the Transaction Documents and are subject to their detailed provisions. Covered Bondholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Transaction Documents applicable to them. Copies of the Transaction Documents are available for inspection by Covered Bondholders during normal business hours at the registered office of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders from time to time and, where applicable, at the Specified Offices of each of the Paying Agents.

2 Interpretation

2.1 Definitions

In these Conditions the following expressions have the following meanings:

“**Administrative Services Agreement**” means an administrative services agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between Intesa Sanpaolo as administrative services provider and the Covered Bonds Guarantor;

“**Amortisation Test**” has the meaning given to it in the Portfolio Administration Agreement;

“**Amortisation Test Adjusted Eligible Portfolio**” has the meaning given to it in the Portfolio Administration Agreement;

“**Article 74 Event**” has the meaning given to it in Condition 11(a) (Article 74 Event);

“**Article 74 Notice to Pay**” means the notice to be served by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement upon the occurrence of an Article 74 Event;

“**Asset Monitor**” means the auditing company appointed as asset monitor in accordance with the Asset Monitor Agreement and any successor thereto;

“**Asset Monitor Agreement**” means the Asset Monitor Agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Asset Monitor and the Issuer;

“**Available Funds**” shall include (a) the Interest Available Funds, (b) the Principal Available Funds and (c) following an Issuer Event of Default, the amounts received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as a result of any enforcement taken *vis-à-vis* the Issuer in accordance with Article 4, Paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree (the “**Excess Proceeds**”).

“**Banking Law**” means Legislative Decree no. 385 of 1 September 1993, as amended and supplemented from time to time;

“**Business Day**” means:

- (i) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments generally in each (if any) Additional Business Centre; and
- (ii) in relation to any sum payable in a currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments generally in Luxembourg, in the Principal Financial Centre of the relevant currency and in each (if any) Additional Business Centre;

“**Business Day Convention**”, in relation to any particular date, has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms and, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, may have different meanings in relation to different dates and, in this context, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

- (i) “**Following Business Day Convention**” means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day;
- (ii) “**Modified Following Business Day Convention**” or “**Modified Business Day Convention**” means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a Business Day;
- (iii) “**Preceding Business Day Convention**” means that the relevant date shall be brought back to the first preceding day that is a Business Day;
- (iv) “**FRN Convention**”, “**Floating Rate Convention**” or “**Eurodollar Convention**” means that each relevant date shall be the date which numerically corresponds to the preceding such date in the calendar month which is the number of months specified in the relevant Final Terms as the Specified Period after the calendar month in which the preceding such date occurred *provided, however, that*:
 - (A) if there is no such numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which any such date should occur, then such date will be the last day which is a Business Day in that calendar month;
 - (B) if any such date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then such date will be the first following day which is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case it will be the first preceding day which is a Business Day; and
 - (C) if the preceding such date occurred on the last day in a calendar month which was a Business Day, then all subsequent such dates will be the last day which is a

Business Day in the calendar month which is the specified number of months after the calendar month in which the preceding such date occurred; and

(v) **“No Adjustment”** means that the relevant date shall not be adjusted in accordance with any Business Day Convention;

“Calculation Agent” means the company appointed as calculation agent in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and the Portfolio Administration Agreement and any successor thereto;

“Calculation Amount” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Cash Management and Agency Agreement” means the Cash Management and Agency Agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Cash Manager, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Servicer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Calculation Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent and the Paying Agent;

“Cash Manager” means Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. acting as such pursuant to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement;

“CB Hedging Counterparty” means the party acting as hedging counterparty in accordance with the CB Swap and any successor thereof.

“CB Interest Period” means each period beginning on (and including) a CB Payment Date (or, in case of the first CB Interest Period, the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the next CB Payment Date (or, in case of the last CB Interest Period, the Maturity Date);

“CB Payment Date” means the First CB Payment Date and any date or dates specified as such in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms and, if a Business Day Convention is specified in the relevant Final Terms:

- (i) as the same may be adjusted in accordance with the relevant Business Day Convention; or
- (ii) if the Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention and an interval of a number of calendar months is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being the Specified Period, each of such dates as may occur in accordance with the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention at such Specified Period of calendar months following the Interest Commencement Date (in the case of the first CB Payment Date) or the previous CB Payment Date (in any other case);

“CB Swap” means the swap agreement entered into on or about the Issued Date between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the CB Hedging Counterparty for hedging the currency / interest rate risk on the Covered Bonds;

“Clearstream” means Clearstream Banking, société anonyme, Luxembourg;

“CONSOB” means *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa*;

“Covered Bondholders” means the holders of Covered Bonds, from time to time;

“Covered Bonds Guarantor” means ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l., a limited liability company (*società a responsabilità limitata*) incorporated in the Republic of Italy pursuant to article 7 *bis* of Law 130, whose registered office is at Via Monte di Pietà 8, Milan, Italy, share capital Euro 120,000.00, enrolled with the Companies Register of Milan, under no. 05936150969, and in the general list of financial intermediaries held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy under no. 40387, pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law.

“Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice” means the notice to be served by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement upon the occurrence of any of the Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default;

“Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default” has the meaning given to it in Condition 11(e)

(Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default);

“**Day Count Fraction**” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount for any period of time (the “**Calculation Period**”), such day count fraction as may be specified in these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms and:

- (i) if “**Actual/Actual (ICMA)**” is so specified, means:
 - (a) where the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Regular Period during which it falls, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods normally ending in any year; and
 - (b) where the Calculation Period is longer than one Regular Period, the sum of:
 - (A) the actual number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the Regular Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year; and
 - (B) the actual number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Regular Period divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods normally ending in any year;
- (ii) if “**Actual/365**” or “**Actual/Actual (ISDA)**” is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of the Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (iii) if “**Actual/365 (Fixed)**” is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365;
- (iv) if “**Actual/360**” is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “**30/360 (Fixed rate)**” (in respect of Condition 5 (*Fixed Rate Provisions*)) is so specified, means the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360 (the number of days to be calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months (unless (i) the last day of the Calculation Period is the 31st day of a month but the first day of the Calculation Period is a day other than the 30th or 31st day of a month, in which case the month that includes that last day shall not be considered to be shortened to a 30-day month, or (ii) the last day of the Calculation Period is the last day of the month of February, in which case the month of February shall not be considered to be lengthened to a 30-day month));
- (vi) if “**Actual/365 (Sterling)**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the CB Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of a CB Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (vii) if “**30/360 (Floating Rate)**” (in respect of Condition 6 (*Floating Rate*)) is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360x(Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30x(M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day

included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30”;

- (viii) if “**30E/360**” or “**Eurobond Basis**” is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360x(Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30x(M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (ix) if “**30E/360 (ISDA)**” is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360x(Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30x(M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be

30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30,

provided, however, that in each such case the number of days in the Calculation Period is calculated from and including the first day of the Calculation Period to but excluding the last day of the Calculation Period;

“**Due for Payment Date**” has the meaning given to such expression under the Covered Bonds Guarantee.

“**Early Redemption Amount**” means, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds, the principal amount of such Series or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Early Redemption Date**” means, as applicable, the Optional Redemption Date (Call), the Optional Redemption Date (Put) or the date on which any Series of Covered Bonds is to be redeemed pursuant to Condition 8(c) (*Redemption for tax reasons*);

“**Early Termination Amount**” means, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds, the principal amount of such Series or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms;

“**Euroclear**” means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V.;

“**Extension Determination Date**” means the date falling four Business Days prior to the Maturity Date;

“**Extended Maturity Date**” means, in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds, the date if any specified as such in the relevant Final Terms to which the payment of all or (as applicable) part of the Final Redemption Amount payable on the Maturity Date will be deferred pursuant to Condition 8(b) (*Extension of maturity*).

“**Extendable Maturity**” has the meaning given to such expression under Condition 8(b) (*Extension of maturity*).

“**Extraordinary Meeting**” has the meaning given in the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders attached to these Conditions;

“**Final Redemption Amount**” means, with respect to a Series of Covered Bonds, the amount, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, representing the amount due (subject to the applicable grace period) in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bond;

“**First CB Payment Date**” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Fixed Coupon Amount**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Guaranteed Amounts**” means (i) prior to the service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, with respect to any Due for Payment Date, the sum of amounts equal to the Scheduled Interest and the Scheduled Principal, in each case, payable on that Due for Payment Date, or (ii) after the service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, an amount equal to the relevant Early Redemption Amount (as defined and specified in the Conditions) *plus* all accrued and unpaid interest and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Covered Bonds, including all Excluded Scheduled Interest Amounts and all Excluded Scheduled Principal Amounts (whenever the same arose) and all amounts payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Transaction Documents, provided that any Guaranteed Amounts representing interest paid after the Maturity Date shall be paid on such dates and at such rates as specified in the relevant Final Terms. The Guaranteed Amounts include any Guaranteed Amount that was timely paid by or on behalf of the Issuer to the Covered Bondholders to the extent it has been clawed back and recovered from the Covered Bondholders by the receiver or liquidator, in bankruptcy or other insolvency or similar official for the Issuer named or identified in the Order, and has not been paid or recovered from any

other source (the “**Clawed Back Amounts**”). In each case the Guaranteed Amounts does not include any additional amounts payable under Condition 10(a) (*Gross up by Issuer*);

“**Guarantor Payment Date**” means 31 March and 30 September of each year, or, if any such day is not a Business Day, the following Business Day or, following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the earlier of (i) each Business Day falling 10 Business Days after the Business Day on which an amount at least equal to 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Series of Covered Bonds is standing to the credit of the Transaction Account and the Investment Account, and (ii) 31 March and 30 September of each year, or, if any such day is not a Business Day, the following Business Day, provided that the first Guarantor Payment Date shall be 31 March 2010.

“**Hard Bullet Covered Bonds**” means the Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no Extended Maturity Date is specified in the relevant Final Terms, and the Final Redemption Amount in respect to such Series will be due for payment on the Maturity Date and the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test shall apply;

“**Hedging Senior Payment**” means, on any relevant date, any interest and/or principal payment due under any CB Swap or TBG Swap, as the case may be, including any termination payment arising out of a termination event, other than termination payments where the relevant Hedging Counterparty is the defaulting party or the sole affected party, but including, in any event, the amount of any termination payment due and payable to the relevant Hedging Counterparty in relation to the termination of the relevant swap transactions to the extent of any premium received (net of any costs reasonably incurred by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to find a replacement swap counterparty), if any, by the Covered Bonds Guarantor from a replacement swap counterparty in consideration for entering into swap transactions with the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the same terms as the relevant CB Swaps or TBG Swaps. With respect to the *Additional Provisions* “Mark to Market Payment” in the TBG Swaps, any payment under this clause will be part of the Hedging Senior Payments for an amount up to the difference on each Guarantor Payment Date between the purchase price paid by any purchaser/s of the Selected Asset and the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Public Assets and Integration Assets sold to such purchaser/s.

“**Initial Issue Date**” means the date on which the Issuer will issue the first Series of Covered Bonds.

“**Insolvency Event**” means, in respect of any company or corporation, that:

- (i) such company or corporation has become subject to any applicable bankruptcy, liquidation, administration, insolvency, composition or reorganisation (including, without limitation, *fallimento*, *liquidazione coatta amministrativa*, *concordato preventivo* and *amministrazione straordinaria*, each such expression bearing the meaning ascribed to it by the laws of the Republic of Italy, and including the seeking of liquidation, winding-up, reorganisation, dissolution, administration) or similar proceedings or the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of such company or corporation are subject to a *pignoramento* or any procedure having a similar effect (other than, in the case of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, any portfolio of assets purchased by the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the purposes of further programme of issuance of Covered Bonds), unless in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (who may rely on the advice of legal advisers selected by it), such proceedings are being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (ii) an application for the commencement of any of the proceedings under (i) above is made in respect of or by such company or corporation or such proceedings are otherwise initiated against such company or corporation and, in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (who may rely on the advice of legal advisers selected by it), the commencement of such proceedings are not being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (iii) such company or corporation takes any action for a re-adjustment of deferment of any of its obligations or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the

benefit of its creditors (other than, in case of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the creditors under the Transaction Documents) or is granted by a competent court a moratorium in respect of any of its indebtedness or any guarantee of any indebtedness given by it or applies for suspension of payments; or

- (iv) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding-up, liquidation or dissolution in any form of such company or corporation or any of the events under Article 2448 of the Italian Civil Code occurs with respect to such company or corporation (except in any such case a winding-up or other proceeding for the purposes of or pursuant to a solvent amalgamation or reconstruction, the terms of which have been previously approved in writing by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders); or
- (v) such company or corporation becomes subject to any proceedings equivalent or analogous to those above under the law of any jurisdiction in which such company or corporation is deemed to carry on business;

“Intercreditor Agreement” means the agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Servicer, the Issuer, the Calculation Agent, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the other Secured Creditors ;

“Interest Amount” means, in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds and a CB Interest Period, the amount of interest payable in respect of that Series for that CB Interest Period;

“Interest Available Funds” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Master Definition Agreement.

“Interest Commencement Date” means, in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds, the Issue Date of such Covered Bonds or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms;

“Interest Determination Date” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as amended and updated as at the date of issue of the first Series of Covered Bonds (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc.;

“Issue Date” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Issuer Event of Default” has the meaning given to it in Condition 11(c) (*Issuer Event of Default*);

“Long Dated Covered Bonds” means any Covered Bond issued by the Issuer in respect of which the Extended Maturity Date is set at the Long Date Due for Payment Date and identified as such in the relevant Final Terms;

“Long Date Due For Payment Date” means the CB Payment Date immediately following the tenth anniversary of the last Maturity Date of the Public Asset or Integration Asset contained in the Portfolio;

“Margin” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Master Transfer Agreement” means the master transfer agreement entered into on May 20, 2009 between the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor;

“Maturity Date” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Maximum Redemption Amount” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Minimum Redemption Amount” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Minimum Required Account Bank Rating” means the short term rating required by the Rating Agency with reference to the entity which acts in its capacity as Account Bank and which is at least equal to "P-3" from the Rating Agency.

“Minimum Required Pre-Maturity Liquidity Guarantor Rating” means the short term rating required by the Rating Agency with reference to the entity which acts in its capacity as guarantor in

order to cure a breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test and which is at least equal to "P-1" from the Rating Agency.

"Monte Titoli" means Monte Titoli S.p.A. a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Via Mantegna 6, Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code and VAT number 03638780159, registered with the Milan Register of Enterprises under number 03638780159.

"Monte Titoli Account Holder" means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of its customers with Monte Titoli (as *intermediari aderenti*) in accordance with Article 83-*quater* of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 and includes any depository banks appointed by the Relevant Clearing System;

"Notice to Pay" means the notice to be served by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement upon the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default;

"Official Gazette" means *La Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*;

"Optional Redemption Amount (Call)" means, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds, the principal amount of such Series or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

"Optional Redemption Amount (Put)" means, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds, the principal amount of such Series or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

"Optional Redemption Date (Call)" has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

"Optional Redemption Date (Put)" has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

"Organisation of the Covered Bondholders" means the association of the Covered Bondholders, organised pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders;

"Outstanding Principal Balance" means, at any date, in relation to a loan, a bond, a Series of Covered Bonds or any other asset the aggregate nominal principal amount outstanding of such loan, bond, Series of Covered Bonds or asset at such date.

"Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds" means the Outstanding Principal Balance of the outstanding Series of Covered Bonds.

"Payment Business Day" means a day on which banks in the relevant Place of Payment are open for payment of amounts due in respect of debt securities and for dealings in foreign currencies and any day which is:

- (i) if the currency of payment is euro, a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre; or
- (ii) if the currency of payment is not euro, a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment and in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre;

"Person" means any individual, company, corporation, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, organisation, state or agency of a state or other entity, whether or not having separate legal personality;

"Place of Payment" means, in respect of any Covered Bondholders, the place at which such Covered Bondholder receives payment of interest or principal on the Covered Bonds;

"Portfolio Administration Agreement" means the portfolio administration agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Seller, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Calculation Agent;

"Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments" has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Intercreditor Agreement.

“**Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Intercreditor Agreement.

“**Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Intercreditor Agreement.

“**Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payments**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Intercreditor Agreement.

“**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings**” means, with reference to the Issuer a short-term credit rating from the Rating Agency of at least P-1.

“**Pre-Maturity Rating Period**” means the period of 12 months preceding the Maturity Date of any Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds.

“**Pre-Maturity Test Account**” means the account or the accounts to be opened by the Issuer for making deposits in any form in order to remedy a breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test.

“**Principal Available Funds**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Master Definition Agreement.

“**Principal Financial Centre**” means, in relation to any currency, the principal financial centre for that currency *provided, however, that:*

- (i) in relation to euro, it means the principal financial centre of such Member State of the European Communities as is selected (in the case of a payment) by the payee or (in the case of a calculation) by the Paying Agent; and
- (ii) in relation to Australian dollars, it means either Sydney or Melbourne and, in relation to New Zealand dollars, it means either Wellington or Auckland; in each case as is selected (in the case of a payment) by the payee or (in the case of a calculation) by the Paying Agent;

“**Priorities of Payments**” means, collectively, the Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payment, the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment, the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments and the Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments.

“**Public Assets**” means any Public Asset (as defined in the Master Definition Agreement) which is sold and assigned by the Seller to the Covered Bonds Guarantor from time to time under the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement;

“**Put Option Notice**” means a notice which must be delivered to the Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent and the Asset Monitor by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of any Covered Bondholder wanting to exercise a right to redeem Covered Bonds at the option of the Covered Bondholder;

“**Put Option Receipt**” means a receipt issued by the Paying Agent to a depositing Covered Bondholder upon deposit of Covered Bonds with such Paying Agent by any Covered Bondholder wanting to exercise a right to redeem Covered Bonds at the option of the Covered Bondholder;

“**Quotaholders’ Agreement**” means the quotaholder agreement executed on or about the Initial Issue Date by, *inter alia*, the Issuer and Stichting Viridis 2;

“**Rate of Interest**” means the rate or rates (expressed as a percentage per annum) of interest payable in respect of the Series of Covered Bonds specified in the relevant Final Terms or calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of these Conditions and/or the relevant Final Terms;

“**Redemption Amount**” means, as appropriate, the Final Redemption Amount, the Early Redemption Amount, the Optional Redemption Amount (Call), the Optional Redemption Amount (Put), the Early Termination Amount or such other amount in the nature of a redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reference Banks**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms or, if none, four major banks selected by the Paying Agent in the market that is most closely connected with the Reference Rate;

“**Reference Price**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reference Rate**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Regular Period**” means:

- (i) in the case of Covered Bonds where interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including the Interest Commencement Date to but excluding the first CB Payment Date and each successive period from and including one CB Payment Date to but excluding the next CB Payment Date;
- (ii) in the case of Covered Bonds where, apart from the first CB Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any CB Payment Date falls; and
- (iii) in the case of Covered Bonds where, apart from one CB Interest Period other than the first CB Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any CB Payment Date falls other than the CB Payment Date falling at the end of the irregular CB Interest Period;

“**Relevant Clearing System**” means Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other clearing system (other than Monte Titoli) specified in the relevant Final Terms as a clearing system through which payments under the Covered Bonds may be made;

“**Relevant Date**” means, in relation to any payment, whichever is the later of (a) the date on which the payment in question first becomes due and (b) if the full amount payable has not been received in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment by the Paying Agent on or prior to such due date, the date on which (the full amount having been so received) notice to that effect has been given to the Covered Bondholders;

“**Relevant Dealer(s)**” means, in relation to a Series, the Dealer(s) which is/are party to any agreement (whether oral or in writing) entered into with the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the issue by the Issuer and the subscription by such Dealer(s) of such Series pursuant to the Dealer Agreement;

“**Relevant Financial Centre**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Relevant Screen Page**” means the page, section or other part of a particular information service (including, without limitation, Reuters) specified as the Relevant Screen Page in the relevant Final Terms, or such other page, section or other part as may replace it on that information service or such other information service, in each case, as may be nominated by the Person providing or sponsoring the information appearing there for the purpose of displaying rates or prices comparable to the Reference Rate;

“**Relevant Time**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Scheduled Due for Payment Date**” means:

- (a) (A) the date on which the Scheduled Payment Date in respect of such Guaranteed Amounts is reached, and (B) only with respect to the first Scheduled Payment Date immediately after the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default, the day which is two Business Days following service, respectively, of the Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or the Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor in respect of such Guaranteed Amounts, if such Article 74 Notice to Pay or Notice to Pay has not been served more than two Business Days prior to the relevant Scheduled Payment Date; or
- (b) if the applicable Final Terms specified that an Extended Maturity Date is applicable to the relevant series of Covered Bonds, the CB Payment Date that would have applied if the Maturity Date of such series of Covered Bonds had been the Extended Maturity Date or such other CB Payment Date(s) as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

“**Scheduled Interest**” means an amount equal to the amount in respect of interest which would have been due and payable by the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, on each CB Payment Dates as specified in the Conditions falling on or after service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (but excluding any additional amounts relating to premiums, default interest or interest upon interest: the “**Excluded Scheduled Interest Amounts**”), but including such Excluded Scheduled Interest Amounts (whenever the same arose) following service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice if the Covered Bonds had not become due and repayable prior to their Maturity Date or Extended Maturity Date (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms) or where applicable, after the Maturity Date such other amounts of interest as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms, *less* any additional amounts the Issuer would be obliged to pay as result of any gross-up in respect of any withholding or deduction made under the circumstances set out in the Conditions.

“**Scheduled Principal**” means an amount equal to the amount in respect of principal which would have been due and repayable by the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, on each CB Payment Dates as specified in the Conditions falling on or after service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (but excluding any additional amounts relating to prepayments, early redemption, broken funding indemnities, penalties, or premiums: the “**Excluded Scheduled Principal Amounts**”), but including such Excluded Scheduled Principal Amounts (whenever the same arose) following service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice if the Covered Bonds had not become due and repayable prior to their Maturity Date or, if in accordance with the Final Terms an Extended Maturity Date is applied to such Series, the Extended Maturity Date of such Series.

“**Secured Creditors**” has the meaning given in the Master Definition Agreement;

“**Selected Assets**” has the meaning given in the Master Definition Agreement;

“**Seller**” means Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as such pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement;

“**Servicer**” means Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as such pursuant to the Servicing Agreement;

“**Servicing Agreement**” means the agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Servicer;

“**Specified Currency**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Specified Denomination(s)**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Specified Office**” means with reference to the Paying Agent, Piazza del Calendario no. 3, 20126, Milan, Italy, or such other office in the same city or town as the Paying Agent may specify by notice to the Issuer and the other parties to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement in the manner provided therein;

“**Specified Period**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subordinated Loan Agreement**” means the subordinated loan agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Subordinated Loan Provider and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as amended and supplemented from time to time;

“**Subordinated Loan Provider**” means Intesa Sanpaolo, and any successor thereof, appointed as subordinated loan provider in accordance with the Subordinated Loan Agreement;

“**Subsidiary**” has the meaning given to it in Article 2359 of the Italian Civil Code;

“**Swap Agreements**” means collectively the CB Swaps and the TBG Swaps;

“**TARGET Settlement Day**” means any day on which TARGET2 (the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer system) is open;

“**TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty**” means the bank appointed as hedging counterparty in accordance with the TBG 1 Swap and any successor thereof;

“**TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty**” means the bank appointed as hedging counterparty in accordance

with the TBG 2 Swap and any successor thereof;

“**TBG Hedging Counterparties**” means jointly the TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty and the TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty;

“**TBG 1 Swap**” means any swap agreement entered into between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty with respect to any Portfolio of fixed rate Receivables and Securities;

“**TBG 2 Swap**” means any swap agreement entered into between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty with respect to any Portfolio of floating rate Receivables and Securities;

“**TBG Swaps**” means jointly the TBG 1 Swap and the TBG 2 Swap;

“**Tests**” means jointly the Asset Coverage Test, the Amortisation Test, the NPV Test and the Interest Coverage Test as respectively defined under the Portfolio Administration Agreement;

“**Transaction Documents**” means collectively the Master Transfer Agreement, the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement, the Portfolio Administration Agreement, the Administrative Services Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, the Asset Monitor Agreement, the Dealer Agreement, the Subscription Agreements, the Quotaholders’ Agreement, the Deed of Pledge, the Deed of Charge, the Swap Agreements, the Master Definition Agreement, the Conditions, the Final Terms and any document or agreement which supplement, amend or restate the content of any of the above mentioned documents and any other documents designated as such by the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders;

“**Warranty and Indemnity Agreement**” means the warranty and indemnity agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as amended and supplemented from time to time; and

“**Zero Coupon Covered Bond**” means a Covered Bond specified as such in the relevant Final Terms.

2.2 *Interpretation:*

In these Conditions:

- (i) any reference to principal shall be deemed to include the Redemption Amount, any additional amounts in respect of principal which may be payable under Condition 10 (*Taxation*), any premium payable in respect of a Series of Covered Bonds and any other amount in the nature of principal payable pursuant to these Conditions;
- (ii) any reference to interest shall be deemed to include any additional amounts in respect of interest which may be payable under Condition 10 (*Taxation*) and any other amount in the nature of interest payable pursuant to these Conditions;
- (iii) if an expression is stated in Condition 2.1 (*Definitions*) to have the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms, but the relevant Final Terms gives no such meaning or specifies that such expression is “not applicable” then such expression is not applicable to the Covered Bonds;
- (iv) any reference to a Transaction Document shall be construed as a reference to such Transaction Document, as amended, supplemented and/or restated up to and including the Issue Date of the relevant Covered Bonds;
- (v) any reference to a party to a Transaction Document (other than the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor) shall, where the context permits, include any Person who, in accordance with the terms of such Transaction Document, becomes a party thereto subsequent to the date thereof, whether by appointment as a successor to an existing party or by appointment or otherwise as an additional party to such document and whether in respect of the Programme generally or in respect of a single Series only; and

- (vi) any reference in any Italian legislation (whether primary legislation or regulations or other subsidiary legislation made pursuant to primary legislation) shall be construed as a reference to such legislation as the same may have been, or may from time to time be, amended or re-enacted.

3 Form, Denomination and Title

The Covered Bonds are in the Specified Denomination(s), which may include a minimum denomination and higher integral multiples of a smaller amount, in each case as specified in the relevant Final Terms. The Covered Bonds will be issued in bearer form and in dematerialised form (*emesse in forma dematerializzata*) and will be wholly and exclusively deposited with Monte Titoli in accordance with article 83-*bis* of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998, through the authorised institutions listed in Article 83-*quarter* of such legislative decree. The Covered Bonds will at all times be evidenced by, and title thereto will be transferable by means of, book-entries in accordance with the provisions of article 83-*bis* of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 and the joint regulation of CONSOB and the Bank of Italy dated 22 February 2008 and published in the Official Gazette no. 54 of 4 March 2008, as amended and supplemented from time to time. The Covered Bonds will be held by Monte Titoli on behalf of the Covered Bondholders until redemption or cancellation thereof for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli Account Holder. No physical documents of title will be issued in respect of the Covered Bonds. The rights and powers of the Covered Bondholders may only be exercised in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders. For the purposes of Commission Regulation no. 809/2004/EC, dematerialised Covered Bonds shall be deemed as having been issued in bearer form.

4 Status and Guarantee

- (a) *Status of the Covered Bonds:* The Covered Bonds constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and will rank *pari passu* without preference among themselves and (save for any applicable statutory provisions) at least equally with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer from time to time outstanding. In the event of a compulsory winding-up (*liquidazione coatta amministrativa*) of the Issuer, any funds realised and payable to the Covered Bondholders will be collected by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on their behalf.
- (b) *Status of the Covered Bonds Guarantee:* The payment of Guaranteed Amounts in respect of each Series of Covered Bonds when due for payment will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in the Covered Bonds Guarantee. However, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall have no obligation under the Covered Bonds Guarantee to pay any Guaranteed Amount on the Due for Payment Date until the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default and service by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay.
- (c) *Priority of Payments.* Amounts due by the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Covered Bonds Guarantee shall be paid in accordance with the Priority of Payments, as set out in the Intercreditor Agreement.

Any payment made by the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall discharge the corresponding obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds *vis-à-vis* the Covered Bondholders.

5 Fixed Rate Provisions

- (a) *Application:* This Condition 5 is applicable to the Covered Bonds only if the Fixed Rate Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable.
- (b) *Accrual of interest:* The Covered Bonds bear interest on its Outstanding Principal Balance from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the rate(s) per annum equal to the Rate of Interest. Interest will be payable in arrear on each CB Payment Date, subject as provided in Condition 9 (*Payments*), up to (and excluding) the Maturity Date, or as the case may be, the Extended Maturity Date. Each Covered Bond will cease to bear interest from the

due date for final redemption unless payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which case it will continue to bear interest in accordance with this Condition 5 (both before and after judgment) until whichever is the earlier of (i) the day on which all sums due in respect of such Covered Bond up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Covered Bondholder and (ii) the day which is seven days after the Paying Agent has notified the Covered Bondholders that it has received all sums due in respect of the Covered Bonds up to such seventh day (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

- (c) *Fixed Coupon Amount:* The amount of interest payable in respect of each Covered Bond for any CB Interest Period shall be the relevant Fixed Coupon Amount and, if the Covered Bonds are in more than one Specified Denomination, shall be the relevant Fixed Coupon Amount in respect of the relevant Specified Denomination.
- (d) *Calculation of interest amount:* The amount of interest payable in respect of each Covered Bond for any period for which a Fixed Coupon Amount is not specified shall be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest to the Calculation Amount, multiplying the product by the relevant Day Count Fraction, rounding the resulting figure to the nearest sub-unit of the Specified Currency (half a sub-unit being rounded upwards) and multiplying such rounded figure by a fraction equal to the Specified Denomination of such Covered Bond divided by the Calculation Amount. For this purpose a “**sub-unit**” means, in the case of any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, in the case of euro, means one cent.

6 Floating Rate

- (a) *Application:* This Condition 6 is applicable to the Covered Bonds only if the Floating Rate Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable.
- (b) *Accrual of interest:* Each Covered Bond bears interest on its Outstanding Principal Balance from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the Rate of Interest payable in arrear on each CB Payment Date, subject as provided in Condition 9 (*Payments*). Each Covered Bond will cease to bear interest from the due date for final redemption unless payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which case it will continue to bear interest in accordance with this Condition (both before and after judgment) until whichever is the earlier of (i) the day on which all sums due in respect of such Covered Bond up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Covered Bondholder and (ii) the day which is seven days after the Paying Agent has notified the Covered Bondholders that it has received all sums due in respect of the Covered Bonds up to such seventh day (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).
- (c) *Screen Rate Determination:* If Screen Rate Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Covered Bonds for each CB Interest Period will be determined by the Paying Agent on the following basis:
 - (i) if the Reference Rate is a composite quotation or customarily supplied by one entity, the Paying Agent will determine the Reference Rate which appears on the Relevant Screen Page as of the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date;
 - (ii) in any other case, the Paying Agent will determine the arithmetic mean of the Reference Rates which appear on the Relevant Screen Page as of the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date;
 - (iii) if, in the case of (i) above, such rate does not appear on that page or, in the case of (ii) above, fewer than two such rates appear on that page or if, in either case, the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, the Paying Agent will:
 - (A) request the principal Relevant Financial Centre office of each of the Reference Banks to provide a quotation of the Reference Rate at

approximately the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date to prime banks in the Relevant Financial Centre interbank market in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in that market at that time; and

(B) determine the arithmetic mean of such quotations; and

(iv) if fewer than two such quotations are provided as requested, the Paying Agent will determine the arithmetic mean of the rates (being the nearest to the Reference Rate, as determined by the Paying Agent) quoted by major banks in the Principal Financial Centre of the Specified Currency, selected by the Paying Agent, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (local time in the Principal Financial Centre of the Specified Currency) on the first day of the relevant CB Interest Period for loans in the Specified Currency to leading European banks for a period equal to the relevant CB Interest Period and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in that market at that time,

and the Rate of Interest for such CB Interest Period shall be the sum of the Margin and the rate or (as the case may be) the arithmetic mean so determined; *provided, however, that* if the Paying Agent is unable to determine a rate or (as the case may be) an arithmetic mean in accordance with the above provisions in relation to any CB Interest Period, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Covered Bonds during such CB Interest Period will be the sum of the Margin and the rate or (as the case may be) the arithmetic mean last determined in relation to the Covered Bonds in respect of a preceding CB Interest Period.

(d) *ISDA Determination*: If ISDA Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Covered Bonds for each CB Interest Period will be the sum of the Margin and the relevant ISDA Rate where “ISDA Rate” in relation to any CB Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) that would be determined by the Paying Agent under an interest rate swap transaction if the Paying Agent were acting as Paying Agent for that interest rate swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the ISDA Definitions and under which:

(i) the Floating Rate Option (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) is as specified in the relevant Final Terms;

(ii) the Designated Maturity (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) is a period specified in the relevant Final Terms; and

(iii) the relevant Reset Date (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) is either (A) if the relevant Floating Rate Option is based on the London inter-bank offered rate (LIBOR) for a currency, the first day of that CB Interest Period or (B) in any other case, as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

(e) *Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest*: If any Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest is specified in the relevant Final Terms, then the Rate of Interest shall in no event be greater than the maximum or be less than the minimum so specified.

(f) *Calculation of Interest Amount*: The Paying Agent will, as soon as practicable after the time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined in relation to each CB Interest Period, calculate the Interest Amount payable in respect of each Covered Bond for such CB Interest Period. The Interest Amount will be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest for such CB Interest Period to the Calculation Amount, multiplying the product by the relevant Day Count Fraction, rounding the resulting figure to the nearest sub-unit of the Specified Currency (half a sub-unit being rounded upwards) and multiplying such rounded figure by a fraction equal to the Specified Denomination of the relevant Covered Bond divided by the Calculation Amount. For this purpose a “**sub-unit**” means, in the case of any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, in the case of euro, means one cent.

(g) *Calculation of other amounts*: If the relevant Final Terms specifies that any other amount is to

be calculated by the Paying Agent, then the Paying Agent will, as soon as practicable after the time or times at which any such amount is to be determined, calculate the relevant amount. The relevant amount will be calculated by the Paying Agent in the manner specified in the relevant Final Terms.

- (h) *Publication:* The Paying Agent will cause each Rate of Interest and Interest Amount determined by it, together with the relevant CB Payment Date, and any other amount(s) required to be determined by it together with any relevant payment date(s) to be notified to each competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system (if any) by which the Covered Bonds have then been admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation as soon as practicable after such determination but (in the case of each Rate of Interest, Interest Amount and CB Payment Date) in any event not later than the first day of the relevant CB Interest Period. Notice thereof shall also promptly be given to the Covered Bondholders. The Paying Agent will be entitled to recalculate any Interest Amount (on the basis of the foregoing provisions) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the relevant CB Interest Period. If the Calculation Amount is less than the minimum Specified Denomination, the Paying Agent shall not be obliged to publish each Interest Amount but instead may publish only the Calculation Amount and the Interest Amount in respect of a Covered Bond having the minimum Specified Denomination.
- (i) *Notifications etc:* All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Condition by the Paying Agent will (in the absence of manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Covered Bondholders and (subject as aforesaid) no liability to any such Person will attach to the Paying Agent in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions for such purposes.

7 Zero Coupon Provisions

- (a) *Application:* This Condition 7 is applicable to the Covered Bonds only if the Zero Coupon Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable.
- (b) *Late payment on Zero Coupon Covered Bonds:* If the Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Covered Bond is improperly withheld or refused, the Redemption Amount shall thereafter be an amount equal to the sum of:
 - (i) the Reference Price; and
 - (ii) the product of the Accrual Yield (compounded annually) being applied to the Reference Price on the basis of the relevant Day Count Fraction from (and including) the Issue Date to (but excluding) whichever is the earlier of (i) the day on which all sums due in respect of such Covered Bond up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Covered Bondholder and (ii) the day which is seven days after the Paying Agent has notified the Covered Bondholders that it has received all sums due in respect of the Covered Bonds up to such seventh day (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

8 Redemption and Purchase

- (a) *Scheduled redemption:* Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as specified below, the Covered Bonds of each Series will be redeemed at their Final Redemption Amount on the relevant Maturity Date, subject as provided in Condition 8(b) (*Extension of maturity*) and Condition 9 (*Payments*). If an Extended Maturity Date is not specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms for a Series of Covered Bonds, Condition 8(m) (*Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test*) shall apply.

The Issuer shall confirm to the Paying Agent as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event at least as of the Extension Determination Date as to whether payment will or will not be made in full of the Final Redemption Amount in respect of the Covered Bonds on that Maturity Date. Any failure by the Issuer to notify the Paying Agent shall not affect the validity

or effectiveness of the extension.

- (b) *Extension of maturity*: If an Extended Maturity Date is specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms for a Series of Covered Bonds and an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default has occurred, following the service respectively of an Article 74 Notice to Pay or a Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Calculation Agent on its behalf determines that the Covered Bonds Guarantor has insufficient Available Funds under the relevant Priorities of Payments to pay the Guaranteed Amounts corresponding to the Final Redemption Amount in full in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds on the date falling on the Extension Determination Date, then (subject as provided below), payment of the unpaid amount by the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee shall be deferred until the Extended Maturity Date *provided that* any amount representing the Final Redemption Amount due and remaining unpaid after the Extension Determination Date may be paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on any CB Payment Date thereafter up to (and including) the relevant Extended Maturity Date (the “**Extendable Maturity**”). Notwithstanding the above, if the Covered Bonds are extended as a consequence of the occurrence of an Article 74 Event, upon termination of the suspension period and withdrawal of the Article 74 Notice to Pay, the Issuer shall resume responsibility for meeting the payment obligations under any Series of Covered Bonds in respect of which an Extendable Maturity has occurred, and any Final Redemption Amount shall be due for payment on the last Business Day of the month in which the Article 74 Notice to Pay has been withdrawn.

The Covered Bonds Guarantor shall notify the relevant Covered Bondholders (in accordance with Condition 18 (*Notices*)), any relevant Hedging Counterparties, the Rating Agency, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Paying Agent as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event at least one Business Day prior to the relevant Maturity Date of any inability of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay in full the Guaranteed Amounts corresponding to the Final Redemption Amount in respect of a Series of Covered Bonds pursuant to the Covered Bonds Guarantee. Any failure by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to notify such parties shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of the extension nor give rise to any rights in any such party.

In the circumstances outlined above, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall on the relevant Due for Payment Date, pursuant to the Covered Bonds Guarantee, apply the moneys (if any) available (after paying or providing for payment of higher ranking or *pari passu* amounts in accordance with the relevant Priorities of Payments) *pro rata* in payment of an amount equal to the Final Redemption Amount in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds and shall pay Guaranteed Amounts constituting interest in respect of each such Covered Bond on such date. The obligation of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to pay any amounts in respect of the balance of the Final Redemption Amount not so paid on such Due for Payment Date shall be deferred as described above.

Interest will continue to accrue on any unpaid amount during such extended period and be payable on each Guarantor Payment Date following the Maturity Date up to the Extended Maturity Date (inclusive).

Where an Extended Maturity Date is specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms for a Series of Covered Bonds and applied, failure to pay on the Maturity Date by the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall not constitute a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default.

- (c) *Redemption for tax reasons*: The Covered Bonds may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part:
- (i) at any time (if neither the Floating Rate Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable); or
 - (ii) on any CB Payment Date (if the Floating Rate Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable),

on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Covered Bondholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Early Redemption Amount, together with interest accrued (if any) to the date fixed for redemption, if:

- (A) the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 10 (*Taxation*) as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of Italy or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations (including a holding by a court of competent jurisdiction), which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the date of issue of the first Series of Covered Bonds; and
- (B) such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it,

provided, however, that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than:

- (1) where the Covered Bonds may be redeemed at any time, 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer would be obliged to pay such additional amounts if a payment in respect of the Covered Bonds were then due; or
- (2) where the Covered Bonds may be redeemed only on an CB Payment Date, 60 days prior to the CB Payment Date occurring immediately before the earliest date on which the Issuer would be obliged to pay such additional amounts if a payment in respect of the Covered Bonds were then due.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this paragraph, the Issuer shall deliver to the Paying Agent with copy to the Luxembourg Listing Agent and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders a certificate signed by duly authorised officers of the Issuer stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred and such evidence shall be sufficient to the Paying Agent and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and conclusive and binding on the Covered Bondholders. Upon the expiry of any such notice as is referred to in this Condition 8(c), the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Covered Bonds in accordance with this Condition 8(c).

- (d) *Redemption at the option of the Issuer:* If the Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable, the Covered Bonds may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole or, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, in part on any Optional Redemption Date (Call) at the relevant Optional Redemption Amount (Call) on the Issuer's giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice to the Covered Bondholders (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall oblige the Issuer to redeem the Covered Bonds on the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Call) at the Optional Redemption Amount (Call) plus accrued interest (if any) to such date).
- (e) *Partial redemption:* If the Covered Bonds are to be redeemed in part only on any date in accordance with Condition 8(d) (*Redemption at the option of the Issuer*), the Covered Bonds to be redeemed in part shall be redeemed in the principal amount specified by the Issuer and the Covered Bonds will be so redeemed in accordance with the rules and procedures of Monte Titoli and/or any other Relevant Clearing System (to be reflected in the records of such clearing systems as a pool factor or a reduction in principal amount, at their discretion), subject to compliance with applicable law, the rules of each competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system (if any) by which the Covered Bonds have then been admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation. The notice to Covered Bondholders referred to in Condition 8(d) (*Redemption at the option of the Issuer*) shall specify the proportion of the Covered Bonds so to be redeemed. If any Maximum Redemption Amount or Minimum Redemption Amount is specified in the relevant Final Terms, then the Optional Redemption Amount (Call) shall in no event be greater than the maximum or be less than the minimum so specified.

- (f) *Redemption at the option of Covered Bondholders:* If the Put Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable, the Issuer shall, at the option of any Covered Bondholder redeem such Covered Bonds held by it on the Optional Redemption Date (Put) specified in the relevant Put Option Notice at the relevant Optional Redemption Amount (Put) together with interest (if any) accrued to such date. In order to exercise the option contained in this Condition 8(f), the Covered Bondholder must, not less than 15 nor more than 30 days before the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Put), deposit with the Paying Agent a duly completed Put Option Notice in the form obtainable from the Paying Agent. The Paying Agent with which a Put Option Notice is so deposited shall deliver a duly completed Put Option Receipt to the depositing Covered Bond holder. Once deposited in accordance with this Condition 8(f), no duly completed Put Option Notice, may be withdrawn; *provided, however, that* if, prior to the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Put), any Covered Bonds become immediately due and payable or, upon due presentation of any such Covered Bonds on the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Put), payment of the redemption moneys is improperly withheld or refused, the relevant Paying Agent shall mail notification thereof to the Covered Bondholder at such address as may have been given by such Covered Bondholder in the relevant Put Option Notice and shall hold such Covered Bond against surrender of the relevant Put Option Receipt. For so long as any outstanding Covered Bonds are held by a Paying Agent in accordance with this Condition 8(f), the Covered Bondholder and not such Paying Agent shall be deemed to be the holder of such Covered Bonds for all purposes.
- (g) *No other redemption:* The Issuer shall not be entitled to redeem the Covered Bonds otherwise than as provided in Conditions 8(a) (*Scheduled redemption*) to (f) (*Redemption at the option of Covered Bondholders*) above.
- (h) *Early redemption of Zero Coupon Covered Bonds:* Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Redemption Amount payable on redemption of a Zero Coupon Covered Bonds at any time before the Maturity Date shall be an amount equal to the sum of:
- (i) the Reference Price; and
 - (ii) the product of the Accrual Yield (compounded annually) being applied to the Reference Price from (and including) the Issue Date to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which the Covered Bonds become due and payable.

Where such calculation is to be made for a period which is not a whole number of years, the calculation in respect of the period of less than a full year shall be made on the basis of such Day Count Fraction as may be specified in the Final Terms for the purposes of this Condition 8(h) or, if none is so specified, a Day Count Fraction of 30E/360.

- (i) *Purchase:* The Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries (other than the Covered Bonds Guarantor) may at any time purchase Covered Bonds in the open market or otherwise and at any price. The Covered Bonds Guarantor shall not purchase any Covered Bonds at any time.
- (j) *Legislative Exchange:* Following the coming into force in Italy, at any time after the Issue Date, of (i) any legislation similar to the OBG Regulation in force in any other European Union country or (ii) any rules, regulations or guidelines published by any governmental authority that provides for bonds issued by Italian issuers to qualify for the same benefits available to covered bonds issued under covered bond legislation in force in any other European Union country, the Issuer may, at its option and without the consent of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, exchange all (but not some only) of the Covered Bonds of all Series then outstanding (the “**Existing Covered Bonds**”) for new Covered Bonds which qualify as covered bonds under such new legislation, rules, regulations or guidelines (the “**New Covered Bonds**”) on the same economic terms and conditions as the Existing Covered Bonds (the “**Legislative Exchange**”) if not more than 60 nor less than 30 days’ notice to the Covered Bondholders (in accordance with Condition 18 (*Notices*)) and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is given and provided that:

- (i) on the date on which such notice expires the Issuer delivers to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders a certificate signed by two authorised signatories of each of the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor confirming that, in the case of the Issuer, no Issuer Event of Default and, in the case of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, no Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, has occurred which is continuing;
- (ii) the Rating Agency then rating the Existing Covered Bonds has confirmed in writing that the New Covered Bonds will be assigned the same ratings as are then applicable to the Existing Covered Bonds; and
- (iii) if the Existing Covered Bonds are listed, quoted and/or traded on or by a competent and/or relevant listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system on or before the date on which such notice expires the Issuer delivers to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders a certificate signed by two authorised signatories of the Issuer confirming that all applicable rules of such competent and/or relevant listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system have been or will be complied with.

The Existing Covered Bonds will be cancelled concurrently with the issue of the New Covered Bonds and with effect on and from the date of issue thereof all references herein to Covered Bonds shall be deemed to be references to the New Covered Bonds.

- (k) *Redemption due to illegality*: The Covered Bonds of all Series may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, at any time, on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Paying Agent and, in accordance with Condition 18 (*Notices*), all Covered Bondholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), if the Issuer satisfies the Representative of the Covered Bondholders immediately before the giving of such notice that it has, or will, before the next CB Payment Date of any Covered Bond of any Series, become unlawful for the Issuer to make any payments under the Covered Bonds as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the applicable laws or regulations or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change or amendment has become or will become effective before the next such CB Payment Date.

Covered Bonds redeemed pursuant to this Condition 8(k) will be redeemed at their Early Redemption Amount together (if appropriate) with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption.

- (l) *Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test*. If an Extended Maturity Date is not specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms for a Series of Covered Bonds, on any Business Day (each the “**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date**”) falling during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, the Calculation Agent will determine if the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test (as defined below) has been breached, and if so, it shall immediately notify the Issuer, the Seller, the Hedging Counterparty and the Representative of Covered Bondholders.

For the purpose of this paragraph the “**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test**” is complied with on any Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date if, during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period, all of the Issuer’s credit ratings are equal to or greater than the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings.

Following a breach of a Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test in respect of a Series of Covered Bonds:

- (i) the Issuer shall:
 - (a) make a cash deposit for an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates on the Pre-Maturity Test Account, opened in its name with a bank whose ratings are at least equal to the Minimum Required Account Bank Ratings provided for under the Transaction Documents and pledged in favour of the Covered Bondholders; and/or

- (b) obtain a first demand, autonomous guarantee (meeting the criteria set forth by the Rating Agency) for an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates, by an eligible entity whose ratings are at least equal to the Minimum Required Pre-Maturity Liquidity Guarantor Ratings; and/or
- (c) take action in the form of a combination of the foregoing which in aggregate adding up to an amount equal to the Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates;

and/or

- (ii) the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall direct the Servicer to sell Selected Assets in accordance with the procedures set out in the Portfolio Administration Agreement, for an amount equal to the Adjusted Required Redemption Amount of the Series of Hard Bullet Covered Bonds to which such Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test relates.

9 Payments

- (a) *Payments through clearing systems:* Payment of interest and repayment of principal in respect of the Covered Bonds will be credited, in accordance with the instructions of Monte Titoli, by the Paying Agent on behalf of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor (as the case may be) to the accounts of those banks and authorised brokers whose accounts with Monte Titoli are credited with those Covered Bonds and thereafter credited by such banks and authorised brokers from such aforementioned accounts to the accounts of the beneficial owners of those Covered Bonds or through the Relevant Clearing Systems to the accounts with the Relevant Clearing Systems of the beneficial owners of those Covered Bonds, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Monte Titoli and of the Relevant Clearing Systems, as the case may be.
- (b) *Payments subject to fiscal laws:* All payments in respect of the Covered Bonds are subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws and regulations in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 10 (*Taxation*). No commissions or expenses shall be charged to Covered Bondholders in respect of such payments.
- (c) *Payments on business days:* If the due date for payment of any amount in respect of any Covered Bond is not a Payment Business Day in the Place of Payment, the Covered Bondholder shall not be entitled to payment in such place of the amount due until the next succeeding Payment Business Day in such place and shall not be entitled to any further interest or other payment in respect of any such delay.

10 Taxation

- (a) *Gross up by Issuer:* All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Covered Bonds by or on behalf of the Issuer shall be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of the Republic of Italy or any political subdivision therein or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments, or governmental charges is required by law. In that event, the Issuer shall pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by the Covered Bondholders after such withholding or deduction of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such withholding or deduction been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable in respect of any Covered Bond:
 - (i) in respect to any payment or deduction of any interest or principal on account of *imposta sostitutiva* (at the then applicable tax rate) pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 239 of 1 April 1996, as amended (“**Decree no. 239**”) with respect to any Covered

Bonds or, for the avoidance of doubt, Italian Legislative Decree no. 461 of 21 November 1997 (as amended by Italian Legislative Decree no. 201 of 16 June 1998) (as any of the same may be amended or supplemented) or any related implementing regulations, and in all circumstances in which the procedures set forth in Decree no 239 in order to benefit from a tax exemption have not been met or complied with except where such procedures have not been met or complied with due to the actions or omissions of the Issuer or its agents; or

- (ii) with respect to any Covered Bond presented for payments:
 - (a) in the Republic of Italy; or
 - (b) by or on behalf of a holder who is liable for such taxes or duties in respect of such Covered Bond by reason of his having some connection with the Republic of Italy other than the mere holding of such Covered Bond; or
 - (c) by or on behalf of a holder who is entitled to avoid such withholding or deduction in respect of such Covered Bond by making, or procuring, a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption but has failed to do so; or
 - (d) more than 30 days after the Maturity Date except to the extent that the relevant holder would have been entitled to an additional amount on presenting such Covered Bond for payment on such thirtieth day assuming that day to have been a Business Day; or
 - (e) in the event of payment to a non-Italian resident legal entity or a non-Italian resident individual, to the extent that interest or other amounts is paid to a non-Italian resident legal entity or a non-Italian resident individual which is resident in a tax haven country (as defined and listed in the Ministry of Finance Decree of 23 January 2002 as amended from time to time) or which is resident in a country which does not allow for a satisfactory exchange of information with the Republic of Italy; or
 - (f) in respect of Covered Bonds classified as atypical securities where such withholding or deduction is required under Law Decree No. 512 of September 30, 1983, as amended and supplemented from time to time; or
 - (iii) where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive; or
 - (iv) held by or on behalf of a Covered Bondholder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant Covered Bond to a Paying Agent in another Member State of the EU.
- (b) *Taxing jurisdiction:* If the Issuer becomes subject at any time to any taxing jurisdiction other than the Republic of Italy, references in these Conditions to the Republic of Italy shall be construed as references to the Republic of Italy and/or such other jurisdiction. For the avoidance of doubt, the Issuer will have no obligation to pay additional amounts in respect of the Covered Bonds for any amounts required to be withheld or deducted pursuant to sections 1471 to 1474 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

11 Article 74 Event and Events of Default

(a) Article 74 Event

If a resolution pursuant to Article 74 of the Banking Law is issued in respect of the Issuer (“**Article 74 Event**”), the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will serve a notice (the “**Article 74 Notice to Pay**”) on the Covered Bonds Guarantor that an Article 74 Event has occurred.

(b) *Effect of an Article 74 Notice to Pay*

Upon service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay upon the Covered Bonds Guarantor:

- (i) *Acceleration against the Issuer:* each Series of Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Issuer and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves against the Issuer, provided that (i) such events shall not trigger an acceleration against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, (ii) pursuant to the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall pay an amount equal to the Guaranteed Amounts, subject to and in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments and within the suspension period, on the relevant Scheduled Due for Payment Date, (iii) in accordance with terms and conditions provided for by the Covered Bonds Guarantee and with Article 4, Para. 4, of the MEF Decree, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall be responsible for the payments of the amounts due and payable under the Covered Bonds within the suspension period and (iv) upon the termination of the suspension period the Issuer shall be responsible for meeting the payment obligations under the Covered Bonds (and for the avoidance of doubts, the Covered Bonds then outstanding will not be deemed to be accelerated against the Issuer);
- (ii) *Delegation:* the Covered Bonds Guarantor (directly or through the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the right of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer in accordance with the provisions of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, in the context of which the Covered Bondholders have irrevocably delegated – also in the interest and for the benefit of the Covered Bonds Guarantor – to the Covered Bonds Guarantor the exclusive right to proceed against the Issuer to enforce the performance of any of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds including any rights of enforcing any acceleration of payment provisions provided under the Conditions or under the applicable legislation. For this purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders, upon request of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with any powers of attorney and/or mandates as the latter may deem necessary or expedient for taking all necessary steps to ensure the timely and correct performance of its mandate.
- In accordance with the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders has confirmed such delegation and waived any rights of the Covered Bondholders to revoke such delegation and take any such individual action against the Issuer.
- (iii) *Covered Bonds Guarantee:* without prejudice to paragraph (i) above, interest and principal falling due on the Covered Bonds will be payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor at the time and in the manner provided under these Conditions, subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee and the priority of payments to creditors set out in the Intercreditor Agreement;
- (iv) *Tests:* the Tests shall continue to be applied; and
- (v) *Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test:* the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test shall be deemed to be failed with respect to any Hard Bullet Covered Bonds for which the Maturity Date falls within 12 months.

Upon the termination of the suspension period, the Issuer shall resume responsibility for meeting the payment obligations under the Covered Bonds (and for the avoidance of doubt, the Covered Bonds then outstanding will not be deemed to have been accelerated against the Issuer).

(c) *Issuer Events of Default:*

If any of the following events (each, an “**Issuer Event of Default**”) occurs and is continuing:

- (i) default is made by the Issuer for a period of 7 Business Days or more in the payment of any principal or redemption amount, or for a period of 14 Business Days or more in the payment of any interest on the Covered Bonds of any Series when due; or
- (ii) the Issuer is in breach of material obligations under or in respect of the Covered Bonds (of any Series outstanding) or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party (other than any obligation for the payment of principal or interest on the Covered Bonds) and such failure remains unremedied for 30 days after the Representative of the Covered Bondholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer, certifying that such failure is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Covered Bondholders and specifying whether or not such failure is capable of remedy; or
- (iii) an Insolvency Event (as defined in the Conditions) occurs in respect of the Issuer;
- (iv) in relation to Hard Bullet Covered Bonds, breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test which is not remedied by the earlier of:
 - (a) 20 Business Days from the date on which the Issuer is notified of the breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test; and
 - (b) the Maturity Date of that Series of Covered Bonds;
- (v) breach of the Tests which is not remedied within 6 months from the notification of the occurrence of such breach.

If an Issuer Event of Default occurs:

- (a) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will serve a notice (the “**Notice to Pay**”) on the Issuer and Covered Bonds Guarantor that an Issuer Event of Default has occurred;
 - (b) each Series of Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Issuer and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves against the Issuer, provided that (i) such events shall not trigger an acceleration against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, (ii) in accordance with Article 4, Paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree and pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Transaction Documents, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall be solely responsible for the exercise of the rights of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer;
 - (c) the Covered Bonds Guarantor will pay any amounts due under the Covered Bonds on the Due for Payment Date in accordance with (b) above (See Section “*Covered Bonds Guarantee*”);
 - (d) the Tests, shall continue to be applied.
- (d) *Effect of a Notice to Pay:*

Upon service of a Notice to Pay to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor:

- (i) *Acceleration against the Issuer:* each series of Covered Bonds will accelerate against the Issuer and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves against the Issuer, provided that (i) such events shall not trigger an acceleration against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, (ii) pursuant to the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall pay an amount equal to the Guaranteed Amounts, subject to and in accordance with the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments, on the relevant Scheduled Due for Payment Date, (iii) in accordance with terms and conditions provided for by the Covered Bonds Guarantee and with Article 4, Para. 3, of the MEF Decree and pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Transaction Documents, the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the rights of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer and any amount recovered from the Issuer will be part of the Available Funds;

- (ii) *Delegation*: the Covered Bonds Guarantor (directly or through the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) shall exercise, on an exclusive basis, the right of the Covered Bondholders *vis-à-vis* the Issuer in accordance with the provisions of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, in the context of which the Covered Bondholders have irrevocably delegated – also in the interest and for the benefit of the Covered Bonds Guarantor – to the Covered Bonds Guarantor the exclusive right to proceed against the Issuer to enforce the performance of any of the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds including any rights of enforcing any acceleration of payment provisions provided under the Conditions or under the applicable legislation. For this purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders, upon request of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall provide the Covered Bonds Guarantor with any powers of attorney and/or mandates as the latter may deem necessary or expedient for taking all necessary steps to ensure the timely and correct performance of its mandate.

In accordance with the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders has confirmed such delegation and waived any rights of the Covered Bondholders to revoke such delegation and take any such individual action against the Issuer.

- (iii) *Covered Bonds Guarantee*: without prejudice to paragraph (i) above, interest and principal falling due on the Covered Bonds will be payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor at the time and in the manner provided under these Conditions, subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee and the priority of payments to creditors set out in the Intercreditor Agreement.

- (iv) *Tests*: the Tests shall continue to be applied.

(e) *Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default*:

Following an Issuer Event of Default, if any of the following events (each, a “**Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default**”) occurs and is continuing:

- (i) *Non-payment*: the Covered Bonds Guarantor fails to pay any of interest and/or principal due and payable in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bonds in accordance with the Covered Bonds Guarantee, subject to a period of 7 Business Days cure period in respect of principal or redemption amount and a 14 Business Days cure period in respect of interest payment the Covered Bonds Guarantor, or fails to pay or to set aside for payment of costs or amount due to any Hedging Counterparty; or subject to
- (ii) *Insolvency*: an Insolvency Event occurs with respect to the Covered Bonds Guarantor; or
- (iii) *Breach of other obligation*: a breach of other binding obligations under the Dealer Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement, the Covered Bonds Guarantee or any other Transaction Document to which the Covered Bonds Guarantor is a party, which is not remedied within 30 days from the date on which the Covered Bonds Guarantor is notified of such breach; or
- (iv) *Breach of Amortisation Test*: the Amortisation Test is breached;

then the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall serve a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice on the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

(f) *Effect of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice*:

From and including the date on which the Representative of the Covered Bondholders delivers a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice upon the Covered Bonds Guarantor:

- (i) *Acceleration of Covered Bonds*: the Covered Bonds shall become immediately due and payable at their Early Redemption Amount together, if appropriate, with any

accrued interest; *Cross Acceleration*: if a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default is triggered

- (ii) with respect to a Series, each series of Covered Bonds will cross accelerate at the same time against the Covered Bonds Guarantor, becoming due and payable, and they will rank *pari passu* amongst themselves; and
 - (iii) *Covered Bonds Guarantee*: subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, on behalf of the Covered Bondholders, shall have a claim against the Covered Bonds Guarantor for an amount equal to the Early Redemption Amount, together with accrued interest and any other amount due under the Covered Bonds (other than additional amounts payable under Condition 10(a) (*Gross up by Issuer*) in accordance with the priority of payments to creditors set out in the Intercreditor Agreement; and
 - (iv) *Enforcement*: subject to the failure of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in taking the necessary actions pursuant to Condition 11(b)(ii) and Condition 11(d)(ii) above, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of the Covered Bondholders shall be entitled to take any steps and proceedings against the Issuer to enforce the provisions of the Covered Bonds. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may, at its discretion and without further notice, take such steps and/or institute such proceedings against the Covered Bonds Guarantor as it may think fit to enforce such payments, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings or steps unless requested or authorised by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Covered Bondholders.
- (g) *Determinations, etc*: All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Condition 11 (Article 74 Event and Event of Default) by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and all Covered Bondholders and (in such absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Covered Bondholders, the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor shall attach to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions hereunder.

12 Prescription

Claims for payment under the Covered Bonds shall become void unless made within ten years (in respect of principal) or five years (in respect of interest) from the due date thereof.

13 Representative of the Covered Bondholders

- (a) *Organisation of the Covered Bondholders*: The Organisation of the Covered Bondholders shall be established upon, and by virtue of, the issuance of the Covered Bonds and shall remain in force and in effect until repayment in full or cancellation of the Covered Bonds. Pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, for as long as the Covered Bonds are outstanding, there shall at all times be a Representative of the Covered Bondholders. The appointment of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders as legal representative of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders is made by the Covered Bondholders subject to and in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders.
- (b) *Initial appointment*: In the Dealer Agreement, the Dealer has appointed the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to perform the activities described in the Dealer Agreement, in these Conditions (including the Rules of the Organisation of Covered Bondholders), in the Intercreditor Agreement and in the other Transaction Documents, and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders has accepted such appointment for the period commencing on the Initial Issue Date and ending (subject to early termination of its appointment) on the date on which all of the Covered Bonds have been cancelled or redeemed in accordance with these Conditions.

- (c) *Acknowledgment by Covered Bondholders*: Each Covered Bondholder, by reason of holding Covered Bonds:
- (i) recognises the Representative of the Covered Bondholders as its representative and (to the fullest extent permitted by law) agrees to be bound by any agreement entered into from time to time by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in such capacity as if such Covered Bondholder were a signatory thereto; and
 - (ii) acknowledges and accepts that the Relevant Dealer(s) shall not be liable, without prejudice for the provisions set forth under article 1229 of the Italian Civil Code, in respect of any loss, liability, claim, expenses or damage suffered or incurred by any of the Covered Bondholders as a result of the performance by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders of its duties or the exercise of any of its rights under the Transaction Documents.

14 Agents

In acting under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and in connection with the Covered Bonds, the Paying Agent acts solely as agents of the Issuer and, following service of a Notice to Pay or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, as agent of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and do not assume in the framework of the Programme any obligations towards or relationship of agency or trust for or with any of the Covered Bondholders.

The Paying Agent and its initial Specified Offices are set out in these Conditions. Any additional Paying Agent and its Specified Offices (if any) are specified in the relevant Final Terms. The Issuer, and (where applicable) the Covered Bonds Guarantor, reserves the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Paying Agent and to appoint an additional or successor paying agent; *provided, however, that*:

- (a) the Issuer, and (where applicable) the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall at all times maintain a paying agent; and
- (b) the Issuer, and (where applicable) the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall at all times maintain a paying agent in an EU member state that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000; and
- (c) if and for so long as the Covered Bonds are admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by any competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system which requires the appointment of a Paying Agent in any particular place, the Issuer, and (where applicable) the Covered Bonds Guarantor, shall maintain a Paying Agent having its Specified Office in the place required by such competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system.

Notice of any change in any of the Paying Agent or in its Specified Offices shall promptly be given to the Covered Bondholders.

15 Further Issues

The Issuer may from time to time, without the consent of the Covered Bondholders, create and issue further Covered Bonds having the same terms and conditions as the Covered Bonds in all respects (or in all respects except for the first payment of interest) so as to form a single series with the Covered Bonds.

16 Substitution of the Issuer

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may (and in the case of an Approved Reorganisation shall) agree with the Issuer (or any previous substitute) and the Covered Bonds Guarantor at any time without the consent of the Covered Bondholders:

- (d) to the substitution in place of Intesa Sanpaolo (or of any previous substitute) as principal debtor under the Covered Bonds by any bank Subsidiary of Intesa Sanpaolo (the “**Substitute Obligor**”) by way of an Issuer obligation transfer agreement without recourse to the Issuer

(accollo liberatorio); or

- (e) to an Approved Reorganisation; or
- (f) that Intesa Sanpaolo (or any previous substitute) may, other than by means of an Approved Reorganisation, consolidate with, merge into or amalgamate with any successor company,

provided that:

- (i) the obligations of the Substitute Obligor or the Resulting Entity under the Covered Bonds shall be irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed by Intesa Sanpaolo (on like terms as to subordination, if applicable, to those of the Covered Bonds Guarantee); and
- (ii) (other than in the case of an Approved Reorganisation) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is satisfied that the interests of the Covered Bondholders will not be materially prejudiced thereby; and
- (iii) the Substitute Obligor or the Resulting Entity agrees, in form and manner satisfactory to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Covered Bonds and all the Transaction Documents in respect to any Series of Covered Bonds still outstanding, by means of executing agreements and documents substantially in the same form and substance of the Transaction Documents;
- (iv) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is satisfied that (a) the Resulting Entity or Substituted Obligor has obtained all governmental and regulatory approvals and consents necessary for its assumption of liability as principal debtor in respect of the Covered Bonds in place of the Issuer (or such previous substitute as aforesaid), and (b) such approvals and consents are, at the time of substitution, Approved Reorganisation or consolidation, merger, amalgamation other than by means of an Approved Reorganisation, as the case may be, in full force and effect.

Upon the assumption of the obligations of the Issuer by a Substitute Obligor or of the Issuer by a Resulting Entity or of an Issuer by a successor company, Intesa Sanpaolo shall have no further liabilities under or in respect of the Covered Bonds.

Any such substitution, Approved Reorganisation or consolidation, merger or amalgamation shall be notified to the Covered Bondholders in accordance with Condition 18 (*Notices*). In the case of a substitution, the relevant Issuer shall notify the Luxembourg Stock Exchange thereof and prepare, or procure the preparation of, a supplement to the Base Prospectus in respect of the Programme.

In connection with the exercise of its powers, authorities or discretions above mentioned: (a) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall have regard to the interests of the Covered Bondholders as a class and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, shall not have regard to the consequences of such exercise for individual Covered Bondholders resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory; and (b) the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be entitled to claim from the Issuer any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequence of any such exercise upon individual Covered Bondholders except to the extent already provided for by Condition 10 (*Taxation*).

In these Conditions, “**Approved Reorganisation**” means a solvent and voluntary reorganisation involving, alone or with others, the Issuer, and whether by way of consolidation, amalgamation, merger, transfer of all or substantially all of its business or assets, or otherwise provided that the principal resulting, surviving or transferee entity (a “**Resulting Entity**”) is a banking company and effectively assumes all the obligations of the Issuer under, or in respect of, the Covered Bonds.

17 Limited Recourse and Non Petition

(a) *Limited Recourse*

The obligations of the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee constitute direct and unconditional, unsubordinated and limited recourse obligations of the

Covered Bonds Guarantor, collateralised by the Portfolio as provided under Law 130, MEF Decree and the BoI OBG Regulation. The recourse of the Covered Bondholders to the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Covered Bonds Guarantee will be limited to the assets comprised in the Portfolio subject to, and in accordance with, the relevant Priority of Payments pursuant to which specified payments will be made to other parties prior to payments to the Covered Bondholders.

(b) *Non Petition*

Only the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may pursue the remedies available under the general law or under the Transaction Documents to obtain payment of the Guaranteed Amounts or enforce the Covered Bonds Guarantee and/or the relevant securities and no Covered Bondholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Covered Bonds Guarantor to obtain payment of the Guaranteed Amounts or to enforce the Covered Bonds Guarantee and/or the relevant securities. In particular:

- (i) no Covered Bondholder (nor any person on its behalf) is entitled, otherwise than as permitted by the Transaction Documents, to direct the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to enforce the Covered Bonds Guarantee and/or the relevant securities or take any proceedings against the Covered Bonds Guarantor to enforce the Covered Bonds Guarantee and/or the relevant securities;
- (ii) no Covered Bondholder (nor any person on its behalf, other than the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, where appropriate) shall, save as expressly permitted by the Transaction Documents, have the right to take or join any person in taking any steps against the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the purpose of obtaining payment of any amount due from the Covered Bonds Guarantor;
- (iii) at least until the date falling one year and one day after the date on which all Series of Covered Bonds issued in the context of the Programme have been cancelled or redeemed in full in accordance with their Final Terms together with any payments payable in priority or *pari passu* thereto, no Covered Bondholder (nor any person on its behalf, other than the Representative of the Bondholders) shall initiate or join any person in initiating an Insolvency Event in relation to the Covered Bonds Guarantor; and
- (iv) no Covered Bondholder shall be entitled to take or join in the taking of any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step which would result in the Priority of Payments not being complied with.

18 Notices

- (a) *Notices given through Monte Titoli:* Any notice regarding the Covered Bonds, as long as the Covered Bonds are held through Monte Titoli, shall be deemed to have been duly given if given through the systems of Monte Titoli.
- (b) *Notices through Luxembourg Stock Exchange.* Any notice regarding the Covered Bonds, as long as the Covered Bonds are admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, shall be deemed to have been duly given if published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu) or, if required, of the CSSF and, in any event, if published in accordance with the rules and regulation of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.
- (c) *Other publication:* The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be at liberty to sanction any other method of giving notice to Covered Bondholders if, in its opinion, such other method is reasonable having regard to market practice then prevailing and to the rules of the competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system by which the Covered Bonds are then admitted to trading (including any means provided for under Article 16 of Luxembourg law implementing the Prospectus Directive, dated 19 July 2005) and provided that notice of such other method is given to the holders of the Covered Bonds in such manner as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall require.

19 Rounding

For the purposes of any calculations referred to in these Conditions (unless otherwise specified in these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms), (a) all percentages resulting from such calculations will be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (with 0.000005 per cent. being rounded up to 0.00001 per cent.), (b) all United States dollar amounts used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded to the nearest cent (with one half cent being rounded up), (c) all Japanese Yen amounts used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded downwards to the next lower whole Japanese Yen amount, and (d) all amounts denominated in any other currency used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded to the nearest two decimal places in such currency, with 0.005 being rounded upwards.

20 Governing Law and Jurisdiction

- (a) *Governing law:* These Covered Bonds are governed by Italian law. All other Transaction Documents are governed by Italian law, save for the Swap Agreements and the deed of charge relating to such Swap Agreements, which are governed by English law.
- (b) *Jurisdiction:* The courts of Milan have exclusive competence for the resolution of any dispute that may arise in relation to the Covered Bonds or their validity, interpretation or performance.
- (c) *Relevant legislation:* Anything not expressly provided for in these Conditions will be governed by the provisions of Law 130, BoI OBG Regulations and MEF Decree.

RULES OF THE ORGANISATION OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. GENERAL

- 1.1** The Organisation of the Covered Bondholders in respect of each Series of Covered Bonds issued under the Programme by Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. is created concurrently with the issue and subscription of the Covered Bonds of each such Series and is governed by these Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders (“**Rules**”).
- 1.2** These Rules shall remain in force and effect until full repayment or cancellation of all the Covered Bonds.
- 1.3** The contents of these Rules are deemed to be an integral part of the Terms and Conditions of the Covered Bonds of each Series issued by the Issuer.

2. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

2.1 Definitions

In these Rules, the terms below shall have the following meanings:

“**Block Voting Instruction**” means, in relation to a Meeting, a document issued by the Paying Agent or by a Registrar, as the case may be:

- (a) in case of Covered Bond issued in a dematerialized form, certifying that specified Covered Bonds are held to the order of the Paying Agent or under its control and have been blocked in an account with a clearing system and will not be released until a the earlier of:
- (i) a specified date which falls after the conclusion of the Meeting; and
 - (ii) the surrender to the Paying Agent not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting (or, if the Meeting has been adjourned, the time fixed for its resumption) of confirmation that the Covered Bonds are Blocked Covered Bonds and notification of the release thereof by the Paying Agent to the Issuer and Representative of the Covered Bondholders;
- (b) in case of Covered Bonds issued in registered form, certifying that specified Covered Bonds have been blocked with the Registrar and will not be released until the conclusion of the Meeting;
- (c) certifying that the Holder, or the registered Holder in case of Covered Bonds issued in registered form, of the relevant Blocked Covered Bonds or a duly authorised person on its behalf has notified the Paying Agent or the Registrar that the votes attributable to such Covered Bonds are to be cast in a particular way on each resolution to be put to the Meeting and that during the period of 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting such instructions may not be amended or revoked;
- (d) listing the total number of such specified Blocked Covered Bonds, distinguishing between those in respect of which instructions have been given to vote for, and against, each resolution; and
- (e) authorising a named individual to vote in accordance with such instructions;

“**Blocked Covered Bonds**” means (i) Covered Bonds which have been blocked in an account with a clearing system or otherwise are held to the order of or under the control of the Paying Agent, or (ii) in case of Covered Bonds issued in registered form, such Covered Bonds which have been blocked with the Registrar, for the purpose of obtaining from the Principal Paying Agent and/or the Registrar a Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate on terms that they will not be released until after the conclusion of the Meeting in

respect of which the Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate is required;

“**Chairman**” means, in relation to any Meeting, the person who takes the chair in accordance with Article 6 (*Chairman of the Meeting*).

“**Currency Swap Rate**” means, in relation to a Covered Bond or Series of Covered Bonds, the exchange rate specified in the respective currency hedging agreement relating to such Covered Bond or Series of Covered Bonds or, if the respective currency hedging agreement has terminated or is not in place, the applicable exchange rate provided by the Servicer;

“**Event of Default**” means an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default;

“**Extraordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a Meeting, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in these Rules by a majority of not less than three quarters of the votes cast;

“**Holder**” means in respect of Covered Bonds, the ultimate owner of such Covered Bonds and, in respect of the Covered Bonds issued in registered form, the ultimate registered owner of such Covered Bonds issued in registered form, as set out in the Register;

“**Liabilities**” means losses, liabilities, inconvenience, costs, expenses, damages, claims, actions or demands

“**Meeting**” means a meeting of Covered Bondholders (whether originally convened or resumed following an adjournment);

“**Monte Titoli Account Holder**” means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of its customers with Monte Titoli (as *intermediari aderenti*) in accordance with Article 83-*quater* of the Financial Law and includes any depository banks appointed by the Relevant Clearing System;

“**N Paying Agent**” means any institution appointed from time to time by the Issuer to act as paying agent in respect of the Covered Bonds issued in a registered form under the Programme;

“**Ordinary Resolution**” means any resolution passed at a Meeting, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in these Rules by a majority of more than 50% of the votes cast;

“**Portfolio**” has the meaning given to it in the Master Definition Agreement;

“**Programme Resolution**” means an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a single meeting of the Covered Bondholders of all Series, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in these Rules to direct the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to take steps and/or institute proceedings against the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to Condition 11(f)(iv) (*Effect of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice – Enforcement*) or other similar Condition with reference to Covered Bonds issued in registered form;

“**Proxy**” means a person appointed to vote under a Voting Certificate as a proxy or a person appointed to vote under a Block Voting Instruction, in each case other than:

- (a) any person whose appointment has been revoked and in relation to whom the Paying Agent or the Registrar has been notified in writing of such revocation by the time which is 48 hours before the time fixed for the relevant Meeting; and
- (b) any person appointed to vote at a Meeting which has been adjourned for want of a quorum and who has not been reappointed to vote at the Meeting when it is resumed;

“**Rating Agency**” Moody’s Investors Service, to the extent that at the relevant time it provides ratings in respect of the then outstanding Covered Bonds;

“**Register**” means any register held by the Registrar for the purpose of recording payments and assignments of Covered Bonds issued in registered form;

“**Registrar**” means any institution which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer to act as registrar in respect of the Covered Bonds issued in registered form under the Programme, provided that if the Issuer will keep the register and will not delegate such activity, any reference to the Registrar will be construed as a reference to the Issuer;

“**Resolutions**” means the Ordinary Resolutions and the Extraordinary Resolutions, collectively;

“**Transaction Party**” means any person who is a party to a Transaction Document;

“**Voter**” means, in relation to a Meeting, the Holder or a Proxy named in a Voting Certificate, the bearer of a Voting Certificate issued by the Paying Agent or by a Registrar or a Proxy named in a Block Voting Instruction;

“**Voting Certificate**” means, in relation to any Meeting:

- (a) a certificate issued by a Monte Titoli Account Holder in accordance with the regulation issued jointly by the Bank of Italy and CONSOB on 22 February 2008, as amended from time to time; or
- (b) a certificate issued by the Paying Agent or by a Registrar stating:
 - (i) that Blocked Covered Bonds will not be released until the earlier of:
 - (A) a specified date which falls after the conclusion of the Meeting; and
 - (B) the surrender of such certificate to the Paying Agent or to the Registrar; and
 - (ii) the bearer of the certificate is entitled to attend and vote at such Meeting in respect of such Blocked Covered Bonds.

“**Written Resolution**” means a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of one or more persons holding or representing at least 75 per cent of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds, whether contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more of such Covered Bondholders;

“**24 hours**” means a period of 24 hours including all or part of a day on which banks are open for business both in the place where any relevant Meeting is to be held and in the place where the Paying Agent has its specified office or in case of Covered Bonds issued in registered form, the Registrar has its specified office; and

“**48 hours**” means two consecutive periods of 24 hours.

Unless otherwise provided in these Rules, or unless the context requires otherwise, words and expressions used in these Rules shall have the meanings and the construction ascribed to them in the relevant Conditions.

2.2 Interpretation

In these Rules:

- 2.2.1 any reference herein to an “Article” shall, except where expressly provided to the contrary, be a reference to an article of these Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders;
- 2.2.2 a “successor” of any party shall be construed so as to include an assignee or successor in title of such party and any person who under the laws of the jurisdiction of incorporation or domicile of such party has assumed the rights and obligations of such party under any Transaction Document or to which, under such laws, such rights and obligations have been transferred; and

- 2.2.3 any reference to any Transaction Party shall be construed so as to include its and any subsequent successors and transferees in accordance with their respective interests.

2.3 Separate Series

Subject to the provisions of the next sentence, the Covered Bonds of each Series shall form a separate Series of Covered Bonds and accordingly, unless for any purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in its absolute discretion shall otherwise determine, the provisions of this sentence and of Articles 3 (*Purpose of the Organisation*) to 24 (*Meetings and Separate Series*) and 28 (*Duties and Powers of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders*) to 35 (*Powers to Act on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor*) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* separately and independently to the Covered Bonds of each Series. However, for the purposes of this Article 2.3:

- 2.3.1 Articles 26 (*Appointment, Removal and Remuneration*) and 27 (*Resignation*); and

- 2.3.2 insofar as they relate to a Programme Resolution, Articles 3 (*Purpose of the Organisation*) to 24 (*Meetings and Separate Series*) and 28 (*Duties and Powers of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders*) to 35 (*Powers to Act on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor*),

the Covered Bonds shall be deemed to constitute a single Series and the provisions of such Articles shall apply to all the Covered Bonds together as if they constituted a single Series and, in such Articles, the expressions “Covered Bonds” and “Covered Bondholders” shall be construed accordingly.

3. PURPOSE OF THE ORGANISATION OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

- 3.1 Each Covered Bondholder is a member of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders.
- 3.2 The purpose of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders is to co-ordinate the exercise of the rights of the Covered Bondholders and, more generally, to take any action necessary or desirable to protect the interest of the Covered Bondholders.

TITLE II

MEETINGS OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

4 CONVENING A MEETING

4.1 Convening a Meeting

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Issuer may convene separate or combined Meetings of the Covered Bondholders at any time and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be obliged to do so upon the request in writing by Covered Bondholders representing at least one-tenth of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds.

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Covered Bonds Guarantor or the Issuer or (in relation to a meeting for the passing of a Programme Resolution) the Covered Bondholders of any Series may at any time and the Issuer shall upon a request in writing signed by the holders of not less than one-tenth of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds for the time being outstanding convene a meeting of the Covered Bondholders and if the Issuer makes default for a period of seven days in convening such a meeting the same may be convened by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or the subject making the request. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may convene a single meeting of the Covered Bondholders of more than one Series if in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders there is no conflict between the holders of the Covered Bonds of the relevant Series, in which event the provisions of this Schedule shall apply thereto *mutatis mutandis*.

4.2 Meetings convened by Issuer

Whenever the Issuer is about to convene a Meeting, it shall immediately give notice in writing to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders specifying the proposed day, time and place of the Meeting, and the items to be included in the agenda.

4.3 Time and place of Meetings

Every Meeting will be held on a date and at a time and place selected or approved by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

5. NOTICE

5.1 Notice of Meeting

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day notice is delivered and of the day on which the relevant Meeting is to be held), specifying the day, time and place of the Meeting, must be given to the relevant Covered Bondholders, the Registrar and the Paying Agent, with a copy to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, where the Meeting is convened by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, or with a copy to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, where the Meeting is convened by the Issuer.

5.2 Content of notice

5.2.1 The notice shall set out the full text of any resolution to be proposed at the Meeting unless the Representative of the Covered Bondholders agrees that the notice shall instead specify the nature of the resolution without including the full text and shall state that the Voting Certificate for the purpose of such Meeting may be obtained from a Monte Titoli Account Holder in accordance with the provisions of the regulation issued jointly by the Bank of Italy and CONSOB on 22 February 2008, as amended from time to time and that for the purpose of obtaining Voting Certificates from the Paying Agent or appointing Proxies under a Block Voting Instruction, Covered Bondholders must (to the satisfaction of the Paying Agent) be held to the order of or placed under the control of the Paying Agent or blocked in an account with a clearing system not later than 48 hours before the relevant Meeting.

5.2.2 With reference to the Covered Bonds issued in registered form, the notice shall set out the full text of any resolution to be proposed at the Meeting unless the Representative of the Covered Bondholders agrees that the notice shall instead specify the nature of the resolution without including the full text and shall state that Covered Bond issued in registered form, may be blocked with the Registrar, or with other entity authorised to do so by the Registrar, for the purposes of appointing Proxies under Block voting Instructions until 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting and that holders of Covered Bonds issued in registered form, may also appoint Proxies either under a Block Voting Instruction by delivering written instructions to the Registrar or the N Paying Agent or by executing and delivering a form of Proxy to the Specified Office of the Registrar or the N Paying Agent, in either case until 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting.

5.3 Validity notwithstanding lack of notice

A Meeting is valid notwithstanding that the formalities required by this Article 5 are not complied with if the Holders of the Covered Bonds constituting the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds, the Holders of which are entitled to attend and vote are represented at such Meeting and the Issuer and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders are present.

6. CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING

6.1 Appointment of Chairman

An individual (who may, but need not be, a Covered Bondholder), nominated by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may take the chair at any Meeting, but if:

6.1.1 the Representative of the Covered Bondholders fails to make a nomination; or

6.1.2 the individual nominated declines to act or is not present within 15 minutes after

the time fixed for the Meeting,

the Meeting shall be chaired by the person elected by the majority of the Voters present, failing which, the Issuer shall appoint a Chairman. The Chairman of an adjourned Meeting need not be the same person as was Chairman at the original Meeting.

6.2 Duties of Chairman

The Chairman ascertains that the Meeting has been duly convened and validly constituted, manages the business of the Meeting, monitors the fairness of proceedings, leads and moderates the debate, and determines the mode of voting.

6.3 Assistance to Chairman

The Chairman may be assisted by outside experts or technical consultants, specifically invited to assist in any given matter, and may appoint one or more vote-counters, who are not required to be Covered Bondholders.

7. QUORUM

The quorum at any Meeting will be:

- 7.1.1 in the case of an Ordinary Resolution, one or more persons holding or representing at least 25 per cent of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds of the relevant Series for the time being outstanding or, at an adjourned Meeting, one or more persons being or representing Covered Bondholders, whatever the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds so held or represented; or
- 7.1.2 in the case of an Extraordinary Resolution or a Programme Resolution (subject as provided below), one or more persons holding or representing at least 50 per cent. of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds of the relevant Series for the time being outstanding or, at an adjourned Meeting, one or more persons being or representing Covered Bondholders of the relevant Series for the time being outstanding, whatever the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds so held or represented; or
- 7.1.3 at any meeting the business of which includes any of the following matters (other than in relation to a Programme Resolution) (each of which shall, subject only to Article 32 (*Waiver*), only be capable of being effected after having been approved by Extraordinary Resolution, namely:
 - (a) reduction or cancellation of the amount payable or, where applicable, modification of the method of calculating the amount payable or modification of the date of payment or, where applicable, modification of the method of calculating the date of payment in respect of any principal or interest in respect of the Covered Bonds;
 - (b) alteration of the currency in which payments under the Covered Bonds are to be made;
 - (c) alteration of the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution;
 - (d) any amendment to the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Deed of Pledge or the Deed of Charge (except in a manner determined by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Covered Bondholders of any Series);
 - (e) except in accordance with Articles 31 (*Amendments and Modifications*) and 32 (*Waiver*), the sanctioning of any such scheme or proposal to effect the exchange, conversion or substitution of the Covered Bonds for, or the conversion of such Covered Bonds into, shares, bonds or other obligations or securities of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor or any other person or body corporate, formed or to be formed; and
 - (f) alteration of this Article 7.1.3;

(each a “**Series Reserved Matter**”), the quorum shall be one or more persons being or representing holders of not less two-thirds of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds of such Series for the time being outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, one or more persons being or representing not less than one-third of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds of such Series for the time being outstanding.

8. ADJOURNMENT FOR WANT OF QUORUM

- 8.1 If a quorum is not present for the transaction of any particular business within 15 minutes after the time fixed for any Meeting, then, without prejudice to the transaction of the business (if any) for which a quorum is present:
 - 8.1.1 if such Meeting was convened upon the request of Covered Bondholders, the Meeting shall be dissolved; and
 - 8.1.2 in any other case, the Meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week (or if such day is a public holiday the next succeeding business day) at the same time and place (except in the case of a meeting at which an Extraordinary Resolution is to be proposed in which case it shall stand adjourned for such period, being not less than 13 clear days nor more than 42 clear days, and to such place as may be appointed by the Chairman either at or subsequent to such meeting and approved by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders).
- 8.2 If within 15 minutes (or such longer period not exceeding 30 minutes as the Chairman may decide) after the time appointed for any adjourned meeting a quorum is not present for the transaction of any particular business, then, subject and without prejudice to the transaction of the business (if any) for which a quorum is present, the Chairman may either (with the approval of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders) dissolve such meeting or adjourn the same for such period, being not less than 13 clear days (but without any maximum number of clear days), and to such place as may be appointed by the Chairman either at or subsequent to such adjourned meeting and approved by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

9. ADJOURNED MEETING

Except as provided in Article 8 (*Adjournment for Want of Quorum*), the Chairman may, with the prior consent of any Meeting, and shall if so directed by any Meeting, adjourn such Meeting to another time and place. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might have been transacted at the Meeting from which the adjournment took place.

10. NOTICE FOLLOWING ADJOURNMENT

10.1 Notice required

Article 5 (*Notice*) shall apply to any Meeting which is to be resumed after adjournment for lack of a quorum except that:

- 10.1.1 10 days’ notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is delivered and of the day on which the Meeting is to be resumed) shall be sufficient; and
- 10.1.2 the notice shall specifically set out the quorum requirements which will apply when the Meeting resumes.

10.2 Notice not required

Except in the case of a Meeting to consider an Extraordinary Resolution, it shall not be necessary to give notice of resumption of any Meeting adjourned for reasons other than those described in Article 8 (*Adjournment for Want of Quorum*).

11. PARTICIPATION

The following categories of persons may attend and speak at a Meeting:

- 11.1 Voters;

- 11.2 the directors and the auditors of the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor;
- 11.3 representatives of the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders;
- 11.4 financial advisers to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders;
- 11.5 legal advisers to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders; and
- 11.6 any other person authorised by virtue of a resolution of such Meeting or by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

12. VOTING CERTIFICATES AND BLOCK VOTING INSTRUCTIONS

- 12.1 A Covered Bondholder may obtain a Voting Certificate in respect of a Meeting by requesting its Monte Titoli Account Holder to issue a certificate in accordance with the regulation issued jointly by the Bank of Italy and CONSOB on 22 February 2008, as amended from time to time.
- 12.2 A Covered Bondholder may also obtain from the Paying Agent or require the Paying Agent to issue a Block Voting Instruction by arranging for such Covered Bonds to be (to the satisfaction of the Paying Agent) held to its order or under its control or blocked in an account in the Relevant Clearing System (other than Monte Titoli) not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the relevant Meeting.
- 12.3 A Voting Certificate or Block Voting Instruction shall be valid until the release of the Blocked Covered Bonds to which it relates.
- 12.4 So long as a Voting Certificate or Block Voting Instruction is valid, the named therein as Holder or Proxy (in the case of a Voting Certificate issued by a Monte Titoli Account Holder), the bearer thereof (in the case of a Voting Certificate issued by the Paying Agent), and any Proxy named therein (in the case of a Block Voting Instruction issued by the Paying Agent) shall be deemed to be the Holder of the Covered Bonds to which it relates for all purposes in connection with the Meeting to which such Voting Certificate or Block Voting Instruction relates.
- 12.5 A Voting Certificate and a Block Voting Instruction cannot be outstanding simultaneously in respect of the same Covered Bonds.
- 12.6 References to the blocking or release of Covered Bonds shall be construed in accordance with the usual practices (including blocking the relevant account) of any Relevant Clearing System.
- 12.7 Any registered Holder may require the Registrar to issue a Block Voting Instruction by arranging (to the satisfaction of the Registrar) for the related Covered Bonds issued in registered form to be blocked with the Registrar not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the relevant Meeting. The registered Holder may require the Registrar to issue a Block Voting Instruction by delivering to the Registrar written instructions not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the relevant Meeting. Any registered Holder may obtain an uncompleted and unexecuted Form of Proxy from the Registrar. A Block Voting Instruction shall be valid until the release of the Blocked Bonds to which it relates. A Form of Proxy and a Block Voting Instruction cannot be outstanding simultaneously in respect of the same Bond.

13. VALIDITY OF BLOCK VOTING INSTRUCTIONS

- 13.1 A Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate shall be valid for the purpose of the relevant Meeting only if it is deposited at the Specified Offices of the Paying Agent or the Registrar, as the case may be, or at any other place approved by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, at least 24 hours before the time fixed for the relevant Meeting. If a

Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate is not deposited before such deadline, it shall not be valid unless the Chairman decides otherwise before the Meeting proceeds to business. If the Representative of the Covered Bondholders so requires, a notarised copy of each Block Voting Instruction and satisfactory evidence of the identity of each Proxy named in a Block Voting Instruction or of each Holders or Proxy named in a Voting Certificate shall be produced at the Meeting but the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be obliged to investigate the validity of a Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate or the identity of any Proxy or any holder of the Covered Bonds named in a Voting Certificate or a Block Voting Instruction or the identity of any Holder named in a Voting Certificate.

14. VOTING BY SHOW OF HANDS

14.1 Every question submitted to a Meeting shall be decided in the first instance by a vote by a show of hands.

14.2 Unless a poll is validly demanded before or at the time that the result is declared, the Chairman's declaration that on a show of hands a resolution has been passed or passed by a particular majority or rejected, or rejected by a particular majority, shall be conclusive without proof of the number of votes cast for, or against, the resolution.

15. VOTING BY POLL

15.1 Demand for a poll

A demand for a poll shall be valid if it is made by the Chairman, the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or any one or more Voters, whatever the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds held or represented by such Voter. A poll may be taken immediately or after such adjournment as is decided by the Chairman but any poll demanded on the election of a Chairman or on any question of adjournment shall be taken immediately. A valid demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuation of the relevant Meeting for any other business. The result of a poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Meeting at which the poll was demanded as at the date of the taking of the poll.

15.2 The Chairman and a poll

The Chairman sets the conditions for the voting, including for counting and calculating the votes, and may set a time limit by which all votes must be cast. Any vote which is not cast in compliance with the terms specified by the Chairman shall be null and void. After voting ends, the votes shall be counted and, after the counting, the Chairman shall announce to the Meeting the outcome of the vote.

16. VOTES

16.1 Voting

Each Voter shall have:

16.1.1 on a show of hands, one vote; and

16.1.2 on a poll every person who is so present shall have one vote in respect of each Euro 1.00 or such other amount as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may in its absolute discretion stipulate (or, in the case of meetings of holders of Covered Bonds denominated in another currency, such amount in such other currency as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in its absolute discretion may stipulate).

16.2 Block Voting Instruction

Unless the terms of any Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate state otherwise in the case of a Proxy, a Voter shall not be obliged to exercise all the votes to which such Voter is entitled or to cast all the votes he exercises the same way.

16.3 Voting tie

In the case of a voting tie, the relevant Resolution shall be deemed to have been rejected.

17. VOTING BY PROXY

17.1 Validity

Any vote by a Proxy in accordance with the relevant Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate appointing a Proxy shall be valid even if such Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate or any instruction pursuant to which it has been given had been amended or revoked provided that none of the Issuer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Registrar or the Chairman has been notified in writing of such amendment or revocation at least 24 hours prior to the time set for the relevant Meeting.

17.2 Adjournment

Unless revoked, the appointment of a Proxy under a Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate in relation to a Meeting shall remain in force in relation to any resumption of such Meeting following an adjournment save that no such appointment of a Proxy in relation to a meeting originally convened which has been adjourned for want of a quorum shall remain in force in relation to such meeting when it is resumed. Any person appointed to vote at such Meeting must be re-appointed under a Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate to vote at the Meeting when it is resumed.

18. RESOLUTIONS

18.1 Ordinary Resolutions

Subject to Article 18.2 (*Extraordinary Resolutions*), a Meeting shall have the following powers exercisable by Ordinary Resolution, to:

- 18.1.1 grant any authority, order or sanction which, under the provisions of these Rules or of the Conditions, is required to be the subject of an Ordinary Resolution or required to be the subject of a resolution or determined by a Meeting and not required to be the subject of an Extraordinary Resolution; and
- 18.1.2 to authorise the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or any other person to execute all documents and do all things necessary to give effect to any Ordinary Resolution.

18.2 Extraordinary Resolutions

A Meeting, in addition to any powers assigned to it in the Conditions, shall have power exercisable by Extraordinary Resolution to:

- 18.2.1 sanction any compromise or arrangement proposed to be made between the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or any of them;
- 18.2.2 approve any modification, abrogation, variation or compromise in respect of (a) the rights of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Covered Bondholders or any of them, whether such rights arise under the Transaction Documents or otherwise, and (b) these Rules, the Conditions or of any Transaction Document or any arrangement in respect of the obligations of the Issuer under or in respect of the Covered Bonds, which, in any such case, shall be proposed by the Issuer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and/or any other party thereto;
- 18.2.3 assent to any modification of the provisions of these Rules or the Transaction Documents which shall be proposed by the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or of any Covered Bondholder;
- 18.2.4 in accordance with Article 26 (*Appointment*), appoint and remove the

Representative of the Covered Bondholders;

- 18.2.5 subject to the provisions set forth under the Conditions and the Transaction Documents or upon request of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, authorise the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to issue an Article 74 Notice to Pay as a result of an Article 74 Event pursuant to Condition 11(a) (*Article 74 Event*), a Notice to Pay as a result of an Issuer Event of Default pursuant to Condition 11(c) (*Issuer Event of Default*) or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice as a result of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default pursuant to Condition 11(e) (*Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default*);
- 18.2.6 discharge or exonerate, whether retrospectively or otherwise, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders from any liability in relation to any act or omission for which the Representative of the Covered Bondholders has or may become liable pursuant or in relation to these Rules, the Conditions or any other Transaction Document;
- 18.2.7 grant any authority, order or sanction which, under the provisions of these Rules or of the Conditions, must be granted by an Extraordinary Resolution;
- 18.2.8 authorise and ratify the actions of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in compliance with these Rules, the Intercreditor Agreement and any other Transaction Document, if required therein;
- 18.2.9 to appoint any person (whether Covered Bondholders or not) as a committee to represent the interests of the Covered Bondholders and to confer on any such committee any powers which the Covered Bondholders could themselves exercise by Extraordinary Resolution; and
- 18.2.10 authorise the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or any other person to execute all documents and do all things necessary to give effect to any Extraordinary Resolution.

18.3 Programme Resolutions

A Meeting shall have power exercisable by a Programme Resolution to direct the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to take steps and/or institute proceedings against the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to Condition 11(f)(iv) (*Effect of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice- Enforcement*).

18.4 Other Series of Covered Bonds

No Ordinary Resolution or Extraordinary Resolution other than a Programme Resolution that is passed by the Holders of one Series of Covered Bonds shall be effective in respect of another Series of Covered Bonds unless it is sanctioned by an Ordinary Resolution or Extraordinary Resolution (as the case may be) of the Holders of Covered Bonds then outstanding of that other Series.

19. EFFECT OF RESOLUTIONS

19.1 Binding nature

Subject to Article 18.4 (*Other Series of Covered Bonds*), any resolution passed at a Meeting of the Covered Bondholders duly convened and held in accordance with these Rules shall be binding upon all Covered Bondholders, whether or not present at such Meeting and or not voting. A Programme Resolution passed at any Meeting of the holders of the Covered Bonds of all Series shall be binding on all holders of the Covered Bonds of all Series, whether or not present at the meeting.

19.2 Notice of voting results

Notice of the results of every vote on a resolution duly considered by Covered Bondholders shall be published (at the cost of the Issuer) in accordance with the Conditions and given to

the Paying Agents (with a copy to the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Registrar and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders within 14 days of the conclusion of each Meeting).

20. CHALLENGE TO RESOLUTIONS

Any absent or dissenting Covered Bondholder has the right to challenge Resolutions which are not passed in compliance with the provisions of these Rules.

21. MINUTES

Minutes shall be made of all resolutions and proceedings of each Meeting and entered in books provided by the Issuer for that purpose. The Minutes shall be signed by the Chairman and shall be *prima facie* evidence of the proceedings therein recorded. Unless and until the contrary is proved, every Meeting in respect of which minutes have been signed by the Chairman shall be regarded as having been duly convened and held and all resolutions passed or proceedings transacted shall be regarded as having been duly passed and transacted.

22. WRITTEN RESOLUTION

A Written Resolution shall take effect as if it were an Extraordinary Resolution or, in respect of matters required to be determined by Ordinary Resolution, as if it were an Ordinary Resolution.

23. INDIVIDUAL ACTIONS AND REMEDIES

Each Covered Bondholder has accepted and is bound by the provisions of Clauses 4 (*Exercise of Rights and Subrogation*) and 11 (*Limited Recourse*) of the Covered Bonds Guarantee and Clause 18 (*Limited Recourse and Non Petition*) of the Intercreditor Agreement and, accordingly, if any Covered Bondholder is considering bringing individual actions or using other individual remedies to enforce his/her rights under the Covered Bonds and the Covered Bonds Guarantee, any such action or remedy shall be subject to a Meeting not passing an Extraordinary Resolution objecting to such individual action or other remedy on the grounds that it is not consistent with such Condition. In this respect, the following provisions shall apply:

- 23.1 the Covered Bondholder intending to enforce his/her rights under the Covered Bonds will notify the Representative of the Covered Bondholders of his/her intention;
- 23.2 the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will, without delay, call a Meeting in accordance with these Rules (including, for the avoidance of doubt, Article 24 (*Choice of Meeting*));
- 23.3 if the Meeting passes an Extraordinary Resolution objecting to the enforcement of the individual action or remedy, the Covered Bondholder will be prevented from taking such action or remedy (without prejudice to the fact that after a reasonable period of time, the same matter may be resubmitted for review of another Meeting); and
- 23.4 if the Meeting of Covered Bondholders does not object to an individual action or remedy, the Covered Bondholder will not be prohibited from taking such individual action or remedy.

24. MEETINGS AND SEPARATE SERIES

24.1 Choice of Meeting

If and whenever the Issuer shall have issued and have outstanding Covered Bonds of more than one Series the foregoing provisions of this Schedule shall have effect subject to the following modifications:

- 24.1.1 a resolution which in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders affects the Covered Bonds of only one Series shall be deemed to have been duly passed if passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the Covered Bonds of that Series;
- 24.1.2 a resolution which in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders affects the Covered Bonds of more than one Series but does not give rise to a

conflict of interest between the holders of Covered Bonds of any of the Series so affected shall be deemed to have been duly passed if passed at a single meeting of the holders of the Covered Bonds of all the Series so affected;

- 24.1.3 a resolution which in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders affects the Covered Bonds of more than one Series and gives or may give rise to a conflict of interest between the holders of the Covered Bonds of one Series or group of Series so affected and the holders of the Covered Bonds of another Series or group of Series so affected shall be deemed to have been duly passed only if passed at separate meetings of the holders of the Covered Bonds of each Series or group of Series so affected;
- 24.1.4 a Programme Resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed only if passed at a single meeting of the Covered Bondholders of all Series; and
- 24.1.5 to all such meetings all the preceding provisions of these Rules shall *mutatis mutandis* apply as though references therein to Covered Bonds and Covered Bondholders were references to the Covered Bonds of the Series or group of Series in question or to the holders of such Covered Bonds, as the case may be.

24.2 Denominations other than euro

If the Issuer has issued and has outstanding Covered Bonds which are not denominated in euro in the case of any Meeting or request in writing or Written Resolution of holders of Covered Bonds of more than one currency (whether in respect of the meeting or any adjourned such Meeting or any poll resulting therefrom or any such request or written resolution) the Outstanding Principal Balance of such Covered Bonds shall be the Euro Equivalent of the Currency Swap Rate. In such circumstances, on any poll each person present shall have one vote for each Euro 1.00 (or such other euro amount as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may in its absolute discretion stipulate) of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds (converted as above) which he holds or represents.

25. FURTHER REGULATIONS

Subject to all other provisions contained in these Rules, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may, without the consent of the Issuer, prescribe such further regulations regarding the holding of Meetings and attendance and voting at them and/or the provisions of a Written Resolution as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in its sole discretion may decide.

TITLE III

THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

26. APPOINTMENT, REMOVAL AND REMUNERATION

26.1 Appointment

The appointment of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders takes place by Extraordinary Resolution of the Covered Bondholders in accordance with the provisions of this Article 26, except for the appointment of Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group S.p.A. as first Representative of the Covered Bondholders which will be appointed under the Dealer Agreement.

26.2 Identity of Representative of the Covered Bondholders

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be:

- 26.2.1 a bank incorporated in any jurisdiction of the European Union or a bank incorporated in any other jurisdiction acting through an Italian branch; or
- 26.2.2 a company or financial institution enrolled with the register held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 107 of the Banking Law; or

26.2.3 any other entity which is not prohibited from acting in the capacity of Representative of the Covered Bondholders pursuant to the law.

The directors and auditors of the Issuer and those who fall within the conditions set out in Article 2399 of the Italian Civil Code cannot be appointed as Representative of the Covered Bondholders and, if appointed as such, they shall be automatically removed.

26.3 Duration of appointment

Unless the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is removed by Extraordinary Resolution of the Covered Bondholders pursuant to Article 18.2 (*Extraordinary Resolution*) or resigns pursuant to Article 27 (*Resignation of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders*), it shall remain in office until full repayment or cancellation of all the Series of Covered Bonds.

26.4 After termination

In the event of a termination of the appointment of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders for any reason whatsoever, such representative shall remain in office until the substitute Representative of the Covered Bondholders, which shall be an entity specified in Article 26.2 (*Identity of Representative of the Covered Bondholders*), accepts its appointment, and the powers and authority of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders whose appointment has been terminated shall, pending the acceptance of its appointment by the substitute, be limited to those necessary to perform the essential functions required in connection with the Covered Bonds.

26.5 Remuneration

The Issuer shall pay to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders an annual fee for its services as Representative of the Covered Bondholders from the Issue Date, as agreed in a separate fee letter. Such fees shall accrue from day to day and shall be payable in accordance with the priority of payments set out in the Intercreditor Agreement up to (and including) the date when the Covered Bonds shall have been repaid in full or cancelled in accordance with the Conditions. In case of failure by the Issuer to pay the Representative of the Covered Bondholders the fee for its services, the same will be paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

27. RESIGNATION OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may resign at any time by giving at least three calendar months' written notice to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, without needing to provide any specific reason for the resignation and without being responsible for any costs incurred as a result of such resignation. The resignation of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not become effective until a new Representative of the Covered Bondholders has been appointed in accordance with Article 26.1 (*Appointment*) and such new Representative of the Covered Bondholders has accepted its appointment, provided that if Covered Bondholders fail to select a new Representative of the Covered Bondholders within three months of written notice of resignation delivered by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may appoint a successor which is a qualifying entity pursuant to Article 26.2 (*Identity of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders*).

28. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

28.1 Representative of the Covered Bondholders as legal representative

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders is the legal representative of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders and has the power to exercise the rights conferred on it by the Transaction Documents in order to protect the interests of the Covered Bondholders.

28.2 Meetings and resolutions

Unless any Resolution provides to the contrary, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is responsible for implementing all resolutions of the Covered Bondholders. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders has the right to convene and attend Meetings to propose any course of action which it considers from time to time necessary or desirable.

28.3 Delegation

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may in the exercise of the powers, discretions and authorities vested in it by these Rules and the Transaction Documents:

28.3.1 act by responsible officers or a responsible officer for the time being of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders;

28.3.2 whenever it considers it expedient and in the interest of the Covered Bondholders, whether by power of attorney or otherwise, delegate to any person or persons or fluctuating body of persons some, but not all, of the powers, discretions or authorities vested in it as aforesaid.

Any such delegation pursuant to Article 28.3.1 may be made upon such conditions and subject to such regulations (including power to sub-delegate) as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may think fit in the interest of the Covered Bondholders. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not, other than in the normal course of its business, be bound to supervise the acts or proceedings of such delegate or sub-delegate and shall not in any way or to any extent be responsible for any loss incurred by reason of any misconduct, omission or default on the part of such delegate or sub-delegate, *provided that* the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall use all reasonable care in the appointment of any such delegate and shall be responsible for the instructions given by it to such delegate. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, give notice to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor of the appointment of any delegate and any renewal, extension and termination of such appointment, and shall procure that any delegate shall give notice to the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor of the appointment of any sub-delegate as soon as reasonably practicable.

28.4 Judicial proceedings

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders is authorised to represent the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders in any judicial proceedings including any Insolvency Event in respect of the Issuer and/or the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

28.5 Consents given by Representative of Covered Bondholders

Any consent or approval given by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders under these Rules and any other Transaction Document may be given on such terms and subject to such conditions (if any) as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders deems appropriate and, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Rules or in the Transaction Documents, such consent or approval may be given retrospectively.

28.6 Discretions

Save as expressly otherwise provided herein, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall have absolute discretion as to the exercise or non-exercise of any right, power and discretion vested in the Representative of the Covered Bondholders by these Rules or by operation of law.

28.7 Obtaining instructions

In connection with matters in respect of which the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is entitled to exercise its discretion hereunder, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders has the right (but not the obligation) to convene a Meeting or Meetings in order to obtain the Covered Bondholders' instructions as to how it should act. Without prejudice to the provisions set forth under Article 33 (*Indemnity*), prior to

undertaking any action, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be entitled to request that the Covered Bondholders indemnify it and/or provide it with security as specified in Article 29.2 (*Specific Limitations*).

28.8 Remedy

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may determine whether or not a default in the performance by the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor of any obligation under the provisions of these Rules, the Covered Bonds or any other Transaction Documents may be remedied, and if the Representative of the Covered Bondholders certifies that any such default is, in its opinion, not capable of being remedied, such certificate shall be conclusive and binding upon the Issuer, the Covered Bondholders, the other creditors of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and any other party to the Transaction Documents.

29. EXONERATION OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS

29.1 Limited obligations

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not assume any obligations or responsibilities in addition to those expressly provided herein and in the Transaction Documents.

29.2 Specific limitations

Without limiting the generality of the Article 29.1, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders:

- 29.2.1 shall not be under any obligation to take any steps to ascertain whether an Article 74 Event, an Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default or any other event, condition or act, the occurrence of which would cause a right or remedy to become exercisable by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders hereunder or under any other Transaction Document, has occurred and, until the Representative of the Covered Bondholders has actual knowledge or express notice to the contrary, it shall be entitled to assume that no Article 74 Event, Issuer Event of Default or a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default or such other event, condition or act has occurred;
- 29.2.2 shall not be under any obligation to monitor or supervise the observance and performance by the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor or any other parties of their obligations contained in these Rules, the Transaction Documents or the Conditions and, until it shall have actual knowledge or express notice to the contrary, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be entitled to assume that the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor and each other party to the Transaction Documents are duly observing and performing all their respective obligations;
- 29.2.3 except as expressly required in these Rules or any Transaction Document, shall not be under any obligation to give notice to any person of its activities in performance of the provisions of these Rules or any other Transaction Document;
- 29.2.4 shall not be responsible for investigating the legality, validity, effectiveness, adequacy, suitability or genuineness of these Rules or of any Transaction Document, or of any other document or any obligation or rights created or purported to be created hereby or thereby or pursuant hereto or thereto, and (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) it shall not have any responsibility for or have any duty to make any investigation in respect of or in any way be liable whatsoever for:
 - (i) the nature, status, creditworthiness or solvency of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor;

- (ii) the existence, accuracy or sufficiency of any legal or other opinion, search, report, certificate, valuation or investigation delivered or obtained or required to be delivered or obtained at any time in connection herewith;
 - (iii) the suitability, adequacy or sufficiency of any collection procedure operated by the Servicer or compliance therewith;
 - (iv) the failure by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to obtain or comply with any licence, consent or other authorisation in connection with the purchase or administration of the assets contained in the Portfolio; and
 - (v) any accounts, books, records or files maintained by the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Servicer and the Paying Agent or any other person in respect of the Portfolio or the Covered Bonds;
- 29.2.5 shall not be responsible for the receipt or application by the Issuer of the proceeds of the issue of the Covered Bonds or the distribution of any of such proceeds to the persons entitled thereto;
- 29.2.6 shall have no responsibility for procuring or maintaining any rating of the Covered Bonds by any credit or rating agency or any other person;
- 29.2.7 shall not be responsible for investigating any matter which is the subject of any recital, statement, warranty, representation or covenant by any party other than the Representative of the Covered Bondholders contained herein or in any Transaction Document or any certificate, document or agreement relating thereto or for the execution, legality, validity, effectiveness, enforceability or admissibility in evidence thereof;
- 29.2.8 shall not be liable for any failure, omission or defect in registering or filing or procuring registration or filing of or otherwise protecting or perfecting these Rules or any Transaction Document;
- 29.2.9 shall not be bound or concerned to examine or enquire into or be liable for any defect or failure in the right or title of the Covered Bonds Guarantor in relation to the assets contained in the Portfolio or any part thereof, whether such defect or failure was known to the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or might have been discovered upon examination or enquiry or whether capable of being remedied or not;
- 29.2.10 shall not be under any obligation to guarantee or procure the repayment of the Public Assets and Integration Assets contained in the Portfolio or any part thereof;
- 29.2.11 shall not be responsible for reviewing or investigating any report relating to the Portfolio or any part thereof provided by any person;
- 29.2.12 shall not be responsible for or have any liability with respect to any loss or damage arising from the realisation of the Portfolio or any part thereof;
- 29.2.13 shall not be responsible (except as expressly provided in the Conditions) for making or verifying any determination or calculation in respect of the Covered Bonds, the Portfolio or any Transaction Document;
- 29.2.14 shall not be under any obligation to insure the Portfolio or any part thereof;
- 29.2.15 shall, when in these Rules or any Transaction Document it is required in connection with the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities or discretions to have regard to the interests of the Covered Bondholders, have regard to the overall interests of the Covered Bondholders of each Series as a class of persons and shall not be obliged to have regard to any interests arising from circumstances particular to individual Covered Bondholders whatever their number and, in particular but without limitation, shall not have regard to the consequences of such exercise for individual

Covered Bondholders (whatever their number) resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory or taxing authority;

- 29.2.16 shall not, if in connection with the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities or discretions, it is of the opinion that the interest of the holders of the Covered Bonds of any one or more Series would be materially prejudiced thereby, exercise such power, trust, authority or discretion without the approval of such Covered Bondholders by Extraordinary Resolution or by a written resolution of such Covered Bondholders of not less than 25 per cent. of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds of the relevant Series then outstanding;
- 29.2.17 shall, as regards at the powers, trusts, authorities and discretions vested in it by the Transaction Documents, except where expressly provided therein, have regard to the interests of both the Covered Bondholders and the other creditors of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor but if, in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, there is a conflict between their interests the Representative of the Covered Bondholders will have regard solely to the interest of the Covered Bondholders;
- 29.2.18 may refrain from taking any action or exercising any right, power, authority or discretion vested in it under these Rules or any Transaction Document or any other agreement relating to the transactions herein or therein contemplated until it has been indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction against any and all actions, proceedings, claims and demands which might be brought or made against it and against all Liabilities suffered, incurred or sustained by it as a result. Nothing contained in these Rules or any of the other Transaction Documents shall require the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of its duties or the exercise of any right, power, authority or discretion hereunder if it has grounds for believing the repayment of such funds or adequate indemnity against, or security for, such risk or liability is not reasonably assured; and
- 29.2.19 shall not be liable or responsible for any Liabilities which may result from anything done or omitted to be done by it in accordance with the provisions of these Rules or the Transaction Documents.

29.3 Covered Bonds held by Issuer

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may assume without enquiry that no Covered Bonds are, at any given time, held by or for the benefit of the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

29.4 Illegality

No provision of these Rules shall require the Representative of the Covered Bondholders to do anything which may be illegal or contrary to applicable law or regulations or to expend moneys or otherwise take risks in the performance of any of its duties, or in the exercise of any of its powers or discretion. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may refrain from taking any action which would or might, in its opinion, be contrary to any law of any jurisdiction or any regulation or directive of any agency of any state, or if it has reasonable grounds to believe that it will not be reimbursed for any funds it expends, or that it will not be indemnified against any loss or Liabilities which it may incur as a consequence of such action. The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may do anything which, in its opinion, is necessary to comply with any such law, regulation or directive as aforesaid.

30. RELIANCE ON INFORMATION

30.1 Advice

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may act on the advice of a certificate or

opinion of, or any written information obtained from, any lawyer, accountant, banker, broker, credit or rating agency or other expert, whether obtained by the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or otherwise, and shall not be liable for any loss incurred by so acting. Any such opinion, advice, certificate or information may be sent or obtained by letter, telegram, e-mail or fax transmission and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be liable for acting on any opinion, advice, certificate or information purporting to be so conveyed although the same contains some error or is not authentic.

30.2 Certificates of Issuer and/or Covered Bonds Guarantor

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may require, and shall be at liberty to accept (a) as sufficient evidence

30.2.1 as to any fact or matter *prima facie* within the Issuer's or the Covered Bonds Guarantor's knowledge, a certificate duly signed by a director of the Issuer or (as the case may be) the Covered Bonds Guarantor;

30.2.2 that such is the case, a certificate of a director of the Issuer or (as the case may be) the Covered Bonds Guarantor to the effect that any particular dealing, transaction, step or thing is expedient,

and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be bound in any such case to call for further evidence or be responsible for any loss that may be incurred as a result of acting on such certificate unless any of its officers in charge of the administration of these Rules shall have actual knowledge or express notice of the untruthfulness of the matters contained in the certificate.

30.3 Resolution or direction of Covered Bondholders

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be responsible for acting upon any resolution purporting to be a Written Resolution or to have been passed at any Meeting in respect whereof minutes have been made and signed or a direction of the requisite percentage of Covered Bondholders, even though it may subsequently be found that there was some defect in the constitution of the Meeting or the passing of the Written Resolution or the giving of such directions or that for any reason the resolution purporting to be a Written Resolution or to have been passed at any Meeting or the giving of the direction was not valid or binding upon the Covered Bondholders.

30.4 Certificates of Monte Titoli Account Holders

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders, in order to ascertain ownership of the Covered Bonds, may fully rely on the certificates issued by any Monte Titoli Account Holder in accordance with the regulation issued jointly by the Bank of Italy and CONSOB on 22 February 2008, as amended from time to time, which certificates are to be conclusive proof of the matters certified therein.

30.5 Clearing Systems or Registrar

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be at liberty to call for and to rely on as sufficient evidence of the facts stated therein, a certificate, letter or confirmation certified as true and accurate and signed on behalf of such clearing system or Registrar, as the case may be, as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders considers appropriate, or any form of record made by any clearing system or Registrar, as the case may be, to the effect that at any particular time or throughout any particular period any particular person is, or was, or will be, shown its records as entitled to a particular number of Covered Bonds.

30.6 Certificates of parties to Transaction Documents

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall have the right:

30.6.1 to require the Issuer to obtain, written certificates issued by one of the parties

to the Intercreditor Agreement, or by any other creditor of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as to any matter or fact which is *prima facie* within the knowledge of such party or as to such party's opinion with respect to any matter; and

30.6.2 to rely on such written certificates.

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be required to seek additional evidence in respect of the relevant fact, matter or issue and shall not be held responsible for any Liabilities incurred as a result of having failed to do so.

30.7 **Rating Agency**

The Representative of the Covered Bondholder shall be entitled to assume, for the purposes of exercising any power, authority, duty or discretion under or in relation to these Rules that such exercise will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the holders of Covered Bonds of any Series or of all Series for the time being outstanding if the Rating Agency has confirmed that the then current rating of the Covered Bonds of any such Series or all such Series (as the case may be) would not be adversely affected by such exercise. If the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, in order properly to exercise its rights or fulfil its obligations, deems it necessary to obtain the views of the Rating Agency as to how a specific act would affect any outstanding rating of the Covered Bonds, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may inform the Issuer, which will then obtain such views at its expense on behalf of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may seek and obtain such views itself at the cost of the Issuer.

30.8 **Certificates of Parties to Transaction Document**

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall have the right to call for or require the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor to call for and to rely on written certificates issued by any party (other than the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor) to the Intercreditor Agreement or any other Transaction Document,

30.8.1 in respect of every matter and circumstance for which a certificate is expressly provided for under the Conditions or any Transaction Document;

30.8.2 as any matter or fact *prima facie* within the knowledge of such party; or

30.8.3 as to such party's opinion with respect to any issue

and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be required to seek additional evidence in respect of the relevant fact, matter or circumstances and shall not be held responsible for any Liabilities incurred as a result of having failed to do so unless any of its officers has actual knowledge or express notice of the untruthfulness of the matter contained in the certificate.

30.9 **Auditors**

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be responsible for reviewing or investigating any auditors' report or certificate and may rely on the contents of any such report or certificate.

31. **AMENDMENTS AND MODIFICATIONS**

31.1 The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may from time to time and without the consent or sanction of the Covered Bondholders concur with the Issuer and/or the Covered Bonds Guarantor and any other relevant parties in making any modification (and for this purpose the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may disregard whether any such modification relates to a Series Reserved Matter) as follows:

31.1.1 to these Rules, the Conditions and/or the other Transaction Documents which in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may be expedient to make provided that the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is of the opinion that such modification will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of

any of the Covered Bondholders of any Series; and

- 31.1.2 to these Rules, the Conditions or the other Transaction Documents which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or, which in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders is to correct a manifest error or an error established as such to the satisfaction of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders or to comply with mandatory provisions of law.
- 31.2 Any such modification may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions (if any) as the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may determine, shall be binding upon the Covered Bondholders and, unless the Representative of the Covered Bondholders otherwise agrees, shall be notified by the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor (as the case may be) to the Covered Bondholders in accordance with Condition 18 (*Notices*) as soon as practicable thereafter.
- 31.3 In establishing whether an error is established as such, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders may have regard to any evidence on which the Representative of the Covered Bondholders considers reasonable to rely on, and may, but shall not be obliged to, have regard to all or any of the following:
- 31.3.1 a certificate from a Relevant Dealer, stating the intention of the parties to the relevant Transaction Document, confirming nothing has been said to, or by, investors or any other parties which is in any way inconsistent with such stated intention and stating the modification to the relevant Transaction Document that is required to reflect such intention;
- 31.3.2 confirmation from the relevant credit rating agencies that, after giving effect to such modification, the Covered Bonds shall continue to have the same credit ratings as those assigned to them immediately prior to the modification.
- 31.4 The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall be bound to concur with the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor and any other party in making any of the above-mentioned modifications if it is so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution or and if it is indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction against all Liabilities to which it may thereby render itself liable or which it may incur by so doing.

32. WAIVER

32.1 Waiver of Breach

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders may at any time and from time to time in its sole direction, without prejudice to its rights in respect of any subsequent breach, condition, event or act, but only if and in so far as in its opinion the interests of the holders of the Covered Bonds then outstanding shall not be materially prejudiced thereby:

- 32.1.1 authorise or waive, on such terms and subject to such conditions (if any) as it may decide, any proposed breach or breach of any of the covenants or provisions contained in the Covered Bonds Guarantee or any of the obligations of or rights against the Covered Bonds Guarantor under any other Transaction Documents; or
- 32.1.2 determine that any Event of Default or Article 74 Event shall not be treated as such for the purposes of the Transaction Documents,

without any consent or sanction of the Covered Bondholders.

32.2 Binding Nature

Any authorisation, waiver or determination referred in Article 32.1 (*Waiver of Breach*) shall be binding on the Covered Bondholders.

32.3 Restriction on powers

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not exercise any powers conferred

upon it by this Article 32 (*Waiver*) in contravention of any express direction by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Covered Bonds then outstanding or of a request or direction in writing made by the holders of not less than 25 per cent in aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds (in the case of any such determination, with the Covered Bonds of all Series taken together as a single Series as aforesaid), and at all times then only if it shall be indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction against all Liabilities to which it may thereby render itself liable or which it may incur by so doing but so that no such direction or request:

32.3.1 shall affect any authorisation, waiver or determination previously given or made or

32.3.2 all authorise or waive any such proposed breach or breach relating to a Series Reserved Matter unless holders of Covered Bonds of each Series has, by Extraordinary Resolution, so authorised its exercise.

32.4 **Notice of waiver**

Unless the Representative of the Covered Bondholders agrees otherwise, the Issuer shall cause any such authorisation, waiver or determination to be notified to the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors, as soon as practicable after it has been given or made in accordance with Condition 18 (*Notices*).

33. **INDEMNITY**

Pursuant to the Dealer Agreement, the Issuer has covenanted and undertaken to reimburse, pay or discharge (on a full indemnity basis) upon demand, to the extent not already reimbursed, paid or discharged by the Covered Bondholders, all costs, liabilities, losses, charges, expenses, damages, actions, proceedings, claims and demands duly documented and properly incurred by or made against the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, including but not limited to legal expenses, and any stamp, issue, registration, documentary and other taxes or duties paid by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders in connection with any action and/or legal proceedings brought or contemplated by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders pursuant to the Transaction Documents against the Issuer, or any other person to enforce any obligation under these Rules, the Covered Bonds or the Transaction Documents.

34. **LIABILITY**

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders shall not be liable for any act, matter or thing done or omitted in any way in connection with the Transaction Documents, the Covered Bonds or the Rules except in relation to its own fraud (*frode*), gross negligence (*colpa grave*) or wilful default (*dolo*).

TITLE IV

THE ORGANISATION OF THE COVERED BONDHOLDERS AFTER SERVICE OF A COVERED BONDS GUARANTOR ACCELERATION NOTICE

35. **POWERS TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE COVERED BONDS GUARANTOR**

It is hereby acknowledged that, upon service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice or, prior to service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, following the failure of the Covered Bonds Guarantor to exercise any right to which it is entitled, pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, in its capacity as legal representative of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, shall be entitled (also in the interests of the Secured Creditors) pursuant to Articles 1411 and 1723 of the Italian Civil Code, to exercise certain rights in relation to the Portfolio. Therefore, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, in its capacity as legal representative of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, will be authorised, pursuant to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement, to exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and as *mandatario in rem propriam* of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, any and all of the Covered Bonds Guarantor's Rights under certain Transaction Documents, including the right to give directions and instructions to the relevant parties to the relevant Transaction Documents.

TITLE V

GOVERNING LAW AND JURISDICTION

36. GOVERNING LAW

These Rules are governed by, and will be construed in accordance with, the laws of the Republic of Italy.

37. JURISDICTION

The Courts of Milan will have jurisdiction to law and determine any suit, action or proceedings and to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with these Rules.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) issued under the Programme. Text in this section appearing in italics does not form part of the Final Terms but denotes directions for completing the Final Terms.

Final Terms dated [●]

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Description] Covered Bonds due [Maturity]

Guaranteed by

ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l.

under the Euro 20,000,000,000 Covered Bond (Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite) Programme

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the “**Conditions**”) set forth in the prospectus dated 23 April 2013 [and the supplement[s] to the prospectus dated 23 April 2013] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus (the “**Base Prospectus**”) for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC) (the “**Prospectus Directive**”) which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EC (the “**2010 Amending Directive**”), to the extent such amendments have been implemented on a relevant Member State. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Covered Bonds described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive. These Final Terms, published on [●], contain the final terms of the Covered Bonds and must be read in conjunction with such Base Prospectus [as so supplemented]. These Final Terms are available for viewing on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu). Full information on the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the offer of the Covered Bonds described herein is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus [as so supplemented]. The Base Prospectus [, including the supplement[s]] [is/are] available for viewing [at [website]] [and] during normal business hours at [address] [and copies may be obtained from [address]].

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or sub-paragraphs. Italics denote guidance for completing the Final Terms.]

1.
 - (i) Series Number: [●]
 - (ii) Tranche Number: [●]
 - (iii) Date on which the Covered Bonds will be consolidated and form a single Series: [The Covered Bonds will be consolidated and form a single Series with [identify earlier Tranche] on the Issue Date]/[Not Applicable]
2. Specified Currency or Currencies: [Euro/UK Sterling/Swiss Franc/Japanese Yen/ US Dollar/Other]
3. Aggregate Nominal Amount: [●]
 - (i) Series: [●]

- (ii) Tranche: [•]
4. Issue Price: [•] % of the aggregate nominal amount [plus accrued interest from *[insert date]* (in the case of fungible issues only, if applicable)]
5. (i) Specified Denominations: [•] [plus integral multiples of [•] in addition to the said sum of [•]] (as referred to under Condition 3) (*Include the wording in square brackets where the Specified Denomination is €100,000 or equivalent plus multiples of a lower principal amount.*)
- (ii) Calculation Amount: [•]
6. (i) Issue Date: [•]
- (ii) Interest Commencement Date: [*Specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable*]
7. Maturity Date: [*Specify date or (for Floating Rate Covered Bonds) CB Payment Date falling in or nearest to the relevant month and year.*]
8. Extended Maturity Date of Guaranteed Amounts corresponding to Final Redemption Amount under the Covered Bonds Guarantee: [*Not applicable / Specify date or (for Floating Rate Covered Bonds) CB Payment Date falling in or nearest to the relevant month and year*] (as referred to in Condition 8(b))
9. Interest Basis: [[•] % Fixed Rate]
 [[*Specify reference rate*] +/- [*Margin*] % Floating Rate]
 [Zero Coupon (as referred to in Condition 7)]
 (further particulars specified in [14]/[15]/[16] below)
10. Redemption/Payment Basis: [Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Covered Bonds will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [100] % of their nominal amount (as referred to in Condition 8(a))]
11. Change of Interest Redemption/Payment Basis: or Change of interest rate may be applicable in case an Extended Maturity Date is specified as applicable, as provided for in Condition 8(b)

12. Put/Call Options: [Not Applicable]
 [Investor Put (as referred in Condition 8(f))]
 [Issuer Call (as referred in Condition 8(d))][further particulars specified in paragraph [17]/[18]below)]
13. [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Covered Bonds [and Covered Bonds Guarantee] [respectively]] obtained: [•] [and [•], respectively]
(N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular tranche of Covered Bonds or related Covered Bonds Guarantee)]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14. **Fixed Rate Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable (as referred in Condition 5)]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) Rate(s) of Interest: [•]% per annum payable in arrear on each CB Payment Date.
- (ii) CB Payment Date(s): [•] in each year [adjusted in accordance with [specify Business Day Convention and any applicable Business Centre(s) for the definition of “Business Day”]/not adjusted]
- (iii) Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]: [•] per Calculation Amount
- (iv) Broken Amount(s): [[•] per Calculation Amount, payable on the CB Payment Date falling [in/on] [•]]/[Not Applicable]
- (v) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 Actual/365
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/360
 30/360 (Fixed rate)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 30/360 (Floating Rate)
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)]
- (vi) [Determination Date(s): [[•] in each year/Not Applicable]]
(Only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA).)
15. **Floating Rate Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable (as referred to in Condition 6)]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) CB Interest Period(s): [•]

- (ii) Specified Period: [•]
(Specified Period and CB Payment Dates are alternatives. A Specified Period, rather than CB Payment Dates, will only be relevant if the Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention. Otherwise, insert “Not Applicable”)
- (iii) CB Payment Dates: [•]
(Specified Period and Specified CB Payment Dates are alternatives. If the Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention, insert “Not Applicable”)
- (iv) First CB Payment Date: [•]
- (v) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/
Following Business Day Convention/
Modified Following Business Day
Convention/
Preceding Business Day Convention]
- (vii) Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
- (viii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s) (if not the Paying Agent): [[Name] shall be the Calculation Agent *(no need to specify if the Fiscal Agent is to perform this function)*]
- (ix) Screen Rate Determination:
- Reference Rate: [•] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR]
 - Reference Banks: [[•]/not applicable]
 - Interest Determination Date(s): [•]
 - Relevant Screen Page: *[For example, Reuters LIBOR 01/ EURIBOR 01]*
 - Relevant Time: *[For example, 11.00 a.m. London time/Brussels time]*
 - Relevant Financial Centre: *[For example, London/Euro-zone (where Euro-zone means the region comprised of the countries whose lawful currency is the euro)]*
- (x) ISDA Determination:
- Floating Rate Option: [•]
 - Designated Maturity: [•]
 - Reset Date: [•]
- (xi) Margin(s): [+/-][•]% per annum

- (xii) Minimum Rate of Interest: [•]% per annum
- (xiii) Maximum Rate of Interest: [•]% per annum
- (xiv) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ICMA)/Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/360
30/360 (Fixed rate)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
30/360 (Floating Rate)
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)]

16. **Zero Coupon Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable](as referred in Condition 7)
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) [Amortisation/Accrual] Yield: [•]% per annum
 - (ii) Reference Price: [•]
 - (iii) Day Count Fraction for the purposes of Condition 9(h) (Early redemption of Zero Coupon Covered Bonds): [30/360]/[Actual/360]/[Actual/365]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

17. **Call Option** [Applicable/Not Applicable](as referred in Condition 8(d))
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [•]
 - (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of Covered Bonds and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): [•] per Calculation Amount
 - (iii) If redeemable in part:
 - Minimum Redemption Amount: [•] per Calculation Amount
 - Maximum Redemption Amount [•] per Calculation Amount
 - (iv) Notice period: [•]
18. **Put Option** [Applicable/Not Applicable](as referred in Condition 8(f))
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [•]
 - (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Covered Bonds: [•] per Calculation Amount
 - (iii) Notice period: [•]

19. **Final Redemption Amount of Covered Bonds** [•] per Calculation Amount (as referred in Condition 8(a))
- (i) Minimum Final Redemption Amount: [•] per Calculation Amount
- (ii) Maximum Final Redemption Amount: [•] per Calculation Amount
20. **Early Redemption Amount** [Not Applicable/[•] per Calculation Amount](as referred in Condition 8)
- Early redemption amount(s) per Calculation Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on acceleration following a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default: *(If both the Early Redemption Amount and the Early Termination Amount are the principal amount of the Covered Bonds/specify the Early Redemption Amount and/or the Early Termination Amount if different from the principal amount of the Covered Bonds)*

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE COVERED BONDS

21. Additional Financial Centre(s): [Not Applicable/give details]
- [Note that this paragraph relates to the date and place of payment, and not interest period end dates]*

[(Relevant third party information) has been extracted from (specify source). Each of the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by (specify source), no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.

By: _____
Duly authorised

Signed on behalf of ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l.

By: _____
Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

- (i) Listing [Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/*Other*]/[Not applicable]
- (ii) Admission to trading Application [is expected to be/has been] made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Covered Bonds to be admitted to trading on the [Luxembourg Stock Exchange/*Other* with effect from [•]/Not applicable].
(Where documenting a fungible issue, need to indicate that original Covered Bonds are already admitted to trading.)
- (iii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [•]

2. RATINGS

- Ratings: [The Covered Bonds to be issued [[have been]/[are expected]] to be rated]/[The following ratings assigned to the Covered Bonds of this type issued under the Programme generally:]
[Moody's: [•]]
[[Other]: [•]]

(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Covered Bonds of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)

[In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 as amended by Regulation (EU) no. 513 of 2011 ("CRA Regulation") unless the rating is provided by a credit rating agency operating in the European Union before 7 June 2010 which has submitted an application for registration in accordance with the CRA Regulation and such registration is not refused.]

[Each of [•] and] Moody's Investors Service Ltd. is established in the European Union and is registered under

Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, as amended by Regulation (EU) no. 513 of 2011 (the "**CRA Regulation**"). As such [each of [•] and] Moody's Investors Service Ltd. is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website in accordance with such Regulation.

3. **INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE/OFFER**

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Covered Bonds has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and [its] affiliates in the ordinary course of business - *Amend as appropriate if there are other interests*]

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute "significant new factors" and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Offering Circular under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]

4. **REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES**

[(i) Reasons for the offer [•]

If reasons for offer different from making profit and/or hedging certain risks will need to include those reasons here.)

[(ii) Estimated net proceeds: [•]

[(iii) Estimated total expenses: [•]

[Include breakdown of expenses]

(If the Covered Bonds are derivative securities to which Annex XII of Regulation (EC) no 809 of 2004 applies it is only necessary to include disclosure of net proceeds and total expenses at (ii) and (iii) above where disclosure is included at (i) above.)

[(iv) Estimated admission to trading expenses [•]

5. **[Fixed Rate Covered Bonds only – YIELD**

Indication of yield: [•]/[Not Applicable]

6. **[Floating Rate Covered Bonds only - HISTORIC INTEREST RATES**

Details of historic [LIBOR/EURIBOR/specify other Reference Rate] rates can be

obtained from [Reuters]./[Not Applicable]

7. **OPERATIONAL INFORMATION**

ISIN Code: [•]

Common Code: [•]

Any Relevant Clearing System(s) other than Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable/give name(s), address(es) and number(s)]

Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment

Names and Specified Offices of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): [•]

Deemed delivery of clearing system notices for the purposes of Condition 18 (*Notices*): Any notice delivered to the Covered Bondholders through the systems of Monte Titoli and, as long as the Covered Bonds are admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, shall be deemed to have been duly given if published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu) or, if required, of the CSSF and, in any event, if published in accordance with the rules and regulation of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes][No][Not Applicable]
[Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Covered Bonds are intended upon issue to be held in a form which would allow Eurosystem eligibility (i.e. issued in dematerialised form (*emesse in forma dematerializzata*) and wholly and exclusively deposited with Monte Titoli in accordance with articles 83*bis* and 83*ter* of Italian Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998, through the authorised institutions listed in article 84 *quater* of such legislative decree) and does not necessarily mean that the Covered Bonds will be recognized as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]

DISTRIBUTION

22. (i) If syndicated, names of Managers: [Not Applicable/*give names*]
[Not Applicable/*give name*]
- (ii) Stabilising Manager(s) (if any)::
23. If non-syndicated, name of Dealer: [Not Applicable/*give name*]
24. U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category]
25. Additional selling restrictions: [Not Applicable/*give details*]

MAIN FEATURES OF REGISTERED COVERED BONDS (*GEDECKTE NAMENSSCHULDVERSCHREIBUNGEN*)

Under the Programme the Issuer may issue Registered Covered Bonds (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibungen*), each issued with a minimum denomination indicated in the applicable Registered Covered Bond Conditions. The Registered Covered Bonds will not be listed and/or admitted to trading on any market and will not be settled through a clearing system.

The Registered Covered Bonds will be governed by the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany or by whatever law chosen by the Issuer (to be supplemented with the specific provisions required under German law in order for the Registered Covered Bonds to be a German law registered note (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*)) provided that, in any case, certain provisions, including those applicable to the Issuer and the Portfolio and those applicable to the status, limited recourse and the guarantee of the Registered Covered Bonds, shall be confirmed to be governed by Italian law.

The Registered Covered Bonds will be direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer, guaranteed by the Guarantor pursuant to the terms of the Covered Bond Guarantee. The Registered Covered Bonds will rank *pari passu* and without any preference among themselves and, save for any applicable statutory provisions, at least equally with all other present and future unsecured and un-subordinated obligations of the Issuer from time to time outstanding.

In accordance with the Law 130, MEF Decree and the BoI OBG Regulations, the terms and conditions of each Series of Registered Covered Bonds together with the Transaction Documents, the Registered Covered Bondholders will have (i) recourse to the Issuer and (ii) limited recourse to the Guarantor limited to the Available Funds.

The Registered Covered Bonds shall be governed by a set of legal documentation in the form from time to time agreed with the relevant Dealer and will not be governed by the Conditions of the Covered Bonds set out in this Base Prospectus. Such legal documentation will include the relevant Registered Covered Bond certificate, the Registered Covered Bond Conditions, the Registered Covered Bond assignment agreement, any other ancillary documents and/or agreements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Issuer will be entitled to enter into a different or additional set of documentation as agreed with the relevant Dealer in relation to a specific issue of Registered Covered Bonds.

The full terms and conditions applicable to each Series of Registered Covered Bonds will be the relevant Registered Covered Bond Certificate, the Registered Covered Bond Conditions attached thereto and any other related agreements.

In connection with each Registered Covered Bond, each reference in the Base Prospectus to information being set out, specified, stated, shown, indicated or otherwise provided for in the applicable Final Terms shall be read and construed as a reference to such information being set out, specified, stated, shown, indicated or otherwise provided in the Registered Covered Bond Certificate, the Registered Covered Bond Conditions attached thereto or any other document expressed to govern such Registered Covered Bond and, as applicable, each other reference to Final Terms in the Base Prospectus shall be construed and read as a reference to such Registered Covered Bond, the Registered Covered Bond Conditions attached thereto or any other document expressed to govern such of Registered Covered Bond.

A transfer of Registered Covered Bonds is deemed to be not effective until the transferee has delivered to the Registrar a duly executed copy of the Registered Covered Bond certificate relating to such Registered Covered Bond along with a duly executed Registered Covered Bond assignment agreement. A transfer can only occur for the minimum denomination indicated in the applicable Registered Covered Bond Conditions or multiples thereof.

In connection of Registered Covered Bonds, any references in this Base Prospectus to the Conditions or a particularly numbered Condition shall be construed, where relevant and unless specified otherwise, to include the equivalent Condition in the Registered Covered Bond Conditions as supplemented by any other applicable document.

TAXATION IN THE REPUBLIC OF ITALY

The following is a general summary of current Italian law and practice relating to certain Italian tax considerations concerning the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Covered Bonds.

The following summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to subscribe for, purchase, own or dispose of the Covered Bonds and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as dealers in securities or commodities) may be subject to special rules.

Prospective purchasers of the Covered Bonds are advised to consult their own tax advisers concerning the overall tax consequences of their ownership of the Covered Bonds.

This summary is based upon the laws and/or practice in force as at the date of this Base Prospectus, which are subject to any changes in law and/or practice occurring after such date, which could be made on a retroactive basis.

The statements herein regarding taxation are based on the laws in force as at the date of this Prospectus and are subject to any changes in law occurring after such date, which changes could be made on a retroactive basis. The following summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to subscribe for, purchase, own or dispose of the Covered Bonds and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as dealers in securities or commodities) may be subject to special rules. Prospective purchasers of the Covered Bonds are advised to consult their own tax advisers concerning the overall tax consequences of their ownership of the Covered Bonds. This summary is based upon the laws and/or practice in force as at the date of this Prospectus.

Italian tax laws and interpretations may be subject to frequent changes which could be made on a retroactive basis.

Italian Tax Treatment of the Covered Bonds – General

Legislative Decree No. 239 of 1 April 1996 (“**Decree 239**”) sets out the applicable regime regarding the tax treatment of interest, premiums and other income (including the difference between the redemption amount and the issue price) from certain securities issued, *inter alia*, by Italian resident banks (hereinafter collectively referred to as “**Interest**”). The provisions of Decree 239 only apply to Covered Bonds issued by the Issuer which qualify as bonds (*obbligazioni*) or securities similar to bonds (*titoli similari alle obbligazioni*) pursuant to Article 44 of Presidential Decree No. 917 of 22 December 1986 as amended and supplemented (“**Decree 917**”).

Taxation of Interest

Italian Resident Covered Bondholders

Pursuant to Decree 239, where the Italian resident holder of Covered Bonds that qualify as *obbligazioni* or *titoli similari alle obbligazioni*, who is the beneficial owner of such Covered Bonds, is:

- (a) an individual holding Covered Bonds otherwise than in connection with entrepreneurial activity (unless he has entrusted the management of his financial assets, including the Covered Bonds, to an authorised intermediary and has opted for the so-called *risparmio gestito* regime according to Article 7 of Decree 461 – the “**Asset Management Option**”);
- (b) or a partnership (other than a *società in nome collettivo* or *società in accomandita semplice* or similar partnership) or *de facto* partnership not carrying out commercial activities or professional association; or
- (c) a private or public institution not carrying out mainly or exclusively commercial activities (including the Italian state and public entities); or
- (d) an investor exempt from Italian corporate income taxation,

interest payments relating to the Covered Bonds are subject to a tax, referred to as *imposta sostitutiva*, levied at the rate of 20 per cent. (either when Interest is paid or when payment thereof is obtained by the holder on a sale of the Covered Bonds). All the above categories are qualified as “net recipients”.

Where the resident holders of the Covered Bonds described above under (a) and (c) are engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected with the same business activity, *imposta sostitutiva* applies as a provisional income tax and may be deducted from the tax due.

Where an Italian resident Covered Bondholder is a company or similar commercial entity, or a permanent establishment in Italy of a foreign company to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected, and the Covered Bonds are deposited with an authorised intermediary, Interest from the Covered Bonds shall not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva*. They must, however, be included in the relevant Covered Bondholder’s income tax return and are therefore subject to general Italian corporate taxation (and, in certain circumstances, depending on the "status" of the Covered Bondholder, also to IRAP - the regional tax on productive activities).

Italian real estate funds created under Article 37 of Italian Legislative Decree 58 of 24 February 1998 and Article 14 bis of Italian Law No. 86 of 25 January 1994, are not subject to any substitute tax at the fund level nor to any other income tax in the hands of the fund.

If the investor is resident in Italy and is an open-ended or closed-ended investment fund or a SICAV, and the Covered Bonds are held by an authorised intermediary, Interest accrued during the holding period on the Covered Bonds shall not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva*, nor to any other income tax in the hands of the relevant Covered Bondholder; a withholding tax of 20 per cent. shall be levied on proceeds distributed by the investment funds or the SICAV or received by certain categories of unitholders upon redemption or disposal of the units.

Where an Italian resident Covered Bondholders is a pension fund (subject to the regime provided for by article 17 of the Italian Legislative Decree No. 252 of 5 December 2005 – “**Decree 252**”) and the Covered Bonds are deposited with an authorised intermediary, Interest relating to the Covered Bonds and accrued during the holding period will not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva*, but must be included in the result of the relevant portfolio accrued at the end of the tax period, to be subject to an 11 per cent. substitute tax.

Italian resident individuals holding Covered Bonds not in connection with entrepreneurial activity who have entrusted the management of their financial assets, including the Covered Bonds, to an authorised financial Intermediary and have opted for the Asset Management Option are not subject to the 20 per cent. *imposta sostitutiva*

Such categories are qualified as “gross recipients” Pursuant to Decree 239, the 20 per cent. *imposta sostitutiva* is applied by banks, società di intermediazione mobiliare (so called “SIMs”), fiduciary companies, società di gestione del risparmio (SGRs), stock brokers and other qualified entities resident in Italy (“**Intermediaries**” and each an “**Intermediary**”), or by permanent establishments in Italy of foreign banks or intermediaries resident outside Italy, that must intervene in any way in the collection of Interest or, also as transferees, in transfers or disposals of the Covered Bonds.

Where the Covered Bonds and the relevant coupons are not deposited with an authorised Intermediary (or with a permanent establishment in Italy of a foreign Intermediary), the *imposta sostitutiva* is applied and withheld:

- by any Italian bank or any Italian Intermediary paying Interest to the Bondholders; or
- by the Issuer.

To ensure payment of Interest in respect of the Covered Bonds without the application of 20 per cent. *imposta sostitutiva*, gross recipients indicated above must (a) be the beneficial owners of payments of Interest on the Covered Bonds and (b) timely deposit the Covered Bonds together with the coupons relating to such Covered Bonds directly or indirectly with an Italian authorised financial Intermediary (or a permanent establishment in Italy of a foreign Intermediary).

In case of application of the *imposta sostitutiva* gross recipients that are Italian resident corporations or permanent establishments in Italy of foreign corporations to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected are entitled to deduct *imposta sostitutiva* suffered from income taxes due.

Non-Italian resident Covered Bondholders

According to Decree 239, payments of Interest in respect of Covered Bonds that qualify as *obbligazioni* or *titoli similari alle obbligazioni* will not be subject to the *imposta sostitutiva* at the rate of 20 per cent provided that:

- (a) the payments are made to non-Italian resident beneficial owners of the Covered Bonds with no permanent establishment in Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected; and
- (b) such beneficial owners are resident, for tax purposes, in a country which allows for a satisfactory exchange of information with Italy (the "**White List States**") as listed (i) in the Italian Ministerial Decree dated 4 September 1996, as amended from time to time, or (ii) as from the tax year in which the decree pursuant to article 168-bis of Decree No. 917 is effective, in the list of States allowing an adequate exchange of information with the Italian tax authorities as per the decree issued to implement Article 168-bis, paragraph 1 of Decree No. 917 (for the 5 years starting on the date of publication of the Decree in the Official Gazette, States and territories that are not included in the current black-lists set forth by Italian Ministerial Decrees of 4 May 1999, 21 November 2001 and 23 January 2002 nor in the current white list set forth by Italian Ministerial Decree of 4 September 1996 are deemed to be included in the new white-list); and
- (c) all the requirements and procedures set forth in Decree 239 and in the relevant implementation rules, as subsequently amended, in order to benefit from the exemption from *imposta sostitutiva* are timely met or complied with.

The *imposta sostitutiva* may be reduced (generally to 10 per cent.) or reduced to zero under certain applicable double tax treaties entered into by Italy, if more favourable, subject to timely filing of required documentation.

Decree 239 also provides for additional exemptions from the *imposta sostitutiva* for payments of Interest in respect of the Covered Bonds made to (i) international entities and organisations established in accordance with international agreements ratified in Italy; (ii) certain foreign institutional investors established in countries which allow for an adequate exchange of information with Italy; and (iii) Central Banks or entities which manage, *inter alia*, the official reserves of a foreign State.

To ensure the payment of Interest in respect of the Covered Bonds without the application of the *imposta sostitutiva*, non-Italian resident investors indicated above must:

- (a) be the beneficial owners of payments of Interest on the Covered Bonds; and
- (b) timely deposit the Covered Bonds together with the coupons relating to such Covered Bonds directly or indirectly with an Intermediary, or a permanent establishment in Italy of a non-Italian bank or financial intermediary, or with a non-Italian resident operator participating in a centralised securities management system which is in contact via computer with the Ministry of Economy and Finance; and
- (c) timely file with the relevant depository a self-assessment (*autocertificazione*) stating, *inter alia*, that he or she is resident, for tax purposes, in a country which recognises the Italian fiscal authorities' right to an adequate exchange of information. Such self-assessment (*autocertificazione*) is valid until withdrawn or revoked and need not be submitted where a certificate, declaration or other similar document meant for equivalent uses was previously submitted to the same depository. The self-assessment (*autocertificazione*) is not requested for non-Italian resident investors that are international entities and organisations established in accordance with international agreements ratified in Italy and Central Banks or entities which manage, *inter alia*, the official reserves of a foreign state.

Failure of a non-resident Covered Bondholders to timely comply with the procedures set forth in Decree 239 and in the relevant implementation rules will result in the application of *imposta sostitutiva* on Interest payments to a non-resident Covered Bondholders.

The *imposta sostitutiva* will be applicable at the rate of 20 per cent to interest, premium and other income accrued during the holding period when the Covered Bondholders are resident, for fiscal purposes, in countries which do not allow for a satisfactory exchange of information with Italy.

Should the above exemptions not be applicable, non-Italian resident Covered Bondholders may be entitled to claim if certain relevant conditions are met, a reduction *imposta sostitutiva* under double taxation treaty, if any, entered into by Italy and its country of residence, subject to filing of required documentation.

Atypical securities

Interest payments relating to Covered Bonds that are not deemed to fall within the category of bonds (*obbligazioni*) or securities similar to bonds (*titoli similari alle obbligazioni*) may be qualified as “*atypical securities*” and subject to a withholding tax, levied at the rate of 20 per cent. For this purpose, securities similar to bonds are securities that incorporate an unconditional obligation to pay, at maturity, an amount not lower than their nominal value.

In case of Covered Bonds issued by an Italian-resident issuer, where the Covered Bondholders is (i) an Italian individual engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Covered Bonds are connected, (ii) an Italian company or a similar Italian commercial entity, (iii) a permanent establishment in Italy of a foreign entity to which the Covered Bonds are connected, (iv) an Italian commercial partnership or (v) an Italian commercial private or public institution, such withholding tax is a provisional withholding tax.

In all other cases, the withholding tax is a final withholding tax.

Payments made by the Guarantor

There is no authority directly regarding the Italian tax regime of payments on Covered Bonds made by an Italian resident guarantor. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the Italian tax authorities will not assert an alternative treatment of such payments than that set forth herein or that the Italian court would not support such an alternative treatment.

With respect to payments on the Covered Bonds made to certain Italian resident Covered Bondholders by an Italian resident guarantor, in accordance with one interpretation of Italian tax law, any payment of liabilities equal to interest and other proceeds from the Covered Bonds may be subject to an advance withholding tax at a rate of 20 per cent. pursuant to Presidential Decree No. 600, as subsequently amended. With respect to non-Italian resident Covered Bondholders, a final withholding tax may be applied at 20 per cent.

Double taxation treaties entered into by Italy may apply allowing for a lower (or, in certain cases, nil) rate of withholding tax.

It is worth to mentioning that, in accordance with another interpretation, any payment made by the Italian resident guarantor shall be treated, in certain circumstances, as a payment by the relevant Issuer and thus shall be subject to the tax regime described in the previous paragraphs of this section.

Capital Gains Tax

Italian resident Covered Bondholders

Pursuant to Decree No. 461, a 20 per cent. capital gains tax (referred to as “*imposta sostitutiva*”) is applicable to capital gains realised by Italian resident individuals not engaged in entrepreneurial activities to which the Covered Bonds issued by Intesa Sanpaolo are connected, on any sale or transfer for consideration of the Covered Bonds or redemption thereof.

Under the so called “tax declaration regime”, which is the standard regime for taxation of capital gains realised by Italian resident individuals not engaged in entrepreneurial activities, the 20 per cent. *imposta sostitutiva* on capital gains will be chargeable, on a cumulative basis, on all capital gains net

of any relevant incurred capital losses realised by Italian resident individuals not engaged in entrepreneurial activities pursuant to all investment transactions carried out during any given fiscal year. The capital gains realised in a year net of any relevant incurred capital losses must be detailed in the relevant annual tax return to be filed with Italian tax authorities and *imposta sostitutiva* must be paid on such capital gains by Italian resident individuals together with any balance income tax due for the relevant tax year. Capital losses in excess of capital gains may be carried forward against capital gains of the same kind for up to the fourth subsequent fiscal year.

Alternatively to the tax declaration regime, holders of the Covered Bonds who are Italian resident individuals not engaged in entrepreneurial activities to which the Covered Bonds are connected, may elect to pay *imposta sostitutiva* separately on capital gains realised on each sale or transfer or redemption of the Covered Bonds (“*risparmio amministrato*” regime). Such separate taxation of capital gains is allowed subject to (i) the Covered Bonds being deposited with banks, SIMs and any other Italian qualified intermediary (or permanent establishment in Italy of foreign intermediary) and (ii) an express election for the so-called *risparmio amministrato* regime being timely made in writing by the relevant bondholder of the Covered Bonds. The intermediary is responsible for accounting for *imposta sostitutiva* in respect of capital gains realised on each sale or transfer or redemption of the Covered Bonds, as well as on capital gains realised as at revocation of its mandate, net of any relevant incurred capital losses, and is required to pay the relevant amount to the Italian fiscal authorities on behalf of the holder of the Covered Bonds, deducting a corresponding amount from proceeds to be credited to the holder of the Covered Bonds. Where a sale or transfer or redemption of the Covered Bonds results in a capital loss, the intermediary is entitled to deduct such loss from gains of the same kind subsequently realised on assets held by the holder of the Covered Bonds within the same relationship of deposit in the same tax year or in the following tax years up to the fourth. Under the *risparmio amministrato* regime, the bondholder is not required to declare capital gains in its annual tax declaration and remains anonymous.

Special rules apply if the Covered Bonds are part of a portfolio managed in a regime of Asset Management Option (“*risparmio gestito*” regime) by an Italian asset management company or an authorised intermediary. In that case the capital gains realised upon sale, transfer or redemption of the Covered Bonds will not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva* on capital gains but will contribute to determine the taxable base of the Asset Management Tax applicable at rate of 20 per cent.

In particular, under the Asset Management Option, any appreciation of the Covered Bonds, even if not realised, will contribute to determine the annual accrued appreciation of the managed portfolio, subject to the Asset Management Tax. Any depreciation of the managed portfolio accrued at yearend may be carried forward against appreciation accrued in each of the following years up to the fourth. Also under the Asset Management Option the realised capital gain is not requested to be included in the annual income tax return of the Covered Bondholders and the Covered Bondholders remains anonymous.

The capital gains realised by an Italian Fund (*i.e.* an Italian collective investment fund or a SICAV) are not subject to *imposta sostitutiva* nor to any other income tax in the hands of the relevant Fund.

Any capital gains realised by Italian resident corporations or similar commercial entities or permanent establishments in Italy of non-Italian resident corporations to which the Covered Bonds are connected, will be included in their business income (and, in certain cases, may also be included in the taxable net value of production for IRAP purposes), subject to tax in Italy according to the relevant ordinary tax rules.

In the case of Covered Bonds held by pension fund pursuant to Decree No 252 capital gains on Covered Bonds will be included in the result of the relevant portfolio accrued at the end of the tax period, to be subject to an 11 per cent. substitute tax.

Italian resident real estate funds created under Article 37 of Italian Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998 and Article 14*bis* of Law No. 86 dated 25 January 1994 are not subject to any substitute tax at the fund level nor to any other income tax in the hands of the fund.

Non-Italian resident Covered Bondholders

The 20 per cent. final *imposta sostitutiva* may in certain circumstances be payable on capital gains realised upon sale for consideration or redemption of Covered Bonds by non-Italian resident persons or entities without a permanent establishment in the Republic of Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected, if the Covered Bonds are held in the Republic of Italy.

However, pursuant to Article 23 of Decree No. 917, any capital gains realised by non-Italian residents without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected through the sale for consideration or redemption of the Covered Bonds are exempt from taxation in Italy to the extent that the Covered Bonds are listed on a regulated market in Italy or abroad, and in certain cases subject to timely filing of required documentation (in the form of a self-assessment (*autocertificazione*) of non-residence in Italy) with Italian qualified intermediaries (or permanent establishments in Italy of foreign intermediaries) with which the Covered Bonds are deposited, even if the Covered Bonds are held in Italy and regardless of the provisions set forth by any applicable double tax treaty.

Where the Covered Bonds are not listed on a regulated market in Italy or abroad:

- (a) pursuant to the provisions of Decree No. 461 non-Italian resident beneficial owners of the Covered Bonds with no permanent establishment in Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected are exempt from the *imposta sostitutiva* in the Republic of Italy on any capital gains realised upon sale for consideration or redemption of the Covered Bonds if they are resident, for tax purposes: (i) in a White-list State listed into Italian Ministerial Decree dated 4 September 1996, as amended from time to time, or (ii), as from the tax year in which the decree pursuant to Article 168-bis of Decree No 917 is effective, in a State or territory that is included (or deemed to be included, pursuant to Article 1, paragraph 90 of Law of 24 December 2007, No. 244) in the list of States allowing for an adequate exchange of information with the Italian tax authorities listed in the decree referred to in Article 168-bis, paragraph 1 of Decree No. 917. Under these circumstances, if non-Italian residents without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected elect for the *risparmio amministrato* regime or the Asset Management Option, exemption from Italian capital gains tax will apply upon condition that they file in time with the authorised financial intermediary an appropriate self-assessment (*autocertificazione*) stating that they meet the requirement indicated above. The same exemption applies where the beneficial owners of the Covered Bonds are (i) international entities or organisations established in accordance with international agreements ratified by Italy; (ii) certain foreign institutional investors established in countries which allow for an adequate exchange of information with Italy; or (iii) Central Banks or entities which manage, inter alia, the official reserves of a foreign State; and
- (b) in any event, non-Italian resident individuals or entities without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected that may benefit from a double taxation treaty with Italy, providing that capital gains realised upon sale or redemption of Covered Bonds are to be taxed only in the country of tax residence of the recipient, will not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva* in Italy on any capital gains realised upon sale for consideration or redemption of Covered Bonds.

Under these circumstances, if non-Italian residents without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Covered Bonds are effectively connected hold Covered Bonds with an Italian authorised financial intermediary and elect for the Asset Management Option or are subject to the *risparmio amministrato* regime, in order to benefit from exemption from Italian taxation on capital gains such non-Italian residents may be required to file in time with the authorised financial intermediary appropriate documents which include *inter alia* a certificate of residence from the competent tax authorities of the country of residence of the non-Italian residents.

Inheritance and gift tax

Pursuant to Law Decree No. 262 of 3 October 2006, converted with amendments by Law No. 286 of 24 November 2006 effective from 29 November 2006, and Law No. 296 of 27 December 2006, the transfers of any valuable assets (including the Covered Bonds) as a result of death or donation (or

other transfers for no consideration) and the creation of liens on such assets for a specific purpose are taxed as follows:

- (a) 4 per cent. if the transfer is made to spouses and direct descendants or ancestors; in this case, the transfer is subject to tax on the value exceeding €1,000,000 (per beneficiary);
- (b) 6 per cent. if the transfer is made to brothers and sisters; in this case, the transfer is subject to the tax on the value exceeding €100,000 (per beneficiary);
- (c) 6 per cent. if the transfer is made to relatives up to the fourth degree, to persons related by direct affinity as well as to persons related by collateral affinity up to the third degree; and
- (d) 8 per cent. in all other cases.

If the transfer is made in favour of persons with severe disabilities, the tax is levied to the rate mentioned above in (a), (b), (c) and (d) on the value exceeding €1,500,000.

Transfer tax

Contracts relating to the transfer of securities are subject to a Euro 168 registration tax as follows: (i) public deeds and notarised deeds are subject to mandatory registration; (ii) private deeds are subject to registration only in the case of voluntary registration.

Stamp Duty

Pursuant to Article 19(1) of Decree No. 201 of 6 December 2011, converted by Law 214 of 22 December 2011 (the “**Decree 201**”), a proportional stamp duty applies on an annual basis to any periodic reporting communications which may be sent by a financial intermediary to a Covered Bondholder in respect of any Covered Bond which may be deposited with such financial intermediary. The stamp duty applies at a rate of 0.15 per cent.; this stamp duty is determined on the basis of the market value or – if no market value figure is available – the nominal value or redemption amount of the Covered Bond is held. The stamp duty can be no lower than € 34.20 and it cannot exceed € 4,500.00 if the Covered Bondholder is not an individual.

The stamp duty applies both to Italian resident and non-Italian resident investors, to the extent that Covered Bonds are held with an Italian-based financial intermediary. Although the stamp duty is already applicable, certain aspects of the relevant discipline are expected to be clarified by future guidelines.

Wealth Tax on securities deposited abroad

Pursuant to Article 19(18) of Decree 201, Italian resident individuals holding the Covered Bonds outside the Italian territory are required to pay an additional tax at a rate of 0.15 per cent.. In this case the above mentioned stamp duty provided for by Article 19(1) of Decree 201 does not apply.

This tax is calculated on the market value of the Covered Bonds at the end of the relevant year or – if no market value figure is available – the nominal value or the redemption value of such financial assets held outside the Italian territory. Taxpayers are entitled to an Italian tax credit equivalent to the amount of wealth taxes paid in the State where the financial assets are held (up to an amount equal to the Italian wealth tax due).

European Savings Directive

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC (the “**EU Savings Directive**”) on the taxation of savings income, each Member State is required, from 1 July 2005, to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income (within the meaning of the EU Savings Directive) paid by a paying agent within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a paying agent for an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in that other Member State; however, for a transitional period, Austria and Luxembourg are permitted to apply an optional information reporting system, whereby if a beneficial owner (within the meaning of the EU Savings Directive) does not comply with one of two procedures for information reporting, the relevant Member State will levy a withholding tax on payments to such beneficial owner. The withholding tax system applies for a transitional period; the current rate of the withholding at stake is equal to 35 per

cent.. The transitional period is to terminate at the end of the first full tax year following agreement by certain non-EU countries to the exchange of information relating to such payments.

Also a number of non-EU countries, including Switzerland and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have agreed to adopt similar measures (either provision of information or transitional withholding) in relation to payments made by a paying agent within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a paying agent for an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in a Member State. In addition, the Member States have entered into provision of information or transitional withholding arrangements with certain of those dependent or associated territories in relation to payments made by a person in a Member State to, or collected by such a person for an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in one of those territories.

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Eu Savings Directive which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of the requirements described above. Investors who are in any doubt as to their position should consult their professional advisers.

Implementation in Italy of the Savings Directive

Italy has implemented the Savings Directive through Decree 84/2005. Under Decree 84/2005, subject to a number of important conditions being met, in the case of interest paid starting from 1 July 2005 (including the case of interest accrued on the Certificates at the time of their disposal) to individuals which qualify as beneficial owners of the interest payment and are resident for tax purposes in another Member State or in certain associated territories of Member States, Italian paying agents (i.e. banks, Italian investment firms (“*società di intermediazione mobiliare – SIM*”), fiduciary companies, Italian management company (“*società di gestione del risparmio – SGR*”) resident for tax purposes in Italy, permanent establishments in Italy of non-resident persons and any other economic operator resident for tax purposes in Italy paying interest for professional or commercial reasons) shall report to the Italian tax authorities details of the relevant payments and personal information on the individual beneficial owner. Such information is transmitted by the Italian tax authorities to the competent foreign tax authorities of the State of residence of the beneficial owner. In certain circumstances, the same reporting requirements must be complied with also in respect of interest paid to an entity established in another Member State, other than legal persons (with the exception of certain Finnish and Swedish entities), whose profits are taxed under general arrangements for business taxation and, in certain circumstance, undertakings for collective investments in transferable securities (“**UCITS**”).

LUXEMBOURG TAXATION

Luxembourg Taxation

The following is a general description of certain Luxembourg tax considerations relating to the Covered Bonds. It does not purport to be a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the Covered Bonds, whether in Luxembourg or elsewhere. Prospective purchasers of the Covered Bonds should consult their own tax advisers as to which countries' tax laws could be relevant to acquiring, holding and disposing of the Covered Bonds and receiving payments of interest, principal and/or other amounts under the Covered Bonds and the consequences of such actions under the tax laws of Luxembourg. This overview is based upon the law as in effect on the date of this Base Prospectus. The information contained within this section is limited to withholding tax issues, and prospective investors should not apply any information set out below to other areas, including (but not limited to) the legality of transactions involving the Covered Bonds.

Withholding Tax

All payments of interest and principal by the Issuer in the context of the holding, disposal, redemption or repurchase of the Covered Bonds can be made free and clear of any withholding or deduction for or on account of any taxes of whatsoever nature imposed, levied, withheld, or assessed by Luxembourg or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, in accordance with the applicable Luxembourg law, subject however:

(i) with respect to Luxembourg non-resident investors, to the application of the Luxembourg laws of 21 June 2005 implementing the EU Savings Directive (Council Directive 2003/48/EC) and several agreements concluded with certain dependent or associated territories and providing for the possible application of a withholding tax (35 per cent. from 1 July 2011) on interest paid to certain non Luxembourg resident investors (individuals and certain types of entities called "residual entities") in the event of the Issuer appointing a paying agent in Luxembourg within the meaning of the above-mentioned directive (see section "EU Savings Directive" above) or agreements unless such investor provides a certificate of exemption as defined in the above-mentioned directive or such investor or entity agrees to the exchange of information; (ii) with respect to Luxembourg resident investors, to the application as regards Luxembourg resident individuals of the Luxembourg law of 23 December 2005 which has introduced a 10 per cent. final withholding tax (which is final when Luxembourg resident individuals are acting in the context of the management their private wealth) on interest payments made by Luxembourg paying agents to Luxembourg individual residents on interest accrued since 1 July 2005 but paid after 1 January 2006. This withholding tax also applies on accrued interest received upon sale, redemption or repurchase of the Covered Bonds. The law of 17 July 2008 (amending the law of 23 December 2005) extended the possibility to benefit, under conditions, from such final 10 per cent. withholding tax for interest payments to Luxembourg resident individuals not holding the Covered Bonds as business assets, that are made through a paying agent established in another EU-Member State, in a Member State of the European Economic Area or in a jurisdiction that has concluded an international agreement in relation to the EU Savings Tax Directive.

Responsibility for the withholding of tax in application of the above-mentioned Luxembourg laws of 21 June 2005 and 23 December 2005 is assumed by the Luxembourg paying agent within the meaning of these laws and not by the Issuer.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

Dealer Agreement

Covered Bonds may be sold from time to time by the Issuer to the Dealer. The arrangements under which Covered Bonds may from time to time be agreed to be sold by the Issuer to, and purchased by, the Dealer are set out in a dealer agreement, entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date and amended thereafter on or about the date of this Base Prospectus, and made between the Issuer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Dealer (the “**Dealer Agreement**”). The Dealer Agreement provides for, *inter alia*, an indemnity to the Dealer against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and sale of the Covered Bonds. The Dealer Agreement also provides for the resignation or termination of appointment of existing Dealer and for the appointment of additional or other dealers either generally in respect of the Programme or in relation to a particular Series. The Dealer Agreement contains stabilising provisions.

Subscription Agreements

Any subscription agreement between the Issuer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Relevant Dealer and/or any additional or other dealers, from time to time for the sale and purchase of Covered Bonds (a “**Subscription Agreement**”) will, *inter alia*, make provision for the price at which the relevant Covered Bonds will be purchased by the Relevant Dealers and the commissions or other agreed deductibles (if any) payable or allowable by the Issuer in respect of such purchase.

Each Subscription Agreement will also provide for the confirmation of the appointment of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders by the Relevant Dealer as initial holder of the Covered Bonds then being issued.

Selling restrictions

Public Offer Selling Restriction Under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “**Relevant Member State**”), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “**Relevant Implementation Date**”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Covered Bonds which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Covered Bonds to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 100 or, if the relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Covered Bonds referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of Covered Bonds to the public" in relation to any Covered Bonds in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Covered Bonds to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Covered Bonds, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member

State and the expression **Prospectus Directive** means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State and the expression “2010 Amending Directive” means the Directive 2010/73/EC.

United States of America

Regulation S Category 2; TEFRA D or TEFRA C as specified in the relevant Final Terms or neither if TEFRA is specified as not applicable in the relevant Final Terms.

The Covered Bonds have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and have not been registered or qualified under any state securities or “Blue Sky” laws of the states of the United States and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from, or not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used above have the meaning given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Covered Bonds are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States of America or its possessions or to a U.S. person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. Treasury regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the United States Internal Revenue Code and Treasury regulations thereunder.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that, it will not offer, sell or deliver Covered Bonds, (a) as part of their distribution at any time or (b) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution, as determined and certified by the relevant Dealer or, in case of an issue of the Covered Bonds on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, of all Covered Bonds of the Tranche of which such Covered Bonds are a part within the United States of America or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons Each Dealer further agrees and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that it will send to each Dealer to which it sells Covered Bonds during the distribution compliance period relating thereto a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Covered Bonds within the United States of America or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

Until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any Series of Covered Bonds an offer or sale of such Covered Bonds within the United States of America by any Dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

Japan

The Covered Bonds have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act no. 25 of 1948, as amended; the “**FIEA**”) and each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell any Covered Bonds, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act no. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

The United Kingdom

In relation to each Series of Covered Bonds, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree with the Issuer that:

- (a) *Financial promotion*: it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning

of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Covered Bonds in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as the case may be; and

- (b) *General compliance*: it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Covered Bonds in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Republic of Italy

The offering of Covered Bonds has not been registered with the Commissione nazionale per le Società e la Borsa (“**CONSOB**”) pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that, save as set out below, it has not made and will not make an offer of any Covered Bonds to the public in the Republic of Italy, and that sales of the Covered Bonds in the Republic of Italy shall be effected in accordance with all Italian securities, tax and exchange control and other applicable laws and regulations; in particular, no Covered Bonds may be offered, sold or delivered, nor copies of the Base Prospectus or of any other document relating to any Covered Bonds may be distributed in the Republic of Italy, except:

- (a) to qualified investors (*investitori qualificati*), as defined pursuant to Article 100 of the Financial Law and Article 34-ter, paragraph 1 (b) of CONSOB Regulation no. 11971 of 14 May 1999, as amended from time to time (“**Regulation no. 11971**”); or
- (b) in any other circumstances which are exempted from the rules on public offerings pursuant to Article 100 of the Financial Law and Regulation no. 11971.

Any offer, sale or delivery of the Covered Bonds or distribution of copies of this Base Prospectus or any other document relating to the Covered Bonds in the Republic of Italy under (a) or (b) above must be:

- (a) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in the Republic of Italy in accordance with the Financial Law, CONSOB Regulation no. 16190 of 29 October 2007 (as amended from time to time) and the Banking Law; and
- (b) in compliance with any other applicable laws and regulations or requirement imposed by CONSOB or any other Italian authority.

Republic of Ireland

Each Dealer has represented and agreed (and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree) that:

- (a) in connection with offers for sale of any Covered Bond issued by the Issuer that is not listed on any stock exchange and that does not mature within two years, it will not:
 - (i) knowingly sell or offer for sale any Covered Bonds issued by the Issuer to any person, including any body corporate, resident in Ireland or having its usual place of abode in Ireland (an “**Irish Person**”);
 - (ii) knowingly issue or distribute, or knowingly cause to be issued or distributed, any documentation offering for subscription or sale any Covered Bonds issued by the Issuer, to any Irish Person;
 - (iii) as far as primary sales of any Covered Bonds issued by the Issuer are concerned, its actions in any jurisdiction will comply with the then applicable laws and regulations;
 - (iv) offer, sell or deliver any such Covered Bond to any person in a denomination of less than Euro 500,000 or its equivalent in any other currency;
- (b) in connection with offers for sale of any Covered Bond issued by the Issuer that is not listed on any stock exchange that matures within two years, it will not offer, sell or deliver any such Note to any person in a denomination of less than Euro 500,000 if the relevant Covered Bond is

denominated in euro, US\$500,000 if denominated in US Dollars, or if denominated in a currency other than euro or US Dollars, the equivalent of Euro 500,000 at the date the Programme is first publicised.

In addition, such Covered Bond must be cleared through Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or DTC (or any other clearing system recognised for this purpose by the Irish Revenue Commissioners, which includes Monte Titoli S.p.A.).

General

Other than with respect to the admission to listing, trading and/or quotation by such one or more listing authorities, stock exchanges and/or quotation systems as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms, no action has been or will be taken in any country or jurisdiction by the Issuer or the Dealer that would permit a public offering of Covered Bonds, or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation thereto, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Persons into whose hands the Base Prospectus or any Final Terms comes are required by the Issuer and the Dealer to comply with all applicable laws and regulations in each country or jurisdiction in or from which they purchase, offer, sell or deliver Covered Bonds or have in their possession or distribute such offering material, in all cases at their own expenses.

Each Dealer has agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that it will (to the best of its knowledge) comply with all applicable securities laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Covered Bonds or possesses or distributes the Base Prospectus, any offering material or any Final Terms, and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Covered Bonds under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and none of the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor (if applicable) and any other Dealer shall have any responsibility therefore.

The Dealer Agreement provides that the Dealer shall not be bound by any of the restrictions relating to any specific jurisdiction (set out above) to the extent that such restrictions shall, as a result of change(s) or change(s) in official interpretation, after the date hereof, of applicable laws and regulations, no longer be applicable but without prejudice to the obligations of the Dealer described in this paragraph headed "*General*".

Selling restrictions may be supplemented or modified with the agreement of the Issuer. Any such supplement or modification will be set out in the relevant Final Terms (in the case of a supplement or modification relevant only to a particular Series) or (in any other case) in a supplement to this Base Prospectus.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Listing, Admission to Trading and Minimum Denomination

Application has been made for the Covered Bonds (other than the Registered Covered Bonds) to be admitted to the official list and be traded on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Covered Bonds (other than the Registered Covered Bonds) may be listed on such other stock exchange as the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer(s) may agree, as specified in the relevant Final Terms, or may be issued on an unlisted basis.

Where Covered Bonds (other than the Registered Covered Bonds) issued under the Programme are admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, such Covered Bonds will not have a denomination of less than Euro 100,000 (or, where the Covered Bonds are issued in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such other currency).

The Registered Covered Bonds Conditions will specify the minimum denomination for Registered Covered Bonds, which will not be listed.

Authorisations

The establishment of the Programme and the relative following integrations were authorised by a resolution of the management board (*consiglio di gestione*) of the Issuer on 14 May 2009 as further detailed by a resolution of the management board of the Issuer on 19 March 2010 and on 13 May 2011.

The granting of the Covered Bonds Guarantee was authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Covered Bonds Guarantor on 24 July 2008 and 20 May 2009 as further detailed and integrated by subsequent resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Covered Bonds Guarantor issued from time to time.

The Issuer has obtained or will obtain from time to time all necessary consents, approvals and authorisations in connection with the issue and performance of the Covered Bonds.

Clearing of the Covered Bonds

The Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) will be issued in dematerialised form and held on behalf of the beneficial owners, until redemption or cancellation thereof, by Monte Titoli for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli Account Holders (including Euroclear and Clearstream). The relevant Final Terms shall specify any other clearing system as shall have accepted the relevant Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) for clearance together with any further appropriate information.

The registered office of Monte Titoli S.p.A. is at Via Mantegna 6, Milan, Italy.

The Registered Covered Bonds will not be settled through a clearing system. The Registered Covered Bond Conditions will specify the agent or registrar through which payments to the Registered Covered Bonds will be performed.

Common codes and ISIN numbers

The appropriate common code and the International Securities Identification Number in relation to the Covered Bonds of each Series will be specified in the Final Terms relating thereto.

The Representative of the Covered Bondholders

Pursuant to the provisions of the Conditions and the Rules of Organisation of the Covered Bondholders, there shall be at all times a Representative of the Covered Bondholders appointed to act in the interest and behalf of the Covered Bondholders. The initial Representative of Covered Bondholders shall be Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group S.p.A. Finanziaria Internazionale

Securitisation Group S.p.A. shall be appointed by the Dealer in accordance with the Dealer Agreement and the relevant Subscription Agreements.

No material litigation

Save as disclosed on pages from 85 to 95, during the twelve months preceding the date of this Base Prospectus, there have been no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings, nor are the Issuer or the Covered Bonds Guarantor aware of any pending or threatened proceedings of such kind, which have had or may have significant effects on the Issuer's or the Covered Bonds Guarantor's financial position or profitability.

No significant change and no material adverse change

Since 31 December 2012, there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer and the Covered Bond Guarantor. Since 31 December 2012, there has been no significant change (i) in the financial or trading position of the Issuer and (ii) in the financial position of the Covered Bond Guarantor.

Luxembourg Listing Agent

The Issuer has undertaken to maintain a listing agent in Luxembourg so long as Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) are admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Independent auditors

Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. have audited the financial statements of the Issuer, in accordance with auditing standards and procedures recommended by CONSOB as at and for the year ended 31 December 2011, as indicated in the report thereon. Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. is a member of Assirevi, the Italian professional association of auditors and is registered under no. 2 in the special register (*albo speciale*) maintained by CONSOB and set out under Article 161 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 (as amended) and as required by article 17 "Setting up the Register" of Ministerial decree no. 145 of 20 June 2012 "Regulation implementing article 2.2/3/4/7 and article 7.7 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010, implementing Directive 2006/43/EC on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts (12G0167)", Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. is included in the Register of Certified Auditors held by the Ministry for Economy and Finance – Stage general accounting office, at no.70945. Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. address is: Via Po 32, 00198 Rome.

The mandate of Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. was granted in 2006 and expired with the approval of the financial statements as of 31 December 2011.

As of 28 May 2012, the auditors of the Issuer are KPMG S.p.A., KPMG S.p.A. have audited the financial statements of the Issuer, without qualification, in accordance with auditing standards and procedures recommended by the *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa* ("CONSOB") as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012. KPMG S.p.A. is a member of Assirevi, the Italian professional association of auditors and is registered under no. 13 in the special register (*albo speciale*) maintained by CONSOB and set out under Article 161 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 (as amended) and as required by article 17 "Setting up the Register" of Ministerial decree no. 145 of 20 June 2012 "Regulation implementing article 2.2/3/4/7 and article 7.7 of Legislative decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010, implementing Directive 2006/43/EC on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts (12G0167)", KPMG S.p.A. is included in the Register of Certified Auditors held by the Ministry for Economy and Finance – Stage general accounting office, at no. 70623.

KPMG S.p.A. was appointed to act as Intesa Sanpaolo's external auditor for the period 2012-2020. KPMG S.p.A. address is: Via Vittor Pisani, 25, 20124 Milan.

Documents available for inspection

For so long as the Programme remains in effect or any Covered Bonds shall be outstanding and

admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, copies and, where appropriate, English translations of the following documents may be inspected during normal business hours at the Specified Office of the Luxembourg Listing Agent, namely:

- (i) the Transaction Documents (but excluding, for avoidance of doubt, any document in respect of any Registered Covered Bonds);
- (ii) the Issuer's memorandum of association (*Atto Costitutivo*) and by-laws (*Statuto*) as of the date hereof;
- (iii) the Covered Bonds Guarantor's memorandum of association and by-laws as of the date hereof;
- (iv) the Issuer's audited consolidated annual financial statements in respect of the years ended on 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012;
- (v) the Covered Bonds Guarantor's audited annual financial statements in respect of the years ended on 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012;
- (vi) the independent Auditor's report in respect of the Covered Bonds Guarantor's annual financial statements for the years ended on 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012;
- (vii) a copy of this Base Prospectus together with any supplement thereto, if any, or further Base Prospectus;
- (viii) all reports, letters, and other documents, historical financial information, valuations and statements prepared by any expert at the Covered Bonds Guarantor's request any part of which is included or referred to in the Base Prospectus;
- (ix) the historical financial information of the Covered Bonds Guarantor or, in the case of a group, the historical financial information of the Covered Bonds Guarantor and its subsidiary undertakings for each of the two financial years preceding the publication of the Base Prospectus.
- (x) any Final Terms relating to Covered Bonds which are admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by any listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system. In the case of any Covered Bonds (other than Registered Covered Bonds) which are not admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by any listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system, copies of the relevant Final Terms will only be available for inspection by the relevant Covered Bondholders.

Copies of all such documents shall also be available to Covered Bondholders at the Specified Office of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

Financial statements available

For so long as the Programme remains in effect or any Covered Bonds admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange shall be outstanding, copies and, where appropriate, English translations of the most recent publicly available financial statements and consolidated financial statements of the Issuer may be obtained during normal business hours at the specified office of the Luxembourg Listing Agent.

The external auditors have given, and have not withdrawn, their consent to the inclusion of their report on the accounts of the Issuer in this Base Prospectus in the form and context in which it is included.

Post-issuance information

The Issuer will not provide any post-issuance information, except if required by any applicable laws and regulations.

Publication on the Internet

This Base Prospectus, any supplement thereto and the Final Terms will be available on the internet site of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, at www.bourse.lu.

Material Contracts

Save as disclosed in this Base Prospectus, neither the Issuer nor the Covered Bonds Guarantor nor any of their respective subsidiaries has entered into any contracts in the last two years outside the ordinary course of business that have been or may be reasonably expected to be material to their ability to meet their obligations to Covered Bondholders.

GLOSSARY

The following terms are used throughout this Base Prospectus. These and other terms used in this Base Prospectus are subject to, and in some cases are summaries of, the definitions of such terms set out in the Transaction Documents, as they may be amended from time to time.

"2010 Amending Directive" means the Directive 2010/73/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 amending the Prospectus Directive and Directive 2004/109/EC.

"6-Month Euribor Equivalent Margin" has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section *"Credit Structure"*.

"ABS Securities" means securities issued in the framework of securitisations having the characteristics set forth under article 2, paragraph 1, letter d) of the MEF Decree having as underlying collateral Loans or Public Securities.

"Account Bank" Intesa Sanpaolo, appointed as Account Bank in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and any successor thereof.

"Accounts" means the Principal Receivables Collection Account, the Interest Receivables Collection Account, the Principal Securities Collection Account, the Interest Securities Collection Account, the Investment Account, the Eligible Investments Account, the Transaction Account, the Securities Account, the Corporate Account, the Expenses Account and the Quota Capital Account.

"Accrued Interest" has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section *"Credit Structure"*.

"Additional Sellers" means any bank, other than the Seller, which is a member of the Intesa Sanpaolo Group that may sell Public Assets or Integration Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.

"Adjusted Required Redemption Amount" has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section *"Credit Structure"*.

"Administrative Services Agreement" means an administrative services agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between Intesa Sanpaolo as administrative services provider and the Covered Bonds Guarantor;

"Administrative Services Provider" means Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A, and any successor thereof, appointed as administrative services provider in accordance with the Administrative Services Agreement.

"Admitted States" means States comprised in the European Economic Space and the Swiss Confederation

"Amortisation Test" has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section *"Credit Structure"*.

"Amortisation Test Adjusted Eligible Portfolio" has the meaning ascribed to such expression under

Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Annual Interest Payments**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Annual Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Approved Reorganisation**” means a solvent and voluntary reorganisation involving, alone or with others, the Issuer, and whether by way of consolidation, amalgamation, merger, transfer of all or substantially all of its business or assets, or otherwise provided that the principal resulting, surviving or transferee entity (a “**Resulting Entity**”) is a banking company and effectively assumes all the obligations of the Issuer under, or in respect of, the Covered Bonds.

“**Arranger**” means Banca IMI.

“**Article 74 Event**” has the meaning given to it in Condition 12(a) (*Article 74 Event*);

“**Article 74 Notice to Pay**” means the notice to be served by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement upon the occurrence of an Article 74 Event;

“**Asset Coverage Test**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Asset Monitor**” means Mazars S.p.A., a joint stock company incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, having its registered office at Corso di Porta Vigentina, 35, 20122, Milan, Italy, fiscal code no. 01507630489 and enrolment with the companies register of Milan no. 1059307, and enrolled under no. 97909 with the special register of accounting firms held by the Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa pursuant to article 161 of the Financial Law appointed as asset monitor in accordance with the Asset Monitoring Agreement and any successor thereto.

“**Asset Monitor Agreement**” means the Asset Monitor Agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Asset Monitor and the Issuer;

“**Asset Monitor Report**” means the report to be delivered by the Asset Monitor to the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Calculation Agent, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Servicer and the Issuer on each Asset Monitor Report Date.

“**Asset Percentage**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**ATI**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**ATI Agent Bank**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**ATI Agent Remedy Actions**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**ATI Agent Trigger Event**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**ATI Commingling Affected Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**ATI Commingling Reserve Amount**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Authorised Investments**” means

- (B) Public Assets and/or Integration Assets consisting of euro denominated Public Securities other than Italian Public Securities, which are rated at least “P-1” by Moody’s
- (C) euro demand or time deposits, certificates of deposit and short term bank debt obligations (which qualifies as Integration Assets) held with a bank rated at least “P-3” by Moody’s

provided that in all cases such investments mature (or may be liquidated at no loss) within 3 Business Days prior to each Guarantor Payment Date and CB Payment Date.

“**Available Funds**” shall include (a) the Interest Available Funds, (b) the Principal Available Funds and (c) following an Issuer Event of Default, the amounts received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as a result of any enforcement taken *vis-à-vis* the Issuer in accordance with Article 4, Paragraph 3, of the MEF Decree (the “**Excess Proceeds**”).

“**Banca IMI**” means Banca IMI S.p.A., a bank organised as a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Largo Mattioli 3, 20121 Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number, VAT number and registration number with Milan Register of Enterprises no. 04377700150, and registered with the Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 13 of the Banking Law under number 5570 ABI, part of the Gruppo Bancario Intesa Sanpaolo, agreed into the Fondo Interbancario di Tutela dei Depositi and into the Fondo Nazionale di Garanzia.

“**Banking Law**” means the Legislative Decree no. 385 of 1 September 1993, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**Bankruptcy Law**” means Royal Decree no. 267 of 16 March 1942 (*Legge Fallimentare*) as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**Base Prospectus**” means this base prospectus published in relation to the Programme, as supplemented and amended from time to time..

“**Basel II**” means the New Basel Capital Accord.

“**Beneficiary**” means each of the beneficiaries of the loan granted by Intesa Sanpaolo in accordance with the Loan Agreements.

“**BoI OBG Regulations**” (*Istruzioni di Vigilanza sulle OBG*) means the supervisory instructions of the Bank of Italy relating to covered bonds under Title V, Section 3, of the 8th update to circular no. 263 of 27 December 2006, containing the “Nuove disposizioni di vigilanza prudenziali per le banche” as further implemented and amended from time to time.

“**Business Day**” means:

- (i) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments generally in each (if any) Additional Business Centre; and
- (ii) in relation to any sum payable in a currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments generally in Luxembourg, in the Principal Financial Centre of the relevant currency and in each (if any) Additional Business Centre;

“**Business Day Convention**”, has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Calculation Agent**” Securitisation Services S.p.A. a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Vittorio Alfieri no. 1, Conegliano (TV), Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number, Vat number and registration number with the Treviso Register of Enterprises no. 03546510268, and registered in the general list of financial intermediaries held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy under no. 31816, pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law appointed as calculation agent in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and the Portfolio Administration Agreement and any successor thereto.

“**Calculation Amount**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Calculation Date**” means 5 September and 5 March of each year or, in case that day is not a Business Day, the following Business Day, provided that the first Calculation Date will be 7 December 2009.

“**Cash Management and Agency Agreement**” means the Cash Management and Agency Agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Cash Manager, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Servicer, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders, the Calculation Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent

and the Paying Agent;

“**Cash Manager**” means Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. acting as such pursuant to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and any successor thereto;

“**CB Hedging Counterparty**” means Intesa Sanpaolo and any other parties that, from time to time, will enter into the CB Swaps with the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the hedging of currency risk and/or interest rate risk on the Covered Bonds.

“**CB Interest Period**” means each period beginning on (and including) a CB Payment Date (or, in case of the first CB Interest Period, the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on (but excluding) the next CB Payment Date (or, in case of the last CB Interest Period, the Maturity Date);

“**CB Master Agreement**” means a 1992 International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreement (Multicurrency - Cross Border), including Schedule, 1995 ISDA Credit Support Annex (Bilateral Form – Transfer)(ISDA Agreements Subject to English law) entered into between a CB Hedging Counterparty and the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

“**CB Payment Date**” means the First CB Payment Date and any date or dates specified as such in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms and, if a Business Day Convention is specified in the relevant Final Terms:

- (i) as the same may be adjusted in accordance with the relevant Business Day Convention; or
- (ii) if the Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention and an interval of a number of calendar months is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being the Specified Period, each of such dates as may occur in accordance with the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention at such Specified Period of calendar months following the Interest Commencement Date (in the case of the first CB Payment Date) or the previous CB Payment Date (in any other case);

“**CB Swap**” means any swap agreement entered into on or about an Issued Date between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the CB Hedging Counterparty for hedging the currency / interest rate risk on the Covered Bonds.

“**CB Swap Confirmation**” means the written confirmation of any CB Swap evidencing the terms of any such transaction.

“**CB Swap Floating Rate Amount**” means the amount to be accumulated by the Covered Bonds Guarantor on each relevant Guarantor Payment Date and shall be equal to (A) the product of (i) the Euribor paid to the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the TBG Swaps in relation to the relevant Guarantor Payment Date, *plus/minus* a spread (if any) as set in the relevant CB Swap confirmation, (ii) the notional amount of the relevant CB Swap and (iii) the Day Count Fraction, calculated for the relevant CB Swap calculation period as set in the relevant CB Swap confirmation or (B) zero, as specified in the relevant CB Swap Confirmation.

“**CB Swaps Accumulation Amount**” means the CB Swaps Interest Accumulation Amount and/or CB Swaps Principal Accumulation Amount.

“**CB Swaps Interest Accumulation Amount**” means, in relation to any Guarantor Payment Date, (a) for a Series of Covered Bonds with CB Payments Dates falling during the immediately following Guarantor Interest Period, an amount equal to the Due for Payment CB Swap Floating Rate Amount as provided under the relevant CB Swap confirmation (for the avoidance of doubts, taking into account the CB Swap Floating Rate Amount accumulated on the immediately previous Guarantor Payment Date), or (b) in case no CB Payment Dates are falling during the immediately following Guarantor Interest Period, an amount equal to the CB Swap Floating Rate Amount as provided under the relevant CB Swap confirmation.

“**CB Swaps Principal Accumulation Amount**” means, in relation to any Guarantor Payment Date, (a) for a Series of Covered Bonds with a Maturity Date falling during the immediately following Guarantor Interest Period, an amount equal to the principal amount due under the relevant CB Swap confirmation, or (b) for a Series of Covered Bonds with a Maturity Date not falling during the

immediately following Guarantor Interest Period, an amount equal to zero.

“**Clawed Back Amounts**” means any Guaranteed Amount that was timely paid by or on behalf of the Issuer to the Covered Bondholders to the extent it has been clawed back and recovered from the Covered Bondholders by the receiver or liquidator, in bankruptcy or other insolvency or similar official for the Issuer named or identified in the Order, and has not been paid or recovered from any other source.

“**Clearstream**” means Clearstream Banking, société anonyme, Luxembourg;

“**Collection Date**” means 31 January and 31 July of each year, starting from 31 January 2010.

“**Collection Period**” means each period comprised between a Collection Date (excluded) and the following Collection Date (included) or, in respect of the first Collection Period, the period from (and including) the Effective Date of the transfer of the Initial Portfolio and the next following Collection Date (included).

“**Collection Policies**” means the collection policies provided for under Schedule 2 (*Procedura di Riscossione*) to the Servicing Agreement.

“**Collections**” means all the amounts collected from time to time by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in respect of the Portfolio as principal, interest and/or expenses and any payment of damages and all the Excess Proceeds.

“**Conditions**” means, in relation to the Covered Bonds of any Series, the terms and conditions of the Covered Bonds of such Series, as amended and supplemented from time to time and “**Condition**” shall be construed accordingly.

“**Conditions to the Issue**” means the requirements of issuing/assigning banks (*Requisiti delle banche emittenti e/o cedenti*) see Section II, Para. 1 of the BoI OBG Regulations.

“**CONSOB**” means *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa*;

“**Convenzioni in Pool**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Corporate Account**” means the corporate account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Covered Bondholders**” means the holders of the Covered Bonds from time to time.

“**Covered Bonds**” means any covered bond (including any Registered Covered Bond) issued under the Programme and denominated in such currency as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer which has such maturity and denomination as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer and issued or to be issued by the Issuer pursuant to the Dealer Agreement or any other agreement between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

“**Covered Bonds Guarantee**” means the guarantee issued by the Covered Bonds Guarantor in order to secure the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds in accordance with the provisions of Article 7-*bis* of Law 130 and Article 4 of the MEF Decree.

“**Covered Bonds Guarantor**” means ISP CB Pubblico S.r.l., a limited liability company (*società a responsabilità limitata*) incorporated in the Republic of Italy pursuant to article 7 *bis* of Law 130, whose registered office is at Via Monte di Pietà 8, Milan, Italy, share capital Euro 120,000.00, enrolled with the Companies Register of Milan, under no. 05936150969, and in the general list of financial intermediaries held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy under no. 40387, pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law.

“**Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice**” means the notice to be served by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement upon the occurrence of any of the Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default;

“**Covered Bonds Guarantor Disbursement Amount**” means on the Guarantor Payment Date falling

on 31 March of each year the difference between: (i) Euro 100,000.00 and (ii) any amount standing to the credit of the Expenses Account on the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date.

“**Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default**” has the meaning given to it in Condition 12(e) (*Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default*);

“**Covered Bonds Guarantor Retention Amount**” means on the Guarantor Payment Date falling on 31 March of each year the difference between: (i) Euro 150,000.00 and (ii) any amount standing to the credit of the Corporate Account on the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date.

“**Credit Support Annex**” means a 1995 ISDA Credit Support Annex (Bilateral Form – Transfer)(ISDA Agreements Subject to English law) entered into by the Covered Bonds Guarantor and an Hedging Counterparty.

“**Criteria**” means jointly the General Criteria and the Specific Criteria.

“**CSSF**” means the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* .

“**Current Balance**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Cut-off Date**” means: (i) in respect of the Initial Portfolio 1 May 2009 and (ii) in respect of assignment of any New Portfolio, the date indicated in the relevant offer of transfer on which the Receivables and Securities, to be included in the relevant New Portfolio, are identified.”

“**Day Count Fraction**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Dealer**” means Banca IMI and any other dealer appointed as such under the Dealer Agreement.

“**Dealer Agreement**” means a dealer agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alia*, the Issuer and Banca IMI.

“**Debtors**” means any person, entity or subject, also different from the Beneficiary, who is liable for the payment of amounts due, as principal and interest, in respect of a Receivable or a Security.

“**Decree 84/2005**” means Legislative Decree no. 84 of 18 April 2005, as amended and supplemented.

“**Decree No. 252**” means Legislative Decree no. 252 of 5 December 2005, as amended and supplemented.

“**Decree No. 461**” means Italian Legislative Decree no. 461 of 21 November 1997, as amended and supplemented.

“**Decree No. 600**” means Presidential Decree no. 600 of 29 September 1973, as amended and supplemented.

“**Deed of Charge**” means the deed of charge dated on or about the Initial Issue Date between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders for itself and on behalf of the Covered Bondholders and the other Secured Creditors, pursuant to which the Covered Bonds Guarantor has charged all of its rights, title and interest from time to time in and to the Swap Agreements.

“**Deed of Pledge**” means the deed of pledge dated on or about the Initial Issue Date between the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors pursuant to which the Covered Bonds Guarantor has agreed to pledge in favour of the Covered Bondholders and the other Secured Creditors, all the monetary claims and rights and all the amounts payable from time to time (including payment for claims, indemnities, damages, penalties, credits and guarantees) to which the Issuer is entitled pursuant or in relation to the Transaction Documents (other than the Deed of Charge, the Deed of Pledge and the Swap Agreements), including the monetary rights and claims relating to the amounts standing to the credit of the Accounts and any other account established by the Issuer in accordance with the provisions of the Transaction Documents but excluding, for avoidance of doubt, the Receivables.

“**Defaulted Assets**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Defaulted Securities**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Discount Factor**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Due for Payment CB Swap Floating Rate Amount**” means the amount to be paid by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to the CB Hedging Counterparty on a CB Payment Date under the relevant CB Swap and shall be equal to:

- in relation to a Series of Covered Bonds with annual CB Payment Dates, the aggregate of the CB Swap Floating Rate Amounts relating to two immediately preceding CB Swap calculation periods, and
- in relation to a Series of Covered Bonds with semi-annual CB Payment Dates, the CB Swap Floating Rate Amount relating to the preceding CB Swap calculation period.

“**Due for Payment Date**” means (i) a Scheduled Due for Payment Date or (ii) following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the date on which the Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice is served on the Covered Bonds Guarantor. If the Due for Payment Date is not a Business Day, the Due for Payment Date will be the next following Business Day. For the avoidance of doubt, Due for Payment Date does not refer to any earlier date upon which payment of any Guaranteed Amounts may become due under the Guaranteed Obligations, by reason of prepayment, mandatory or optional redemption or otherwise.

“**Earliest Maturing Covered Bonds**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Early Redemption Amount**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Early Redemption Date**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Early Termination Amount**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Effective Date**” means the date starting from which the assignment of each Portfolio becomes effective, in accordance with the provisions set forth under the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Eligible Investments**” means:

- (i) any Euro denominated Security which qualifies as Public Assets; and /or
- (ii) the Integration Assets having the following characteristics:
 - (a) Euro denominated Security rated at least "P-1" by Moody's, which has a residual maturity of up to 30 calendar days or, if longer, which may be liquidated without loss within 30 days from a downgrade below "P-1" by Moody's, and/or
 - (b) reserve accounts, deposit accounts, and other similar accounts which qualifies as Integration Assets held with a bank rated at least "P-3" by Moody's,

provided that any such investments under (i) and (ii) above, (A) mature (or may be liquidated at no loss) at least 3 Business Days before the next following Guarantor Payment Date, and (B) prior to the delivery of a Notice to Pay or of an Article 74 Notice to Pay, mature (or may be liquidated at no loss), for a minimum amount equal to the aggregate of the CB Swap Accumulation Amount and the Interest Accumulation Amount, at least 3 Business Days before the following CB Payment Date, and (C) following the delivery of a Notice to Pay or of an Article 74 Notice to Pay, mature (or may be liquidated at no loss) at least 3 business days before the next following CB Payment Date.

“**Eligible Investments Account**” means the eligible investments account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Eligible Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Eligible States**” means, in accordance with the MEF Decree, any States belonging to the Economic European Area and the Swiss Confederation and any other State attracting a 0 per cent. risk weight factor under the “Standardised Approach” provided for by the Basel II.

“**Euro Equivalent**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Euroclear**” means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V.;

“**European Savings Directive**” means EU Directive No. 2003/48/EC regarding the taxation of savings income.

“**Evaluation Date**” means: (i) in respect of the Initial Portfolio May 1, 2009 and (ii) in respect of any New Portfolio, the date indicated in the relevant offer of transfer in accordance with the provisions set forth under the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Excess Proceeds**” amounts received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as a result of any enforcement taken *vis-à-vis* the Issuer in accordance with Article 4, Para. 3 of the MEF Decree.

“**Excluded Assets**” means (a) the Integration Assets in excess of the Integration Assets Limit to be excluded from the Eligible Portfolio, (b) the aggregate of Integration Assets which do not meet the Integration Assets Rating Requirements.

“**Excluded Swaps**” means the portion of the hedging arrangements, if any, corresponding to the Public Assets and Integration Assets excluded from the Eligible Portfolio.

“**Expected Floating Payments**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Expenses**” means any Covered Bonds Guarantor’s documented fees, costs, expenses and taxes to maintain it in good standing, to comply with applicable legislation and any obligation and to preserve its corporate existence.

“**Expenses Account**” means the expenses account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Extendable Maturity**” has the meaning given to such expression under Condition 8(b) (*Extension of maturity*).

“**Extended Maturity Date**” means, in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds, the date if any specified as such in the relevant Final Terms to which the payment of all or (as applicable) part of the Final Redemption Amount payable on the Maturity Date will be deferred pursuant to Condition 8(b) (*Extension of maturity*).

“**Extension Determination Date**” means the date falling four Business Days prior to the Maturity Date;

“**Extraordinary Meeting**” has the meaning given in the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders attached to these Conditions;

“**Final Redemption Amount**” means, with respect to a Series of Covered Bonds, the amount, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, representing the amount due (subject to the applicable grace period) in respect of the relevant Series of Covered Bond;

“**Final Terms**” means the specific final terms issued and published in accordance with the Conditions prior to the issue of each Series detailing certain relevant terms thereof which, for the purposes of that Series only, completes the Conditions and the Base Prospectus and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus.

“**Financial Law**” (*Testo Unico della Finanza*) means the Legislative Decree of February 24, 1998, no. 58, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**First CB Payment Date**” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Fixed Component of the Eligible Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section “Credit Structure”.

“**Fixed Coupon Amount**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Floating Component of the Eligible Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section “Credit Structure”.

“**General Criteria**” means the general criteria contained in Schedule 1 to the Master Transfer Agreement, as amended and supplemented from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Master Transfer Agreement and described under Section “*Description of the Portfolio*”.

“**Guarantee**” (*Garanzia*) means any guarantee valid in order to mitigate the credit risk (*garanzie valide ai fini della mitigazione del rischio di credito*), pursuant to article 4 of the MEF Decree and any other guarantee of any type, including personal guarantee and security over asset, irrevocable payment delegation (*delegazione di pagamento*) given pursuant to Article 206, of Legislative Decree no. 267 of 18 August 2000 (or any other provision existing before the Legislative Decree no. 267 of 18 August 2000 was in force) and orders of payment (*mandati di pagamento*) or irrevocable payment delegations given in accordance with regional laws, guaranteed in favour of Intesa Sanpaolo, as well as irrevocable payment delegations or debit delegations given in favour of the Seller in accordance with articles 1268 and following of Italian Civil Code and collection delegations (*deleghe all'incasso*) in favour of the Seller or any other existing event in order to ensure or guarantee (i) payments of Receivables and Securities and (ii) the fulfilment of the obligations arising from Loan Agreements and Securities.

“**Guaranteed Amounts**” means (i) prior to the service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, with respect to any Due for Payment Date, the sum of amounts equal to the Scheduled Interest and the Scheduled Principal, in each case, payable on that Due for Payment Date, or (ii) after the service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice, an amount equal to the relevant Early Redemption Amount (as defined and specified in the Conditions) *plus* all accrued and unpaid interest and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Covered Bonds, including all Excluded Scheduled Interest Amounts and all Excluded Scheduled Principal Amounts (whenever the same arose) and all amounts payable by the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Transaction Documents, provided that any Guaranteed Amounts representing interest paid after the Maturity Date shall be paid on such dates and at such rates as specified in the relevant Final Terms. The Guaranteed Amounts include any Guaranteed Amount that was timely paid by or on behalf of the Issuer to the Covered Bondholders to the extent it has been clawed back and recovered from the Covered Bondholders by the receiver or liquidator, in bankruptcy or other insolvency or similar official for the Issuer named or identified in the Order, and has not been paid or recovered from any other source (the “**Clawed Back Amounts**”). In each case the Guaranteed Amounts does not include any additional amounts payable under Condition 10(a) (*Gross up*);

“**Guarantor**” means any person, entity or subject, different from the Debtor, who has granted a Guarantee in relation to a Receivable or Security, and successor thereof.

“**Guarantor Interest Period**” means the period starting from (and including) the date of transfer of the Initial Portfolio and ending on the immediately following the Guarantor Payment Date (excluded) and, thereafter, each period starting from a Guarantor Payment Date (included) and ending on the following Guarantor Payment Date (excluded).

“**Guarantor Payment Date**” means 31 March and 30 September of each year, or, if any such day is not a Business Day, the following Business Day or, following the occurrence of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default, the earlier of (i) each Business Day falling 10 Business Days after the Business Day on which an amount at least equal to 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Series of Covered Bonds is standing to the credit of the Transaction Account and the Investment Account, and (ii) 31 March and 30 September of each year, or, if any such day is not a Business Day, the following Business Day, provided that the first Guarantor Payment Date shall be 31 March 2010.

“**Hard Bullet Covered Bonds**” means the Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no Extended

Maturity Date is specified in the relevant Final Terms, and the Final Redemption Amount in respect to such Series will be due for payment on the Maturity Date and the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test shall apply;

“**Hedging Counterparties**” (*Controparti dei Derivati*) means collectively the CB Hedging Counterparty and TBG Hedging Counterparty.

“**Hedging Senior Payment**” means, on any relevant date, any interest and/or principal payment due under any CB Swap or TBG Swap, as the case may be, including any termination payment arising out of a termination event, other than termination payments where the relevant Hedging Counterparty is the defaulting party or the sole affected party, but including, in any event, the amount of any termination payment due and payable to the relevant Hedging Counterparty in relation to the termination of the relevant swap transactions to the extent of any premium received (net of any costs reasonably incurred by the Covered Bonds Guarantor to find a replacement swap counterparty), if any, by the Covered Bonds Guarantor from a replacement swap counterparty in consideration for entering into swap transactions with the Covered Bonds Guarantor on the same terms as the relevant CB Swaps or TBG Swaps. With respect to the *Additional Provisions* “Mark to Market Payment” in the TBG Swaps, any payment under this clause will be part of the Hedging Senior Payments for an amount up to the difference on each Guarantor Payment Date between the purchase price paid by any purchaser/s of the Selected Asset and the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Public Assets and Integration Assets sold to such purchaser/s.

“**Initial Issue Date**” means the date on which the Issuer will issue the first Series of Covered Bonds.

“**Initial Portfolio**” means the first portfolio of Public Assets transferred to the Covered Bonds Guarantor under the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Insolvency Event**” means, in respect of any company or corporation, that:

- (i) such company or corporation has become subject to any applicable bankruptcy, liquidation, administration, insolvency, composition or reorganisation (including, without limitation, *fallimento*, *liquidazione coatta amministrativa*, *concordato preventivo* and *amministrazione straordinaria*, each such expression bearing the meaning ascribed to it by the laws of the Republic of Italy, and including the seeking of liquidation, winding-up, reorganisation, dissolution, administration) or similar proceedings or the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of such company or corporation are subject to a *pignoramento* or any procedure having a similar effect (other than, in the case of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, any portfolio of assets purchased by the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the purposes of further programme of issuance of Covered Bonds), unless in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (who may rely on the advice of legal advisers selected by it), such proceedings are being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (ii) an application for the commencement of any of the proceedings under (i) above is made in respect of or by such company or corporation or such proceedings are otherwise initiated against such company or corporation and, in the opinion of the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (who may rely on the advice of legal advisers selected by it), the commencement of such proceedings are not being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (iii) such company or corporation takes any action for a re-adjustment of deferment of any of its obligations or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of its creditors (other than, in case of the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the creditors under the Transaction Documents) or is granted by a competent court a moratorium in respect of any of its indebtedness or any guarantee of any indebtedness given by it or applies for suspension of payments; or
- (iv) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding-up, liquidation or dissolution in any form of such company or corporation or any of the events under Article 2448 of the Italian Civil Code occurs with respect to such company or corporation (except in any such case a winding-up or other proceeding for the purposes of or pursuant to a solvent

amalgamation or reconstruction, the terms of which have been previously approved in writing by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders); or

- (v) such company or corporation becomes subject to any proceedings equivalent or analogous to those above under the law of any jurisdiction in which such company or corporation is deemed to carry on business;

“**Integration Assets**” means the assets having the characteristics set forth under article 2 para. 3, point 2 and 3 of the MEF Decree.

“**Integration Assets Limit**” means the limit of 15 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the assets comprised in the Portfolio, set forth under article 2, para. 4, of the MEF Decree, as amended and supplemented from time to time, to the integration through Integrations Assets.

“**Integration Assets Rating Requirements**” means (a) in respect of Integration Assets consisting of bank securities having a remaining maturity date of 364 days or less, a rating to the short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations of the issuing or guaranteeing entity equal to or higher than “P-3” by Moody's and (b) in respect of Integration Assets consisting of deposits with bank, a rating to the short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations of the entity with which the demand or time deposits are made equal to or higher than “P-3” by Moody's.

“**Integration Assignment**” means the assignments of Public Assets or Integration Assets made in order to restore the respect of the Tests for which a breach has been verified or in order to prevent such breach maintaining the relation between the OBG issued and the assigned assets.

“**Intercreditor Agreement**” means the agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Servicer, the Issuer, the Calculation Agent, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the other Secured Creditors ;

“**Interest Accumulation Amount**” means an amount equal to the interest amounts due on the CB Payment Dates falling during the immediately following Guarantor Interest Period, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds in relation to which no CB Swaps have been entered into.

“**Interest Amount**” means, in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds and a CB Interest Period, the amount of interest payable in respect of that Series for that CB Interest Period;

“**Interest Arrears**” means in relation to any loan, bond or other asset at any date, the amount of (or the Euro Equivalent amount of) interest and expenses which are due and payable and are unpaid as of such date.

“**Interest Available Funds**” means, with reference to each Guarantor Payment Date, the sum of (a) any interest or other amounts (other than principal amounts) received from the Portfolio (net of any Interest Component of the Purchase Price) during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date, (b) any amount received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as remuneration of the Accounts (other than the Quota Capital Account), Eligible Investments and the Authorised Investments (without any double counting) during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date, (c) any interest amount received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payments under the Swaps Agreements with the exception of any Delivery Amounts (as defined therein) on or prior to the relevant Guarantor Payment Date (d) any amount (other than amounts already allocated under items (a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Principal Available Funds, as defined below) received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor from any party to the Transaction Documents during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date, (e) the Reserve Fund Required Amount, (f) the ATI Commingling Reserve Amount, (g) the Interest Accumulation Amount, (h) any amount credited (and not used) in the Investment Account on the previous Guarantor Payment Date under items (viii) and (ix) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments or item (v) of the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments, and (i) any amount of Interest Available Funds retained in the Transaction Account on the immediately preceding Guarantor Payment Date (if not already calculated under the items above).

“**Interest Commencement Date**” means, in relation to any Series of Covered Bonds, the Issue Date

of such Covered Bonds or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Interest Component of the Purchase Price**” means, in respect of each Public Assets or Integration Assets, the amount of interests which were considered, from time to time, in order to calculate the relevant purchase price in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Interest Coverage Test**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Interest Determination Date**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Interest Payments**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Interest Receivables Collection Account**” (*Conto Incassi Interessi sui Crediti*) means the interest collection account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Receivables Collection Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Interest Securities Collection Account**” (*Conto Incassi Interessi sui Titoli*) means the interest securities collection account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Intesa Sanpaolo**” means Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., a bank organized as a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Piazza San Carlo 156, Turin, Italy and secondary office at Via Monte di Pietà 8, Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number and registration number with the Turin Register of Enterprises 00799960158, VAT number 10810700152, registered with the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 13 of the Banking Law under number 5361, head of Gruppo Bancario Intesa Sanpaolo, agreed into the Fondo Interbancario di Tutela dei Depositi and into the Fondo Nazionale di Garanzia.

“**Investment Account**” means the investment account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operating in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Investors Report**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Investors Report Date**” means 10 Business Days following each Guarantor Payment Date.

“**ISDA Definitions**” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as amended and updated as at the date of issue of the first Series of Covered Bonds (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc.;

“**Issuance Collateralisation Assignment**” means any assignment of Public Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor made in order to collateralise and allow the issue of further series of Covered Bonds by the Issuer, subject to the Limits to the Assignment.

“**Issue Date**” the date of issue of a Series pursuant to and in accordance with the Dealer Agreement as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

“**Issue Price**” means the price specified in the relevant Final Terms to which Covered Bonds of each Series may be issued.

“**Issuer**” means Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as issuer of the Covered Bonds.

“**Issuer Downgrading Event**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Issuer Event of Default**” has the meaning given to it in Condition 11(c) (*Issuer Event of Default*);

“**Law 130**” means Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**Limits to the Assignment**” means the limits to the assignment of further Assets set forth by the BoI OBG Regulations (*Limiti alla cessione*; see Section II, Para. 2 of the BoI OBG Regulations).

“**Loan Agreement**” means any loan agreement and other arrangements having the characteristics set forth under article 2, para. 1, lett. c) of the MEF Decree.

“**Loans**” means the loans extended to, or guaranteed by the public entities set forth under article 2, paragraph 1, letter (c) of the MEF Decree or guaranteed (on the basis of “guarantees valid for the purpose of credit risk mitigation” (*garanzie valide ai fini della mitigazione del rischio di credito*), as defined by article 1, para. 1, lett. h) of the MEF Decree), by such public entities.

“**Long Date Due For Payment Date**” means the CB Payment Date immediately following the tenth anniversary of the last Maturity Date of the Public Asset or Integration Asset contained in the Portfolio;

“**Long Dated Covered Bonds**” means any Covered Bond issued by the Issuer in respect of which the Extended Maturity Date is set at the Long Date Due for Payment Date and identified as such in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Luxembourg Listing Agent**” means Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.A. a bank incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg, whose registered office is at 2 Boulevard Konrad Adenauer, Luxembourg L-1115, in its capacity as Luxembourg listing agent under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement appointed as Luxembourg listing agent in accordance with Cash Management and Agency Agreement and any successor thereof.

“**Mandatory Tests**” means the tests to be carried out pursuant to article 3 of the MEF Decree

“**Margin**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Master Agreements**” means the CB Master Agreement and the TBG Master Agreement.

“**Master Definition Agreement**” means the master definition agreement executed on or about the Initial Issue Date by, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Seller, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders.

“**Master Loan Agreement**” means the framework agreements, Multi-tranche Agreements or plafond agreements under which certain Loans have been disbursed.

“**Master Transfer Agreement**” means the master transfer agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor;

“**Maturity Date**” means, with reference to each Series of Covered Bonds, the CB Payments Date, indicated in the relevant Final Terms, on which such Series of Covered Bonds will be redeemed at their Outstanding Principal Balance, unless otherwise extended in accordance with the Conditions.

“**Maximum Amount**” means, with reference to the Subordinated Loan, the maximum amount equal to Euro 20,000,000,000 or such other amount which will be notified by the Seller, as subordinated loan provider, to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

“**Maximum Redemption Amount**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**MEF Decree**” (*Decreto del MEF*) means the Decree of the Ministry of economy and finance no. 310 of 14 December 2006, concerning the implementation of the provisions set forth in Article 7-bis of Law 130 about covered bonds.

“**Member State**” means a member State of the European Economic Area.

“**Minimum Interest Amount**” means 0.50 per cent. per annum.

“**Minimum Redemption Amount**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Minimum Required Account Bank Rating**” means the short term rating required by the Rating Agency with reference to the entity which acts in its capacity as Account Bank and which is at least equal to "P-3" from the Rating Agency.

“**Minimum Required Paying Agent Rating**” means the short term rating required by the Rating Agency with reference to the entity which acts in its capacity as Paying Agent and which is at least

equal to "P-3" from the Rating Agency.

“Minimum Required Pre-Maturity Liquidity Guarantor Rating” means the short term rating required by the Rating Agency with reference to the entity which acts in its capacity as guarantor in order to cure a breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test and which is at least equal to "P-1" from the Rating Agency.

“Minimum Required Ratings” means, in respect of the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank and the Paying Agent, respectively Minimum Required Receivables Collection Account Bank Ratings, the Minimum Required Account Bank Ratings and the Minimum Required Paying Agent Ratings.

“Minimum Required Receivables Collection Account Bank Rating” means the short term rating required by the Rating Agency with reference to the entity which acts in its capacity as Receivables Collection Account Bank (or any institution guaranteeing its obligations on the basis of a guarantee satisfying the Rating Agency’s criteria) and which is at least equal to "P-3" from the Rating Agency.

“Modified Business Day Convention”, has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“Modified Following Business Day Convention”, has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“Monte Titoli” means Monte Titoli S.p.A. a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Via Mantegna 6, Milan, Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code and VAT number 03638780159, registered with the Milan Register of Enterprises under number 03638780159.

“Monte Titoli Account Holders” means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of their customers with Monte Titoli and includes any depository banks appointed by the Relevant Clearing System;

“Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement” means the mandate agreement dated on or about the Initial Issue Date under which Monte Titoli has agreed to provide the Issuer with certain depository and administration services in relation to the Covered Bonds.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service.

“N Paying Agent” means any institution appointed from time to time by the Issuer to act as paying agent in respect of the Registered Covered Bonds issued under the Programme.

“Negative Carry Factor” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section *“Credit Structure”*.

“Net Interest Collections from the Eligible Portfolio” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section *“Credit Structure”*.

“Net Present Value” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section *“Credit Structure”*.

“Net Present Value of the Eligible Portfolio” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section *“Credit Structure”*.

“Net Present Value of the Outstanding Covered Bonds” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section *“Credit Structure”*.

“New Capital Accord” means the New Basel Capital Accord.

“New Portfolio” means any portfolio of Public Assets and Integration Assets which, further to the sale of the Initial Portfolio, the Seller will assign to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement.

“No Adjustment” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“Notice to Pay” means the notice to be served by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on

the Covered Bonds Guarantor pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement upon the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default;

“**NPV Test**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**OBG Regulations**” means, collectively, Law 130, the MEF Decree and the BoI OBG Regulations.

“**OC Adjusted Eligible Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Official Gazette**” means *La Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*;

“**Optional Redemption Amount (Call)**” means, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds, the principal amount of such Series or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Optional Redemption Amount (Put)**” means, in respect of any Series of Covered Bonds, the principal amount of such Series or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Optional Redemption Date (Call)**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Optional Redemption Date (Put)**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Organisation of the Covered Bondholders**” means the association of the Covered Bondholders, organised pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders;

“**Other Accounts**” means the Securities Collection Accounts, the Securities Account, the Investment Account, the Eligible Investments Account, the Transaction Account, the Expenses Account, the Corporate Account and the Quota Capital Account

“**Outstanding Principal Balance**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Outstanding Principal Balance of the Covered Bonds**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Paying Agent**” means Deutsche Bank S.p.A. a bank incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Piazza del Calendario no. 3, Milan, Italy, in its capacity as paying agent of the Covered Bonds under the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and any successor thereof.

“**Payment Business Day**” means a day on which banks in the relevant Place of Payment are open for payment of amounts due in respect of debt securities and for dealings in foreign currencies and any day which is:

- (i) if the currency of payment is euro, a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre; or
- (ii) if the currency of payment is not euro, a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment and in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre;

“**Payments Report**” means the payments report which will set out the Available Funds and the payments to be made on the following Guarantor Payment Date to be delivered by the Calculation Agent to, *inter alia*, the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

“**Person**” means any individual, company, corporation, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, organisation, state or agency of a state or other entity, whether or not having separate legal personality;

“**Place of Payment**” means, in respect of any Covered Bondholders, the place at which such Covered Bondholder receives payment of interest or principal on the Covered Bonds;

“**Portfolio**” means the whole portfolio of Receivables and Securities owned by the Covered Bonds Guarantor, which include the Initial Portfolio and any New Portfolio, and any other Integration Assets

and Eligible Investments purchased by the Covered Bonds Guarantor..

“**Portfolio Administration Agreement**” means the portfolio administration agreement entered into on or about the Initial Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Seller, the Covered Bonds Guarantor, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders and the Calculation Agent;

“**Portfolio Manager**” means the company appointed as portfolio manager in accordance with the Portfolio Administration Agreement and any successor thereof.

“**Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments**” means the priority of payments applicable to the Available Funds after the delivery of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice as described under the Section “*Account and Cashflows*”.

“**Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments**” means the priority of payments applicable to the Available Funds after the delivery of a Notice to Pay or an Article 74 Notice to Pay and prior to the delivery of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice as described under the Section “*Account and Cashflows*”.

“**Potential Claw-Back Amount**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Potential Set-Off Amount**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Preceding Business Day Convention**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments**” means the priority of payments applicable to the Interest Available Funds prior to the delivery of a Notice to Pay or an Article 74 Notice to Pay as described under the Section “*Account and Cashflows*”.

“**Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payments**” means the priority of payments applicable to the Principal Available Funds prior to the delivery of a Notice to Pay or an Article 74 Notice to Pay as described under the Section “*Account and Cashflows*”.

“**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Required Ratings**” means, with reference to the Issuer a short-term credit rating from the Rating Agency of at least P-1.

“**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Condition 8 (*Redemption and Purchase*).

“**Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test Date**” each Business Day falling during the Pre-Maturity Rating Period prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default

“**Pre-Maturity Rating Period**” means the period of 12 months preceding the Maturity Date of any Hard Bullet Series of the Covered Bonds.

“**Pre-Maturity Test Account**” means the account or the accounts to be opened by the Issuer for making deposits in any form in order to remedy a breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test.

“**Premium Interest Amount**” (*Compenso Aggiuntivo*) means:

- (a) prior to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, an amount equal to the algebraic sum of:
 - (i) (+) the amount of Interest Available Funds;
 - (ii) (-) the sum of any amount paid under items from (i) to (xii) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment

or

- (b) following to the occurrence of an Issuer Event of Default, an amount equal to the algebraic sum of:
 - (i) (+) the amount of Available Funds;

- (ii) (-) the sum of any amount paid under items from under items (i) to (ix) of the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments.

or

- (c) following the occurrence of a Guarantor Event of Default an amount equal to the algebraic sum of:
 - (i) (+) the amount of Available Funds;
 - (ii) (-) the sum of any amount paid under items from under items (i) to (viii) of the Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments.

“Principal Available Funds” means, with reference to each Guarantor Payment Date, the sum of: (a) any principal payment and any Interest Component of the Purchase Price received during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date and (b) any amounts deriving from sale of the Public Assets, Integration Assets, Eligible Investments and Authorised Investments (without any double counting) received during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date, (c) any principal amount received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor as payments under the Swap Agreements with the exception of any Delivery Amounts (as defined therein) on or prior to the relevant Guarantor Payment Date, (d) any principal amount received by the Covered Bonds Guarantor from any party to the Transaction Documents during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Guarantor Payment Date, (e) the Purchase Price Accumulation Amount, (f) any amount credited (and not used) in the Investment Account on the previous Guarantor Payment Date under items (iv), (v) and (vi) of the Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payments or item (v) of the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments, and (g) any amount of Principal Available Funds retained in the Transaction Account on the immediately preceding Guarantor Payment Date.

“Principal Financial Centre” means, in relation to any currency, the principal financial centre for that currency *provided, however, that:*

- (i) in relation to euro, it means the principal financial centre of such Member State of the European Communities as is selected (in the case of a payment) by the payee or (in the case of a calculation) by the Paying Agent; and
- (ii) in relation to Australian dollars, it means either Sydney or Melbourne and, in relation to New Zealand dollars, it means either Wellington or Auckland; in each case as is selected (in the case of a payment) by the payee or (in the case of a calculation) by the Paying Agent;

“Principal Receivables Collection Account” (*Conto Incassi Capitale sui Crediti*) means the principal collection account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Receivables Collection Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“Principal Securities Collection Account” (*Conto Incassi Capitale sui Titoli*) means the principal securities collection account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“Priorities of Payments” means, collectively, the Pre-Issuer Default Principal Priority of Payment, the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payment, the Post-Issuer Default Priority of Payments and the Post-Guarantor Default Priority of Payments.

“Privacy Law” means the Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30 June 2003 entitled *Codice in materia di protezione dei dati personali*, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“Programme” means the Euro 20,000,000,000 Covered Bond (*Obbligazioni Bancarie Garantite*) Programme established by the Issuer.

“Programme Limit” means the amount equal to Euro 20,000,000,000 or the other amount indicated as *programme limit* in accordance with the Dealer Agreement.

“Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 November 2003.

“**Provisional Purchase Price of the New Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Public Assets**” means (i) Loans, (ii) ABS Securities, (iii) Public Securities.

“**Public Securities**” means securities satisfying the requirements set forth under article 2, paragraph 1, letter c) of the MEF Decree.

“**Purchase Price Accumulation Amount**” means, on any Guarantor Payment Date, an amount equal to (A) the Provisional Purchase Price of the New Portfolio – as determined with reference to a New Portfolio under the relevant Offer of Transfer – to be used for any payment of the relevant Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio or the Rectified Purchase Price of the New Portfolio during the following Guarantor Interest Period or (B) with reference to the mechanism provided for under Clause 7.1 (*Offerta di Cessione*) letter (b) of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio – as determined with reference to a New Portfolio under the relevant Offer of Transfer – to be used for any payment of the relevant Definitive Purchase Price of the New Portfolio or the Rectified Purchase Price of the New Portfolio during the following Guarantor Interest Period.

“**Put Option Notice**” means a notice which must be delivered to the Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent and the Asset Monitor by the Representative of the Covered Bondholders on behalf of any Covered Bondholder wanting to exercise a right to redeem Covered Bonds at the option of the Covered Bondholder;

“**Put Option Receipt**” means a receipt issued by the Paying Agent to a depositing Covered Bondholder upon deposit of Covered Bonds with such Paying Agent by any Covered Bondholder wanting to exercise a right to redeem Covered Bonds at the option of the Covered Bondholder;

“**Quota Capital Account**” means the quota capital account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Quotaholders’ Agreement**” means the quotaholder agreement executed on or about the Initial Issue Date by, *inter alia*, the Issuer and Stichting Viridis 2;

“**Random Basis**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Rate of Interest**” means the rate or rates (expressed as a percentage per annum) of interest payable in respect of the Series of Covered Bonds specified in the relevant Final Terms or calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of these Conditions and/or the relevant Final Terms;

“**Rating Agency**” means Moody’s.

“**Receivables**” means the monetary claims arising out of Public Assets and Integration Assets.

“**Receivables Collection Account Bank**” means the bank appointed as Receivables Collection Account Bank in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement and any successor thereof.

“**Receivables Collection Accounts**” means together the Interest Receivables Collection Account and the Principal Receivables Collection Account.

“**Rectified Purchase Price of the New Portfolio**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Redemption Amount**” means, as appropriate, the Final Redemption Amount, the Early Redemption Amount, the Optional Redemption Amount (Call), the Optional Redemption Amount (Put), the Early Termination Amount or such other amount in the nature of a redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reference Banks**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms or, if none, four major banks selected by the Paying Agent in the market that is most closely connected with the Reference Rate;

“**Reference Price**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reference Rate**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Registered Covered Bonds**” means Covered Bonds issued in registered form also as German governed registered covered bonds (*Gedekte Namensschuldverschreibung*).

“**Registered Covered Bond Conditions**” means the terms and conditions of the Registered Covered Bonds.

“**Registered Covered Bondholder**” means the registered holder for the time being of a Registered Covered Bond.

“**Registrar**” means any institution which may be appointed from time to time by the Issuer to act as registrar in respect of the Registered Covered Bonds issued under the Programme, provided that if the Issuer will keep the register and will not delegate such activity, any reference to the Registrar will be construed as a reference to the Issuer.

“**Regular Period**” means:

- (i) in the case of Covered Bonds where interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including the Interest Commencement Date to but excluding the first CB Payment Date and each successive period from and including one CB Payment Date to but excluding the next CB Payment Date;
- (ii) in the case of Covered Bonds where, apart from the first CB Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any CB Payment Date falls; and
- (iii) in the case of Covered Bonds where, apart from one CB Interest Period other than the first CB Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any CB Payment Date falls other than the CB Payment Date falling at the end of the irregular CB Interest Period;

“**Relevant Clearing System**” means Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other clearing system (other than Monte Titoli) specified in the relevant Final Terms as a clearing system through which payments under the Covered Bonds may be made;

“**Relevant Date**” means, in relation to any payment, whichever is the later of (a) the date on which the payment in question first becomes due and (b) if the full amount payable has not been received in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment by the Paying Agent on or prior to such due date, the date on which (the full amount having been so received) notice to that effect has been given to the Covered Bondholders;

“**Relevant Dealer(s)**” means, in relation to a Series, the Dealer(s) which is/are party to any agreement (whether oral or in writing) entered into with the Issuer and the Covered Bonds Guarantor for the issue by the Issuer and the subscription by such Dealer(s) of such Series pursuant to the Dealer Agreement;

“**Relevant Financial Centre**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Relevant Screen Page**” means the page, section or other part of a particular information service (including, without limitation, Reuters) specified as the Relevant Screen Page in the relevant Final Terms, or such other page, section or other part as may replace it on that information service or such other information service, in each case, as may be nominated by the Person providing or sponsoring the information appearing there for the purpose of displaying rates or prices comparable to the Reference Rate;

“**Relevant Securities Documents**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Relevant Time**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Representative of the Covered Bondholders” Finanziaria Internazionale Securitisation Group S.p.A. a joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Italy, whose registered office is at Via Vittorio Alfieri 1, Conegliano (TV), Italy, incorporated with Fiscal Code number and registration number with the Treviso Register of Enterprises no. 00508480340, VAT no. 02461120269, and registered in the general list of financial intermediaries held by *Unità di Informazione Finanziaria* established at the Bank of Italy under no. 8945, pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Law and any successor thereof appointed in accordance with the Rules of Organisation of the Covered Bondholders.

“Required Redemption Amount” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section *“Credit Structure”*.

“Reserve Fund Required Amount” means an amount equal to (a) if a Servicer Downgrading Event has occurred and is continuing, the maximum amount of the Collections expected to be received during the following Collection Periods, or (b) if an Issuer Downgrading Event has occurred and is continuing, the aggregate of items (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of the Pre-Issuer Default Interest Priority of Payments expected to be paid on the second Guarantor Payment Date following the Calculation Date on which the set up of such reserve is triggered, or (c) if both a Servicer Downgrading Event and an Issuer Downgrading Event have occurred and are continuing, the higher of (a) and (b) above or (d) if a Servicer Downgrading Event or Issuer Downgrading Event has not occurred, but the Issuer has voluntarily resolved to accumulate the reserve, an amount equal to (a) or (b) above as resolved by the Issuer.

“Revolving Assignment” means any assignment of Public Assets to the Covered Bonds Guarantor made in order to invest the Principal Available Funds, subject to the Limits to the Assignment, provided that no Issuer Event of Default or Covered Bonds Guarantor Event of Default have occurred.

“Rules of Organisation of the Covered Bondholders” (*Regolamento dell’Organizzazione dei Portatori delle OBG*) means the rules governing the Organisation of the Covered Bondholders which are attached to the Conditions under Schedule 1.

“Scheduled Due for Payment Date” means:

- (a) (A) the date on which the Scheduled Payment Date in respect of such Guaranteed Amounts is reached, and (B) only with respect to the first Scheduled Payment Date immediately after the occurrence of an Article 74 Event or an Issuer Event of Default, the day which is two Business Days following service, respectively, of the Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or the Notice to Pay on the Covered Bonds Guarantor in respect of such Guaranteed Amounts, if such Article 74 Notice to Pay or Notice to Pay has not been served more than two Business Days prior to the relevant Scheduled Payment Date; or
- (b) if the applicable Final Terms specified that an Extended Maturity Date is applicable to the relevant series of Covered Bonds, the CB Payment Date that would have applied if the Maturity Date of such series of Covered Bonds had been the Extended Maturity Date or such other CB Payment Date(s) as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

“Scheduled Interest” means an amount equal to the amount in respect of interest which would have been due and payable by the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, on each CB Payment Dates as specified in the Conditions falling on or after service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (but excluding any additional amounts relating to premiums, default interest or interest upon interest: the **“Excluded Scheduled Interest Amounts”**), but including such Excluded Scheduled Interest Amounts (whenever the same arose) following service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice if the Covered Bonds had not become due and repayable prior to their Maturity Date or Extended Maturity Date (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms) or where applicable, after the Maturity Date such other amounts of interest as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms, *less* any additional amounts the Issuer would be obliged to pay as result of any gross-up in respect of any withholding or deduction made under the circumstances set out in the Conditions.

“Scheduled Payment Date” means each CB Payment Date.

“**Scheduled Principal**” means an amount equal to the amount in respect of principal which would have been due and repayable by the Issuer under the Covered Bonds, on each CB Payment Dates as specified in the Conditions falling on or after service of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn) or a Notice to Pay to the Covered Bonds Guarantor (but excluding any additional amounts relating to prepayments, early redemption, broken funding indemnities, penalties, or premiums: the “**Excluded Scheduled Principal Amounts**”), but including such Excluded Scheduled Principal Amounts (whenever the same arose) following service of a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice if the Covered Bonds had not become due and repayable prior to their Maturity Date or, if in accordance with the Final Terms an Extended Maturity Date is applied to such Series, the Extended Maturity Date of such Series.

“**Secured Creditors**” means, collectively, the Representative of the Covered Bondholders (in its own capacity and as legal representative of the Covered Bondholders), the Issuer, the Seller, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Servicer, the Administrative Services Provider, the Receivables Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Luxembourg Listing Agent, the Hedging Counterparties, the Cash Manager, the Asset Monitor, the Calculation Agent together with any other entity acceding to the Intercreditor Agreement.

“**Securities**” means jointly the ABS Securities, the Public Securities, the securities mentioned under article, 2, para. 3, point 3, of the MEF Decree and any ancillary right thereto.

“**Securities Account**” means the securities account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Securities Act**” means the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

“**Securities Collection Account**” means the Interest Securities Collection Account and the Principal Securities Collection Account.

“**Security Trustee**” means the Representative of the Covered Bondholders acting in its capacity as security trustee for itself and on trust for the Covered Bondholders and the Secured Creditors under the Deed of Charge.

“**Selected Assets**” means the Public Assets to be sold by the Covered Bonds Guarantor (through the Servicer), following the delivery of an Article 74 Notice to Pay (which has not been withdrawn), a Notice to Pay (and prior to the occurrence of any Covered Bonds Guarantor Events of Default), a Covered Bonds Guarantor Acceleration Notice or upon breach of the Pre-Maturity Liquidity Test, pursuant to the Portfolio Administration Agreement.

“**Seller**” means Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as such pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement;

“**Series**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term “Series” shall mean, in case of Registered Covered Bonds, each Registered Covered Bonds made out in the name of a specific Registered Covered Bondholder.

“**Servicer**” means Intesa Sanpaolo in its capacity as such pursuant to the Servicing Agreement;

“**Servicer Downgrading Event**” means the Servicer being downgraded to “Ba1”, or below, by Moody’s.

“**Servicing Agreement**” means the agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Servicer;

“**Specific Criteria**” means the criteria for the selection of the Securities to be included in the portfolios to which such criteria are applied, set forth in Annex 2 to the Master Transfer Agreement, for the Initial Portfolio and in the relevant offer for the New Portfolios.

“**Specified Currency**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Specified Denomination(s)**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Specified Office**” means with reference to the Paying Agent, Piazza del Calendario no. 3, 20126,

Milan, Italy, or such other office in the same city or town as the Paying Agent may specify by notice to the Issuer and the other parties to the Cash Management and Agency Agreement in the manner provided therein;

“**Specified Period**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Stabilising Manager**” means, in connection with the issue of any Series under the Programme, the Dealer or the Dealers (if any) which is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the stabilising manager.

“**Subordinated Loan**” means the subordinated loan granted by the Subordinated Loan Provider to the Covered Bonds Guarantor according to the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

“**Subordinated Loan Agreement**” means the subordinated loan agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Subordinated Loan Provider and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as amended and supplemented from time to time;

“**Subordinated Loan Interest Amount**” means, collectively, the Minimum Interest Amount, and the Premium Interest Amount.

“**Subordinated Loan Provider**” means Intesa Sanpaolo, and any successor thereof, appointed as subordinated loan provider in accordance with the Subordinated Loan Agreement;

“**Subscription Agreement**” means each subscription agreement to be entered into on or about the Issue Date among the Issuer and the Dealers, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**Subsidiary**” has the meaning given to it in Article 2359 of the Italian Civil Code;

“**Substitute Obligor**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression in the Conditions.

“**Successor Servicer**” means the party or parties which will be appointed in order to perform, *inter alia*, the servicing activities performed by the Servicer, and any successor or replacing entity thereto following the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event.

“**Swap Agreements**” means collectively the CB Swaps and the TBG Swaps;

“**Swap Collateral**” means the collateral which may be transferred by any Hedging Counterparty to the Covered Bonds Guarantor in support of its obligations under the Swap Agreements.

“**Swap Confirmations**” means the TBG Swap Confirmation and the CB Swap Confirmations.

“**Swap Curve**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Swap Margin**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**TARGET Settlement Day**” means any day on which TARGET2 (the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer system) is open;

“**TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty**” means Intesa Sanpaolo and any other party appointed as hedging counterparty in accordance with the TBG 1 Swap and any successor thereof;

“**TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty**” means Intesa Sanpaolo and any other party appointed as hedging counterparty in accordance with the TBG 2 Swap and any successor thereof;

“**TBG Hedging Counterparties**” means jointly the TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty and the TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty;

“**TBG 1 Swap**” means any swap agreement entered into between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the TBG 1 Hedging Counterparty with respect to any Portfolio of fixed rate Receivables and Securities;

“**TBG 2 Swap**” means any swap agreement entered into between the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the TBG 2 Hedging Counterparty with respect to any Portfolio of floating rate Receivables and Securities;

“**TBG Swaps**” means jointly the TBG 1 Swap and the TBG 2 Swap;

“**TBG Master Agreement**” means a 1992 International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc.

(ISDA) Master Agreement (Multicurrency - Cross Border), including Schedule, 1995 ISDA Credit Support Annex (Bilateral Form – Transfer)(ISDA Agreements Subject to English law) entered into between a TBG Hedging Counterparty and the Covered Bonds Guarantor.

“**TBG Swaps**” means jointly the TBG 1 Swap and the TBG 2 Swap.

“**TBG Swap Confirmation**” means the written confirmation of any TBG Swap evidencing the terms of any such transaction.

“**Tests**” means jointly the Asset Coverage Test, the Amortisation Test, the NPV Test and the Interest Coverage Test as respectively defined under the Portfolio Administration Agreement;

“**Transaction Account**” means the transaction account opened in the name of the Covered Bonds Guarantor with the Account Bank and operated in accordance with the Cash Management and Agency Agreement.

“**Transaction Documents**” means collectively the Master Transfer Agreement, the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement, the Portfolio Administration Agreement, the Administrative Services Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Covered Bonds Guarantee, the Cash Management and Agency Agreement, the Asset Monitor Agreement, the Dealer Agreement, the Subscription Agreements, the Quotaholders’ Agreement, the Deed of Pledge, the Deed of Charge, the Swap Agreements, the Master Definition Agreement, the Conditions, the Final Terms and any document or agreement which supplement, amend or restate the content of any of the above mentioned documents and any other documents designated as such by the Issuer, the Covered Bonds Guarantor and the Representative of the Covered Bondholders;

“**Usury Law**” means Law no. 108 of 7 March 1996, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**WA CB Margin**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**WA Swap Margin**” has the meaning ascribed to such expression under Section “*Credit Structure*”.

“**Warranty and Indemnity Agreement**” means the warranty and indemnity agreement entered into on 20 May 2009 between the Seller and the Covered Bonds Guarantor, as amended and supplemented from time to time; and

“**Zero Coupon Covered Bond**” means a Covered Bond specified as such in the relevant Final Terms.

ISSUER and SELLER

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CALCULATION AGENT

Securitisation Services S.p.A.
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